

Linux Command-line interface

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Package management

Debian

apt

```
apt install packagename  
apt remove packagename  
apt purge packagename  
apt update  
apt upgrade
```

dpkg

```
dpkg -i package.deb
```

Red Hat (RHEL, CentOS, Fedora)

dnf

```
dnf install packagename  
dnf remove packagename  
dnf update
```

rpm

```
rpm -i package.rpm
```

Arch

pacman

```
pacman -S packagename  
pacman -Syu
```

Shell

echo

```
echo -e "line1\nline2" #enable interpretation of backslash escapes  
echo -n #do not output trailing newline
```

man

history

Files and filesystem navigation

pwd

ls

```
ls -R #recursive list
ls -r #reverse order while sorting
ls -S #sort by size
ls -shl #print size, human-readable, all, long listing format
```

tree

```
tree -a -L 1 #tree 1 level all files, says "x directories, y files"
```

cd

mkdir

rmdir

touch

```
touch newfile.txt #creates newfile.txt
touch newfile.txt #if newfile.txt exists: updates time, no overwrite
```

rm

```
rm -r directory/ #recursive dir removal
```

cp

```
cp -R mydir/ destination/ #recursive dir copy
cp -v file.txt destination/ #verbose
```

mv

cat

```
cat -n file.txt #show line numbers
```

grep

```
grep -r #recursive
grep -v #select non-matching lines
grep -R #follow all symlinks
grep -l #print only names of FILES with selected lines
grep -A 2 #print NUM lines of trailing context
grep -B 3 #print NUM lines of leading context
```

less

more

tail

```
tail -n 3 file.txt #last 3 lines
```

head

```
head -n 20 file.txt #first 20 lines  
head -c 5k file.txt #first 5k bytes in size
```

wc

```
wc -c file.txt #byte count  
wc -m file.txt #character count  
wc -w file.txt #word count  
wc -l file.txt #line count
```

sort

```
sort -n nums.txt #ascending sort  
sort -nr nums.txt #descending sort  
sort -hr nums.txt #descending sort
```

uniq

```
uniq -c nums.txt #unique lines
```

file

watch

Text editing

nano

Users and groups

adduser

useradd

userdel

usermod

`usermod -a -G grpname username`

sudo

su

id

whoami

passwd

Change permissions, ownership, and groups

chmod

```
chmod +x file.sh #give execution permission  
chmod 777 file.sh #give all permissions
```

chown

```
chown userowner:usergrp file.sh
```

chgrp

```
chgrp staff /u #Change the group of /u to "staff"  
chgrp -hR staff /u #Change the group of /u and subfiles to "staff"
```


Processes and system

ps

```
ps -a
ps -u #display process user/owner
ps -x #processes not attached to terminal
```

top

kill

```
kill pid
kill -9 pid #force kill
```

systemctl

```
systemctl status sshd #status of ssh daemon service
systemctl stop sshd
systemctl start sshd
systemctl enable sshd
systemctl reboot
```

service

```
service sshd status #status of ssh daemon service
service sshd stop
service sshd start
service sshd restart
```

reboot

shutdown

```
shutdown -h now #halt
```

date

uptime

uname

```
uname -a
```

Networking

ping

wget

curl

```
curl -o file.tar.gz http://server/file2.tar.gz #Write to file instead of stdout  
curl -u username:password ftp://server/
```

traceroute

ifconfig

ip

netstat

```
netstat -at #all tcp  
netstat -au #all udp  
netstat -p #show process
```

nmap

ssh

```
ssh user@host
```

scp

```
scp user@host:/home/user/file.txt destination/
```