title: Modelling Results

## nav\_include: 7

## **Analysis Approach:**

Since our model runs took a very long time, we saved all of our metrics into dataframes to be loaded for later analysis. Each metric has six different values for each metric, based on the mean of that metric for the results of that batch.

## **Initial Approach**

Initially we planned on aggregating the results of the batches and then comaring the different model results. However we found that the way we created our metrics gave us results with very high variability. If we were able to run the models again, we would change the metrics to be proportions of change, i.e. %change in followers vs the current method of absolute change in followers. This would normalize our data and allow us to directly compare results on playlists with large differences in number of songs and number of followers.

## **Compromise Approach**

In order to try and compare models with the metrics we already have, we combined the means of each batch along with the standard deviation of the means for each metric and compared those values. This led to some strange results, with the validation and test sets consistently outperforming the train set for each metric. However when you look at the  $\pm 2\sigma$  bounds on the scores, you can see that there is significant overlap.

```
In [1]: import sys
    import datetime
    import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import string
    from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    import gzip
    import csv
    import matplotlib
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
DATA_DIR="../../../data"
```

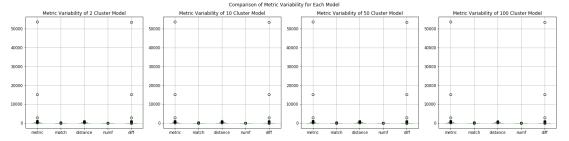
```
In [2]: def add(r, names, df) :
              for m in names:
                  r[m].append(df[m].mean())
         def tonp (r, names):
              for m in names:
                  r[m] = np.array(r[m])
         def readResults(n, shortname, name):
              m_names = ['metric', 'match', 'distance', 'numf', 'diff']
prefix = DATA_DIR + "/results/" + shortname + str(n) + "/result_" + name
              suffix = " " + str(n) + " 10.csv.gz"
              r = {'metric':[], 'match' : [], 'distance' : [], 'numf' : [], 'diff' : [],
          'metric2' : [] }
              for i in range(1, 7):
                  fullName = prefix + str(i) + suffix
                  df = pd.read csv(fullName, compression='gzip')#.drop(['Unnamed: 0'],axi
         s=1)
                  add(r, m names, df)
                  r['metric2'].append(((1.0 / df['match']) + df['distance']).mean())
              tonp(r, m_names)
              tonp(r, ['metric2'])
              return r
         def readResults2(n, shortname, name):
              m_names = ['metric', 'match', 'distance', 'numf', 'diff']
              prefix = DATA_DIR + "/results/" + shortname + str(n) + "/result_" + name
              suffix = "_" + str(n) + "_10.csv.gz"
              r = {'metrīc':[], 'match' : [], 'distance' : [], 'numf' : [], 'diff' : [],
          'metric2' : [] }
              df_full = pd.DataFrame()
              for i in range(1, 7):
                  fullName = prefix + str(i) + suffix
                  df = pd.read_csv(fullName, compression='gzip')#.drop(['Unnamed: 0'],axi
         s=1)
                  df full = df full.append(df)
                  add(r, m names, df)
                  r['metric2'].append(((1.0 / df['match']) + df['distance']).mean())
              tonp(r, m names)
              tonp(r, ['metric2'])
              return df_full
In [3]: | t2 = readResults(2, "t", "train")
         t10 = readResults(10, "t", "train")
t50 = readResults(50, "t", "train")
         t100 = readResults(100, "t", "train")
In [4]: | v2 = readResults(2, "v", "validate")
         v10 = readResults(10, "v", "validate")
v50 = readResults(50, "v", "validate")
         v100 = readResults(100, "v", "validate")
In [5]: | t2df = readResults2(2, "t", "train")
         t10df = readResults2(10, "t", "train")
t50df = readResults2(50, "t", "train")
         t100df = readResults2(100, "t", "train")
```

In [6]: t2df.agg([np.mean, np.std])

Out[6]:

