1-PythonReview

December 10, 2014

```
In [5]: # enter goes to new line in same cell
        a = 10
        b = 20
        c = a + b
        print(a, b, c)
        # shift-enter executes cell
10 20 30
In [11]: def f(x):
             ' my simple single variable function '
             y = -5 + 2*x + 0.6*x**2
             return y
In [7]: f(7)
Out[7]: 38.4
In [9]: %pylab inline
Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib
WARNING: pylab import has clobbered these variables: ['f']
\hbox{``matplotlib' prevents importing * from pylab and numpy}
In [12]: x = [-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
         y = [f(i) \text{ for } i \text{ in } x]
In [13]: import matplotlib as mpl
In [14]: mpl.pylab.plot(x, y)
ERROR! Session/line number was not unique in database. History logging moved to new session 1079
Out[14]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x108ed6c88>]
```

```
20
15
10
-
5
-
0
-5
-10
-2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5
```

```
In [15]: pwd
Out[15]: '/Users/ijstokes/Dropbox/Public/python-mastery-isr19/python-mastery-isr19-code'
In [16]: ls
O-PythonMastery.ipynb demo-python-math*
                                              ianmath.py
1-PythonReview.ipynb
                       demopythonmath.py*
                                              ianmath.pyc
README.md
                       demopythonmath.pyc
                                              nbs/
In [18]: name = 'Ian Stokes-Rees'
In [20]: print('%40s' % name)
Ian Stokes-Rees
In [26]: val = 3.8365
         print('%07.2g' % val)
00003.8
In [29]: print('float: %07.2g name= %20s int# %3i' % (val, name, 34))
float: 00003.8 name=
                          Ian Stokes-Rees int# 34
In [30]: pwd
Out[30]: '/Users/ijstokes/Dropbox/Public/python-mastery-isr19/python-mastery-isr19-code'
In [31]: cd ../student/Data/ # NOT PYTHON!
/Users/ijstokes/Dropbox/Public/python-mastery-isr19/student/Data
```

```
In [32]: pwd # ALSO NOT PYTHON!
Out[32]: '/Users/ijstokes/Dropbox/Public/python-mastery-isr19/student/Data'
In [33]: ls # AGAIN, NOT PYTHON!
               portfolio.dat* portfolio3.dat* words.txt
ctabus.csv
dowstocks.dat* portfolio1.dat* prices.csv
portfolio.csv* portfolio2.dat* stocksim.py*
In [34]: !wc words.txt
      29
              142 words.txt
In [35]: !cat words.txt
look into my eyes
look into my eyes
the eyes the eyes the eyes
not around the eyes
don't look around the eyes
look into my eyes you're under
In [36]: # back to Python!
         fh = open('words.txt')
In [37]: !ls ..
Data
                        PythonMasteryBinder.pdf Solutions
Exercises
                        README.html
                                                pythonmaster.zip
Optional
                        RunIDLE.pyw
In [38]: !pwd
/Users/ijstokes/Dropbox/Public/python-mastery-isr19/student/Data
In [39]: !ls
ctabus.csv
              portfolio.csv portfolio1.dat portfolio3.dat stocksim.py
dowstocks.dat portfolio.dat portfolio2.dat prices.csv
                                                            words.txt
```

0.1 Exceptions

Python 3.4 builtin Exceptions: https://docs.python.org/3.4/library/exceptions.html BAFP vs LBYL: Python is a "BAFP" language BAFP:

- Better to Ask Forgiveness than Permission
- Just try it, and if it doesn't work out, an exception will be raised
- DON'T go implementing all sorts of input validation on internal/API functions: leave it up to the caller to call your functions/classes correctly. If they don't, they'll get an exception.

