Motor Physics, with Gears & Initial Conditions

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An exploration of the physics of motors, in both symbolic and numeric form. A basic but sufficiently-complete parameterized model of a motor is presented. The differential equations governing that model are exhibited, and, from those, the (frequency domain) transfer functions of each of the model's variables is developed from first principles. Next, mathematical infrastructure for converting the response of general frequency domain functions input signals is developed, then applied to the transfer functions as a function of initial conditions, and the applied-voltage and external-applied-torque inputs. This yields time domain functions for each of the model's variables in terms of the (symbolic) value of the model's variables. With those time domain symbolic functions in hand, the steady-state response of the motor as a function of each of the model's parameters is explored.

1. Administrivia

We begin by loading some handy utilities.

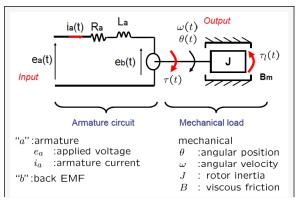
Get[NotebookDirectory[] <> "Utilities.m"]

outputDirectory = FileNameJoin[{NotebookDirectory[], "MotorPhysicsGearsInitialConditions.Output"}] <> \$PathnameSeparator
CreateDirectory[outputDirectory] // Quiet;

C:\ftc\RobotPhysics\MotorPhysicsGearsInitialConditions.Output\

2. Motor Model

The following figure gives a conceptual overview of a DC motor (ref: http://www.egr.msu.edu/classes/me451/jchoi/2008/).



In addition to the the above, we also here incorporate into our model:

- an (optional) N:1 reducing gearbox with associated efficiency
- an autonomous time-dependent external torque

The state of the system can thus be described by the following variables.

- *vapp(t)*, the applied voltage (illustrated as ea(t) above)
- *i(t)*, the armature current
- vg(t), the back EMF ('g' for 'generator'; illustrated as eb(t) above)
- $\theta(t)$, the angular position of the shaft, before the gearbox
- $\omega(t)$, the angular velocity of the shaft, before the gearbox
- ullet lpha(t), the angular acceleration of the shaft, before the gearbox
- au au(t), the torque driven by the armature current, before the gearbox

■ $\pi pp(t)$, an autonomous externally applied torque, after the gearbox. Often, this is constant, and caused by gravitational action.

The parameter constants that characterize the electrical aspects of the system are the following

- Ke, the electromotive force constant
- Kt, the motor torque constant
- L, electric inductance
- R, electric resistance

The following parameter constants characterize the mechanical aspects of the system

- J, the moment of inertia of the armature etc before the gearbox
- Jafter, the moment of inertia of any load or torque attached after the gearbox. May be (net) negative, depending on system; see τAfterExpr below.
- B, motor viscous drag constant
- Bafter, viscous drag of any load attached after the gearbox
- η , the efficiency of the motor's gear box (our current model does not support direction-dependent gearbox efficiencies).
- N (capital nu), the reduction ratio of the gear box

We collect together basic information about our parameters.

```
parameterNames = {J, Jafter, B, Bafter, Ke, Kt, R, L, \eta, N}
parameterAssumptions = {};
parameterAssumptions = Union[parameterAssumptions, # ≥ 0 & /@ {J, B, t}];
 (*allow J & B to be zero so we can explore simpler motor models*)
parameterAssumptions = Union[parameterAssumptions, \# > 0 \& /@ \{R, L, Ke, Kt, N, \eta\}];
parameter Assumptions = Union[parameter Assumptions, \# \in \mathbb{R} \ \& /@ \{Jafter, Bafter, , vapp0, \tau app0, \Delta vappConst, \Delta \tau appConst\}];
parameterAssumptions = Union[parameterAssumptions, \#[] \in \mathbb{R} \& / @ \{\Delta vapp, i, vg, \theta, \omega, \alpha, \tau, \tauafter, \Delta \tauapp\}]
{J, Jafter, B, Bafter, Ke, Kt, R, L, \eta, \mathbb{N}}
 \{\mathsf{Bafter} \in \mathbb{R},\, \mathsf{Jafter} \in \mathbb{R},\, \mathsf{Null} \in \mathbb{R},\, \mathsf{vapp0} \in \mathbb{R},\, \Delta \mathsf{vappConst} \in \mathbb{R},\, \Delta \mathsf{tappConst} \in \mathbb{R},\, \mathsf{tapp0} \in \mathbb{R},\, \mathsf{i}[\_] \in \mathbb{R},\, \mathsf{vg}[\_] \in \mathbb{R},\, \alpha[\_] \in \mathbb{R},\, \Delta \mathsf{vapp}[\_] \in \mathbb{R},\, \Delta \mathsf{vapp0} \in 
     \Delta \texttt{tapp}[\_] \in \mathbb{R} \text{, } \theta[\_] \in \mathbb{R} \text{, } \tau[\_] \in \mathbb{R} \text{, } \texttt{tafter}[\_] \in \mathbb{R} \text{, } \omega[\_] \in \mathbb{R} \text{, } \text{ke} > \emptyset \text{, } \text{kt} > \emptyset \text{, } \text{L} > \emptyset \text{, } \text{R} > \emptyset \text{, } \eta > \emptyset \text{, } \mathbb{R} \geq \emptyset \text{, } J \geq \emptyset \text{, } t \geq \emptyset \}
```

3. Differential Equations

3.1. Differential Equation Development

3.1.1. On Gearboxes and Torques

Our modelled system contains a gearbox with (reducing) gear ratio N and efficiency η . On either side of the gearbox we may have loads, drags, and driving torques, the latter being electrically generated on one side and externally applied on the other. In order to be able to write the torque differential equation for the system as a whole, we need to be able to take these two sets of torques as they are found in their respective separate places in the system and rewrite them both as the are effectively felt at some one point in the system. Commonly, in mechanical engineering this one point is chosen to be just before the gearbox, and the loads / torques after the gearbox are said to be "reflected" to create corresponding equivalent reflected loads and torques at the before-gearbox location. Here, we develop the mathematics of carrying out this reflection.

Just a couple of principles are involved:

- State related to angular position (position, velocity, acceleration, etc.) on the output side is 1 / Nth that of on the input side.
- Torque on the output side is N η times that of on the input side.

```
Clear[reflectAngle, reflectTorque, reflectAngleCoefficient, reflectDrag, reflectInertia]
reflectAngle[expr\_, out\_, in\_, t\_] := expr /. \{out[t] \rightarrow in[t] / N, Derivative[n\_][out][t] \Rightarrow Derivative[n][in][t] / N\}
reflectAngle[expr_] := reflectAngle[expr, θafter, θ, t]
reflectTorque[\tauout_] := \tauout / (N \eta)
reflectAngleCoefficient[coeff_] := coeff / N
reflectDrag[b_] := b // reflectAngleCoefficient // reflectTorque
reflectInertia[j_] := j // reflectAngleCoefficient // reflectTorque
reflectTorque[ΔτappConst + Jafter Θafter''[t] + Bafter Θafter'[t]] // reflectAngle // Expand
{reflectDrag[Bafter], reflectInertia[Jafter]}
\Delta \tauappConst Bafter \theta'[t] Jafter \theta''[t]
 Bafter Jafter
  \eta N^2
```

3.1.2. Differential Equation System

With that understanding on how to reflect torques, we can now develop the differential equations that govern the system.

The motor torque is proportional to current.

```
ktEqn = \tau[t] = Kti[t]
\tau[t] = Kti[t]
```

The back EMF is proportional to velocity.

```
backEmfEqn = vg[t] = Ke\theta'[t]
vg[t] = Ke \theta'[t]
```

The after-gearbox angular position is a simple ratio of the before-gearbox position. This also applies to the velocity and acceleration.

```
θafterEqns = Derivative[#][θafter][t] == Derivative[#][θ][t] / N & /@ Range[θ, 2]
\left\{ \Theta \mathsf{after}[\mathsf{t}] = \frac{\Theta[\mathsf{t}]}{N} \text{, } \Theta \mathsf{after'}[\mathsf{t}] = \frac{\Theta'[\mathsf{t}]}{N} \text{, } \Theta \mathsf{after''}[\mathsf{t}] = \frac{\Theta''[\mathsf{t}]}{N} \right\}
```

Before the gearbox, the electrically driven motor torque is reduced by viscous drag and the inertia of the motor.

```
\tauBeforeExpr = \tau[t] + -B\theta'[t] - J\theta''[t]
\tau[t] - B\Theta'[t] - J\Theta''[t]
```

After the gearbox, we have an autonomous, time-dependant externally applied torque, a viscous drag, and an internal load and/or an accelerationdependent external torque.

```
τAfterExpr = τapp[t] - Bafter θafter '[t] - Jafter θafter ''[t]
\tau app[t] - Bafter \, \theta after'[t] - Jafter \, \theta after''[t]
```

As all the torque must be accounted for, the sum of the before torques and the reflected after torques must be zero.

```
τEqn = τBeforeExpr + (τAfterExpr // reflectTorque // reflectAngle) == 0;
\tauEqn = Collect[\tauEqn, {\theta[t], \theta'[t], \theta''[t]}];
\tauEqns = {\tauEqn, reflectTorque[\tauafter[t]] = \tau[t]}
              \frac{\tau app[t]}{\eta \, \mathrm{N}} + \left(-B - \frac{Bafter}{\eta \, \mathrm{N}^2}\right) \, \theta^{\prime}[t] + \left(-J - \frac{Jafter}{\eta \, \mathrm{N}^2}\right) \, \theta^{\prime\prime}[t] \, = \, 0 \, , \, \, \frac{\tau after[t]}{\eta \, \mathrm{N}} = \, \tau \, [t] \, \Big\}
```