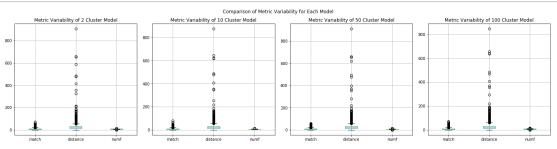
	playlist_id	n_clusters	start_num	metric	match	distance	numf	dif
mean	492621.840113	2.0	10.0	41.498213	6.019840	23.742583	6.903134	17.367623
std	284337.026741	0.0	0.0	719.542719	5.571262	27.351196	1.296133	719.121609

```
In [7]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,4,figsize=(20,5))
    t2df.drop(['playlist_id', 'n_clusters', 'start_num'], axis=1).boxplot(ax=ax[0])
    ax[0].set_title('Metric Variability of 2 Cluster Model')
    t10df.drop(['playlist_id', 'n_clusters', 'start_num'], axis=1).boxplot(ax=ax[1])
    ax[1].set_title('Metric Variability of 10 Cluster Model')
    t50df.drop(['playlist_id', 'n_clusters', 'start_num'], axis=1).boxplot(ax=ax[2])
    ax[2].set_title('Metric Variability of 50 Cluster Model')
    t100df.drop(['playlist_id', 'n_clusters', 'start_num'], axis=1).boxplot(ax=ax[3])
    ax[3].set_title('Metric Variability of 100 Cluster Model')
    fig.suptitle('Comparison of Metric Variability for Each Model')
    fig.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, .95])
    plt.show()
```



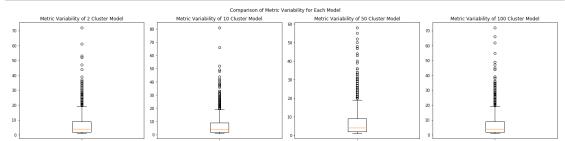
The above plots show that there is significant variability in each metric, this is most pronounced in the difference in predicted followers vs actual followers metric.

```
In [8]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,4,figsize=(20,5))
        t2df.drop(['playlist_id', 'n_clusters', 'start_num', 'metric', 'diff'], axis=1)
        .boxplot(ax=ax[0])
        ax[0].set_title('Metric Variability of 2 Cluster Model')
        t10df.drop(['playlist_id', 'n_clusters', 'start_num', 'metric', 'diff'], axis=1
        ).boxplot(ax=ax[1])
        ax[1].set_title('Metric Variability of 10 Cluster Model')
        t50df.drop(['playlist_id', 'n_clusters', 'start_num', 'metric', 'diff'], axis=1
        ).boxplot(ax=ax[2])
        ax[2].set title('Metric Variability of 50 Cluster Model')
        t100df.drop(['playlist id', 'n clusters', 'start num', 'metric', 'diff'], axis=
        1).boxplot(ax=ax[3])
        ax[3].set title('Metric Variability of 100 Cluster Model')
        fig.suptitle('Comparison of Metric Variability for Each Model')
        fig.tight layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, .95])
        plt.show()
```

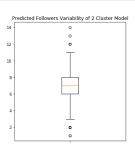


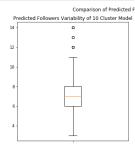
The distance between playlists also has significant variability, one way we could possibly reduce this is to normalize the distance variables so that distance is a number between 0 and 1.

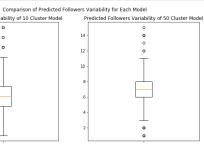
```
In [8]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,4,figsize=(20,5))
    ax[0].boxplot(t2df.match)
    ax[0].set_title('Metric Variability of 2 Cluster Model')
    ax[1].boxplot(t10df.match)
    ax[1].set_title('Metric Variability of 10 Cluster Model')
    ax[2].boxplot(t50df.match)
    ax[2].set_title('Metric Variability of 50 Cluster Model')
    ax[3].boxplot(t100df.match)
    ax[3].set_title('Metric Variability of 100 Cluster Model')
    for axis in ax:
        axis.set_xticklabels('')
    fig.suptitle('Comparison of Metric Variability for Each Model')
    fig.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, .95])
    plt.show()
```

