



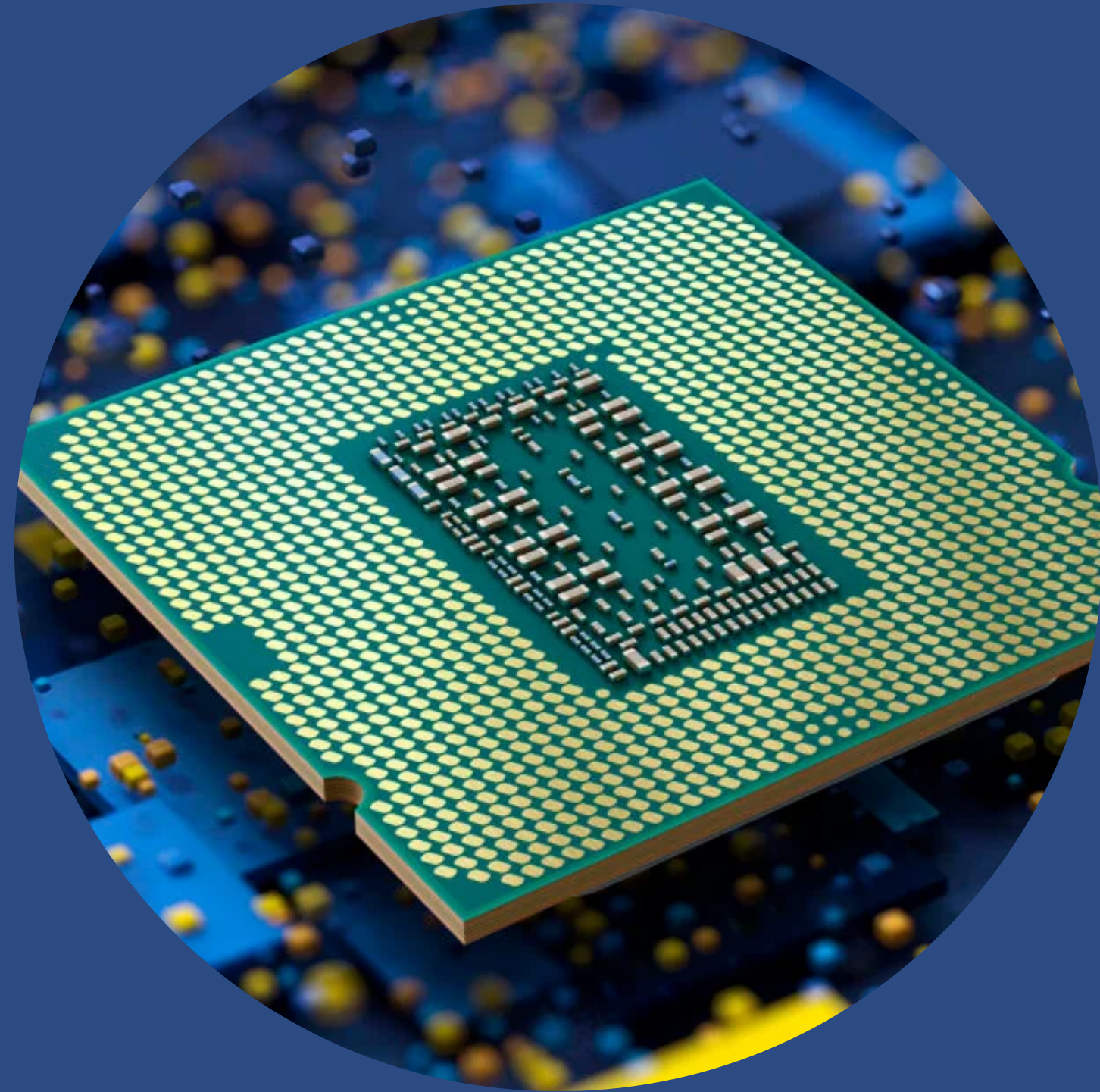
BY RON AND ZHEN

# Team Avicenna

Accumulator Processor

# Overall Architecture

OUR PROCESSOR IS AN  
ACCUMULATOR  
EVERYTHING THAT IS ACCESSED HAS  
TO BE PULLED FROM OUR STACK AND  
GOES THROUGH OUR ACCUMULATOR  
RATHER THAN BEING SAVED IN  
OTHER REGISTERS



# Our Stack

WITH OUR STACK THE PART IN RED IS WHAT IS EXPECTED TO BE IN THOSE SPOTS.