Exception Handling:

Both these conditions must hold to catch an exception:

- 1. You reasonably expect the exception
- 2. You are sure you know how to deal with it and should be responsible for it.

```
In [1]: words = 'foo bar zip zap ping pong'.split()
In [2]: words
Out[2]: ['foo', 'bar', 'zip', 'zap', 'ping', 'pong']
In [3]: words[3]
Out[3]: 'zap'
In [4]: words[-1]
Out [4]: 'pong'
In [5]: words[5]
Out[5]: 'pong'
In [6]: words[10] # what is going to happen with this index?
    IndexError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-6-9ffc748e089c> in <module>()
    ---> 1 words[10] # what is going to happen with this index?
        IndexError: list index out of range
In [20]: # Python raises an exception!
         index = 3
         try:
             print("Getting word from index:", index)
             print("word:", words[index])
             print("Phew, loooks like it was OK")
             words.upper()
             print("And now words:", words)
         except (IndexError, AttributeError) as ex:
             print("Oh dear, an exception occurred!", ex)
         except TypeError as ex:
             print("Looks like the index wasn't an int:", ex)
         finally:
             print("This ALWAYS gets invoked")
Getting word from index: 3
word: zap
Phew, loooks like it was OK
Oh dear, an exception occurred! 'list' object has no attribute 'upper'
This ALWAYS gets invoked
In [28]: import string
         for attr in dir(__builtins__):
             if attr[0] in string.ascii_uppercase:
                 print(attr)
```