The voltage drop across the resistance, induction and back EMF must equal the applied voltage (due to one of Kirchhoff's laws).

```
voltageEqn = vapp[t] == Ri[t] + Li'[t] + vg[t]
vapp[t] == Ri[t] + vg[t] + Li'[t]
```

We put it all together.

```
\begin{aligned} & \text{diffEqns = \{ktEqn, backEmfEqn, voltageEqn}\} \sim \text{Join} \sim \ \tau \text{Eqns} \sim \text{Join} \sim \ \theta \text{afterEqns} \ // \ \text{FullSimplify;} \\ & \text{diffEqns // prettyPrint} \end{aligned} & \text{Kt } i(t) = \tau(t) \\ & \text{vg}(t) = \text{Ke } \theta \cdot (t) \\ & \text{vg}(t) + \text{Ke } i(t) + \text{vg}(t) + L \ i'(t) = \text{vapp}(t) \\ & \frac{\pi i(t) \, N^2 + \text{sapp}(t) \, N - (B \, \eta N^2 + \text{Bafter}) \, \theta \cdot (t) - (J \, \eta N^2 + \text{Jafter}) \, \theta \cdot (t)}{\eta \, N} = 0 \\ & \tau(t) = \frac{\text{rafter}(t)}{\eta \, N} \\ & \theta \text{after}(t) = \frac{\theta \cdot (t)}{N} \\ & \theta \text{after}''(t) = \frac{\theta \cdot (t)}{N} \\ & \theta \text{after}''(t) = \frac{\theta \cdot (t)}{N} \end{aligned}
```

3.2. Initial Conditions

3.2.1. Steady state before t==0

We will assume that initially, the motor is in steady state at some velocity because of the application of some particular applied voltage and external torque. In steady state, the derivative of current and velocity are zero.

From those, we can calculate the values of the remainder of the state.

```
diffEqFunctionsOfTime = Reap[Scan[If[MatchQ[#, _[t]], Sow[#]] &, diffEqns, Infinity]][[2,1]] // Union
 others = Complement[diffEqFunctionsOfTime /.\ t \rightarrow ss0, someInitialConditions[[All, 1]]];
 eqnsSubsSs0 = diffEqns /. t \rightarrow ss0 /. (someInitialConditions /. Equal \rightarrow Rule);
 (solvedSs0 = (uniqueSolve[eqnsSubsSs0, others] /. Rule \rightarrow Equal));
 (initialConditions = solvedSs0 ~ Join ~ someInitialConditions) // prettyPrint
 \{i[t], vapp[t], vg[t], \theta[t], \theta[t], \theta[t], \tau[t], \tau[t], \tau[t], \tau[t], \tau[t], \tau[t], \theta[t], \theta[t],
 i(ss0) = -\frac{-B \text{ vapp0 } \eta \text{ N}^2 + \text{Ke rapp0 N-Bafter vapp0}}{2}
                                                                          Ke Kt \eta N<sup>2</sup>+BR \eta N<sup>2</sup>+Bafter R
vg(ss0) = -\frac{-Ke Kt vapp0 \eta N^2 - Ke R \tau app0 N}{K^2 - Ke R \tau app0 N}
                                                                    Ke Kt η N<sup>2</sup>+B R η N<sup>2</sup>+Bafter R
 \thetaafter(ss0) = 0
 \tau(ss0) = \frac{Kt (B vapp0 \eta N^2 - Ke rapp0 N + Bafter vapp0)}{2}
                                                                        Ke Kt \eta N<sup>2</sup>+BR \eta N<sup>2</sup>+Bafter R
 rafter(ss0) = \frac{Kt \eta N(B vapp0 \eta N^2 - Ke \tau app0 N + Bafter vapp0)}{2}
                                                                                                      Ke Kt \eta N<sup>2</sup>+BR \eta N<sup>2</sup>+Bafter R
 \theta'(\text{ss0}) = -\frac{-\text{Kt vapp0 } \eta \, \text{N}^2 - R \, \text{rapp0 N}}{\text{Ke Kt } \eta \, \text{N}^2 + B \, R \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 + \text{Bafter } R}
\theta \text{after'(ss0)} = -\frac{-\text{Kt vappu } \eta_{1} N - N \text{ toppo}}{\text{Ke Kt } \eta N^2 + BR \eta N^2 + B\text{ after } R}
 \thetaafter''(ss0) = 0
 vapp(ss0) = vapp0
 \tau app(ss0) = \tau app0
 \theta(ss0) = 0
 \theta^{\prime\prime}(ss0)=0
 i'(ss0) = 0
```

3.2.2. Initial conditions at t==0

Recall our differential equations.

```
diffEqns // prettyPrint
 \operatorname{Kt} i(t) = \tau(t)
 vg(t) = Ke \theta'(t)
 Ri(t) + vg(t) + Li'(t) = vapp(t)
 \frac{\eta \tau(t) N^2 + \tau app(t) N - (B \eta N^2 + Bafter) \theta'(t) - (J \eta N^2 + Jafter) \theta''(t)}{\theta''(t) + \tau app(t) N - (B \eta N^2 + Bafter) \theta''(t) - (J \eta N^2 + Jafter) \theta''(t)} = 0
 \tau(t) = \frac{\tau \operatorname{after}(t)}{t}
 \thetaafter(t) = \frac{\theta(t)}{N}
 \thetaafter'(t) = \frac{\theta'(t)}{t}
 \thetaafter"(t) = \frac{\theta"(t)
```

In order to be able to use Laplace transforms, we need to adjust these so that the input values are zero at t==0. To do so, we substitute in a bias for both inputs.

```
(\Delta \text{diffEqns = diffEqns /. } \{ \text{vapp[t]} \ \rightarrow \ \text{vapp0 + } \Delta \text{vapp[t]}, \ \text{tapp[t]} \ \rightarrow \ \text{tapp0 + } \Delta \text{tapp[t]} \}) \ // \ \text{prettyPrint}
\operatorname{Kt} i(t) = \tau(t)
vg(t) = Ke \theta'(t)
Ri(t) + vg(t) + Li'(t) = vapp0 + \Delta vapp(t)
\underline{\eta} \tau(t) N^2 + (\tau app 0 + \Delta \tau app(t)) N - (B \eta N^2 + Bafter) \theta'(t) - (J \eta N^2 + Jafter) \theta''(t) = 0
                                                  ηN
\tau(t) = \frac{\tau \operatorname{after}(t)}{t}
             ηN
\thetaafter(t) = \frac{\theta(t)}{t}
\thetaafter'(t) = \frac{\theta'(t)}{t}
\thetaafter"(t) = \frac{\theta''(t)}{t}
```

We now set up the initial conditions applicable for $t \ge 0$.

```
initialConditionsRules = initialConditions /. Equal → Rule;
∆someInitialConditions = {
  ∆vapp[0] == ∆vappConst,
  Δτapp[0] == ΔτappConst,
  \theta[0] = 0,
  i[0] = i[ss0] /. initialConditionsRules /. ss0 <math>\rightarrow 0,
  \theta'[0] = \theta'[ss0] /. initialConditionsRules /. ss0 \rightarrow 0
\{\triangle \mathsf{vapp}[0] = \triangle \mathsf{vappConst}, \triangle \mathsf{tapp}[0] = \triangle \mathsf{tappConst}, \theta[0] = 0,
             -Bafter vapp0 - B vapp0 \eta N² + Ke N \tauapp0
                                                                                     -Kt vapp0 \eta N<sup>2</sup> - R N \tauapp0
                                                                   -, θ' [0] == -
                                                                                   Bafter R + Ke Kt \eta N<sup>2</sup> + B R \eta N<sup>2</sup>
                     Bafter R + Ke Kt \eta N<sup>2</sup> + B R \eta N<sup>2</sup>
```

```
ΔDiffEqFunctionsOfTime = Reap[Scan[If[MatchQ[#, _[t]], Sow [#]] &, ΔdiffEqns, Infinity]][[2, 1]] // Union
\Delta others = Complement [\Delta DiffEqFunctionsOfTime \ /. \ t \rightarrow 0, \ \Delta someInitialConditions[[All, 1]]]
\triangle eqnsSubsKnownInitial = \triangle diffEqns /. t \rightarrow 0 /. (\triangle someInitialConditions /. Equal \rightarrow Rule);
\trianglesolvedInitialConditions = (uniqueSolve[\triangleeqnsSubsKnownInitial, \triangleothers] /. Rule \rightarrow Equal);
(ΔinitialConditions = ΔsolvedInitialConditions ~ Join ~ ΔsomeInitialConditions) // prettyPrint
\{i[t], vg[t], \Delta vapp[t], \Delta \tau app[t], \theta[t], \theta after[t], \tau[t], \tau after[t], i'[t], \theta'[t], \theta after'[t], \theta''[t], \theta after''[t]\}
\{vg[0], \theta after[0], \tau[0], \tau after[0], i'[0], \theta after'[0], \theta''[0], \theta after''[0]\}
vg(0) = \frac{Ke (Kt vapp0 \eta N^2 + R \tau app0 N)}{Ke Kt \eta N^2 + B R \eta N^2 + Bafter R}
\thetaafter(0) = 0
\tau(0) = -\frac{-B \text{ Kt vapp0 } \eta \text{ N}^2 + \text{Ke Kt rapp0 N-Bafter Kt vapp0}}{2}
                            Ke Kt n N2+BR n N2+Bafter R
\tau \text{after}(0) = \frac{\eta N (B \, \text{Kt vapp0} \, \eta \, N^2 - \text{Ke Kt rapp0 N+Bafter Kt vapp0})}{\eta N^2 - \text{Ke Kt rapp0 N+Bafter Kt vapp0}}
                                     Ke Kt n N2+BR n N2+Bafter R
i'(0) = \frac{\Delta \text{vappConst}}{1}
\theta \text{after'}(0) = -\frac{-\text{Kt Vappo } \eta \text{ N}^2 + \text{BR } \eta \text{ N}^2 + \text{Bafter } R}{\text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ N}^2 + \text{BR } \eta \text{ N}^2 + \text{Bafter } R}
\theta''(0) = \frac{\Delta \text{rappConst N}}{1}
                J n N2+Jafter
\thetaafter''(0) = \frac{\Delta \text{rappConst}}{J \eta N^2 + \text{Jafter}}
\Delta \text{vapp}(0) = \Delta \text{vappConst}
\Delta \tau app(0) = \Delta \tau appConst
\theta(0) = 0
i(0) = -\frac{-B \text{ vapp0 } \eta \text{ N}^2 + \text{Ke rapp0 N-Bafter vapp0}}{2}
                      Ke Kt η N<sup>2</sup>+BR η N<sup>2</sup>+Bafter R
                   -Kt vapp0 η N<sup>2</sup>-R τapp0 N
\theta'(0) = -\frac{-\frac{1}{Ke \operatorname{Kt} \eta \operatorname{N}^2 + BR \eta \operatorname{N}^2 + Bafter R}}{Ke \operatorname{Kt} \eta \operatorname{N}^2 + BR \eta \operatorname{N}^2 + Bafter R}
```