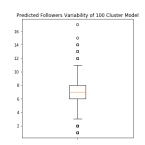


```
In [9]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,4,figsize=(20,5))
    ax[0].boxplot(t2df.numf)
    ax[0].set_title('Predicted Followers Variability of 2 Cluster Model')
    ax[1].boxplot(t10df.numf)
    ax[1].set_title('Predicted Followers Variability of 10 Cluster Model')
    ax[2].boxplot(t50df.numf)
    ax[2].set_title('Predicted Followers Variability of 50 Cluster Model')
    ax[3].boxplot(t100df.numf)
    ax[3].set_title('Predicted Followers Variability of 100 Cluster Model')
    for axis in ax:
        axis.set_xticklabels('')
    fig.suptitle('Comparison of Predicted Followers Variability for Each Model')
    fig.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, .95])
    plt.show()
```









```
In [10]: test2 = readResults(2, 'test', 'test')
test10 = readResults(10, 'test', 'test')
```

```
In [11]: def make_mean_metrics(models, sn):
    results_dict = {}
    #models = [t2, t10, t50, t100]
    names = [2, 10, 50, 100]
    for model, name in zip(models, names):
        model_params = {}
        for key in model:
            model_params[key] = np.mean(model[key])
            model_params[key+'std'] = np.std(model[key])
        results_dict[sn+str(name)] = model_params
    return results_dict
```

```
In [12]: models_train = [t2, t10, t50, t100]
    train_dict = make_mean_metrics(models_train, 't')
    results_train = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(train_dict).T
    results_train
```

Out[12]:

	diff	diffstd	distance	distancestd	match	matchstd	metric	metric2	metri
t2	17.366214	19.586043	23.742464	1.204582	6.019813	0.117456	41.496689	24.130509	1.202
t10	17.447881	19.232502	24.761268	0.929312	6.129652	0.176668	42.599327	25.151356	0.934
t50	17.313173	19.268623	25.829698	0.902331	6.151795	0.124508	43.530253	26.217108	0.903
t100	17.419482	19.445556	25.663053	0.693858	6.215457	0.099706	43.468382	26.048898	0.689

```
In [13]: models_validate = [v2, v10, v50, v100]
   validate_dict = make_mean_metrics(models_validate, 'v')
   results_validate = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(validate_dict).T
   results_validate
```

Out[13]:

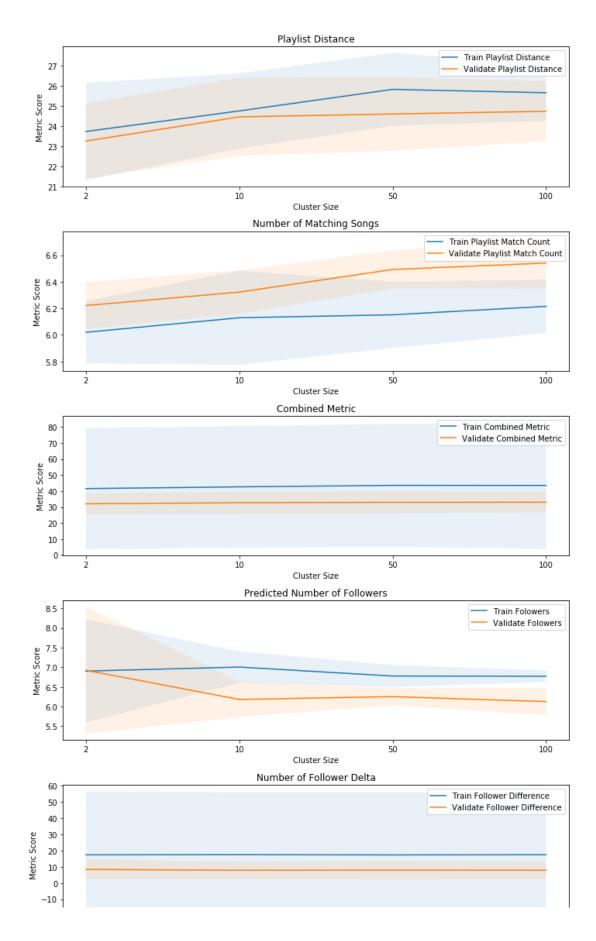
	diff	diffstd	distance	distancestd	match	matchstd	metric	metric2	metric2
v2	8.383877	3.004734	23.266120	0.923800	6.221482	0.087430	32.019275	23.635325	0.92609
v10	7.866056	2.634214	24.467220	0.964562	6.322889	0.081322	32.699332	24.833359	0.96288
v50	7.961983	2.822155	24.610007	0.909844	6.493108	0.070977	32.932138	24.970164	0.9089
v100	7.884393	2.696971	24.743925	0.742098	6.541668	0.095974	32.985807	25.101392	0.74414

```
In [14]: models_test = [test2, test10]
    test_dict = make_mean_metrics(models_test, 'test')
    results_test = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(test_dict).T
    results_test
```

