

# BRIGHTLEARN TUTORIALS

## DATA ANALYTICS

### EXERCISE 4 : SQL JOINS

#### Question 1 - INNER JOIN

Tables : students and grades

Objective : Join students and grades to display only student who have grades

Syntax :

```
SELECT  S.student_id,  
        S.student_name,  
        g.grade
```

```
FROM students AS S
```

```
INNER JOIN grades AS g ON S.student_id  
= g.student_id;
```

Output :	student-id	student-name	grade
	2	Bob	B
	3	Charlie	A

#### Question 2 - LEFT JOIN

Objective : Display all employees and departments they belong to. Include employees with no department

Tables : employees and departments

Syntax :

```
SELECT  emp_id,  
        emp_name,
```

```

dept_name
FROM employees AS A
LEFT JOIN departments AS B
ON A.emp-id = B.emp-id;

```

Output :	emp-id	emp-name	dept-name
	1	John	NULL
	2	Lisa	HR
	3	Mike	NULL

### Question 3 - FULL OUTER JOIN

Objective: Display a complete list of products and their quantities sold.

Syntax :

```

SELECT product-id,
       product-name,
       quantity
FROM products AS A
FULL OUTER JOIN Sales AS B
ON A.product-id = B.product-id;

```

Output :	product-id	product-name	quantity
	1	Laptop	NULL
	2	Mouse	50
	3	keyboard	NULL
	4	NULL	30

### Question 4 - LEFT JOIN + CASE



Objective: Display all orders and indicate whether the customer is 'New' or 'Returning'

Syntax :

```
SELECT order_id,  
       customer_id,  
       amount,  
       customer_name,
```

CASE

```
WHEN customer_name IS NOT NULL THEN  
  'Returning customer'
```

```
ELSE 'New customer'
```

```
END AS customer_type
```

```
FROM orders AS A
```

```
LEFT JOIN customers AS B ON
```

```
A.customer_id = B.customer_id
```

Output :

order_id	customer_id	amount	customername	customer-type
1	101	500	Paul	Returning Customer
2	102	300	Sara	Returning Customer
3	105	0	NULL	New customer

Question 5 - LEFT JOIN + GROUP BY + sum

Objective : Show total sales per region and include regions with no sales

Syntax :

```
SELECT region_id,  
       region_name
```

```

SUM (amount) AS total-sales
FROM regions AS A
LEFT JOIN Sales AS B ON A.region-id =
B.region-id
GROUP BY A.region-name;

```

Output :

region-id	region-name	total-sales
1	North	2000
2	South	3500
3	East	0

### Question 6 - LEFT JOIN + CASE

Objective : Classify student based on attendance

Syntax :

```

SELECT student-id,
       name,
       days-present,
CASE
WHEN days-present >= 15 THEN 'Excellent'
WHEN days-present >= 10 THEN 'Need Improvement'
ELSE 'poor attendance'
END AS attendance-status
FROM students AS A
LEFT JOIN attendance AS B ON
A.student-id = B.student-id;

```

Output :

Student-id	name	days-present	attendance-status
1	Alice	18	Excellent
2	Bob	5	Poor attendance
3	Charlie	NULL	Poor attendance



## Question 7 - INNER JOIN + COUNT + GROUP BY

Objective : show number of tasks per project

Syntax :

```
SELECT project-id,  
       name,  
       COUNT (task-id) AS task-count  
FROM projects AS A  
INNER JOIN tasks AS B ON A.project-id  
= B.project-id  
GROUP BY A.project-name, A.project-id ;
```

Output :	project-id	name	task-count
	1	AI chatbot	2
	2	website	1

## Question 8 - FULL OUTER JOIN + CASE + WHERE

Objective : Classify customers based on whether they returned anything and filter by high order total

Syntax :

```
SELECT cust-id,  
       order-total,  
       return-total
```

CASE

```
WHEN return-total IS NOT NULL THEN 'Returned'  
ELSE 'No Return'
```

```
END AS return-status FROM orders AS A
```

```
FULL OUTER JOIN returns AS B ON
```



A. cust\_id = B. cust\_id  
WHERE order-total > 100;

Output :

cust-id	order-total	return-total	return-status
11	120	20	Returned
12	250	NULL	No Return
13	180	NULL	No Return

Question 9 - LEFT JOIN + COUNT + ORDER BY

Objective : Count how many times each user logged in

Syntax :

```
SELECT user-id,  
       name,  
       COUNT(login-date) AS login-count  
FROM users AS A  
LEFT JOIN logins AS B ON A.user-id = B.user-id  
GROUP BY user-id, name  
ORDER BY login-count DESC;
```

Output :

user-id	name	login-count
2	Gloria	2
3	Steve	1
1	Nelson	NULL

Question 10 - LEFT JOIN + CASE + ORDER BY

Objective : show all teachers and the subjects they teach

Syntax :

```
SELECT teacher-id,  
        teacher-name
```

```
CASE
```

```
WHEN subject-name IS NOT NULL THEN  
    subject-name
```

```
ELSE 'No subject Assigned'
```

```
END AS subject-name
```

```
FROM teachers AS A
```

```
LEFT JOIN subjects AS B ON A.teacher-id  
= B.teacher-id
```

```
ORDER BY teacher-name ASC;
```

Output :

teacher-id	teacher-name	subject-name
3	Mr Dlamini	No subject Assigned
1	Mr Hlongwane	Math
1	Mr Hlongwane	Science
2	Ms Ndaba	No subject Assigned