4. Motor Parameters

4.1. Motor Parameter Units

We develop infrastructure regarding the units in which each of our parameters are specified. This will help us sanity check the structure of our equations, as they must be internally consistent in their use of units (e.g.: no velocities added to masses, etc).

A note on radians as a unit. The Bureau International des Poids et Mesures, the intergovernmental organization that standardizes the SI, officially refers to a radian as "a special name is given to the unit one, in order to facilitate the identification of the quantity involved" (Ref: https://www.bipm.org/en/publications/si-brochure/section2-2-3.html). With that as background, we have here chosen to include radians in all places in which they logically belong, as doing so provides valuable insight regarding the quantities being manipulated. Thus, for example, you will find here torque having units of N m / radian instead of N m, and the like. As, from the SI perspective, this amounts to multiplying or dividing by the unit one, no semantic change is effected.

Aside: in the opinion of one of the authors (Atkinson), that "a special name given to the unit one" is in any way at all different than a first-class "unit" is a perspective reasonable only if one artificially and myopically limits one's worldview to contain only the seven units whose dimension is necessarily experimentally calibrated as opposed to units whose dimension is mathematically or otherwise calibrated, such as radian, becquerel, motor encoder ticks, etc. And the world is chock-full of the latter. But this is a discussion for another time. See also Jacques E. Romain, "Angle as a Fourth Fundamental Quantity", Journal of Research of the National Bureau of Standards-B. Mathematics and Mathematical Physics, Vol. 66B, No. 3, July- September 1962.

```
radiansUnits = parseUnit["Radians"];
 secondsUnits = parseUnit["Seconds"];
 siAngularPositionUnits = radiansUnits;
 siAngularVelocityUnits = siAngularPositionUnits / secondsUnits;
 siAngularAccelerationUnits = siAngularVelocityUnits / secondsUnits;
 siTorqueUnits = parseUnit["N m"] / radiansUnits;
 siAngularViscousDragUnits = siTorqueUnits / siAngularVelocityUnits;
 siAngularInertialUnits = siTorqueUnits / siAngularAccelerationUnits;
 parameterUnits = {
                       R \rightarrow parseUnit["Ohms"],
                        L → parseUnit["Henrys"],
                       i[t] → parseUnit["Amperes"],
                         i'[t] \rightarrow parseUnit["Amperes"] / secondsUnits,
                        i''[t] \rightarrow parseUnit["Amperes"] / secondsUnits / secondsUnits,
                       \triangle vapp[t] \rightarrow parseUnit["Volts"],
                        ∆vappConst → parseUnit["Volts"],
                        vg[t] → parseUnit["Volts"],
                         vapp0 → parseUnit["Volts"],
                        vapp0 → parseUnit["Volts"],
                       J → siAngularInertialUnits,
                        Jafter → siAngularInertialUnits,
                        B → siAngularViscousDragUnits,
                        Bafter → siAngularViscousDragUnits,
                        Ke → parseUnit["Seconds Volts / Radians"],
                        Kt → parseUnit["Newtons Meters"] / parseUnit["Amperes"] / radiansUnits,
                        \theta[t] \rightarrow siAngularPositionUnits, \theta after[t] \rightarrow siAngularPositionUnits,
                        \theta '[t] \rightarrow siAngularVelocityUnits, \thetaafter '[t] \rightarrow siAngularPositionUnits,
                        \theta \text{''[t]} \rightarrow \text{siAngularAccelerationUnits,} \ \theta \text{after''[t]} \ \rightarrow \ \text{siAngularPositionUnits,}
                        \omega[t] \rightarrow siAngularVelocityUnits,
                        \alpha[t] \rightarrow siAngularAccelerationUnits,
                        \tau[t] \rightarrow siTorqueUnits,
                         τafter[t] → siTorqueUnits,
                        \Delta \tau app[t] \rightarrow siTorqueUnits,
                        \Delta \tau appConst \rightarrow siTorqueUnits,
                        τapp0 → siTorqueUnits.
                        τapp0 → siTorqueUnits,
                       N → parseUnit["DimensionlessUnit"],
                       \eta \rightarrow parseUnit["DimensionlessUnit"]
                  } // Association;
 unitsToQuantities[units_] := Module[{rules, makeQuantity},
           rules = Normal[units];
           makeQuantity = Function[{param, unit}, Quantity[param, unit]];
             (\#[[1]] \ \rightarrow \ \mathsf{makeQuantity} \ @@ \ \# \ \&/@ \ \mathsf{rules}) \ \ // \ \mathsf{Association}
 parameterQuantities = unitsToQuantities[parameterUnits]
  \langle | \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathsf{R} \Omega , \mathbf{L} \rightarrow \mathsf{L} \mathsf{H} , \mathbf{i}[\mathsf{t}] \rightarrow \mathsf{i}[\mathsf{t}] \mathsf{A} , \mathbf{i}'[\mathsf{t}] \rightarrow \mathsf{i}'[\mathsf{t}] \mathsf{A}/\mathsf{s} , \mathbf{i}''[\mathsf{t}] \rightarrow \mathsf{i}''[\mathsf{t}] \mathsf{A}/\mathsf{s}^2 , \Delta \mathsf{vapp}[\mathsf{t}] \rightarrow \Delta \mathsf{vapp}[\mathsf{t}] \mathsf{V} ,
     \Delta \text{vappConst} \rightarrow \Delta \text{vappConstV} \text{ , } \text{vg[t]} \rightarrow \text{vg[t]} \text{ V} \text{ , } \text{vapp0} \rightarrow \text{vapp0V} \text{ , } \text{J} \rightarrow \text{Jms}^2 \text{N/rad}^2 \text{ , } \text{Jafter} \rightarrow \text{Jafterms}^2 \text{N/rad}^2 \text{ , } \text{Jafterms}^2 \text{ Jafterms}^2 \text{ Jaft
     B \to B \text{ ms N/rad}^2 , Bafter \to Bafter \text{ ms N/rad}^2 , Ke \to Ke \text{ s V/rad} , Kt \to Kt \text{ m N/ (Arad)} , \Theta[t] \to \Theta[t] \text{ rad} ,
     \theta \text{after}[\texttt{t}] \rightarrow \theta \text{after}[\texttt{t}] \text{ rad , } \theta'[\texttt{t}] \rightarrow \theta'[\texttt{t}] \text{ rad/s , } \theta \text{after'}[\texttt{t}] \rightarrow \theta \text{after'}[\texttt{t}] \text{ rad , } \theta''[\texttt{t}] \text{ rad/s}^2 \text{ , } \theta
     \theta \text{after''}[t] \rightarrow \theta \text{after''}[t] \text{ rad , } \omega[t] \rightarrow \omega[t] \text{ rad/s , } \alpha[t] \rightarrow \alpha[t] \text{ rad/s}^2 \text{ , } \tau[t] \rightarrow \tau[t] \text{ mN/rad , } \tau \text{after}[t] \rightarrow \tau \text{after}[t] \text{ mN/rad , } \tau \text{after}[t] \rightarrow \tau
```

