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# **From detection to high-level reconstruction**

A statistical view on gamma-ray sources

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## **I. Gamma-ray astronomy as a counting experiment**

Concepts: *DL3-DL4-DL5, forward-folding, binomial / Poisson / Gauss, PMF / PDF / CDF / SF*

## **II. Statistical inference**

Concepts: *Bayesian & frequentist, marginalizing & profiling, parameter estimation, (saturated) deviance*

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Concepts: *goodness of fit, residuals & pulls, under-/over-fitting, local & global p-values (trial factors / look-elsewhere), likelihood ratio test, significance level, Li & Ma*

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Concepts: *covariance, decorrelation energy, bowtie, systematic uncertainties, bracketing / marginalizing*

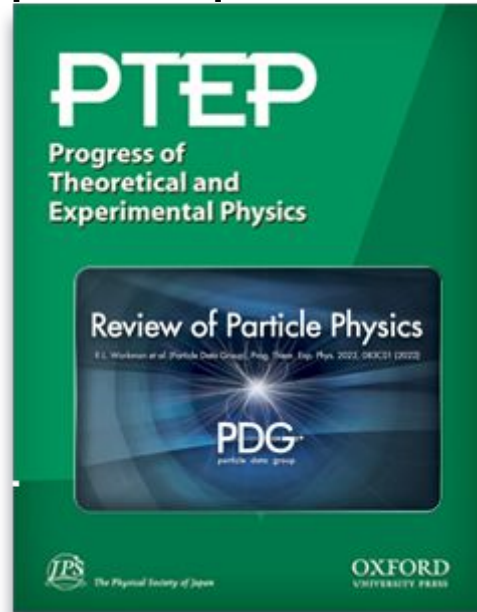
## **V. Outro**

More... if we have time

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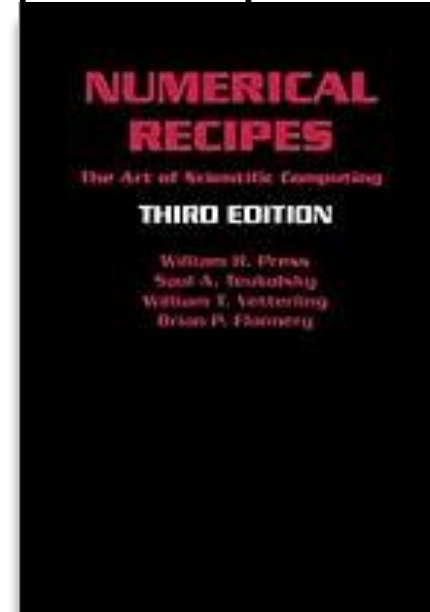
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[G. Cowan+ '24]



Chap. 39 - Probability  
Chap. 40 - Statistics

[W. H. Press+ '07]



Chap. 14 - Statistical Description of Data  
Chap. 15 - Modeling of Data

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**Lesson adapted from my Master 2 notes, available at [this link](#)**

## **Elements of statistics**

Master 2 - Nuclei, Particles, Astroparticles and Cosmology

NPAC 2025–2026, Jonathan Biteau

This document aims to introduce and illustrate the essential elements at Master's level for performing statistical inference. The process of inference is understood here as evaluating the relevance of a model with respect to a set of data. A concise bibliography can be found at the end of this document to start exploring the statistical approaches employed in high-energy (astro)physics and cosmology. The content of this document is largely inspired by the chapters “*Probability*” [1] and “*Statistics*” [2] of the *Particle Data Group* review, whose reading is strongly encouraged. The same applies to the reference book *Numerical Recipes* [3], in particular chapters 14 “*Statistical Description of Data*” and 15 “*Modeling of Data*”. The whole book *Numerical Recipes* can be considered an essential prerequisite for a thesis in our fields. The book provides examples in C/C++, which serve as an excellent guide to understanding the analytic approaches. The present document favours the use of Python libraries, which can be tested in the exercises.

