

## The Company ER Schema\*

Week 5

\* Source: TextBook (Elmasri / Navathe: Fundamentals of Database Systems)

## Objectives

- Reinforce the ER and Relational model concepts learned
- Illustrate the mapping of ER model to Relational model
- Practical aspect: set up and use the Database Database used in Exercises and the Assessed Lab using the DBMS provided

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2

## The Company Database (UoD in text)

- Employees have a unique social security number, a name, sex, address, salary and birthdate. They may be supervised by another employee and may also work for a department.
- Employees may work for projects, for certain number of hours
- Departments have a department name, a unique department number and may have several locations

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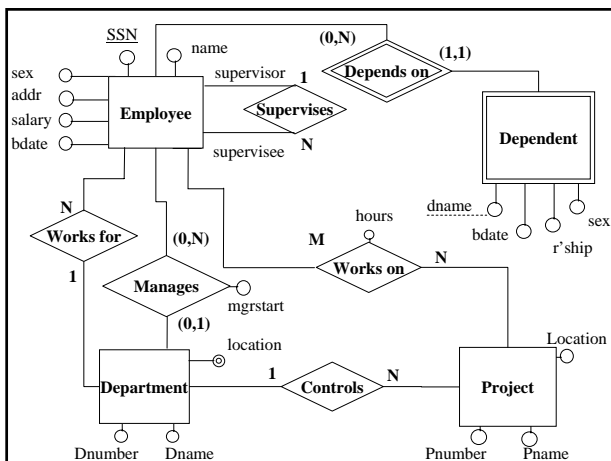
3

## The Company Database (cont'd)

- A Department may be managed by an employee starting on a date
- Projects have a name, a unique project number, a location, and may be controlled by a department
- Dependents have a name (unique for the employee they depend on), sex, and birthdate recorded. The type of relationship with the employee is also represented.

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4



## Company Relational Schema

Employee (ssn, name, sex, address, salary, bdate, dno, superssn)

Department (dnumber, dname, mgrssn, mgrstartdate)

Dlocation (dnumber, dlocation)

Project (pnumber, pname, plocation, dnum)

Dependent (essn, dependent\_name, sex, bdate, relationship)

Works\_on (essn, pno, hours)

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6

## Adding Foreign Key Constraints

Employee(ssn, name, sex, address, salary, bdate, dno, superssn)  
fk:superssn is ssn in Employee  
fk:dno is dnumber in Department  
Department(dnumber, dname, mgrssn, mgrstartdate)  
fk:mgrssn is ssn in Employee  
Dept\_locations(dnumber, dlocation)  
fk:dnumber is dnumber in Department  
Project(pnumber, pname, plocation, dnum)  
fk:dnum is dnumber in Department  
Dependent(essn, dependent\_name, sex, bdate, relationship)  
fk: essn is ssn in Employee  
Works\_on(essn, pno, hours)  
fk: essn is ssn in Employee; pno is pnumber in Project

## Notes

- Foreign key constraints which result from 1:N or 1:1 relations mapped as an attribute
- Composite key of dependent (because of weak entity)
- Foreign key may refer to the same relation (e.g. supervisor's ssn)
- Dlocation is a mapping of multivalued attribute
- Works\_on is an N:M relation, notice composite key and two foreign keys
- No need to call attributes the same way in separate relations (e.g. ssn and essn)

## Representation in the Oracle Express DBMS...

- To set up the Database, see the Oracle Express SQL Practice Guide
- The database is set up using scripts
- Remember to back up (H:, external media) any queries you may write and want to keep

The End