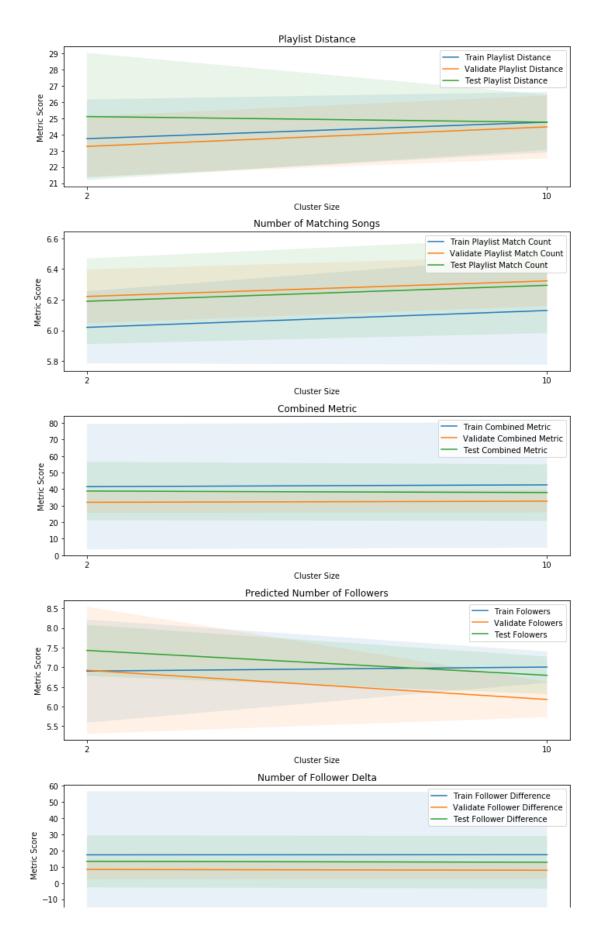
Out[14]:

	diff	diffstd	distance	distancestd	match	matchstd	metric	metric2	metri
test2	13.347084	7.996984	25.105574	1.956354	6.189874	0.139431	38.832057	25.48498	1.956
test10	12.797532	8.089814	24.755806	0.846285	6.294219	0.155728	37.930501	25.13291	0.847