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# Gamma-ray astronomy as a counting experiment

DL 0-1

*raw -  
calibrated*

DL 2

*reconstructed*

DL 3

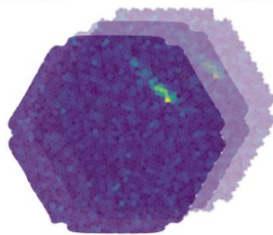
*filtered  
 $\gamma$ -like events*

DL 4

*science*

DL 5

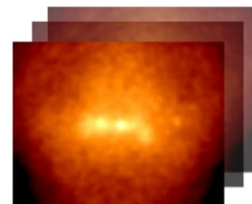
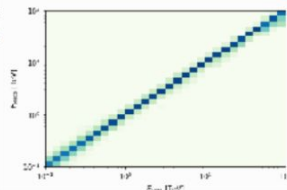
*high-level*



camera data

ENERGY	RA	DEC	L	B
MeV	deg	deg	deg	deg
float32	float32	float32	float32	float32
12186.642	260.5935	-33.553137	353.36273	1.7538676
25496.598	261.37506	-34.395004	353.09607	0.6520652
15421.498	259.56973	-33.409416	353.05673	2.4450684
12816.92	273.95883	-25.340391	6.45856	-4.0548873
111288.387	260.3568	-35.355804	351.23734	-13.107112314
116713.53	266.15518	-25.226436	2.1917027	1.6114819
13760.802	271.44742	29.615316	1.6267247	4.431155
10477.372	266.3981			
13030.88	271.79428	-25		

$\gamma$ -like event lists  
IRFs



maps,  
spectra,  
light curves

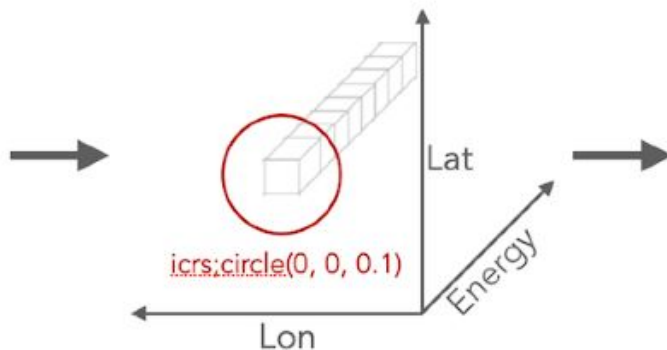
# Gamma-ray astronomy as a counting experiment

DL3  
 $\gamma$ -like events

EVENT_ID	TIME	RA	DEC	ENERGY
	s	deg	deg	TeV
int64	float64	float32	float32	float32
5407363825684	123890826.66805482	84.97964	23.89347	10.352011
5407363825695	123890826.69749284	84.54751	21.004095	4.0246882
5407363825831	123890827.23673964	85.39696	19.41868	2.2048872
5407363825970	123890827.79615426	81.93147	20.79867	0.69548655
5407363826067	123890828.26131463	85.98302	21.053099	0.86911184
5407363826095	123890828.41393518	86.97305	21.837437	4.1240892
5407363826128	123890828.52555823	83.40073	19.771587	1.6680022
5407363826168	123890828.6829524	82.25036	19.22003	4.7649446
5407363826383	123890829.53362775	83.18322	22.008213	0.7920148
...	...	...	...	...