ArithmeticError

AssertionError

AttributeError

BaseException

BlockingIOError

BrokenPipeError

BufferError

BytesWarning

ChildProcessError

 ${\tt ConnectionAbortedError}$

ConnectionError

ConnectionRefusedError

ConnectionResetError

DeprecationWarning

EOFError

Ellipsis

EnvironmentError

Exception

False

FileExistsError

FileNotFoundError

 ${\tt FloatingPointError}$

FutureWarning

GeneratorExit

TOError

ImportError

ImportWarning

 ${\tt IndentationError}$

IndexError

 ${\tt InterruptedError}$

IsADirectoryError

KeyError

KeyboardInterrupt

LookupError

MemoryError

NameError

None

 ${\tt NotADirectoryError}$

NotImplemented

 ${\tt NotImplementedError}$

OSError

OverflowError

PendingDeprecationWarning

PermissionError

ProcessLookupError

ReferenceError

ResourceWarning

RuntimeError

RuntimeWarning

StopIteration

SyntaxError

SyntaxWarning

SystemError

SystemExit

```
TabError
TimeoutError
True
TypeError
UnboundLocalError
UnicodeDecodeError
UnicodeEncodeError
UnicodeError
UnicodeTranslateError
UnicodeWarning
UserWarning
ValueError
Warning
ZeroDivisionError
In [29]: # list comprehension version
         [attr for attr in dir(__builtins__) if attr[0] in string.ascii_uppercase]
Out[29]: ['ArithmeticError',
          'AssertionError',
          'AttributeError',
          'BaseException',
          'BlockingIOError',
          'BrokenPipeError',
          'BufferError',
          'BytesWarning',
          'ChildProcessError',
          'ConnectionAbortedError',
          'ConnectionError',
          'ConnectionRefusedError',
          'ConnectionResetError',
          'DeprecationWarning',
          'EOFError',
          'Ellipsis',
          'EnvironmentError',
          'Exception',
          'False',
          'FileExistsError',
          'FileNotFoundError',
          'FloatingPointError',
          'FutureWarning',
          'GeneratorExit',
          'IOError',
          'ImportError',
          'ImportWarning',
          'IndentationError',
          'IndexError',
          'InterruptedError',
          'IsADirectoryError',
          'KevError',
          'KeyboardInterrupt',
          'LookupError',
          'MemoryError',
          'NameError',
          'None',
```

```
'NotADirectoryError',
          'NotImplemented',
          'NotImplementedError',
          'OSError',
          'OverflowError',
          'PendingDeprecationWarning',
          'PermissionError',
          'ProcessLookupError',
          'ReferenceError',
          'ResourceWarning',
          'RuntimeError',
          'RuntimeWarning',
          'StopIteration',
          'SyntaxError',
          'SyntaxWarning',
          'SystemError',
          'SystemExit',
          'TabError',
          'TimeoutError',
          'True',
          'TypeError',
          'UnboundLocalError',
          'UnicodeDecodeError',
          'UnicodeEncodeError',
          'UnicodeError',
          'UnicodeTranslateError',
          'UnicodeWarning',
          'UserWarning',
          'ValueError',
          'Warning',
          'ZeroDivisionError']
In [25]: name = 'Ian Stokes-Rees'
In [26]: name[5]
Out[26]: 't'
In [27]: name[0]
Out[27]: 'I'
In [46]: def check_value(val):
             if val < 0:
                 raise ValueError('Negative Value: ' + str(val))
             elif val > 9:
                 raise NameError('Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: ' + str(val))
                 print("Ah, just right: " + str(val))
         n = 15
         try:
             check_value(n)
         except ValueError as ex:
             print("Something is wrong with n:", n, "ex:", ex)
```

```
NameError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-46-c26a4286de36> in <module>()
         9 n = 15
        10 trv:
    ---> 11
               check_value(n)
         12 except ValueError as ex:
         13
               print("Something is wrong with n:", n, "ex:", ex)
        <ipython-input-46-c26a4286de36> in check_value(val)
                  raise ValueError('Negative Value: ' + str(val))
         3
         4