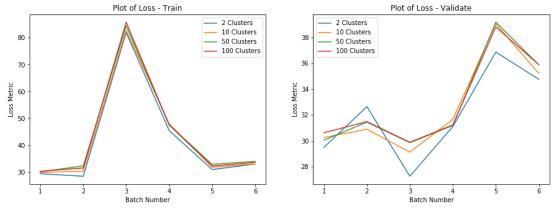
```
In [15]: | plot_alpha = .1
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(6,1, figsize=(10,20))
         labels_train = ['Train Playlist Distance', 'Train Playlist Match Count', 'Train
         Combined Metric', 'Train Folowers',
                          'Train Follower Difference', 'Train Matching Songs plus Distanc
         e'1
         labels validate = ['Validate Playlist Distance', 'Validate Playlist Match Count
         ', 'Validate Combined Metric',
                             'Validate Folowers', 'Validate Follower Difference', 'Valida
         te Matching Songs plus Distance']
         plot order = ['distance', 'match', 'metric', 'numf', 'diff', 'metric2']
         titles = ['Playlist Distance', 'Number of Matching Songs', 'Combined Metric', '
         Predicted Number of Followers'
                    'Number of Follower Delta', 'Inverted Matching Songs plus Distance']
         names = [2, 10, 50, 100]
         # results train.plot(y='diff', ax=ax[0])
         # results train.plot(y='distance', ax=ax[1])
         # results_train.plot(y='match', ax=ax[2])
         # results_train.plot(y='metric', ax=ax[3])
         for axis, po, labelt, labelv, title in \
         zip(ax, plot_order, labels_train, labels_validate, titles):
             results_train.plot(y=po, ax=axis, label=labelt)
             axis.fill_between(np.arange(4), results_train[po] + 2*results_train[po+'std
         '],
                                results_train[po] - 2*results_train[po+'std'], alpha=plot
         alpha)
             results_validate.plot(y=po, ax=axis, label=labelv)
             axis.fill between(np.arange(4), results validate[po] + 2*results validate[p
         o+'std'l,
                                results validate[po] - 2*results validate[po+'std'], alph
         a=plot_alpha)
             axis.set_xlabel('Cluster Size')
             axis.set_ylabel('Metric Score')
             axis.set_xticks(np.arange(4))
             axis.set_xticklabels(names)
             axis.set_title(title)
         fig.tight layout()
         plt.show()
```



```
In [18]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(6,1, figsize=(10,20))
         labels_train = ['Train Playlist Distance', 'Train Playlist Match Count', 'Train
         e'1
         labels_validate = ['Validate Playlist Distance', 'Validate Playlist Match Count
         ', 'Validate Combined Metric'
                            'Validate Folowers', 'Validate Follower Difference', 'Valida
         te Matching Songs plus Distance']
         labels test = ['Test Playlist Distance', 'Test Playlist Match Count', 'Test Com
         bined Metric', 'Test Folowers',
                       'Test Follower Difference', 'Test Matching Songs plus Distance']
         plot order = ['distance', 'match', 'metric', 'numf', 'diff', 'metric2']
         titles = ['Playlist Distance', 'Number of Matching Songs', 'Combined Metric', '
         Predicted Number of Followers'
                   'Number of Follower Delta', 'Inverted Matching Songs plus Distance']
         names = [2, 10]
         # results_train.plot(y='diff', ax=ax[0])
         # results_train.plot(y='distance', ax=ax[1])
         # results_train.plot(y='match', ax=ax[2])
         # results_train.plot(y='metric', ax=ax[3])
         for axis, po, labelt, labelv, title, labeltest in \
         zip(ax, plot_order, labels_train, labels_validate, titles, labels_test):
             results_train_test.plot(y=po, ax=axis, label=labelt)
             axis.fill_between(np.arange(2), results_train_test[po] + 2*results_train_te
         st[po+'std'],
                              results_train_test[po] - 2*results_train_test[po+'std'],
         alpha=plot_alpha)
             results_validate_test.plot(y=po, ax=axis, label=labelv)
             axis.fill_between(np.arange(2), results_validate_test[po] + 2*results_valid
         ate_test[po+'std'],
                              results_validate_test[po] - 2*results_validate_test[po+'s
         td'], alpha=plot_alpha)
             results_test.plot(y=po, ax=axis, label=labeltest)
             axis.fill_between(np.arange(2), results_test[po] + 2*results_test[po+'std']
                              results test[po] - 2*results test[po+'std'], alpha=plot a
         lpha)
             axis.set xlabel('Cluster Size')
             axis.set ylabel('Metric Score')
             axis.set_xticks(np.arange(2))
             axis.set_xticklabels(names)
             axis.set_title(title)
         fig.tight_layout()
         plt.show()
```