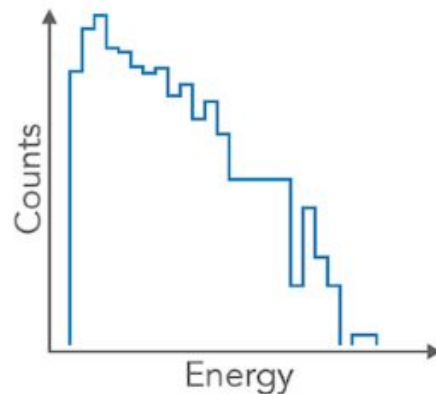
Observation and / or time selection

Data Reduction



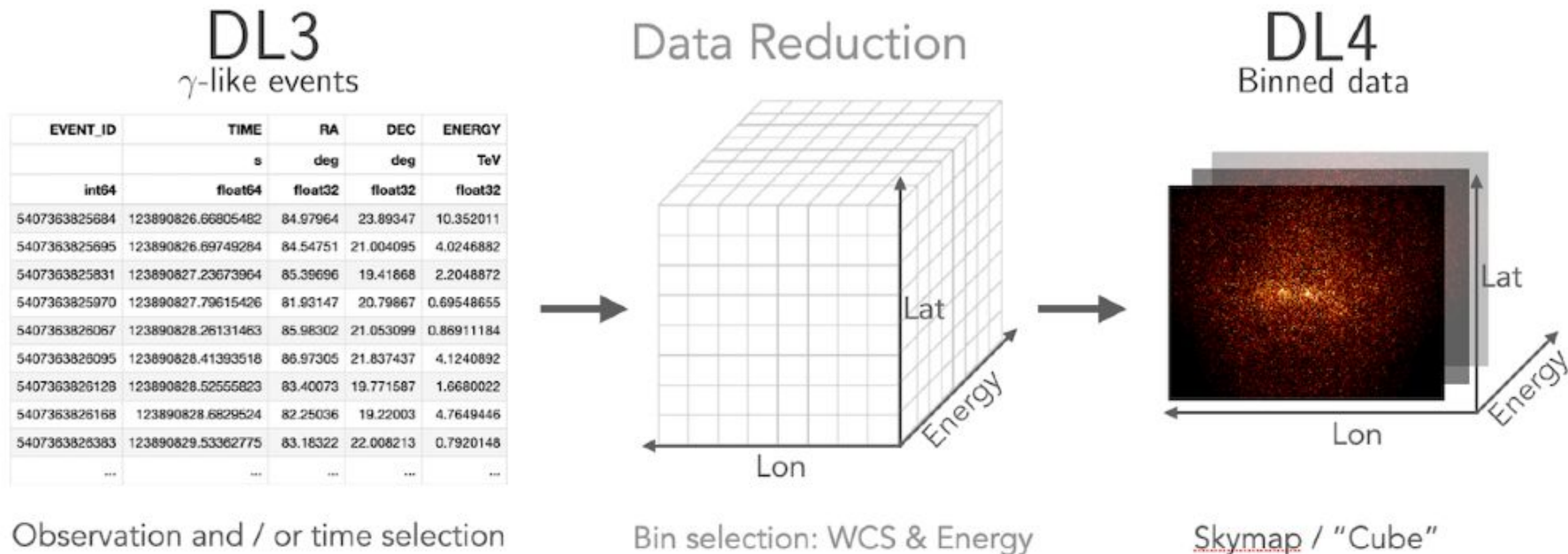
Bin selection: Region & Energy

DL4  
Binned data



Spectrum

# Gamma-ray astronomy as a counting experiment





# Gamma-ray astronomy as a counting experiment

## 2.2 IRF factorisation

Equation 2.2 implies 7-dimensional instrument response functions that in general are computationally unmanageable. Simplifications can be achieved by making further assumptions, and in existing Imaging Air Cherenkov Telescope (IACT) experiments the IRF is generally factorised as follows:

$$R_i(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\delta}, \hat{E}|\alpha, \delta, E, t) = A_i(\alpha, \delta, E, t) \times \text{PSF}_i(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\delta}|\alpha, \delta, E, t) \times D_i(\hat{E}|\alpha, \delta, E, t) \quad (2.3)$$

where  $A_i(\alpha, \delta, E, t)$  is the effective area in units of  $\text{cm}^2$ ,  $\text{PSF}_i(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\delta}|\alpha, \delta, E, t)$  is the point spread function in units of  $\text{sr}^{-1}$ , with

$$\int d\hat{\Omega} \text{PSF}_i(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\delta}|\alpha, \delta, E, t) = 1 \quad (2.4)$$

and  $D_i(\hat{E}|\alpha, \delta, E, t)$  is the energy dispersion in units of  $\text{TeV}^{-1}$ , with

$$\int d\hat{E} D_i(\hat{E}|\alpha, \delta, E, t) = 1 \quad (2.5)$$

[CTAO Doc]

### Forward folding

Convolve true emission (i.e. model as a function of true energy, direction...)

