Assignment 9.3

February 28, 2022

0.1 Assignment 9.3

```
[1]: import os
     import shutil
     import json
     from pathlib import Path
     import pandas as pd
     from kafka import KafkaProducer, KafkaAdminClient
     from kafka.admin.new_topic import NewTopic
     from kafka.errors import TopicAlreadyExistsError
     from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
     from pyspark.streaming import StreamingContext
     from pyspark import SparkConf
     from pyspark.sql.functions import window, from json, col, expr, to json, u
     ⇒struct, when
     from pyspark.sql.types import StringType, TimestampType, DoubleType,
     →StructField, StructType
     from pyspark.sql.functions import udf
     current_dir = Path(os.getcwd()).absolute()
     checkpoint_dir = current_dir.joinpath('checkpoints')
     joined_checkpoint_dir = checkpoint_dir.joinpath('joined')
     if joined_checkpoint_dir.exists():
         shutil.rmtree(joined_checkpoint_dir)
     joined_checkpoint_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
```

0.1.1 Configuration Parameters

TODO: Change the configuration prameters to the appropriate values for your setup.

```
[2]: config = dict(
    bootstrap_servers=['kafka.kafka.svc.cluster.local:9092'],
    first_name='Bilal',
```

```
[2]: {'bootstrap_servers': ['kafka.kafka.svc.cluster.local:9092'],
    'first_name': 'Bilal',
    'last_name': 'Kudaimi',
    'client_id': 'KudaimiBilal',
    'topic_prefix': 'KudaimiBilal',
    'locations_topic': 'KudaimiBilal-locations',
    'accelerations_topic': 'KudaimiBilal-accelerations',
    'joined_topic': 'KudaimiBilal-joined'}
```

0.1.2 Create Topic Utility Function

The create_kafka_topic helps create a Kafka topic based on your configuration settings. For instance, if your first name is *John* and your last name is *Doe*, create_kafka_topic('locations') will create a topic with the name DoeJohn-locations. The function will not create the topic if it already exists.

```
topic = NewTopic(
    name=name,
    num_partitions=num_partitions,
    replication_factor=replication_factor
)

topic_list = [topic]
try:
    admin_client.create_topics(new_topics=topic_list)
    print('Created topic "{}"'.format(name))
except TopicAlreadyExistsError as e:
    print('Topic "{}" already exists'.format(name))
create_kafka_topic('joined')
```

Topic "KudaimiBilal-joined" already exists

TODO: This code is identical to the code used in 9.1 to publish acceleration and location data to the LastnameFirstname-simple topic. You will need to add in the code you used to create the df_accelerations dataframe. In order to read data from this topic, make sure that you are running the notebook you created in assignment 8 that publishes acceleration and location data to the LastnameFirstname-simple topic.

The following code defines a Spark schema for location and acceleration data as well as a user-defined function (UDF) for parsing the location and acceleration JSON data.

```
StructField('course', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('latitude', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('longitude', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('geohash', StringType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('speed', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('accuracy', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
])
acceleration schema = StructType([
   StructField('offset', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('id', StringType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('ride_id', StringType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('uuid', StringType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('x', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('y', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
   StructField('z', DoubleType(), nullable=True),
])
udf_parse_acceleration = udf(lambda x: json.loads(x.decode('utf-8')),__
→acceleration_schema)
udf parse location = udf(lambda x: json.loads(x.decode('utf-8')),
 →location schema)
```

TODO:

- Complete the code to create the accelerationsWithWatermark dataframe.
 - Select the timestamp field with the alias acceleration_timestamp
 - Use the udf_parse_acceleration UDF to parse the JSON values
 - Select the ride_id as acceleration_ride_id
 - Select the x, y, and z columns
 - Use the same watermark timespan used in the locationsWithWatermark dataframe

SyntaxError: unexpected EOF while parsing

TODO:

• Complete the code to create the df_joined dataframe. See http://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/structured-streaming-programming-guide.html#stream-stream-joins for additional information.

```
[]: df_joined = locationsWithWatermark.join(accelerationsWithWatermark, expr(""" 

→ location_ride_id = acceleration_ride_id """ )).

→select(col('location_ride_id').

→alias('ride_id'),col('location_timestamp'),col('speed'),col('latitude'),col('longitude'),col
df_joinedprintSchema()
```

If you correctly created the df_joined dataframe, you should be able to use the following code to create a streaming query that outputs results to the LastnameFirstname-joined topic.

```
[]: ds_joined = df_joined \
    .withColumn(
    'value',
    to_json(
        struct(
```

```
'ride_id', 'location_timestamp', 'speed',
            'latitude', 'longitude', 'geohash', 'accuracy',
            'acceleration_timestamp', 'x', 'y', 'z'
        )
   ).withColumn(
    'key', col('ride_id')
   ) \
  .selectExpr("CAST(key AS STRING)", "CAST(value AS STRING)") \
  .writeStream \
  .format("kafka") \
 .option("kafka.bootstrap.servers", "kafka.kafka.svc.cluster.local:9092") \
  .option("topic", config['joined_topic']) \
  .option("checkpointLocation", str(joined_checkpoint_dir)) \
 .start()
try:
   ds_joined.awaitTermination()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
   print("STOPPING STREAMING DATA")
```