Let's look and see if our units are consistent:

```
\Delta \text{diffEqns} /. parameterQuantities // ColumnForm
 Kti[t] mN/rad = \tau[t] mN/rad
 vg[t] V = Ke \theta'[t] V
  (Ri[t] + vg[t] + Li'[t]) A\Omega = (vapp0 + \triangle vapp[t]) V
   \text{N } \left( \text{tapp0+} \triangle \text{tapp} \left( \mathbf{t} \right) \right) + \eta \, \text{N}^2 \, \mathbf{t} \left[ \mathbf{t} \right] - \left( \text{Bafter+B} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 \right) \, \Theta' \left[ \mathbf{t} \right] - \left( \text{Jafter+J} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 \right) \, \Theta'' \left[ \mathbf{t} \right] \\ = \mathbf{0} 
 \tau \, [\, t \, ] \, \, \, \text{mN/rad} \, \, = \, \, \frac{\tau \, \text{after} [\, t \, ]}{\eta \, \, \text{N}} \, \, \text{mN/rad}
 \thetaafter[t] rad == \frac{\theta[t]}{N} rad
 \thetaafter'[t] rad = \frac{\theta'[t]}{v} rad/s
 \thetaafter"[t] rad = \frac{\theta''[t]}{N} rad/s<sup>2</sup>
```

Huzzah! They check out (if the units were incompatible, Mathematica would've told us). How about our initial conditions?

```
initial Conditions \ \textit{/. parameter Quantities // siUnits // simplify Units // Column Form}
∆initialConditions /. parameterQuantities // siUnits // simplifyUnits // ColumnForm
\mathbf{i} \, [\, \mathbf{SSO} \,] \; = \; - \, \frac{-\mathsf{Bafter} \, \mathsf{vapp0} - \mathsf{B} \, \mathsf{vapp0} \, \eta \, \mathtt{N}^2 + \mathsf{Ke} \, \mathtt{N} \, \tau \mathsf{app0}}{\mathsf{Bafter} \, \mathsf{R} + \mathsf{Ke} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \eta \, \mathtt{N}^2 + \mathsf{B} \, \mathsf{R} \, \eta \, \mathtt{N}^2} \, \mathsf{A}
\label{eq:vg_sol} \textbf{vg} \, [\, \textbf{ss0} \, ] \; = \; - \; \frac{-\text{Ke Kt vapp0} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 - \text{Ke R N tapp0}}{\text{Bafter R+Ke Kt} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 + \text{B R} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2} \, \, \textbf{V}
⊕after[ss0] == 0
\tau [SS0] = \frac{Kt \left(Bafter vapp0+B vapp0 \eta N^2-Ke N \tau tapp0\right)}{Results (S^2 rad)} kg m^2 / (S^2 rad)
                                            Bafter R+Ke Kt \eta N<sup>2</sup>+B R \eta N<sup>2</sup>
\tau \text{after}[\textbf{ss0}] \ = \ \frac{\text{Kt} \, \eta \, \text{N} \, \left( \text{Bafter vapp0+B vapp0} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 \text{-Ke} \, \text{N} \, \, \text{tapp0} \right)}{\text{kg m}^2 / \left( \text{s}^2 \text{rad} \right)} \, \text{kg m}^2 / \left( \text{s}^2 \text{rad} \right)
                                                                      Bafter R+Ke Kt \eta \mathbb{N}^2+B R \eta \mathbb{N}^2
\Theta'\left[\,\textbf{SS0}\,\right] \;=\; \; -\frac{\,\,{}^{\,}\text{Kt vapp0}\,\eta\,\,{}^{\,}\text{N}^{\,}^{\,}\text{-R}\,\,\text{N}\,\,\text{tapp0}\,\,}{\,\,\text{Bafter}\,\,\text{R+Ke}\,\,\text{Kt}\,\,\eta\,\,{}^{\,}\text{N}^{\,}^{\,}\text{+B}\,\,\text{R}\,\,\eta\,\,{}^{\,}\text{N}^{\,}^{\,}}}\,\,\text{rad}\,/\,\text{S}
\varTheta \textbf{after'} \, [\, \textbf{ss0} \,] \; = \; - \frac{-\texttt{Kt} \, \texttt{vapp0} \, \eta \, \texttt{N-R} \, \texttt{tapp0}}{\texttt{Bafter} \, \texttt{R+Ke} \, \texttt{Kt} \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2 + \texttt{B} \, \mathsf{R} \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2} \, \, \texttt{rad/s}
⊕after"[ss0] = 0
vapp[ss0] == vapp0 V
\tau app[ss0] = \tau app0 kg m^2/(s^2 rad)
\theta[ss0] = 0
\theta''[ss0] = 0
i'[ss0] = 0
```

```
\textbf{vg}\left[\boldsymbol{\vartheta}\right] \; = \; \; \frac{\text{Ke}\left(\text{Kt vapp}\boldsymbol{\vartheta} \; \boldsymbol{\eta} \; \boldsymbol{N}^2 + R \; \boldsymbol{N} \; \text{tapp}\boldsymbol{\vartheta}\right)}{\text{Bafter} \; R + \text{Ke} \; \text{Kt} \; \boldsymbol{\eta} \; \boldsymbol{N}^2 + B \; R \; \boldsymbol{\eta} \; \boldsymbol{N}^2} - \boldsymbol{V}
 ⊕after[0] == 0
 \tau \, \left[ \, \boldsymbol{\vartheta} \, \right] \, = \, \, - \, \frac{- \, \mathsf{Bafter} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \mathsf{vapp} \vartheta \, \mathsf{B} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \mathsf{vapp} \vartheta \, \mathsf{\eta} \, \, \mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{Ke} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \mathsf{N} \, \, \mathsf{tapp} \vartheta \,}{\mathsf{Bafter} \, \mathsf{R} + \mathsf{Ke} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \mathsf{\eta} \, \, \mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{B} \, \mathsf{R} \, \, \mathsf{\eta} \, \, \mathsf{N}^2} \, \, \, \mathsf{kg} \, \mathfrak{m}^2 / \, \left( \, \mathsf{S}^{\, 2} \mathsf{rad} \, \right)
 \tauafter[0] == \frac{\eta \, \text{N} \, \left(\text{Bafter Kt vapp0+B Kt vapp0} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 - \text{Ke Kt N tapp0}\right)}{2\pi \, \text{Kg m}^2 / \left(\text{S}^2 \text{rad}\right)} \, \text{kg m}^2 / \left(\text{S}^2 \text{rad}\right)
                                                                           Bafter R+Ke Kt \eta \mathrm{N^2}+B R \eta \mathrm{N^2}
 i'[0] = \frac{\triangle vappConst}{A} A/S
\Theta \text{after'} \left[ \boldsymbol{0} \right] \ = \ - \frac{-\text{Kt vapp0} \, \eta \, \, \text{N-R tapp0}}{\text{Bafter R+Ke Kt} \, \eta \, \, \text{N}^2 + \text{B R} \, \eta \, \, \text{N}^2} \, \text{rad/s}
\Theta''[\boldsymbol{\theta}] = \frac{\Delta \tau app Const N}{\Im after + \Im \eta N^2} rad/s^2
\Thetaafter"[0] = \frac{\Delta \pi appConst}{Jafter+J \eta N^2} rad/s^2
∆vapp[0] == ∆vappConst V
 \Delta \tau app[0] = \Delta \tau appConst kg m^2/(s^2rad)
\theta[0] = 0
 i[0] = -\frac{-Bafter \, vapp0-B \, vapp0 \, \eta \, N^2+Ke \, N \, \tauapp0}{2} \, A
                                                     Bafter R+Ke Kt n N2+B R n N2
\Theta'\left[\boldsymbol{0}\right] \; = \; \; -\frac{-\mathtt{Kt \, vapp0 \, } \eta \, \mathtt{N^2-R \, N \, tapp0}}{\mathtt{Bafter \, R+Ke \, Kt \, } \eta \, \mathtt{N^2+B \, R \, } \eta \, \mathtt{N^2}} \, \, \mathsf{rad/s}
```

Good. We save information regarding our parameters for later use.

```
saveDefinitions[outputDirectory <> "ParametersUnitsAndAssumptions.m",
       \{parameter Units,\ parameter Quantities,\ parameter Assumptions,\ radians Units,\ seconds Units,\ si Angular Position Units,\ parameter Quantities,\ parameter
                 siAngularVelocityUnits, siAngularAccelerationUnits, siTorqueUnits, siAngularViscousDragUnits, siAngularInertialUnits}]
```

4.2. On Ke & Kt

A brief digression. It is often remarked that, in compatible units, Ke & Kt have the same magnitude and sign. However, while often true, this relation does not always hold.

