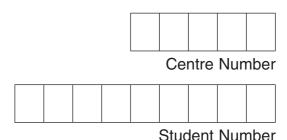
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NSW Education Standards Authority

2020 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

English Advanced

Paper 1 — Texts and Human Experiences

General Instructions

- Reading time 10 minutes
- · Working time 1 hour and 30 minutes
- Write using black pen
- A Stimulus Booklet is provided at the back of this paper
- Write your Centre Number and Student Number at the top of this page and page 5

Total marks: 40

Section I - 20 marks (pages 2-8)

- Attempt Questions 1–4
- Allow about 45 minutes for this section

Section II - 20 marks (pages 9-11)

- Attempt Question 5
- · Allow about 45 minutes for this section

Section I

20 marks Attempt Questions 1–4 Allow about 45 minutes for this section

Read the texts on pages 3–7 of the Stimulus Booklet carefully and then answer the questions in the spaces provided. These spaces provide guidance for the expected length of response.

Your answers will be assessed on how well you:

- demonstrate understanding of human experiences in texts
- analyse, explain and assess the ways human experiences are represented in texts

Question 1 (5 marks)

Text 1 — Internet article and Text 2 — Illustration

How do these texts use a variety of language forms and features to communicate ideas about being creative?

Question 1 continues on page 3

Question 1 (continued)

Question 2 (5 marks)

Text 3 — Poem

How does the poem explore the power of storytelling?

Section I continues on page 5

8543310116 1231 15140 2020 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION Centre Number **English Advanced** Paper 1 — Texts and Human **Experiences** Student Number **Section I (continued) Attempt Questions 3–4** Answer the questions in the spaces provided. These spaces provide guidance for the expected length of response. **Question 3** (4 marks) **Text 4** — **Nonfiction extract** Explain how this text examines the human experience of laughter.

Question 3 continues on page 6

Question 3 (continued)	
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Question 4 (6 marks)

Text 5 — Prose fiction extract Analyse the ways this text represents the relationship between identity and place.

Question 4 continues on page 8

Question 4 (continued)		

End of Question 4

2020 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

English Advanced

Paper 1 — Texts and Human Experiences

Section II

20 marks Attempt Question 5 Allow about 45 minutes for this section

Answer the question in the Section II Writing Booklet. Extra writing booklets are available.

Your answer will be assessed on how well you:

- demonstrate understanding of human experiences in texts
- analyse, explain and assess the ways human experiences are represented in texts
- organise, develop and express ideas using language appropriate to audience, purpose and context

Question 5 (20 marks)

How effectively does your prescribed text tell stories to reveal both the personal and shared nature of human experiences?

The prescribed texts are listed on pages 10 and 11.

Please turn over

1232 - 9 -

The prescribed texts for Section II are:

- **Prose Fiction** Anthony Doerr, *All the Light We Cannot See*
 - Amanda Lohrey, Vertigo
 - George Orwell, Nineteen Eighty-Four
 - Favel Parrett, Past the Shallows
- **Poetry** Rosemary Dobson, *Rosemary Dobson Collected*

The prescribed poems are:

- * Young Girl at a Window
- * Over the Hill
- * Summer's End
- * The Conversation
- * Cock Crow
- * Amy Caroline
- * Canberra Morning
- Kenneth Slessor, Selected Poems

The prescribed poems are:

- * Wild Grapes
- * Gulliver
- * Out of Time
- * Vesper-Song of the Reverend Samuel Marsden
- * William Street
- * Beach Burial
- Drama Jane Harrison, Rainbow's End, from Vivienne Cleven et al.,
 Contemporary Indigenous Plays
 - Arthur Miller, The Crucible
- Shakespearean William Shakespeare, *The Merchant of Venice* **Drama**

Section II continues on page 11

Section II prescribed texts (continued)

• **Nonfiction** – Tim Winton, *The Boy Behind the Curtain*

The prescribed chapters are:

- * Havoc: A Life in Accidents
- * Betsy
- * Twice on Sundays
- * The Wait and the Flow
- * In the Shadow of the Hospital
- * The Demon Shark
- * Barefoot in the Temple of Art
- Malala Yousafzai and Christina Lamb, I am Malala
- Film Stephen Daldry, *Billy Elliot*
- Media Ivan O'Mahoney, Go Back to Where You Came From
 The prescribed episodes are:
 - * Series 1: Episodes 1, 2 and 3 and
 - * The Response
 - Lucy Walker, Waste Land

End of paper

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NSW Education Standards Authority

2020 HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

English Advanced

Paper 1 — Texts and Human Experiences

Stimulus Booklet

	Page	es.
Section I	Text 1 – Internet article	3
	Text 2 – Illustration	3
	• Text 3 – Poem 4-	-5
	Text 4 – Nonfiction extract	6
	Text 5 – Prose fiction extract	7

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Section I

Text 1 — Internet article

From On Writing: authors reveal the secrets of their craft

Ideas for things come into one's head, or bits of ideas; you feel there's something – there's some meat on the bone, there's something there that lures you on. The more you think about it the more you're led into this new world and the more of that world you see. And part of having an idea is having some notion of how you would tell the story ... and the idea for the way to tell the story helps you to see what the story is. The story suggests the means, the means suggests the story; it's mutually dependent. And you don't have very much choice in the matter. Ideas come, characters suggest themselves, and the nature of the story and the nature of the characters dictates how it's going to be done.

I suppose if people are not writers or painters or whatever they see the life of the artist as being one of great freedom, but it's not really; it's as constrained as anyone else's by the material that's available. The thing seems to have some kind of reality in one's head; it seems to be something that one is discovering, rather than inventing. I see that as a kind of psychological trick on oneself, because the whole point about fiction is that it's invention. It doesn't really seem like it at the time – it seems as if you are slowly discovering something that already exists and seeing how the different parts of it relate to each other.

Text 2 — Illustration

 $M_{ICHAEL} \ Frayn$ @ Guardian News and Media Ltd, 2021



Illustration By Julie Paschkis, from Sea of Words

Text 3 — Poem

It Begins with Darkness

People file into the room, find their seats, fill up the air with chatter. The stage is bare except for a leather couch and a lamp on a chrome and bakelite* stand. It's meant to be an old factory converted to an apartment – exposed pipes, a ceiling fit for a cathedral, polished oak floorboards. A man dressed in black makes an announcement about mobile phones. The lights go down. I don't know what I'm doing here, I just know that this is theatre, my son an actor.

I hear his voice before I see him. It's as loud as the wind swatting at a loose sheet of corrugated iron on the chook shed. When he comes on stage he swears five times in the first minute, all in the presence of a lady. I've a good mind to go down and slap him about the face, except that I'm sitting right in the middle of the row and it wouldn't be easy getting past all those knees. Then I remember that he's pretending to be someone else, that this is his job now. Soon everyone is laughing – they're smiling and nodding and taking in every move my son makes.

Text 3 continues on page 5

Text 3 (continued)

I've never been to a play before. It's not boilermaking, not the flying sparks from an arc welder**, not the precision required for a submarine hull, nor the relief of taking off your helmet, gloves and apron and enjoying the coolness of a harbour breeze as you eat your lunch but it is, I guess, a different kind of trade. I watch more and it all happens before my eyes and I can see that he loves this lady, everyone can see it and I want to say, 'Son, what are you afraid of?' I want to reach out and lift him up as I did when he was two years old, riding a supermarket trolley and screaming as if he'd just discovered the power of his lungs. But I can't touch him now or even talk to him and I have this feeling that it will turn out badly, like the week you have the numbers in Lotto, but forget to buy the ticket.

The stage is dark again and he's not swearing now and the lady's really pleased to see him and she burns this scrap of paper and it flares up, bright and yellow in the darkness and the flame flickers across his forehead and I glimpse in my son's face the unmistakable features of my father who is ten years dead. Although the three of us won't ever meet again, I'm sure Dad would have loved this – a story that takes a whole evening in the telling and a small fire that leaps and glows and transfixes us, for as long as it burns.