               elif val > 9:
    ---> 5
                   raise NameError('Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: ' + str(val))
         6
              else:
         7
                   print("Ah, just right: " + str(val))
       NameError: Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: 15
In []:
In [47]: if val < 0:</pre>
             raise NegativeValueError('Negative value not allowed: ' + str(val))
         elif val > 9:
             raise BiggerThan9Error('Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: ' + str(val))
         else:
             print("Ah, just right: " + str(val))
   NameError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-47-94e7b7cfc140> in <module>()
         2 raise NegativeValueError('Negative value not allowed: ' + str(val))
         3 elif val > 9:
               raise BiggerThan10Error('Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: ' + str(val))
    ---> 4
         5 else:
               print("Ah, just right: " + str(val))
       NameError: name 'BiggerThan10Error' is not defined
In [48]: class BiggerThan9Error(ValueError):
             ' Raised when a value is (surprise!) bigger than 9 '
             pass
         class NegativeValueError(Exception):
             ' Raised when a value is negative (and not expected to be so) '
             pass
```

```
In [51]: def check_val(val):
            if val < 0:
                raise NegativeValueError('Negative value not allowed: ' + str(val))
            elif val > 9:
                raise BiggerThan9Error('Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: ' + str(val))
            else:
                print("Ah, just right: " + str(val))
         n = 12
         check_val(n)
   BiggerThan9Error
                                             Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-51-9bd787756f40> in <module>()
         9 n = 12
    ---> 10 check_val(n)
        <ipython-input-51-9bd787756f40> in check_val(val)
         3
                  raise NegativeValueError('Negative value not allowed: ' + str(val))
         4
              elif val > 9:
                   raise BiggerThan9Error('Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: ' + str(val))
    ---> 5
         6
              else:
         7
                   print("Ah, just right: " + str(val))
       BiggerThan9Error: Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: 12
In [54]: # BiggerThan9Error is a subclass of ValueError
         # so catching ValueError will also catch BiggerThan9Error
        n = -8
         try:
            check_val(n)
         except ValueError as ex:
            print("Value problem with n:", n, ex)
   NegativeValueError
                                             Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-54-153a0bc4c267> in <module>()
         5
         6 try:
    ---> 7
              check_val(n)
         8 except ValueError as ex:
               print("Value problem with n:", n, ex)
        <ipython-input-51-9bd787756f40> in check_val(val)
```

```
1 def check_val(val):
               if val < 0:
          2
    ---> 3
                   raise NegativeValueError('Negative value not allowed: ' + str(val))
          4
              elif val > 9:
                    raise BiggerThan9Error('Too big! Only 0-9 allowed: ' + str(val))
          5
        NegativeValueError: Negative value not allowed: -8
0.2 Classes
In [55]: class Point:
             ' A class to represents 2-d points in space '
In [56]: a = Point() # create an instance of Point
In [57]: a
Out[57]: <_main__.Point at 0x106c09e10>
In [58]: hex(id(a))
Out[58]: '0x106c09e10'
In [59]: b = Point()
In [60]: b
Out[60]: <_main__.Point at 0x106c09668>
In [61]: isinstance(a, Point)
Out[61]: True
In [62]: isinstance(b, Point)
Out[62]: True
In [63]: a.x = 3 # add an attribute to a
In [65]: a.x # read an attribute from a
Out[65]: 3
In [66]: a.color = 'red'
In [67]: a.color
Out[67]: 'red'
In [68]: a.y = 4
In [69]: b.x = 10
         b.y = 9
In [71]: from math import sqrt
         def dist(p1, p2):
```