Recall our differential equations:

```
diffEqns // ColumnForm
Kti[t] = \tau[t]
vg[t] == Ke θ'[t]
R i[t] + vg[t] + L i'[t] == vapp[t]
\eta \, \mathbb{N}^2 \, \tau[t] + \mathbb{N} \, \mathsf{tapp}[t] - \left(\mathsf{Bafter} + \mathsf{B} \, \eta \, \mathbb{N}^2\right) \, \Theta'[t] - \left(\mathsf{Jafter} + \mathsf{J} \, \eta \, \mathbb{N}^2\right) \, \Theta''[t] = 0
\tau[t] = \frac{\tau after[t]}{\tau}
\thetaafter[t] = \frac{\theta[t]}{\theta[t]}
\thetaafter'[t] = \frac{\theta'[t]}{}
\thetaafter"[t] = \frac{\theta''[t]}{}
```

In steady state, the current and speed are constant.

```
(ssEqns = diffEqns /. {i'[t] \rightarrow 0, \theta''[t] \rightarrow 0}) // ColumnForm
 (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after[t], \theta after'[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after'[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after'[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]\}]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t], \tau app[t]]) \ // \ ColumnForm \ (ssEqns = Eliminate[ssEqns, \{vg[t], B, \theta after''[t], \theta after''[t
 (ssEqns = ssEqns[[1;; 2]]) // ColumnForm
 Kti[t] = \tau[t]
 vg[t] = Ke \theta'[t]
 Ri[t] + vg[t] = vapp[t]
 \eta N^2 \tau[t] + N \tau app[t] - \left(Bafter + B \eta N^2\right) \theta'[t] = 0
 \tau[t] = \frac{\tau after[t]}{\eta}
                                                          ηΝ
\thetaafter[t] = \frac{\theta[t]}{\theta}
 \thetaafter'[t] = \frac{\theta'[t]}{}
\thetaafter"[t] = 0
 Kti[t] = \tau[t]
 \mathsf{vapp}[\mathsf{t}] = \mathsf{Ri}[\mathsf{t}] + \mathsf{Ke}\,\Theta'[\mathsf{t}]
 \tauafter[t] = \eta N \tau [t]
 η ≠ 0
N # 0
 \mathsf{vapp}[\mathsf{t}] = \mathsf{Ri}[\mathsf{t}] + \mathsf{Ke}\,\Theta'[\mathsf{t}]
```

From a power point of view (ref: https://bit.ly/2Lxka0Z), we must have (electrical) power in = (mechanical) power out + (electrical + other) power losses:

```
powerEqns = And @@ {
    pwrIn == vapp[t] i[t],
    pwrOut == \tau[t] \theta'[t],
    pwrLosses == i[t]^2 R + pwrOtherPowerLosses,
    pwrIn == pwrOut + pwrLosses
   };
(ssPowerEqns = Union[ssEqns, powerEqns]) // prettyPrint
pwrIn = pwrLosses+pwrOut
pwrln = i(t) vapp(t)
pwrLosses = Ri(t)^2 + pwrOtherPowerLosses
pwrOut = \tau(t) \theta'(t)
\operatorname{Kt} i(t) = \tau(t)
vapp(t) = Ri(t) + Ke \theta'(t)
```

Let's eliminate a few of the variables that we're not interested in.

```
kBalanceEqns = Eliminate[ssPowerEqns, \{i[t], \tau[t], \theta'[t], vapp[t]\}];
kBalanceEqns // prettyPrint
uniqueSolve[kBalanceEqns[[2]], pwrOtherPowerLosses] /. Rule \rightarrow Equal
pwrIn = pwrLosses+pwrOut
Kt pwrOtherPowerLosses = (Ke - Kt) pwrOut
                        (Ke-Kt) pwrOut
pwr0therPowerLosses ==
```

We can conclude that if other power losses are zero, then Ke must equal Kt.

4.3. Experimental Motor Data

We have experimental data from several motors (Nguyen, Hordyk, & Fraser, 2017). We load in same. Note that the motor parameters herein have all been measured after the attached gearbox.

```
Clear[importMotorData, motorData]
importMotorData[] := importMotorData["Characterized Motors (Gears)v2.xlsx"];
importMotorData[file_] := Module[{},
  Import[NotebookDirectory[] <> file, {"Data", 1}][[2;;]]
motorData = importMotorData[];
(motorData) // TableForm
Name
                          L \quad (uH)
                                      L (H)
0.000691
                                                                Kt (est)
                                                                                                                          \eta \mathbf{f} (est)
                                                                                                                                         \eta r (est)
                                                                               9.011 \times 10^{-6}
                                                                                                0.0022
AM 20 A
               2.3
                                                     0.351
                                                                                                               20.
                                                                                                                          0.9
                          691.
                                                                0.351
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                                                                               \textbf{9.011} \times \textbf{10}^{-6}
AM 20 B
               1.9
                          684.
                                      0.000684
                                                     0.389
                                                                0.389
                                                                                                0.0025
                                                                                                               20.
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
AM 20 C
                         717.
                                      0.000717
                                                     0.385
                                                                0.385
                                                                               \textbf{8.931} \times \textbf{10}^{-6}
                                                                                                0.0028
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                5.1
                                                                                                               20.
                                                                                                                          0.9
AM 40 A
                2.5
                         674.
                                      0.000674
                                                     0.753
                                                                0.753
                                                                               0.00002221
                                                                                                0.2269
                                                                                                               40.
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                3.8
                                      0.000705
                                                     0.705
                                                                0.705
                                                                               0.00001741
                                                                                                                                         0.8
AM 40 C
               2.1
                          716.
                                      0.000716
                                                     0.763
                                                                0.763
                                                                               0.00002471
                                                                                                0.018
                                                                                                               40.
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
AM 60 A
                          694.
                                      0.000694
                                                     1.066
                                                                1.066
                                                                               0.00001041
                                                                                                0.033
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
AM 60 B
                5.1
                          696.
                                      0.000696
                                                     1.076
                                                                1.076
                                                                               \textbf{8.421} \times \textbf{10}^{-6}
                                                                                                0.02
                                                                                                               60.
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
AM 3.7 A
                8.9
                          679.
                                      0.000679
                                                     0.099
                                                                0.099
                                                                               0.00002791
                                                                                                0.00014
                                                                                                                                         0.8
AM 3.7 B
                2.6
                          797.
                                      0.000797
                                                     0.108
                                                                0.108
                                                                               0.00003151
                                                                                                0.000176
                                                                                                               3.7
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                                                                               \begin{array}{c} \textbf{0.00003091} \\ \textbf{9.431} \times \textbf{10}^{-6} \end{array}
AM 3.7 C
                8.7
                          880.
                                      0.00088
                                                     0.105
                                                                0.105
                                                                                                0.00017
                                                                                                               3.7
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
Matrix A
                3.8
                         718.
                                      0.000718
                                                     0.34
                                                                0.34
                                                                                                0.00151
                                                                                                               52.8
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                                                                               \textbf{7.761} \times \textbf{10}^{-6}
Matrix B
                7.8
                          777.
                                      0.000777
                                                     0.363
                                                                0.363
                                                                                                0.00191
                                                                                                               52.8
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                                      0.000658
                                                     0.338
                                                                               \textbf{7.231} \times \textbf{10}^{-6}
Matrix C
                20.6
                          658.
                                                                0.338
                                                                                                0.00186
                                                                                                               52.8
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                                      0.001356
                                                     0.822
                                                                0.822
                                                                               0.0007331
                                                                                                0.0112
                                                                                                               36.25
CoreHex A
                         1356.
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                3.6
CoreHex B
                          1352.
                                      0.001352
                                                     0.858
                                                                0.858
                                                                               0.0006551
                                                                                                0.008
                                                                                                               36.25
                                                                                                                          0.9
                                                                                                                                         0.8
                11.3
                                      0.001342
                                                     0.711
                                                                               0.0004541
                                                                                                0.0078
```

We build a function to retrieve data from the table. We convert from floating point to rational in order to help delay floating point collapse later on down the line. We include load and external torque parameters at zero level so these can be easily added to later.

```
Clear[motorParameters];
Options[motorParameters] = { WithGearbox → True, Efficiency → "Forward" };
validateOption[motorParameters][WithGearbox, val_] := BooleanQ[val];
validateOption[motorParameters][Efficiency, val_] := MemberQ[{"Forward", "Reverse"}, val];
motorParameters[motorName_, opts: OptionsPattern[]] := motorParameters[motorData, motorName, opts]
motorParameters[motorData_, motorName_, opts: OptionsPattern[]] :=
    validateOptions[]@ Module[{row, paramValues, quantify, qty, quantifiedRow, result, gearbox},
          row = Select[motorData, #[[1]] == motorName &][[1]];
          paramValues = \#[[1]] \rightarrow toRational[row[[\#[[2]]]]] \& /@ {
                   \{R, 2\}, \{L, 4\}, \{Ke, 5\}, \{Kt, 6\}, \{J, 7\}, \{B, 8\},
                   {N, 9}, {\eta, If[OptionValue[Efficiency] == "Forward", 10, 11]}};
          quantify = Function[{name, value},
               qty = (name /. parameterQuantities);
               name → Quantity[value, QuantityUnit[qty]]
          quantifiedRow = quantify @@ # & /@ paramValues // Association;
           (* An empty container that we'll add to *)
          result = Association[];
          result[R] = quantifiedRow[R];
          result[L] = quantifiedRow[L];
           (* Figure out the gearing *)
          If[OptionValue[WithGearbox],
            result[N] = quantifiedRow[N];
             result[\eta] = quantifiedRow[\eta];
             result[N] = 1;
             result[n] = 1;
           (* WithGearbox being false means what it says: the load is directly on the armature. *)
           (* We still have to reflect the experimental parameters, either way. *)
          \texttt{gearbox} \; = \; \{ \texttt{N} \; \rightarrow \; \texttt{quantifiedRow}[\texttt{N}] \,, \; \eta \; \rightarrow \; \texttt{quantifiedRow}[\eta] \, \} \,;
           (★ In the result, we need to reflect measured values back before the gearbox ★)
          result[Ke] = reflectAngleCoefficient[quantifiedRow[Ke]] /. gearbox;
          result[Kt] = reflectAngleCoefficient[quantifiedRow[Kt]] /. gearbox;
          result[B] = reflectDrag[quantifiedRow[B]] /. gearbox;
          result[J] = reflectInertia[quantifiedRow[J]] /. gearbox;
          (* add in defaults that we can later add thereto *)
          result[Jafter] = Quantity[0, siAngularInertialUnits];
          result[Bafter] = Quantity[0, siAngularViscousDragUnits];
          result[ΔτappConst] = Quantity[0, siTorqueUnits];
          result // siUnits // simplifyUnits
       ];
motorParameters["AM 60 A", WithGearbox → False]
motorParameters["AM 60 A", WithGearbox → True, Efficiency → "Reverse"]
 \left< \left| \, \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \right| \frac{33}{10} \, \text{W/A}^2 \, \text{, L} \rightarrow \frac{347}{500\,000} \, \text{H} \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \mathbf{1} \text{, } \eta \rightarrow \mathbf{1} \text{, Ke} \rightarrow \frac{533}{30\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, Kt} \rightarrow \frac{533}{30\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, \text{kg} \, \text{kg}
```

```
 \langle \left| \, \textbf{R} \rightarrow \, \frac{33}{10} \, \text{W/A}^2 \, \text{, L} \rightarrow \, \frac{347}{500\,000} \, \text{H} \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \, \textbf{60} \, \text{, } \eta \rightarrow \frac{\textbf{4}}{\textbf{5}} \, \text{, Ke} \rightarrow \, \frac{533}{30\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, Kt} \rightarrow \, \frac{533}{30\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \, \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{kg} \, \text{kg} \, \text{kg} \, \text{kg} \, \text{kg} \, \text{rad}^2 \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{960\,000} \, \text{kg} 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   -\log m^2/\mathrm{rad}^2, Jafter 
ightarrow 0 \log m^2/\mathrm{rad}^2, Bafter 
ightarrow 0 \log m^2/(\mathrm{s}\,\mathrm{rad}^2), \Delta \epsilon \mathrm{appConst} 
ightarrow 0 \log m^2/(\mathrm{s}^2\mathrm{rad})
```

