

Blackout Poetry Tool

In the context of Human-Computer Dichotomy

Dichotomy

A division or contrast between two things that are or are represented as being opposed.

A dichotomic lens on the Human-Computer relationship can look towards-

- Intuition vs Logic, Quality vs Quantity, Emotional vs Mechanical
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Whenever there's a conflict between two entities, Peter Elbow [\[1\]](#) mentions 5 ways of resolving it -

1. Choosing a better side.
2. Work out a synthesis (a middle ground).
3. Affirm both sides as true.
4. Add more than 2 sides.
5. Deny the presence of conflict.

This project borrows these methods and translates them into modes of interaction between the author and a bot -

1. Choosing a better side.
 - Thesis
 - Only the human performs.
 - Antithesis
 - Only the bot performs.
 2. Work out a synthesis (a middle ground).
 - Synthesis
 - Human selects a word, then the bot selects a word.
 3. Affirm both sides as true.
 - Symbiosis [\[2\]](#)
 - Human selects a word, then the bot suggests the next.
 4. Add more than 2 sides.
 - Visual
 - A new bot draws a wave- following visual rules over grammatical rules.
 5. Deny the presence of conflict.
 - As this mode proposes a counter-argument to human-computer dichotomy, I felt this should be addressed separately in the future.
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How does the bot write poetry?

This work employs two ways of achieving bot poetry (using library RiTa.js [\[3\]](#)) -

1. By matching a pre-set grammar-sequence:
 - Grammar Maker [\[4\]](#), a mini-program was developed to identify a poet's most-frequently used grammar-sequence.
 2. By detecting a selected word's grammar rule:
 - A markov-based n-gram model refers to Robert Frost's poetry corpus [\[5\]](#), and selects the next most-probable word.
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