return sqrt((p2.x-p1.x)**2 + (p2.y-p1.y)**2)

```
In [72]: dist(a, b)
Out[72]: 8.602325267042627
In [73]: import math
In [74]: math.fastsin = dist
In [75]: math.fastsin(a, b)
Out[75]: 8.602325267042627
In [76]: math.sin = dist
In [77]: math.sin(a, b)
Out[77]: 8.602325267042627
In [78]: a.__dict__
Out[78]: {'x': 3, 'y': 4, 'color': 'red'}
In [79]: a.name = 'Sunnyvale'
In [80]: a.__dict__
Out[80]: {'x': 3, 'color': 'red', 'name': 'Sunnyvale', 'y': 4}
In [81]: a.__dict__['size'] = 'medium' # add 'size' key to dict
In [82]: a.__dict__
Out[82]: {'x': 3, 'color': 'red', 'name': 'Sunnyvale', 'y': 4, 'size': 'medium'}
In [83]: a.size
Out[83]: 'medium'
In [84]: a.size = 'large'
In [85]: a.__dict__
Out[85]: {'x': 3, 'color': 'red', 'name': 'Sunnyvale', 'y': 4, 'size': 'large'}
In [86]: del a.__dict__['name']
In [87]: a.__dict__
Out[87]: {'x': 3, 'color': 'red', 'y': 4, 'size': 'large'}
In [88]: del a.size
In [89]: a.__dict__
Out[89]: {'x': 3, 'color': 'red', 'y': 4}
In [90]: b.__dict__
Out[90]: {'x': 10, 'y': 9}
In [91]: a.__class__
```

```
Out[91]: __main__.Point
In [92]: b.__class__
Out[92]: __main__.Point
In [93]: a.__class__ is Point
Out[93]: True
In [94]: id(a.__class__)
Out[94]: 4324236984
In [95]: id(Point)
Out [95]: 4324236984
In [96]: Point.__name__
Out[96]: 'Point'
In [97]: import sys
In [98]: sys.getsizeof(a)
Out[98]: 56
In [99]: sys.getsizeof(a.__dict__)
Out[99]: 480
In [106]: for k in a.__dict__.keys():
              print(k, '\t', sys.getsizeof(k), '\t', sys.getsizeof(a.__dict__[k]))
х
           50
color
               54
                           52
           50
                       28
In [107]: def setup_point(p, x, y):
              ' add an x and y attribute to the object p '
              p.y = y
In [108]: c = Point()
In [109]: setup_point(c, 6, 7)
In [110]: c.x
Out[110]: 6
In [111]: c.y
Out[111]: 7
In [112]: dist(a, c)
Out[112]: 4.242640687119285
```

```
In [113]: dist(b, c)
Out[113]: 4.47213595499958
In [114]: class Point:
              ' 2d point with x and y attributes'
              from math import sqrt
              def dist(p1, p2):
                  return sqrt((p2.x-p1.x)**2 + (p2.y-p1.y)**2)
              def setup_point(p, x, y):
                 ' add an x and y attribute to the object p'
                  p.x = x
                  p.y = y
In [115]: a = Point()
         b = Point()
In [116]: Point.setup_point(a, 3, 4)
         Point.setup_point(b, 10, 12)
In [117]: a.x, a.y # tuple-packing: create a 2-tuple from referenced objects
                   # NOTE: no round brackets needed
Out[117]: (3, 4)
In [118]: b.x, b.y
Out[118]: (10, 12)
In [119]: Point.dist(a, b)
Out[119]: 10.63014581273465
In [121]: class Point:
              ' 2d point with x and y attributes '
              from math import sqrt
              def setup_point(p, x, y):
                 ' add an x and y attribute to the object p'
                  p.x = x
                  p.y = y
              def distorigin(p):
                  return sqrt(p.x**2 + p.y**2)
              def dist(p1, p2):
                  return sqrt((p2.x-p1.x)**2 + (p2.y-p1.y)**2)
In [122]: d = Point()
In [123]: Point.setup_point(d, 6, 7)
In [125]: Point.distorigin(d)
Out[125]: 9.219544457292887
```

```
In [126]: from functools import partial
In [127]: from random import choice, randint
In [130]: choice('yes no maybe'.split())
Out[130]: 'no'
In [133]: for i in range(10):
              print("Call me " + choice('yes no maybe'.split()))
Call me no
Call me yes
Call me no
Call me maybe
Call me maybe
Call me no
In [134]: def oracle():
              return choice('yes no maybe'.split())
In [135]: oracle()
Out[135]: 'no'
In [136]: oracle()
Out[136]: 'yes'
In [138]: oracle()
Out[138]: 'yes'
In [140]: poracle = partial(choice, 'yes no maybe'.split())
In [141]: poracle
Out[141]: functools.partial(<bound method Random.choice of <random.Random object at 0x1008a3218>>, ['ye
In [142]: poracle()
Out[142]: 'no'
In [143]: poracle()
Out[143]: 'yes'
In [144]: poracle()
Out[144]: 'yes'
In [145]: randint(1, 6)
Out[145]: 2
```

```
In [147]: for i in range(5):
              print(randint(1,6))
6
2
3
4
3
In [148]: roll = partial(randint, 1, 6)
In [149]: roll()
Out[149]: 6
In [150]: roll()
Out[150]: 4
In [151]: roll()
Out[151]: 4
In [152]: roll()
Out[152]: 5
In [153]: d = partial(randint, 1)
In [165]: for i in range(1, 5):
              print(d(20) + d(10))
11
8
11
5
In [166]: dist
Out[166]: <function __main__.dist>
In [167]: setup_point
Out[167]: <function __main__.setup_point>
In [168]: Point.dist
Out[168]: <function __main__.Point.dist>
In [169]: Point.setup_point
Out[169]: <function __main__.Point.setup_point>
In [175]: a = Point()
          Point.setup_point(a, 3, 4)
In [176]: isinstance(a, Point)
Out[176]: True