4.4. Loads on the Motor

motorLoad[] creates a motor load given explicit internal and drag parameters. We allow the 'after' suffix but do not require its use.

```
Clear[motorLoad]
Options[motorLoad] = {
    J → Quantity[0, siAngularInertialUnits], Jafter → Quantity[0, siAngularInertialUnits],
    B \rightarrow Quantity[0, siAngularViscousDragUnits], Bafter \rightarrow Quantity[0, siAngularViscousDragUnits],
    \Delta \tau appConst \rightarrow Quantity[0, siTorqueUnits]
  };
motorLoad[opts: OptionsPattern[]] := Module[{assoc = Association[]},
  assoc[Jafter] = OptionValue[J] + OptionValue[Jafter];
  assoc[Bafter] = OptionValue[B] + OptionValue[Bafter];
  assoc[\Delta \tau appConst] = OptionValue[\Delta \tau appConst];
  assoc
 ]
```

flywheel[] creates a motor load given mass and radius parameters

```
Clear[flywheel]
flywheel[mass_, radius_] := motorLoad[J -> mass * radius ^2 / 2 / Quantity[1, "Radians^2"]]
flywheel[Quantity[2, "kg"], Quantity[5, "cm"]]
\langle \left| \text{Jafter} \rightarrow 25 \text{ kg cm}^2/\text{rad}^2 \right|, \text{Bafter} \rightarrow 0 \text{ ms N/rad}^2 , \Delta \tau \text{appConst} \rightarrow 0 \text{ mN/rad} \left| \right\rangle
```

addMotorLoad[] takes motor parameters and a load and returns new parameters that include the load.

```
addMotorLoad[motor_, load_] := Module[{assoc},
            assoc = Association[motor]; (*explicitly create copy*)
              assoc[Jafter] = (Jafter /. motor) + (Jafter /. load);
            assoc[Bafter] = (Bafter /. motor) + (Bafter /. load);
           assoc[ΔτappConst] = (ΔτappConst /. motor) + (ΔτappConst /. load);
           assoc
addMotorLoad[motorParameters["AM 60 A"], flywheel[Quantity[2, "kg"], Quantity[5, "cm"]]]
 \langle \left| \, \textbf{R} \rightarrow \, \frac{33}{10} \, \text{W/A}^2 \, \text{, L} \rightarrow \, \frac{347}{500\,000} \, \text{H} \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \, \textbf{60} \, \text{, } \eta \rightarrow \frac{\textbf{9}}{\textbf{10}} \, \text{, Ke} \rightarrow \, \frac{533}{30\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, Kt} \rightarrow \, \frac{533}{30\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s} \, \text{rad}^2) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{m}^2 / \, (\text{s}^2 \, \text{A} \, \text{rad}) \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{rad} \, \text{rad} \, \text{, B} \rightarrow \, \frac{11}{1\,080\,000} \, \text{kg} \, \text{rad} \, \text{ra
                                \frac{1}{108\,000\,000\,000}\,\log\,m^2/\,\mathrm{rad}^2\,\,\text{, Jafter}\,\rightarrow\,25\,\log\,cm^2/\,\mathrm{rad}^2\,\,\text{, Bafter}\,\rightarrow\,0\,\log\,m^2/\,(\,\mathrm{s\,rad}^2\,)\,\,\text{,}\,\,\Delta\tau\mathrm{appConst}\,\rightarrow\,0\,\,\mathrm{m\,N/\,rad}\,\left|\,\right\rangle
```

4.5. Mass on pulley

Here, we model a mass suspended on a massless "rigid string" from a massless pulley attached to the motor shaft. That string acts at a wrench with a length of the radius of the pulley to deliver a torque to the shaft. TMassOnPulley[] computes that torque.

There is a force pulling down on the mass due to gravity and up due to acceleration in the string that results from the driven angular acceleration of the motor shaft. The sum of these forces is the tension in the string. If the net acceleration is negative (ie: downward), a real (flexible) string would clamp at zero and have the mass in free-fall; we choose not to model that for now. Instead, here, our hypothetical rigid string continues to impart acceleration from the pulley even for negative accelerations. This is a bit odd for a string, but more reasonable if the string were in fact a rigid arm being lifted, or some such.

```
Clear[massOnPulley]
massOnPulley[mass_, radius_] := Module[
  {gravityAcceleration, gravityForce, angularAcceleration,
   tangentialAcceleration, tangentialForce, tension, torque, unit, parts, radians = Quantity["Radians"]},
  (* gravity exerts a constant downard force by acting on the mass \star)
  gravityAcceleration = Quantity["StandardAccelerationOfGravity"];
  gravityForce = gravityAcceleration * mass;
  (* angular accelearation, converted to tangential acceration also acts on the mass to create an upward force *)
  angularAcceleration = Quantity[θ''[t], siAngularAccelerationUnits];
  tangentialAcceleration = angularAcceleration * radius / radians;
  tangentialForce = tangentialAcceleration * mass;
  (* the net force (the tension in the string) is the sum of the two forces*)
  tension = gravityForce + tangentialForce;
  (* the tension acts like a wrench with lever arm 'radius' \star)
  torque = tension * radius / radians;
  (* we decompose the torque into constant and acceleration-dependent parts for output *)
  unit = QuantityUnit[torque];
  parts = List @@ (QuantityMagnitude[torque] // Apart);
  \verb|motorLoad[\Delta\tau| appConst| \rightarrow Quantity[parts[[1]], unit], Jafter \rightarrow Quantity[parts[[2]], unit] / angularAcceleration||
 1
massOnPulley[Quantity[weightLbs, "Pounds"], Quantity[rInches, "Inches"]]
% // siUnits // clearUnits // N
                                                                                          196\,133\, \texttt{rInches weightLbs} \\ \underline{ 1b\, \texttt{in}^2/\, (s^2 \texttt{rad}) } \ \bigg| \ \Big\rangle
\langle | \text{Jafter} \rightarrow \text{rInches}^2 \text{ weightLbs lbin}^2/\text{rad}^2 , Bafter \rightarrow 0 \text{ ms N/rad}^2 , \Delta \tau \text{appConst} \rightarrow 0 \text{ ms N/rad}^2 
\langle | Jafter \rightarrow 0.00029264 rInches<sup>2</sup> weightLbs, Bafter \rightarrow 0., \triangle \tauappConst \rightarrow 0.112985 rInches weightLbs | \rangle
```

4.6. Example Motors

We define motors and loads that we'll use to illustrate examples.