with transfer matrix (Instrument Response Function linking true and observed quantities)

to enable a comparison to data in the observed space

## 2.2 IRF factorisation

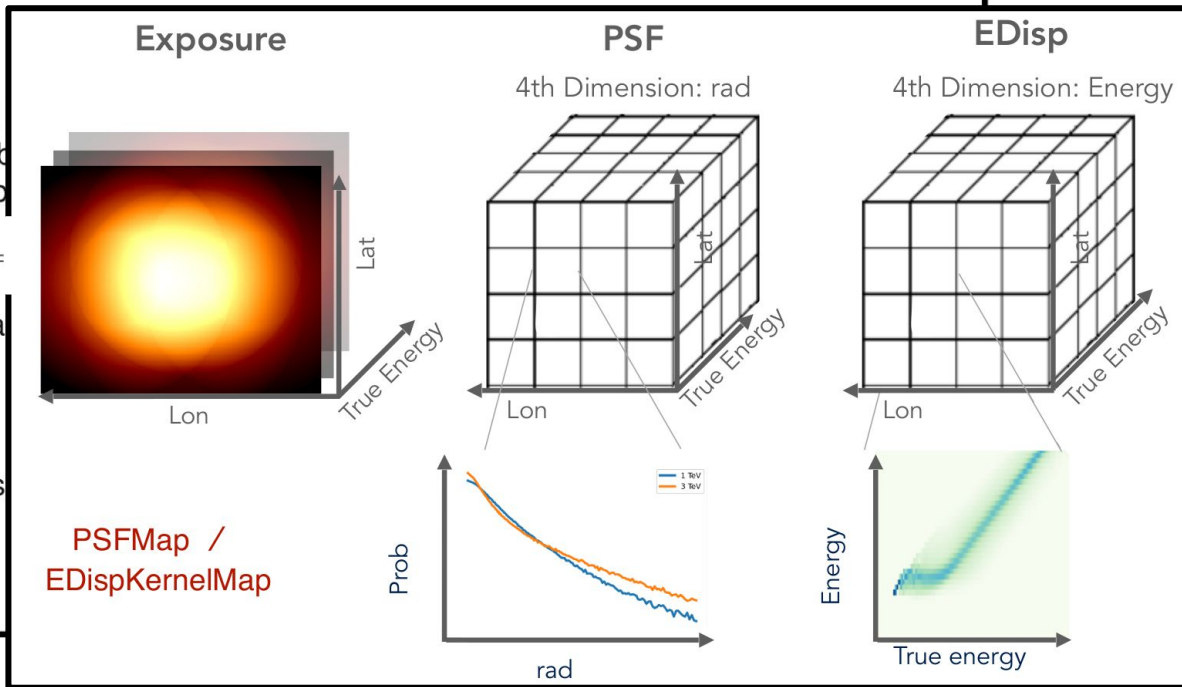
Equation 2.2 implies 7-dimensional unmanageable. Simplifications can be made by using the Air Cherenkov Telescope (IACT) experiment.

$$R_i(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\delta}, \hat{E}|\alpha, \delta, E, t) =$$

where  $A_i(\alpha, \delta, E, t)$  is the effective area in units of  $\text{sr}^{-1}$ , with

and  $D_i(\hat{E}|\alpha, \delta, E, t)$  is the energy dis

[CTAO Doc]



