

# VOnDA Cheatsheet

## A VOnDA File ...

- ... has the extension `.rudi`.
- ... consists of a list of variable and function definitions and possibly nested rule statements.
- ... makes variables defined at the top-level rule file persistent (final) throughout the whole program.
- ... may contain Java like commenting.
- ... may contain Java verbatim code between `/*@...@*/`

## Rules consist of ...

- ... an optional label in snake case followed by a colon.
- ... optionally labeled `if` blocks with optional `else` blocks. They work like in Java stopping the evaluation of (a sub-tree of) the rules in case the condition doesn't hold.
- ... possibly two special statements that have a unique behaviour: `propose` and `timeout`. Both create a closure; `propose` blocks are all collected and the "best" is chosen; labeled `timeouts` wait for the specified time and then execute their body.

## Stopping Rule Evaluation

```
break label_name;  
cancel; // cancels all following (same level) rules.  
cancel_all; // cancels all following rules.
```

`propose` and `timeout` blocks can be exited early by `return`;

## Overloaded (Boolean) Operators

`a += b` is syntactic sugar for `a.add(b)` (for lists and sets).  
`a -= b` is syntactic sugar for `a.remove(b)` (for lists and sets).  
The boolean operators `<=`, `>=` can be used to check if an object is of a specific class, for subclass tests between two classes, and for subsumption of dialogue acts. If the type of a right hand side of an expression is inferable this shorthand exists:

```
if (! c.user.personality.nonchalance){...}  
// translates to ...  
if (!(((c != null) && (c.user != null)) && (c.user.personality != null))  
&& (c.user.personality.nonchalance != null))) {...}  
if (sa <= #Question){...}  
// translates to ...  
if (sa.isSubsumedBy(new DialogueAct("Question")){...}
```

## Functionality from Run-Time System

Short-hand conversion methods from Java

```
int toInt(String s);  
float toFloat(String s);  
double toDouble(String s);  
boolean toBool(String s);  
String toStr(T i);  
// T in(int, short, byte, float, double, boolean)
```

## Other Agent methods

```
// Telling the Agent that something changed  
void newData();  
String getLanguage();  
// Random methods  
int random(int limit); // returns [0,limit)  
float random(); // returns [0,1)  
T random(Collection<T> coll); // select random element  
long now(); // return current time since epoch in millisec.  
Logger logger; // Global logger instance (slf4j)  
// discarding actions and shutdown  
void clearBehavioursAndProposals();  
void shutdown();
```

## Timeouts

```
void newTimeout(String name, int millis);  
boolean isTimedOut(String name);  
void removeTimeout(String name);  
boolean hasActiveTimeout(String name);  
// cancel and remove an active timeout  
// will not be executed  
void cancelTimeout(String name);
```

## Functions allowing lambda expressions

```
boolean some(Collection<T> coll, Function<Boolean, T> pred);  
boolean all(Collection<T> coll, Function<Boolean, T> pred);  
List<T> filter(Collection<T> coll, Function<Boolean, T> pred);  
List<T> sort(Collection<T> coll, Function<Integer, T> c);  
Collection<T> map(Collection<S> coll, Function<T, S> f);  
int count(Collection<T> coll, Function<Boolean, T> pred);  
T first(Collection<T> coll, Function<Boolean, T> pred);
```

## Pre-added Java methods

```
#Object boolean equals(Object e);  
#String boolean startsWith(String s);  
#String boolean endsWith(String s);  
#String String substring(int i);  
#String String substring(int begin, int end);  
#String boolean isEmpty();  
#String int length();  
#List<T> T get(int a);  
#Collection<T> void add(Object a);  
#Collection<T> boolean contains(Object a);  
#Collection<T> int size();  
#Collection<T> boolean isEmpty();  
#Map<S, T> boolean containsKey(S a);  
#Map<S, T> T get(S a);  
#Array<T> int length;
```

## Methods on RDF and RDFClass Objects

```
Rdf toRdf(String uri);  
#Rdf String getURI();  
#Rdf boolean has(String predicate);  
#Rdf long getLastChange(boolean asSubject, boolean asObject);  
RdfClass getRdfClass(String s);  
boolean exists(Object o);  
// return only the name part of an URI (no namespace or angle  
// brackets)  
String getUriName(String uri);
```

## Methods dealing with dialogue acts

```
// Methods applied to the object DialogueAct  
#DialogueAct String getDialogueActType();  
#DialogueAct void setDialogueActType(String dat);  
#DialogueAct String getProposition();  
#DialogueAct void setProposition(String prop);  
#DialogueAct boolean hasSlot(String key);  
#DialogueAct String getValue(String key);  
#DialogueAct void setValue(String key, String val);  
#DialogueAct long getTimestamp();  
#DialogueAct void setProposition(String prop);  
// ...
```

## Dialogue act objects are marked with #.

```
// ...  
// sending of dialogue acts  
DialogueAct createEmitDA(DialogueAct da);  
DialogueAct emitDA(int delay, DialogueAct da);  
DialogueAct emitDA(DialogueAct da);  
// Access to dialogue acts of the current session  
// my last outgoing resp. the last incoming dialogue  
// act  
DialogueAct myLastDA();  
DialogueAct lastDA();  
// Did I say something like ta in this session  
// (subsumption)? If so, how many utterances  
// back was it? (otherwise, -1 is returned)  
int saidInSession(DialogueAct da);  
// like saidInSession, only for incoming dialogue acts  
int receivedInSession(DialogueAct da);  
// Check if we asked a question that is still pending  
boolean waitingForResponse();  
// Mark last incoming DA as treated and not pending  
// anymore(stop rules firing)  
void lastDAprocessed();  
DialogueAct addLastDA(DialogueAct newDA);
```