```

```
In [177]: dir(a)
Out[177]: ['__class__',
           '__delattr__',
            '__dict__',
            '__dir__',
            '__doc__',
            '__eq__',
            '__format__',
            '__ge__',
           '__getattribute__',
            '__gt__',
            '__hash__',
            '__init__',
           '__le__',
            '__lt__',
            '__module__',
            '__ne__',
            '__new__',
            '__reduce__',
            '__reduce_ex__',
           '__repr__',
           '__setattr__',
            '__sizeof__',
            '__str__',
            '__subclasshook__',
            '__weakref__',
            'dist',
            'distorigin',
           'setup_point',
            'sgrt',
            'x',
            'y']
In [178]: a.__dict__
Out[178]: {'x': 3, 'y': 4}
In [180]: Point.__dict__.keys()
Out[180]: dict_keys(['sqrt', '__dict__', '__weakref__', 'distorigin', '__module__', '__doc__', 'dist', 'setu
In [181]: a.dist
Out[181]: <bound method Point.dist of <_main__.Point object at 0x106c1e668>>
In [182]: Point.dist
Out[182]: <function __main__.Point.dist>
In [183]: b.setup_point
Out[183]: <bound method Point.setup_point of <__main__.Point object at 0x106c17080>>
In [184]: b = Point()
          Point.setup_point(b, 12, 10)
```

```
In [187]: a.dist()
            ______
   TypeError
                                            Traceback (most recent call last)
       <ipython-input-187-a0d02c07396e> in <module>()
   ----> 1 a.dist()
       TypeError: dist() missing 1 required positional argument: 'p2'
In [188]: a.dist(b)
Out[188]: 10.816653826391969
In [189]: Point.dist(a, b)
Out[189]: 10.816653826391969
In [190]: part = partial(Point.dist, a)
In [191]: part(b)
Out[191]: 10.816653826391969
In [192]: c = Point()
         c.setup_point(5, 6) # c is automatically bound to the first parameter of
                            # setup_point as a partial closure
In [193]: c.distorigin()
Out[193]: 7.810249675906654
In [194]: # We want to be able to just do:
         d = Point(12, 15)
   TypeError
                                            Traceback (most recent call last)
       <ipython-input-194-23ac97cbc411> in <module>()
         1 # We want to be able to just do:
   ---> 2 d = Point(12, 15)
       TypeError: object() takes no parameters
In [195]: # one change: setup_point -> __init__
         # NOTE: this is the initializer, NOT the constructor
         class Point:
             ' 2d point with x and y attributes'
             from math import sqrt
             def __init__(p, x, y): # was setup_point before
```

```
' add an x and y attribute to the object p'
                  p.x = x
                  p.y = y
              def distorigin(p):
                  return sqrt(p.x**2 + p.y**2)
              def dist(p1, p2):
                  return sqrt((p2.x-p1.x)**2 + (p2.y-p1.y)**2)
In [196]: d = Point(12, 15) # this will automatically call __init__
In [197]: d.__dict__
Out[197]: {'x': 12, 'y': 15}
In [198]: # one change: first method parameter -> "self"
          # this is just a convention, but it is a VERY STRONG convention
          # that you should ALWAYS use.
          class Point:
              ' 2d point with x and y attributes'
              from math import sqrt
              def __init__(self, x, y): # was setup_point before
                  ' add an x and y attribute to the object p'
                  self.x = x
                  self.y = y
              def distorigin(self):
                  return sqrt(self.x**2 + self.y**2)
              def dist(self, other):
                  return sqrt((other.x-self.x)**2 + (other.y-self.y)**2)
In [207]: # other dunder methods: __len__
          # one change: first method parameter -> "self"
          # this is just a convention, but it is a VERY STRONG convention
          # that you should ALWAYS use.
          class Point:
             ' 2d point with x and y attributes'
              from math import sqrt
              def __init__(self, x, y): # was setup_point before
                  ' add an x and y attribute to the object p '
                  self.x = x
                  self.y = y
              def distorigin(self):
                  return sqrt(self.x**2 + self.y**2)
              def dist(self, other):
                  return sqrt((other.x-self.x)**2 + (other.y-self.y)**2)
```

```
def __getitem__(self, index): # called by [ ]
                if index == 0:
                    return self.x
                elif index == 1:
                    return self.y
                else:
                    raise ValueError("Only supports index 0 and 1")
In [208]: a = Point(3, 5)
In [209]: a.distorigin()
Out [209]: 5.830951894845301
In [210]: a.x
Out[210]: 3