aFlywheel = flywheel[Quantity[10, "kg"], Quantity[10, "cm"]] // siUnits

```
aPulley = massOnPulley[Quantity[3, "Pounds"], Quantity[2, "Inches"]] // siUnits
\label{eq:lambda} \left\langle \left| \, \mathsf{Jafter} \rightarrow \, \frac{1}{20} \, \mathsf{kg} \, \mathsf{m}^2 / \, \mathsf{rad}^2 \, \, \mathsf{, \, Bafter} \rightarrow \, 0 \, \mathsf{kg} \, \mathsf{m}^2 / \, (\, \mathsf{s}^{\, 2} \mathsf{rad}^2) \, \, \, \mathsf{, \, } \Delta \tau \mathsf{appConst} \rightarrow \, 0 \, \mathsf{kg} \, \mathsf{m}^2 / \, (\, \mathsf{s}^{\, 2} \mathsf{rad}) \, \, \, \, \right| \right\rangle
                                                                                                                          3 389 544 870 828 501
                                                                                                                                                      - \text{kg m}^2/(\text{s}^2\text{rad})
⟨ Jafter →
                                           -\log m^2/\text{rad}^2 , Bafter \rightarrow 0 kg m<sup>2</sup>/ (s rad<sup>2</sup>) , \Delta \tauappConst \rightarrow
                                                                                                                          5 000 000 000 000 000
aMotor = motorParameters["AM 60 A"];
aMotorWithFlywheel = addMotorLoad[aMotor, aFlywheel] // siUnits;
aUnitlessMotorWithFlywheel = aMotorWithFlywheel // clearUnits // N
aMotorWithFlywheelNoGear = addMotorLoad[motorParameters["AM 60 A", WithGearbox → False], aFlywheel];
aUnitlessMotorWithFlywheelNoGear = aMotorWithFlywheelNoGear // siUnits // clearUnits // N
\langle \, \big| \, R \to \textbf{3.3, L} \to \textbf{0.000694, N} \to \textbf{60., } \eta \to \textbf{0.9, Ke} \to \textbf{0.0177667, Kt} \to \textbf{0.0177667,}
\langle\,\big|\,R\to3.3 , L \to 0.000694, \mathbb{N}\to1. , \eta\to1. , Ke \to 0.0177667, Kt \to 0.0177667,
 B\to0.0000101852,~J\to3.21296\times10^{-9},~Jafter\to0.05,~Bafter\to0.,~\Delta\tau appConst\to0. \big|\,\big>
```

5. Laplace Transforms and Transfer Function Models

5.1. Laplace Transforms

Returning to the differential equations, we form the Laplace Transform of each, then solve the for the various transforms. First, we apply the Laplace-Transform[] function to each equation. It automatically makes use of the linearity and differential properties of the transform, and insinuates itself just around the time dependent parts (ie: the parts dependent on the time variable we told it about, namely t).

```
leqns = LaplaceTransform[#, t, s] &/@ ∆diffEqns;
leqns // prettyPrint
\mathsf{Kt}\left(\mathcal{L}_t[i(t)]\left(s\right)\right) = \mathcal{L}_t[\tau(t)]\left(s\right)
\mathcal{L}_t[vg(t)](s) = Ke(s(\mathcal{L}_t[\theta(t)](s)) - \theta(0))
R\left(\mathcal{L}_{t}[i(t)]\left(s\right)\right) + L\left(s\left(\mathcal{L}_{t}[i(t)]\left(s\right)\right) - i(0)\right) + \mathcal{L}_{t}[vg(t)]\left(s\right) = \frac{\mathsf{vapp0}}{s} + \mathcal{L}_{t}[\Delta\mathsf{vapp}(t)]\left(s\right)
\eta \left( \mathcal{L}_{l}[\tau(t)](s) \right) N^{2} + \frac{\operatorname{rapp0\,N}}{s} + \left( \mathcal{L}_{l}[\Delta \operatorname{rapp}(t)](s) \right) N - \left( B \eta N^{2} + \operatorname{Bafter} \right) \left( s \left( \mathcal{L}_{l}[\theta(t)](s) \right) - \theta(0) \right) - \left( J \eta N^{2} + \operatorname{Jafter} \right) \left( \left( \mathcal{L}_{l}[\theta(t)](s) \right) s^{2} - \theta(0) s - \theta(0) \right) = 0
\mathcal{L}_t[\tau(t)](s) = \frac{\mathcal{L}_t[\tau_{after(t)}](s)}{2}
\mathcal{L}_t[\theta \text{after}(t)](s) = \frac{\mathcal{L}_t[\theta(t)](s)}{N}
s(\mathcal{L}_t[\theta \text{after}(t)](s)) - \theta \text{after}(0) = \frac{s(\mathcal{L}_t[\theta(t)](s)) - \theta(0)}{\lambda_t}
(\mathcal{L}_t[\theta \text{after}(t)](s)) s^2 - \theta \text{after}(0) s - \theta \text{after}'(0) = \frac{(\mathcal{L}_t[\theta(t)](s)) s^2 - \theta(0) s - \theta'(0)}{c}
```

Next, we walk those equations, picking up those insinuations and sowing them to the wind, reaping them on the outside, and finally removing duplicates.

```
allXforms = Reap[Scan[(If[MatchQ[#, _LaplaceTransform], Sow[#]]) &, leqns, Infinity]][[2, 1]] // Union
\{ Laplace Transform [\texttt{i[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{s]}, Laplace Transform [\texttt{vg[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{s]}, Laplace Transform [\texttt{\Delta} \texttt{vapp[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{s]}, Laplace Transform [\texttt{\Delta} \texttt{tapp[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{s]}, Laplace Transform [\texttt{\Delta} \texttt{vapp[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{s]}, Laplace Transform [\texttt{D} \texttt{vapp[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{s]}, Laplace Transform [\texttt{D} \texttt{vapp[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{s]}, Laplace Transform [\texttt{D} \texttt{vapp[t]}, \texttt{t}, \texttt{t
                 \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\theta[\texttt{t}], \texttt{t}, \texttt{s}], \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\theta\texttt{after}[\texttt{t}], \texttt{t}, \texttt{s}], \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\tau[\texttt{t}], \texttt{t}, \texttt{s}], \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\tau[\texttt{t}], \texttt{t}, \texttt{s}], \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\tau[\texttt{t}], \texttt{t}, \texttt{s}], \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\tau[\texttt{t}], \texttt{t}, \texttt{t}], \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\tau[\texttt{t}], \texttt{t}], \texttt{Lapla
```

