Copilot

Sure! Let's break down the HTML code you provided:

HTML Structure

1. Document Type and Language

```
<!DOCTYPE html> <html lang="en">
```

- <!DOCTYPE html>: Declares the document type and version of HTML.
- <html lang="en">: Sets the language of the document to English.

2. Head Section

- <meta charset="UTF-8">: Specifies the character encoding for the document.
- <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">: Ensures the webpage is
 responsive by setting the viewport width to the device width.
- <title>Semantic HTML Example</title>: Sets the title of the webpage, which appears in the browser tab.
- rel="stylesheet" href="G:\web devlopment\Semantic.css">: Links to an external CSS file for styling.

3. Body Section

<body>

• The <body> tag contains all the content of the webpage that is visible to users.

4. Header Section

- <header>: Defines the header section of the webpage.
- <h1>My Website</h1>: Main heading of the webpage.
- <nav>: Contains the navigation menu.
- ul>: Unordered list for navigation links.
- Home: List items with anchor tags linking to different sections of the page.

5. Main Content

```
<main>
   <section id="home">
       <h2>Welcome to My Website</h2>
       This is the home section of the website.
   </section>
   <section id="about">
       <h2>About Us</h2>
       <article>
           <h3>Our Story</h3>
           We are a company dedicated to providing the best services to our customers.
       <article>
           <h3>Our Mission</h3>
           Our mission is to deliver high-quality products that bring value to our clients.
   </section>
   <section id="services">
       <h2>Our Services</h2>
       We offer a wide range of services to meet your needs.
   </section>
</main>
```

- <main>: Contains the main content of the webpage.
- <section>: Defines sections within the main content.
- <article>: Represents independent, self-contained content within a section.

6. Aside Section

• <aside>: Contains content that is related to the main content but separate from it, like a sidebar.

7. Footer Section

```
<footer>
    < 2024 My Website. All rights reserved.</p></footer>
```

• <footer>: Defines the footer section of the webpage, typically containing copyright information.

Semantic HTML

Using semantic HTML tags like <header>, <nav>, <article>, <aside>, and <footer> helps to clearly define the structure and meaning of the content. This improves accessibility, SEO, and makes the code easier to read and maintain.

If you have any specific questions or need further details, feel free to ask!