Algorithm for User-Interface

```
Algorithm 1 Generate Data
Require: datagen.type, n,
                                  dist,
                                           two_samples,
                                                            priors,
                                                                       x_weights,
    y_weights
Ensure: A list containing x and y
 1: if datagen.type == 1 then
                                                     ▷ Synthetic Data Generation
       if dist == "mixture" then
           Normalize x_weights and y_weights
 3:
           for i = 1 to n do
 4:
              Generate x[i] based on priors and x_weights
              {f if}\ {f two\_samples} == {f TRUE}\ {f then}
 6:
                  Generate y[i] based on priors and y_weights
 7:
              end if
 8:
           end for
 9:
10:
       else
           Generate x from dist
11:
           if two\_samples == TRUE then
12:
              Generate y from dist
13:
14:
           end if
       end if
15:
16: else
                                                          \triangleright Load Data from CSV
       if datagen.type == 2 then
17:
           Prompt user to select a CSV file
18:
           \mathbf{if}\ \mathtt{two\_samples} == \mathrm{TRUE}\ \mathbf{then}
19:
              Extract two columns as x and y
20:
21:
           else
22:
               Extract the first column as x
           end if
23:
       end if
24:
25: end if
26: \mathbf{return} A list containing \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y}
```

Algorithm 2 Calculate Power

```
Require: alpha, N, twosamples, dist, sample_size, test
```

Ensure: A vector of power values

- 1: Initialize an empty vector powr_t
- 2: for n in sample_size do
- 3: Initialize an empty vector pval_t
- 4: **for** i = 1 to N **do**
- 5: Generate data using Algorithm 1
- 6: Compute the p-value using test
- 7: end for
- 8: Compute power as the proportion of p-values < alpha
- 9: Store the power in powr_t
- 10: end for
- 11: return powr_t

Algorithm 3 Calculate Type I Error

Require: alpha, N, twosamples, dist, sample_size, test

Ensure: A vector of Type I error rates

- 1: Initialize an empty vector error
- 2: for n in sample_size do
- 3: Initialize an empty vector pval_t
- 4: **for** i = 1 to N **do**
- 5: Generate data using Algorithm 1
- 6: Compute the p-value using test
- 7: end for
- 8: Compute Type I error as the proportion of p-values < alpha
- 9: Store the error in error
- 10: end for
- 11: return error

Algorithm 4 Bootstrap Two-Sample Test

Require: x, y

Ensure: Bootstrap test results

- 1: Generate data using Algorithm 1 with datagen.type = 2 and two_samples TRUE
- 2: Perform a bootstrap two-sample test on \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y}
- 3: return Test results