ANDY KISSANE Reproduced with permission

End of Text 3

^{*} bakelite an early form of plastic used to make electrical equipment

** arc welder arc welding is a process that is used to join metal to metal

Text 4 — Nonfiction extract

On Laughter

Laughter is a universal phenomenon, which is not to say a uniform one. In an essay entitled 'The Difficulty of Defining Comedy', Samuel Johnson remarks that though human beings have been wise in many different ways, they have always laughed in the same way, but this is surely doubtful. Laughter is a language with a host of different idioms: cackling, chortling, grunting, chuckling, shrieking, bellowing, screaming, sniggering, gasping, shouting, braying, yelping, snickering, roaring, tittering, hooting, guffawing, snorting, giggling, howling, screeching and so on. It can come in blasts, peals, gales, gusts, ripples or torrents, blaring, trumpeting, trickling, swirling or piercing. There are also different ways of smiling, from beaming, smirking and sneering to grinning, leering and simpering. Smiling is visual and laughter primarily aural ... In fact, most of the forms of laughter I have just listed have little or nothing to do with humour. Laughter may be a sign of high spirits rather than amusement, though you are more likely to think things funny if you are feeling euphoric in the first place. Physical modes and emotional attitudes can be combined in a variety of ways, so that you can titter nervously or derisively, bray genially or aggressively, giggle with surprise or delight, cackle appreciatively or sardonically and so on.

TERRY EAGLETON Extract from *Humour*

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Text 5 — Prose fiction extract

Normal Phantom was an old tribal man, who lived all of his life in the dense Pricklebush scrub on the edge of town. He lived amidst thickets of closely growing slender plants with barely anything for leaves, which never gave an ant an inch of shelter under a thousand thorny branches. This foreign infestation on the edge of Desperance grew out of an era long before anyone in the Phantom family could remember ...

The Pricklebush mob says that Normal Phantom could grab hold of the river in his mind and live with it as his father's fathers did before him. His ancestors were the river people, who were living with the river from before time began. Normal was like ebbing water; he came and went on the flowing waters of the river right out to the sea. He stayed away on the water as long as he pleased. He knew fish, and was on friendly terms with gropers, the giant codfish of the Gulf sea that swam in schools of fifty or more, on the move right up the river following his boat in for company. The old people say the groper lives for hundreds of years and maybe Normal would too. When he talked about the stars, they said he knew as much about the sky as he did about water. The prickly bush mob said he had always chased the constellations: *We watched him as a little boy running off into the night trying to catch stars*. They were certain he knew the secret of getting there. They thought he must go right up to the stars in the company of groper fish when it stormed at sea, when the sea and the sky became one, because, otherwise, how could he have come back?

"How you do that?" was the question everyone asked.

"The water doesn't worry me," Normal Phantom answered simply, although he knew that when his mind went for a walk, his body followed.

Everyone in Desperance was used to the sight of Normal's jeep driving north to meet the river's edge. It was the only vehicle he had ever owned. Always, the small tinnie boat, full of dints, a stray bullet hole or two, strapped onto the roof. A vessel purchased with cross-country road transport in mind, much more than water safety.

They say he knew these deep muddy waters better than the big salties: crocs that got tangled up in the nets in the middle of the night. Glassy-eyed monsters that came over the side of his tiny craft looking for action with the big river man. Jaws charging for a winner-takes-all kind of fight in the swamping boat, snapping in full flight, water splashing up into a storm with the swishing, thrash, thrash, thrashing of an angry tail against the side of the boat. People like to remember Normal saying in melancholy fashion (faking a thoroughly modern Americanised impersonation of a presidential Captain Hook): those snapping jaws meant diddly squat to him. Meanwhile, he moved like a hopping hare, fumbling for what seemed like ages to find the gun. Normal ended hundreds of lives of prehistoric living fossils this way, with his gun pointing all over the place in a turmoil of water and thick leather crankiness, until he made a direct hit between the eyes of the reptile caught in an instant of moonlight.

In this otherwise quietly living population of about three hundred people, no living soul remembered what the port had looked like before. No picture could be put on display in a showcase at the museum of scarce memorabilia, because no one at the time of the heyday thought it was worthwhile to take a photo. But everybody knew that this was Normal's river.

ALEXIS WRIGHT Extract from *Carpentaria*

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