THE PART IN YELLOW IS FREE TO USE AND UP TO THE USER. THESE CAN BE TREATED AS REGISTERS.

0(sp)	ra - return address
1(sp)	v0 - return value
2(sp)	a0 - argument 0
3(sp)	a1 - argument 1
4(sp)	b0 - branch
5(sp)	whatever you want g0, s0, t1 ...
6(sp)	whatever you want g0, s0, t1 ...
...	...

# Types/Formats

## N-Type

3 bit unused	5 bit opcode
--------------	--------------

does not take in any arguments

- jra
- accgetra
- rageacc

## I-Type

11 bit immediate	5 bit opcode
------------------	--------------

These types need an immediate passed through to function such as

- stackset 20
- stackget 4



# Instruction Set

## 15 instructions

Mnemonic	Format	Name	OpCode	English Description	Symbolic Description	RTL	Sample Usage	Usage explanation
stackset	I	set stack to	x 00000	set the specified place of stack to the value of acc	$\{M[imm](11:4)\} = acc$	PC = PC + 2 inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15 : 5]) ALUOut = sp + imme  Memory[ALUOut] = acc	stackset 20	set 20(sp) = acc
stackget	I	get value from stack	x 00001	set acc to the value at the specified place on stack	$acc = \{M[imm](11:4)\}$	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15 : 5]) ALUOut = sp + imme  acc = Memory[ALUOut]	stackget 4	acc = 4(sp)
accseti	I	set acc to imme	x 00010	set acc to a immediate value.	$acc = imm$	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]	accseti 7	acc = 7
stackadd	I	stackadd	x 00011	acc = acc + ?(sp) acc will be equal to the sum of acc and the value at the specified place on stack	$acc = \{M[imm](11:4)\} + acc$	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15 : 5]) ALUOut = sp + imme  ALUOut = Mem[ALUOut] + acc acc = ALUOut  last two lines: acc = Mem[ALUOut] +	stackadd 4	acc = acc + 4(sp)
addi	I	add immediate	x 00100	acc = acc + imme acc equals acc plus an immediate	$acc = acc + imm$	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15:5])  ALUOut = acc + imme  acc = ALUOut	addi 3	acc = acc + 3

# Instruction Set

stacksub	I	substack	x 00101	acc = acc - ?(sp) acc will be equal to the difference between acc and the value stored at the specified place on the stack	acc = acc - {M[imm](11:4)}	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15 : 5]) ALUOut = sp + imme  ALUOut = acc - Mem[ALUOut] acc = ALUOut	stacksub 8	acc = acc - 8(sp)
bne	I	branch if not equal	x 00110	if acc != 8(sp), branch to the label provided (branch will always compare the value of acc and the value stored at 8(sp). )	if(acc != M[8]) PC = PC + {imm}	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15:5])	bne while	if(acc != 12(sp)) go to while
beq	I	branch if equal	x 00111	if acc == 8(sp), branch to the label provided (branch will always compare the value of acc and the value stored at 8(sp). )	if(acc == M[8]) PC = PC + {imm}	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15:5])	beq break	if(acc == 12(sp)) go to break
ble	I	branch if less than or equal	x 01000	if acc <= 8(sp), branch to the label provided (branch will always compare the value of acc and the value stored at 8(sp). )	if(acc < M[8]) PC = PC + {imm}	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15:5])		
jal	I	jump and link	x 01001	go to the provided label.	M[0] = PC + 4; PC = PC + {imm}	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  imme = SE(inst[15:5])	jal while	go to while
spinit	I	initialize stack pointer	x 01010	make space on the stack.	sp = sp - imm	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  ALUOut = sp - imme sp = ALUOut	spinit 24	sp = sp - 24