In [211]: a.x = 10
In [212]: a.distorigin()
Out [212]: 11.180339887498949
In [213]: a[0]
Out[213]: 10
In [214]: a[1]
Out[214]: 5
In [215]: a.x
Out[215]: 10
In [216]: a.y
Out[216]: 5
In [217]: a[3]
       ______
   ValueError
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
       <ipython-input-217-94e7916e7615> in <module>()
   ---> 1 a[3]
       <ipython-input-207-222512266527> in \_getitem\_(self, index)
        24
                     return self.y
        25
                 else:
                      raise ValueError("Only supports index 0 and 1")
   ---> 26
        27
       ValueError: Only supports index 0 and 1
```

```
In [218]: a[-1]
   ValueError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
       <ipython-input-218-9f1255355f85> in <module>()
    ----> 1 a[-1]
        <ipython-input-207-222512266527> in __getitem__(self, index)
                      return self.y
        25
                  else:
    ---> 26
                       raise ValueError("Only supports index 0 and 1")
         27
       ValueError: Only supports index 0 and 1
In [219]: a
Out [219]: <_main__.Point at 0x106c12c50>
In [220]: b = Point(3, 4)
In [221]: b
Out[221]: <_main__.Point at 0x106c34320>
In [242]: # other dunder methods: __len__
          # one change: first method parameter -> "self"
          # this is just a convention, but it is a VERY STRONG convention
          # that you should ALWAYS use.
          class Point:
              ' 2d point with x and y attributes'
              from math import sqrt
              def __init__(self, x, y): # was setup_point before
                 ' add an x and y attribute to the object p'
                  self.x = x
                  self.y = y
              def distorigin(self):
                  return sqrt(self.x**2 + self.y**2)
              def dist(self, other):
                  return sqrt((other.x-self.x)**2 + (other.y-self.y)**2)
              def __getitem__(self, index): # called by [ ]
                  if index == 0:
                     return self.x
                  elif index == 1:
                     return self.y
                  elif index\%7 == 0:
                      return "BINGO! " + str(index)
```

```
else:
                      raise ValueError("Only supports index 0 and 1")
              def __repr__(self):
                  return 'Point({x}, {y})'.format(x=self.x, y=self.y)
              def __str__(self):
                  return 'A Point object at ({x}, {y}), {d} from the origin'.format(
                          x=self.x, y=self.y, d=self.distorigin())
In [243]: a = Point(3, 5)
          b = Point(10, 20)
In [230]: a
Out [230]: Point (3, 5)
In [231]: b
Out[231]: Point(10, 20)
In [232]: points = [a, b]
In [233]: points
Out[233]: [Point(3, 5), Point(10, 20)]
In [234]: for p in points:
              print(p)
A Point object at (3, 5), 5.830951894845301 from the origin
A Point object at (10, 20), 22.360679774997898 from the origin
In [235]: for p in points:
              print(repr(p))
Point(3, 5)
Point(10, 20)
In [237]: a[0]
Out[237]: 3
In [238]: a[1]
Out[238]: 5
In [239]: a
Out [239]: Point (3, 5)
In [240]: a[3]
    ValueError
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-240-94e7916e7615> in <module>()
    ---> 1 a[3]
```

```
<ipython-input-228-816043b84e8c> in __getitem__(self, index)
         24
                       return self.y
         25
                  else:
    ---> 26
                        raise ValueError("Only supports index 0 and 1")
         27
                def __repr__(self):
         28
        ValueError: Only supports index 0 and 1
In [244]: a[21]
Out [244]: 'BINGO! 21'
In [245]: a[49]
Out [245]: 'BINGO! 49'
In [246]: a[50]
   ValueError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-246-6b6d1322ced0> in <module>()
    ---> 1 a[50]
        <ipython-input-242-b2749a1e1d8b> in __getitem__(self, index)
                        return "BINGO! " + str(index)
         26
         27
                    else:
    ---> 28
                        raise ValueError("Only supports index 0 and 1")
         29
                def __repr__(self):
         30
        ValueError: Only supports index 0 and 1
In [247]: a[48] # this is just a syntactic shortcut to a.__getitem__(48)
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
   ValueError
        <ipython-input-247-79ef440423d2> in <module>()
    ---> 1 a[48]
        <ipython-input-242-b2749a1e1d8b> in __getitem__(self, index)
         26
                        return "BINGO! " + str(index)
        27
                  else:
                        raise ValueError("Only supports index 0 and 1")
    ---> 28
```

```
29
30 def __repr__(self):

ValueError: Only supports index 0 and 1

In []:
```