

Description of the German credit dataset.

1. Title: German Credit data

2. Source Information

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3. Number of Instances: 1000

Two datasets are provided. the original dataset, in the form provided by Prof. Hofmann, contains categorical/symbolic attributes and is in the file "german.data".

For algorithms that need numerical attributes, Strathclyde University produced the file "german.data-numeric". This file has been edited and several indicator variables added to make it suitable for algorithms which cannot cope with categorical variables. Several attributes that are ordered categorical (such as attribute 17) have been coded as integer. This was the form used by StatLog.

6. Number of Attributes german: 20 (7 numerical, 13 categorical)  
Number of Attributes german.number: 24 (24 numerical)

7. Attribute description for german

Attribute 1: (qualitative)  
Status of existing checking account  
A11 : ... < 0 DM  
A12 : 0 <= ... < 200 DM  
A13 : ... >= 200 DM /  
salary assignments for at least 1 year  
A14 : no checking account

Attribute 2: (numerical)  
Duration in month

Attribute 3: (qualitative)  
Credit history  
A30 : no credits taken/  
all credits paid back duly  
A31 : all credits at this bank paid back duly  
A32 : existing credits paid back duly till now  
A33 : delay in paying off in the past  
A34 : critical account/  
other credits existing (not at this bank)

Attribute 4: (qualitative)

Purpose

A40 : car (new)  
A41 : car (used)  
A42 : furniture/equipment  
A43 : radio/television  
A44 : domestic appliances  
A45 : repairs  
A46 : education  
A47 : (vacation - does not exist?)  
A48 : retraining  
A49 : business  
A410 : others

Attribute 5: (numerical)

Credit amount

Attribute 6: (qualitative)

Savings account/bonds

A61 : ... < 100 DM  
A62 : 100 <= ... < 500 DM  
A63 : 500 <= ... < 1000 DM  
A64 : .. >= 1000 DM  
A65 : unknown/ no savings account

Attribute 7: (qualitative)

Present employment since

A71 : unemployed  
A72 : ... < 1 year  
A73 : 1 <= ... < 4 years  
A74 : 4 <= ... < 7 years  
A75 : .. >= 7 years

Attribute 8: (numerical)

Installment rate in percentage of disposable income

Attribute 9: (qualitative)

Personal status and sex

A91 : male : divorced/separated  
A94 : male : married/widowed  
A92 : female : divorced/separated/married  
A93 : male : single  
A95 : female : single

Attribute 10: (qualitative)

Other debtors / guarantors

A101 : none  
A102 : co-applicant  
A103 : guarantor

Attribute 11: (numerical)

Present residence since

Attribute 12: (qualitative)

Property  
A121 : real estate  
A122 : if not A121 : building society savings agreement/  
          life insurance  
      A123 : if not A121/A122 : car or other, not in attribute 6  
A124 : unknown / no property

Attribute 13: (numerical)  
          Age in years

Attribute 14: (qualitative)  
          Other installment plans  
          A141 : bank  
          A142 : stores  
          A143 : none

Attribute 15: (qualitative)  
          Housing  
          A151 : rent  
          A152 : own  
          A153 : for free

Attribute 16: (numerical)  
          Number of existing credits at this bank

Attribute 17: (qualitative)  
          Job  
          A171 : unemployed/ unskilled - non-resident  
          A172 : unskilled - resident  
          A173 : skilled employee / official  
          A174 : management/ self-employed/  
                  highly qualified employee/ officer

Attribute 18: (numerical)  
          Number of people being liable to provide maintenance for

Attribute 19: (qualitative)  
          Telephone  
          A191 : none  
          A192 : yes, registered under the customers name

Attribute 20: (qualitative)  
          foreign worker  
          A201 : yes  
          A202 : no

## 8. Cost Matrix

This dataset requires use of a cost matrix (see below)

1	0	1
2	5	0

(1 = Good, 2 = Bad)

the rows represent the actual classification and the columns  
the predicted classification.

It is worse to class a customer as good when they are bad (5),  
than it is to class a customer as bad when they are good (1).