## Forward folding

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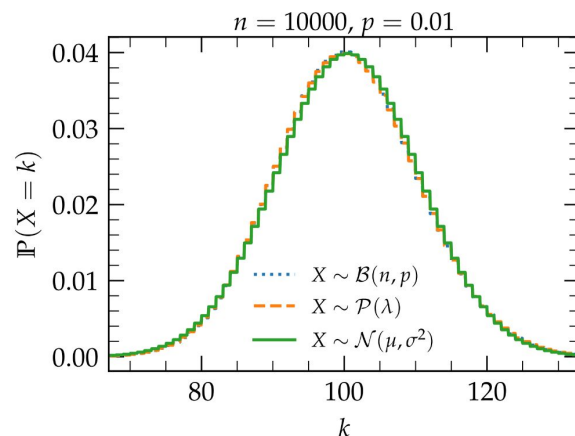
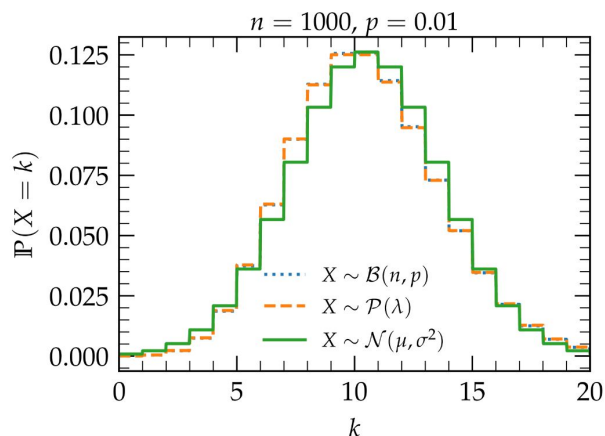
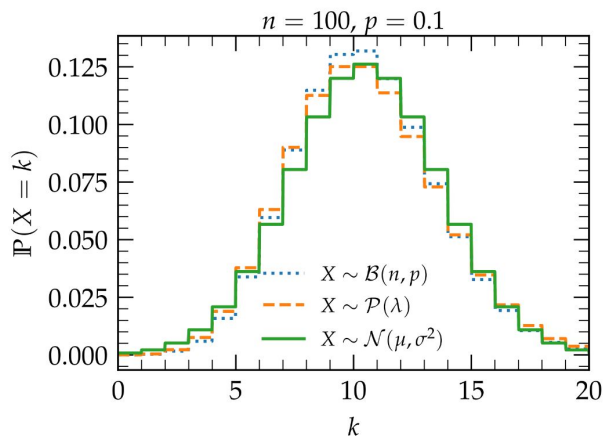
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[GammaPy team, CTAO School 2024]

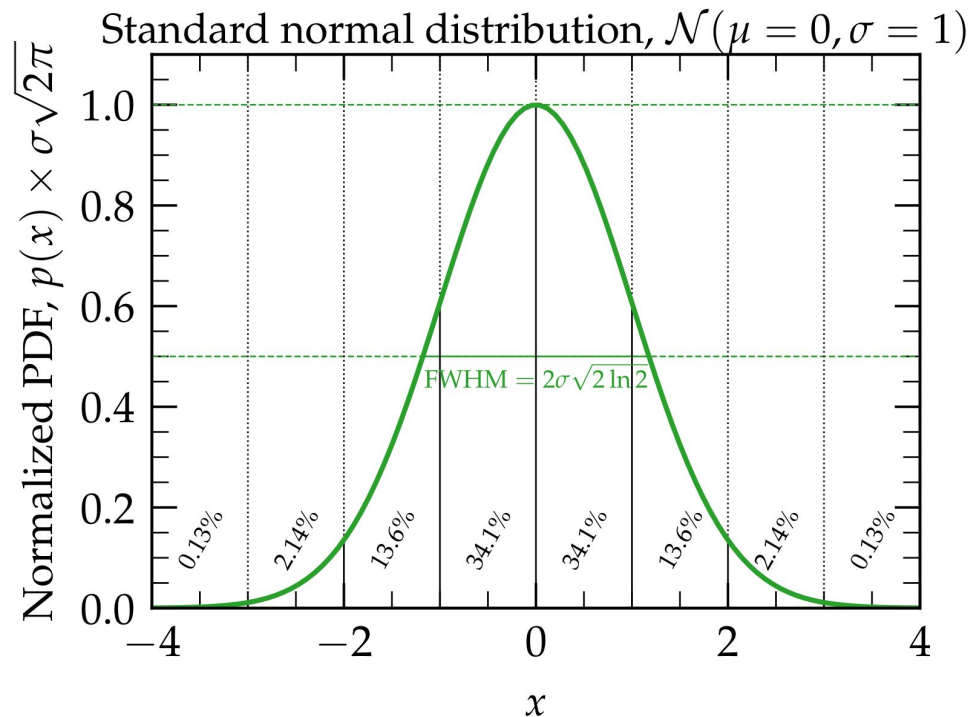
# Gamma-ray astronomy as a counting experiment

