NAME:

This is an open notes and open-book exam. Write all your answers on these pages.

Do all the problems within 55 minutes.

105 points total

1 Sum of Products Minimization (16 points)

Consider the following specification:

$$F(w, x, y, z) = \Sigma(7, 8, 9, 13, 15)$$

$$D(w, x, y, z) = \Sigma(1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 12, 14)$$

A. Draw a 4-variable Karnaugh map and fill it in with 0s, 1s, and don't cares corresponding to the specification (8 points).

B. Using your Karnaugh map, write down a *minimal* sum-of-products expression for F(w,x,y,z) (4 points).

$$F(w, x, y, z) =$$

C. Using only nand gates and inverters, draw a schematic implementing F(w,x,y,z) (4 points).

2 Product of Sums Minimization (16 points)

Consider the following specification:

$$F(w, x, y, z) = \Pi(0, 3, 5, 7, 8, 13)$$

$$D(w, x, y, z) = \Pi(2, 6, 10, 14)$$

A. Draw a 4-variable Karnaugh map and fill it in with 0s, 1s, and don't cares corresponding to the specification (8 points).

B. Using your Karnaugh map, write down a *minimal* product-of-sums expression for F(w,x,y,z) (4 points).

$$F(w, x, y, z) =$$

C. Using only nor gates and inverters, draw a schematic implementing F(w,x,y,z) (4 points).

3 7-Segment Display Controller and Decoder (31 points)

Inputs		Outputs			
X	У	D_0	D_1	D_2	D_3
0	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	1

Figure 1: 2–4 Decoder Specification and Block Diagram

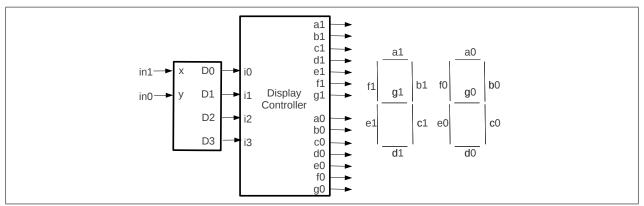


Figure 2: Two 7-Segment Displays

Consider the two-to-four decoder specified below and its block diagram in Figure 1. Your task is to design part of the *Display Controller* shown in Figure 2.

A. (3 Points) The two 7-segment displays are used to display the *base 10* value of a 2-bit 2's-complement number i_1i_0 , where i_1 is the most significant bit.

Each segment in the two 7-segment displays is controlled by the corresponding control signals a_0 through g_1 . In this part, for each value of i_1i_0 , specify the base 10 value to be displayed when i_1i_0 is interpreted as a 2's-complement number. As an example, the case for 11_2 is shown below. Fill in the remainder of the table.

in_1	in_0	Display
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	-1

B. (14 Points) The four input variables to the display controller are i_0 through i_3 corresponding to each of the four input cases. Fill in the table below specifying the value of each display segment. Note: (1) for negative numbers, use the leftmost 7-segment display for the negative sign, and (2) use b_0 and c_0 for the numeral "1".

	i_0	i_1	i_2	i_3	a_1	b_1	c_1	d_1	e_1	f_1	g_1	a_0	b_0	c_0	d_0	e_0	f_0	g_0
-	1	0	0	0														
	0	1	0	0														
	0	0	1	0														
	0	0	0	1														

C. (14 points) Based on the table above, write minimal logical formulas in terms of the inputs i_0, i_1, i_2, i_3 for the following display segments:

 $b_1 =$

 $g_1 =$

 $b_0 =$

 $c_0 =$

 $d_0 =$

 $f_0 =$

 $g_0 =$

arch 2012 Exam #2a Design with Multiplexers (20 points)

Consider the following function:

$$F(w,x,y,z) = (x+y) \cdot (w'+y) \cdot (y+z) \cdot (w+x'+y'+z') \cdot (w'+x+y'+z')$$

A. Fill in the truth table (4 points)

				(1
W	X	у	\mathbf{z}	F(w,x,y,z)
0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	1	
0	0	1	0	
0	0	1	1	
0	1	0	0	
0	1	0	1	
0	1	1	0	
0	1	1	1	
1	0	0	0	
1	0	0	1	
1	0	1	0	
1	0	1	1	
1	1	0	0	
1	1	0	1	
1	1	1	0	
_1	1	1	1	

B. We can write F(w,x,y,z) using Shannon's expansion as:

$$\begin{split} F(w,x,y,z) = & (w' \cdot x' \cdot y') \cdot F(0,0,0,z) + (w' \cdot x' \cdot y) \cdot F(0,0,1,z) + \\ & (w' \cdot x \cdot y') \cdot F(0,1,0,z) + (w' \cdot x \cdot y) \cdot F(0,1,1,z) + \\ & (w \cdot x' \cdot y') \cdot F(1,0,0,z) + (w \cdot x' \cdot y) \cdot F(1,0,1,z) + \\ & (w \cdot x \cdot y') \cdot F(1,1,0,z) + (w \cdot x \cdot y) \cdot F(1,1,1,z) \end{split}$$

Write the formulas for each function below (8 points).

$$F(0,0,0,z) =$$

$$F(0,0,1,z) =$$

$$F(0,1,0,z) =$$

$$F(0, 1, 1, z) =$$

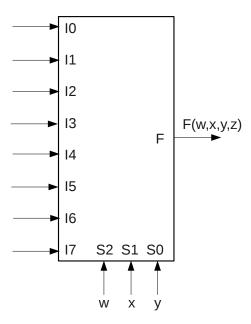
$$F(1,0,0,z) =$$

$$F(1,0,1,z) =$$

$$F(1, 1, 0, z) =$$

$$F(1, 1, 1, z) =$$

C. What are the inputs to the multiplexer shown below that implements F(w,x,y,z)? (8 points)



5 Full Subtractor Design (22 points)

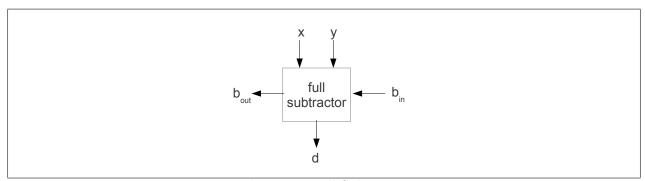


Figure 3: Full Subtractor

A full subtractor has three inputs x, y, and b_{in} , and two outputs b_{out} and d. The behavior of the full subtractor is described as follows:

$$x_{10} - y_{10} - b_{in10} = -2 \times b_{out} + d.$$

In other words, the value of $x - y - b_{in}$ is represented as a 2-bit 2's-complement number $b_{out}d$.

A. Given the informal behavioral description of a full subtractor, fill in the following table (14 points).

X	у	b_{in}	Base 10 value	b_{out}	d
0	0	0			
0	0	1			
0	1	0			
0	1	1	-2	1	0
1	0	0			
1	0	1			
1	1	0			
1	1	1			

B. Implement the full subtractor using two 4:1 multiplexers as shown below (8 Points:).