# Instruction Set

sprelease	I	release stack	x 01011	reset the stack	sp = sp +imm	newPC = PC + 2 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  ALUOut = sp + imme sp = ALUOut	sprelease 12	sp = sp + 12
jra	N	jump ra	x 01100	jump to the address stored in ra	pc = pc + M[0]	newPC = PC + 1 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  ALUOut = pc + MEM[0] pc = ALUOut	jra (no argument)	go to the address stored in ra
accgetra	N	acc get ra's value	x 01101	acc equal's ra's value	acc = M[0]	newPC = PC + 1 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  acc = ra	accgetra (no argument)	acc = ra
ragetacc	N	ragetacc's value	x01110	ra will be equal to acc's value	M[0] = acc	newPC = PC + 1 PC = newPC inst = Mem[PC]  acc = ra	ragetacc (no argument)	ra = acc

# Assembler

output.txt - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

```
01CA
000D
0000
0042
0140
0241
0180
0181
0080
```

test.txt - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

```
spinit 14
accgetra
stackset 0
accseti 2
stackset 10
stackget 18
stackset 12
stackget 12
stackset 4
```

```
def write(self, instructionType, instruction):

    if(instructionType == "I"):

        binarytest = int(instruction["immediate"]+"0000", 2)
        s = str(self.addDecToHex(binarytest, int(instruction["opcodeDec"])))
        print(s)

        s = s.split('x')
        s = s[1]
        s = (s.rjust(4,"0")).upper()

        self.f.write(s + " \n")

    elif(instructionType == "N"):

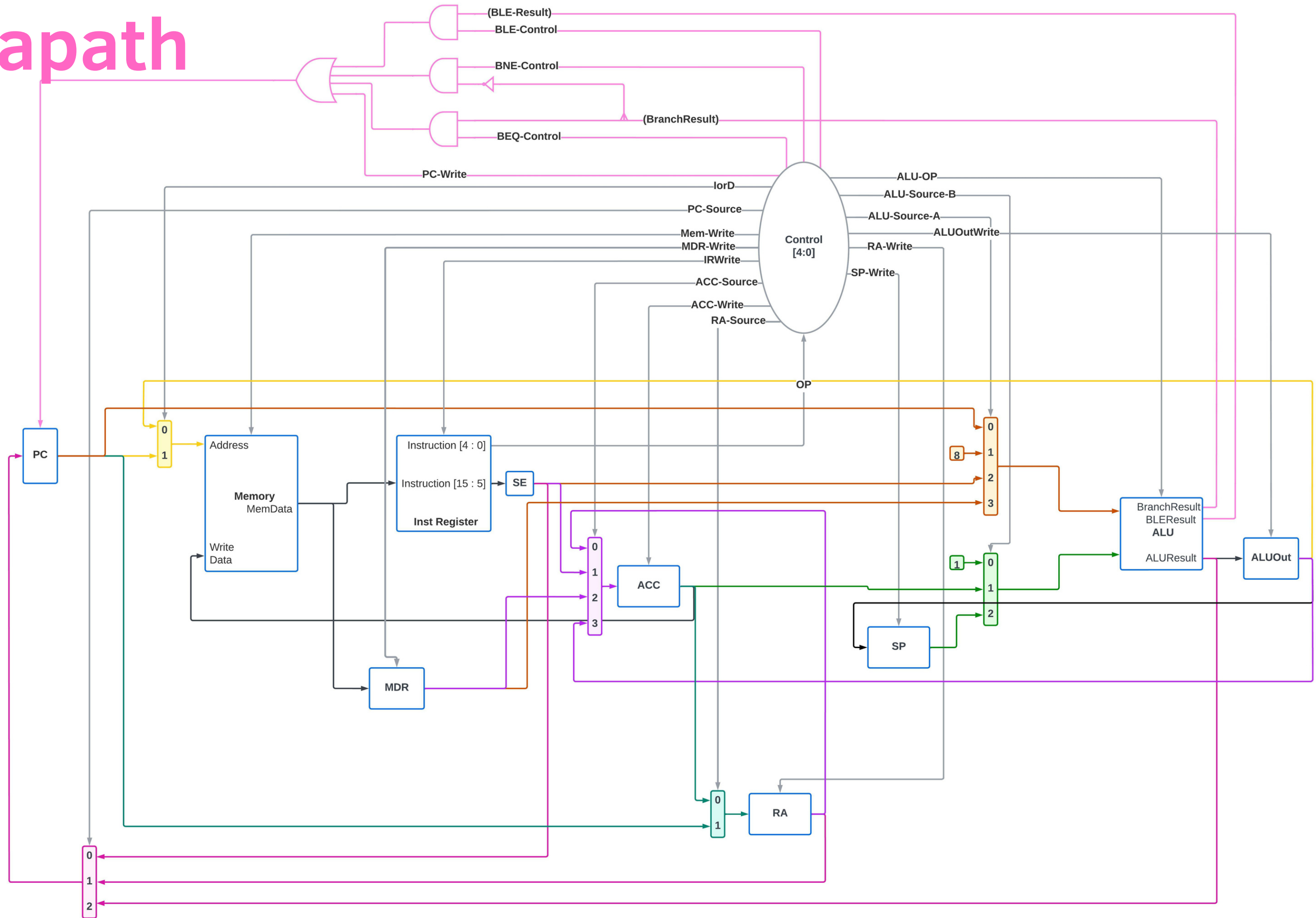
        s = hex(instruction["opcodeDec"])
        s = s.split('x')
        s = s[1]
        s = (s.rjust(4,"0")).upper()

        self.f.write(s + " \n")

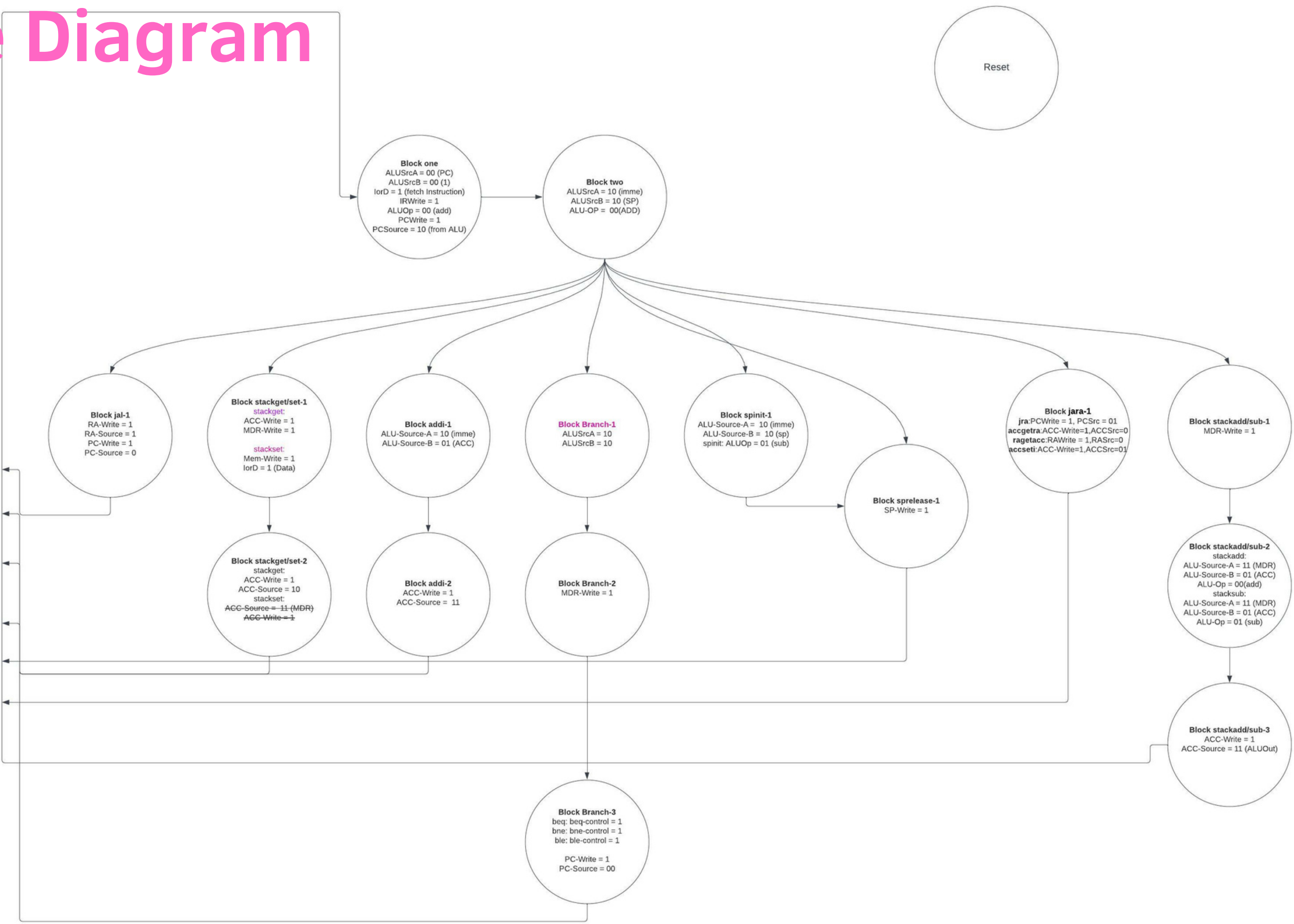
def close(self):
    self.f.close()
```