## When Bernoulli meets Poisson and Gauss



# Gamma-ray astronomy as a counting experiment

## From Gauss PMF to Gauss PDF



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## **V. Outro**

More... if we have time

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# Statistical inference

## Hessian and covariance matrix

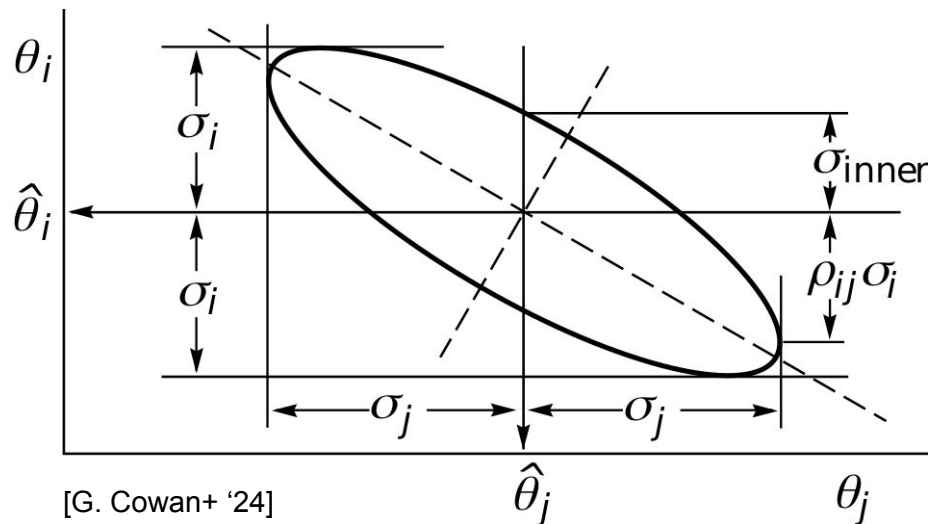
OptimizeResult

```
backend      : minuit  
method       : migrad  
success      : True  
message      : Optimization terminated successfully.  
nfev         : 244  
total stat   : 86.12
```

CovarianceResult

```
backend      : minuit  
method       : hesse  
success      : True  
message      : Hesse terminated successfully.
```

[GammaPy team]



[G. Cowan+ '24]

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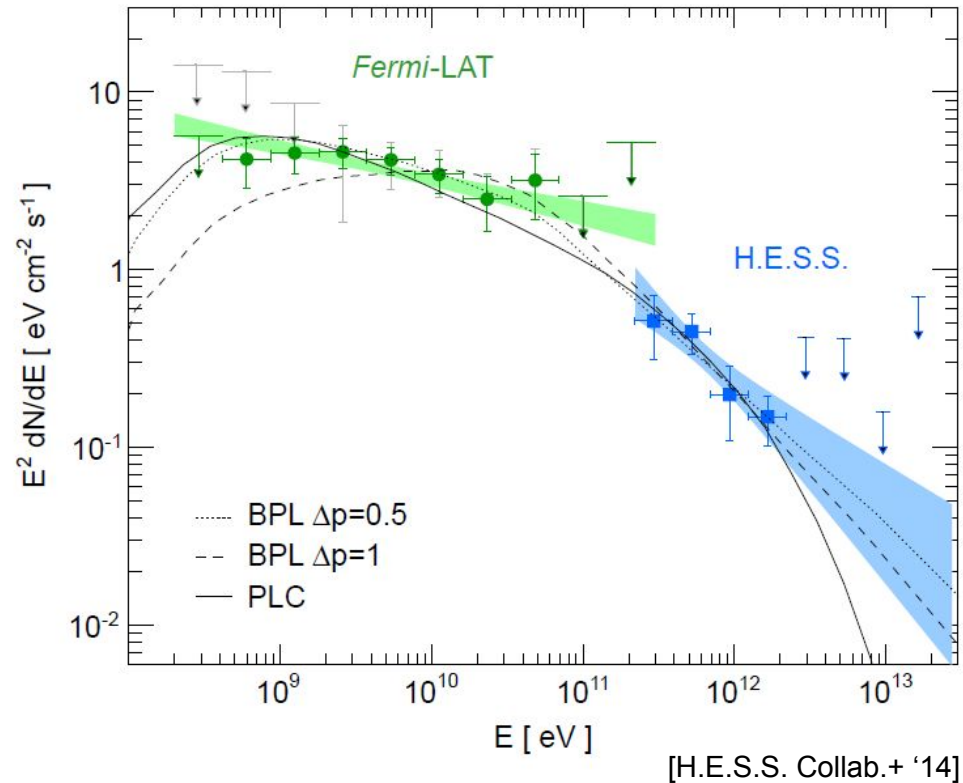
More... if we have time

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# Dealing with uncertainties

Bowtie / butterfly



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