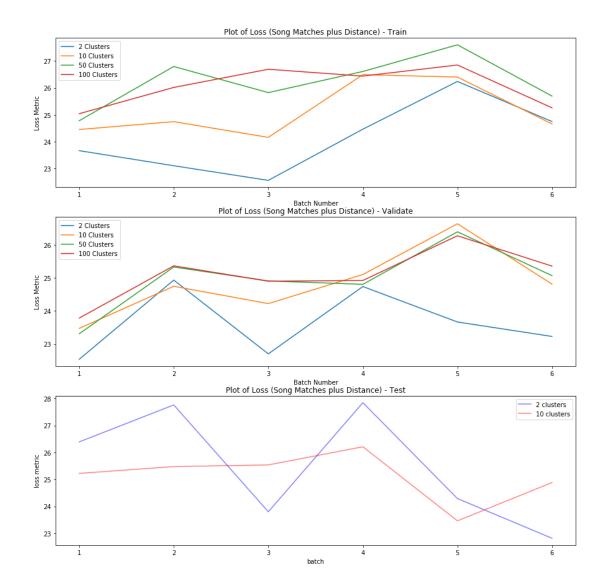


```
In [19]: x = range(1, 7)
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(15,5))
         axes[0].set_title('Plot of Loss - Train')
         axes[0].plot(x, t2['metric'], label='2 Clusters')
         axes[0].plot(x, t10['metric'], label='10 Clusters')
         axes[0].plot(x, t50['metric'], label='50 Clusters')
         axes[0].plot(x, t100['metric'], label='100 Clusters')
         axes[0].set xlabel('Batch Number')
         axes[0].set_ylabel('Loss Metric')
         axes[0].legend()
         axes[1].set title('Plot of Loss - Validate')
         axes[1].plot(x, v2['metric'], label='2 Clusters')
         axes[1].plot(x, v10['metric'], label='10 Clusters')
         axes[1].plot(x, v50['metric'], label='50 Clusters')
         axes[1].plot(x, v100['metric'], label='100 Clusters')
         axes[1].set xlabel('Batch Number')
         axes[1].set ylabel('Loss Metric')
         axes[1].legend()
         plt.show()
```



Looking at the combined metric by batch shows that each model reacted to the individual batches in a fairly consistent manner. This is slightly less true for the validation set, but the relationship is still there for at least the 10, 50 and 100 cluster models.

```
In [20]: x = range(1, 7)
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(3,1,figsize=(15,15))
         axes = axes.ravel()
         axes[0].set_title('Plot of Loss (Song Matches plus Distance) - Train')
         axes[0].plot(x, t2['metric2'], label='2 Clusters')
         axes[0].plot(x, t10['metric2'], label='10 Clusters')
         axes[0].plot(x, t50['metric2'], label='50 Clusters')
         axes[0].plot(x, t100['metric2'], label='100 Clusters')
         axes[0].set xlabel('Batch Number')
         axes[0].set_ylabel('Loss Metric')
         axes[0].legend()
         axes[1].set_title('Plot of Loss (Song Matches plus Distance) - Validate')
         axes[1].plot(x, v2['metric2'], label='2 Clusters')
         axes[1].plot(x, v10['metric2'], label='10 Clusters')
         axes[1].plot(x, v50['metric2'], label='50 Clusters')
         axes[1].plot(x, v100['metric2'], label='100 Clusters')
         axes[1].set xlabel('Batch Number')
         axes[1].set_ylabel('Loss Metric')
         axes[1].legend()
         axes[2].set_title('Plot of Loss (Song Matches plus Distance) - Test')
         axes[2].plot(x, test2['metric2'], alpha=0.5, color='b', label='2 clusters')
         axes[2].plot(x, test10['metric2'], alpha=0.5, color='r', label='10 clusters')
         axes[2].set_xlabel('batch')
         axes[2].set_ylabel('loss metric')
         axes[2].legend()
         plt.show()
```



We created a second combined metric aimed at reducing the variability, this metric has results that are more in line with expectations with the model performing slightly better on the train set than the other sets.