# Lab 3 - Continue Modeling MotorLab System

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### 1 Introduction

## 2 Dynamic Model with Spring Added

$$T = J\ddot{\theta}(t) + b\dot{\theta}(t) + k_s\theta(t)$$

#### 3 MotorLab Coefficients

#### 3.1 Coefficients Needed to be Found

- ζ ('zeta' or 'damping ratio')
- $w_n$  ('natural frequency')
- $k_s$  ('spring constant')

## 3.2 How to Find $k_s$

- Like Lab 2, we will be looking at steady state
- Unlike Lab 2, we have a spring attached. This means we have a constant position opposed to constant velocity like Lab 2 when we apply amperage to the motor

$$T(t) = k_t i(t) = J\ddot{\theta}(t) + b\dot{\theta}(t) + k_s \theta(t)$$

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$$k_t i(t) = k_s \theta(t)$$

$$k_s = k_t \frac{i(t)}{\theta(t)} = \frac{T(t)}{\theta(t)}$$

- This means we can find  $k_s$  from the slope of T(t) and  $\theta(t)$
- We will find theta by commanding current to the motor and then measuring the position of the motor shaft (Demonstrated in Lab)
- To estimate  $k_s$ , the data should come out to be linear, so all you have to do is estimate the slope to find  $k_s$

You can play around with  $k_s$  manually to estimate slope

You can export data to excel and use linear regression

You can use the 'Normal Equation'

$$k_s = (\boldsymbol{\theta^T \theta})^{-1} \boldsymbol{\theta T}$$

### 3.3 How to Find $\zeta$ - Logarithmic Decrement

- Log. Decrement is used for finding the damping ratio of an underdamped system
- Defined as the natural log of the ratio of amplitude of two peaks, n periods apart, namely  $ln(P_i/P_{i+n})$
- Will us this ratio to estimate the damping ratio
- You will need to find three points using data cursors in MATLAB (How to do this will be covered)

## 3.4 Finding $w_n$ , $T_{osc}$ , $w_d$ , b

ullet We can find rest of the coefficients of the MotorLab by equating a standard  $2^{nd}$  order system with our model

$$G(s) = \underbrace{\frac{k_t}{Js^2 + bs + k_s}}_{\text{Motorlab Model}} = \underbrace{\frac{k_{dc}w_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta w_n s + w_n^2}}_{\text{Standard } 2^{nd} \text{ Order System}}$$

- Equate the coefficients of the two equations to solve for  $w_n$ , b, etc.
- REMEMBER: THE COEFFICIENTS ARE NOT EQUIVILENT UNTIL YOU TAKE CARE OF J IN FRONT OF  $s^2$  IN THE MOTORLAB MODEL!

## 4 Final Thoughts

- Make sure you've read the entire lab. It has information that will help you finish this lab and fill out the code
- We are looking for numeric answers for the coefficients table, not equations
- Have the instructors sign off the questions before you leave