# Datapath



# State Diagram



jal	stackset stackget	<u>addi</u>	Branch beq/bne/bl e	<u>spinit</u>	<u>sprelease</u>	stackadd stacksub	<u>jra</u> accgetra <u>ragetacc</u> accseti
PC = PC + 1 Inst = Mem[PC]							
Imme = SE(inst[15 : 5]) ALUOut = sp + imme							
ra = PC PC=imme	stackset: Mem[ALUOut]= acc stackget: MDR=Mem[AL U Out]	ALUOut = acc + <u>imme</u>	ALUOut = sp+8	ALUOut=sp - <u>imme</u>	sp = ALUOut	MDR = Mem[ALU Out]	<u>jra</u> : PC=ra accgetra: acc = ra <u>ragetacc</u> : ra = acc accseti: acc=imme
	stackget: Acc = MDR	Acc = ALUOut	MDR = Mem[AL UOut]	sp = ALUOut		stackadd: ALUOut = acc + MDR stacksub: ALUOut = acc - MDR	
			if(acc op MDR) PC = Imme			acc = ALUOut	

# Performance

Using 0x13B0 for input in relPrime

Average CPI: 4.012

Total Exe Time: 46,982,950 ns

Instructions Ran: 120, 468

# Special Feature

## 1. Everything on Stack:

- a. Since Unlike a Save/Load type architecture, we only have on register-acc, so we put all the value that need to be stored for later use in stack.

## 2. Branch Value:

- a. since all our instructions have at most one parameter, we want to make our branch instruction also following this format, so Our branch is like "beq WhileLoop", the two value that will be compared in beq is the value stored in acc and 4(sp)

## 3. Return Value and Argument:

- a. In order to get the argument from caller or passing the return value to caller, our functions needs to get those two kinds of value "Across Stack"



# Approach to Testing

## Unit Tests

testing specific units with different inputs to make sure they were outputting what was necessary

For testing multiple units together would only container 3 - 4 units at max that would be given inputs and tested

Thanks!