The voltage transform is input, as is any autonomous externally applied torque; all the others are outputs. Solve for the outputs. Finally substitute what we know about initial conditions, and simplify as much as we can.

```
∆vappXform = LaplaceTransform[∆vapp[t], t, s];
ΔτappXform = LaplaceTransform[Δτapp[t], t, s];
inputXforms = {ΔvappXform, ΔτappXform}
inputLabels = {"1", "vapp", "τapp"}
(outputXorms = Complement[allXforms, inputXforms]) // ColumnForm
\{LaplaceTransform[\triangle vapp[t], t, s], LaplaceTransform[\triangle \tau app[t], t, s]\}
{1, vapp, τapp}
LaplaceTransform[i[t], t, s]
LaplaceTransform[vg[t], t, s]
LaplaceTransform[\theta[t], t, s]
\texttt{LaplaceTransform} [ \theta \texttt{after} [\texttt{t}] \texttt{,t,s} ]
LaplaceTransform[\tau[t], t, s]
LaplaceTransform[tafter[t], t, s]
```

```
(leqnsToSolve = leqns /. (\DeltainitialConditions /. Equal \rightarrow Rule)) // ColumnForm
Kt LaplaceTransform[i[t], t, s] == LaplaceTransform[\tau[t], t, s]
LaplaceTransform[vg[t], t, s] = Ke s LaplaceTransform[\theta[t], t, s]
 \text{R LaplaceTransform}[\textbf{i}[\textbf{t}], \textbf{t}, \textbf{s}] + \text{L} \left( \frac{-\texttt{Bafter vapp0} - \texttt{B vapp0} \ \eta \ N^2 + \texttt{Ke} \ \texttt{N tapp0}}{\texttt{Pack tap N va Va va v}^2 - \texttt{B D va v}^2} + \text{s LaplaceTransform}[\textbf{i}[\textbf{t}], \textbf{t}, \textbf{s}] \right) + \text{LaplaceTransform}[\textbf{vg}[\textbf{t}], \textbf{t}, \textbf{s}] = \frac{\texttt{vapp0}}{\texttt{Pack tap N va Va va v}^2 - \texttt{B D va v}^2} + \text{LaplaceTransform}[\textbf{vg}[\textbf{t}], \textbf{t}, \textbf{s}] 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Bafter R+Ke Kt \eta N<sup>2</sup>+B R \eta N<sup>2</sup>
   \frac{\mathbb{N} \times \operatorname{supp\theta}}{\operatorname{s}} \times \operatorname{NLaplaceTransform} \left[ \Delta \operatorname{tapp}[t], t, s \right] - \operatorname{s} \left( \operatorname{Bafter} + \operatorname{NR} + \operatorname{NL} \eta \operatorname{N}^{-1} + \operatorname{BR} + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \right) + \operatorname{NLaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] - \left( \operatorname{Jafter} + \operatorname{J} \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \right) \left( \frac{-\operatorname{Kt} \operatorname{vapp\theta}}{\operatorname{B}^{12} - \operatorname{RR} \times \operatorname{app\theta}} + \operatorname{s}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{N}^{2} \operatorname{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{H}[t], t, s \right] + \eta \operatorname{H}[t] 
\label{eq:LaplaceTransform[tafter[t],t,s]} LaplaceTransform[tafter[t],t,s] = \frac{LaplaceTransform[tafter[t],t,s]}{LaplaceTransform[tafter[t],t,s]}.
LaplaceTransform[\theta after[t], t, s] \ = \ \frac{LaplaceTransform[\theta[t], t, s]}{LaplaceTransform[\theta[t], t, s]} \ = \ \frac{LaplaceTransform[\theta[t], t, s]}
s \ Laplace Transform [\theta after[t], t, s] \ = \ \frac{s \ Laplace Transform [\theta[t], t, s]}{s \ Laplace Transform [\theta[t], t, s]}
\frac{-\text{Kt vapp00}\, \eta\,\, \text{N-R tapp0}}{\text{Bafter R+Ke Kt}\, \eta\,\, \text{N}^2 + \text{B}\, \text{R}\, \eta\,\, \text{N}^2} + \text{S}^2\,\, \text{LaplaceTransform}\, [\,\Theta\, \text{after}\, [\,\textbf{t}\,]\,\,,\,\, \textbf{t}\,,\,\, \textbf{s}\,] \\ = \frac{-\text{Kt vapp00}\, \eta\,\, \text{N-R tapp0}}{\text{Bafter R+Ke Kt}\, \eta\,\, \text{N}^2 + \text{B}\, \text{R}\, \eta\,\, \text{N}^2} + \text{S}^2\,\, \text{LaplaceTransform}\, [\,\Theta\, [\,\textbf{t}\,]\,\,,\,\, \textbf{t}\,,\,\, \textbf{s}\,] \\ = \frac{-\text{Kt vapp00}\, \eta\,\, \text{N-R tapp00}\, \eta\,
```

```
(rawSolvedXforms = uniqueSolve[legnsToSolve, outputXorms] // Simplify) // ColumnForm
 \text{LaplaceTransform}[\text{vg[t],t,s}] \rightarrow \text{Ke} \, \mathbb{N} \left( \frac{\text{Kt vapp0} \, \eta \, \text{N+R Tapp0}}{\text{s} \, \left[ \text{Bafter R+ (Ke Kt+B R)} \, \eta \, \text{N}^2 \right]} + \frac{\text{Kt} \, \eta \, \text{N LaplaceTransform}[\Delta \text{vapp}[t],t,s]}{\text{Bafter (R+L s)+Jafter s} \, \left( \text{R+L s} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \, \left( \text{R+L s} \right) + \text
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (R+L s) LaplaceTransform[△τapp[t],t,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Kt vappθ η N+R τappθ +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Kts\etaNLaplaceTransform\Deltavapp[t],t,s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        s (R+L s) LaplaceTransform [Atapp [t],t,s]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            LaplaceTransform[\theta[t], t, s] \rightarrow -
 \text{LaplaceTransform} \big[ \Theta \text{after} [\texttt{t}] \text{, t, s} \big] \rightarrow \frac{\frac{K \text{t vapp} \theta \, \gamma \, \text{N.R. rapp} \theta}{\text{Bafter} \, R_c \left( \text{Ke kt s} \mid R \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{K \text{t s} \, \gamma \, \text{N.LaplaceTransform} \big[ \text{avapp} [\texttt{t}], \texttt{t, s} \big]}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \text{-} 2 \text{Briter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \text{-} 2 \text{Briter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Bafter} \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{ps}^2}{\text{Ps}^2} + \frac{s \, \left( R. \text{L. s} \right) \, \gamma \, \text{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  S<sup>2</sup>

Kt s ¬N LaplaceTransform [∆zapp[t],t,s] s (R+Ls) LaplaceTransform [∆zapp[t],t,s]
Ke N LaplaceTransform [△tap
 \text{LaplaceTransform}[\texttt{tafter[t],t,s}] \rightarrow -\frac{\texttt{tapp0}}{} - \frac{\left( \texttt{Jafter-J} \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2 \right) \, \left( \texttt{Ktvapp0} \, \eta \, \texttt{N+R \, tapp00} \right)}{} - \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\Delta \texttt{tapp}[t],t,s] \, + \, \frac{\left( \texttt{Bafter-Jafter} \, \texttt{s+} \, (\texttt{B-J} \, \texttt{s}) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2 \right) \left( \left( \texttt{Bafter-J} \, \theta \, \texttt{s} \, \texttt{s} \, \texttt{s} \, \,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Bafter R+ (Ke Kt+B R) η N<sup>2</sup>
```

We separate the transforms into applied-voltage- and applied-torque-dependent parts.

```
Clear[separateXforms]
separateXforms[xform] := Module[{xformVarRules, invertedRules, xformVars, vard, rawCollected, coeffs, const, terms},
              xformVarRules = # → Unique["laplaceTransform"] & /@ inputXforms;
                invertedRules = Reverse /@ xformVarRules;
              xformVars = xformVarRules[[All, 2]];
              vard = xform /. xformVarRules;
              rawCollected = Collect[vard, xformVars] /. invertedRules;
              coeffs = Coefficient[rawCollected, #] & /@ inputXforms;
              const = Together[rawCollected /. {# → 0 & /@ inputXforms}];
                  (* we multiply const by s to make the units come out right (?) *)
              const = {const[[1]] * s // Simplify};
              terms = const ~ Join ~ (#[[1]] * #[[2]] &/@ Transpose[{coeffs, inputXforms}]);
solvedXforms = \#[[1]] \rightarrow separateXforms[\#[[2]]] \& /@ rawSolvedXforms;
 \text{LaplaceTransform}[\textbf{i}[\texttt{t}], \textbf{t}, \textbf{s}] \rightarrow \frac{\texttt{Bafter vapp0} + \texttt{N} \cdot (\texttt{B vapp0} \, \eta \, \texttt{N-Ke \, rapp0})}{\texttt{Rafter \, R+1 \, Ke \, Kt + R \, R \, n \, n^{N^2}} + \frac{\left(\texttt{Bafter + Jafter \, s} + (\texttt{B+J} \, \textbf{s}) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2\right) \, \texttt{LaplaceTransform}[\triangle \text{vapp}[\texttt{t}], \textbf{t}, \textbf{s}]}{\texttt{Bafter \, (R+L \, \textbf{s}) + Jafter \, \textbf{s} \, (R+L \, \textbf{s}) + (\texttt{Ke \, Kt} + (\texttt{B+J} \, \textbf{s}) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2}} - \frac{\texttt{Ke \, N \, LaplaceTransform}[\triangle \text{tapp}[\texttt{t}], \textbf{t}, \textbf{s}]}{\texttt{Bafter \, (R+L \, \textbf{s}) + Jafter \, \textbf{s} \, (R+L \, \textbf{s}) + (\texttt{Be \, Kt} + (\texttt{B+J} \, \textbf{s}) + (\texttt{Ne \, Kt} + (\texttt{R+J} \, \textbf{s}) + (\texttt{Ne \, Kt} + (\texttt{Ne 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Ke N LaplaceTransform [Δτapp[t],
(R+L\ s)\ \mathbb{N}\ LaplaceTransform[\Delta \tau app[t],t,s]
\textbf{LaplaceTransform}\left[\varTheta after\left[\texttt{t}\right]\texttt{, t, s}\right] \rightarrow \frac{\texttt{Kt vapp0} \, \eta \, \texttt{N+R \, tapp0}}{s \, \left[\texttt{Bafter} \, \texttt{R+} \left(\texttt{KE \, Kt+B \, R} \right) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2\right]} + \frac{\texttt{Kt} \, \eta \, \texttt{N \, LaplaceTransform}\left[\triangle \text{vapp}\left[\texttt{t}\right], \texttt{t, s}\right]}{s \, \left[\texttt{Bafter} \, \texttt{R+L \, s}\right) + \left(\texttt{KE \, Kt+B \, R}\right) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2\right]} + \frac{(\texttt{R+L \, s}) \, \texttt{LaplaceTransform}\left[\triangle \text{vapp}\left[\texttt{t}\right], \texttt{t, s}\right]}{s \, \left[\texttt{Bafter} \, \texttt{R+L \, s}\right) + \left(\texttt{KE \, Kt+B \, R}\right) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2\right]} + \frac{(\texttt{R+L \, s}) \, \texttt{LaplaceTransform}\left[\triangle \text{vapp}\left[\texttt{t}\right], \texttt{t, s}\right]}{s \, \left[\texttt{Bafter} \, \texttt{R+L \, s}\right) + \left(\texttt{KE \, Kt+B+B \, R}\right) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2\right]} + \frac{(\texttt{R+L \, s}) \, \texttt{LaplaceTransform}\left[\triangle \text{vapp}\left[\texttt{t}\right], \texttt{t, s}\right]}{s \, \left[\texttt{Bafter} \, \texttt{R+L \, s}\right] + \left(\texttt{KE \, Kt+B+B \, R}\right) \, \eta \, \texttt{N}^2}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Kt vapp0 η N+R τapp0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               \texttt{Kt}\;\eta\;\texttt{N}\;\texttt{LaplaceTransform}\left[\triangle \texttt{vapp}\left[\texttt{t}\right]\texttt{,t,s}\right]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (R+Ls) LaplaceTransform[△⊤app[t
 \text{LaplaceTransform}\left[\left.\left.\left[\left.t\right.\right]\right.\right), \left.t, \left.s\right.\right] \rightarrow \frac{\text{Kt}\left(\left.\text{Bafter vapp0+N}\left(\left.\text{B vapp0}\right.\eta\right.N-\text{Ke}\left.\left.\text{zapp0}\right.\right)\right.\right)}{\text{Bafter R+}\left(\text{Ke Kt+B R}\right)\left.\left.\eta\right.N^{2}} + \frac{\text{Kt}\left(\left.\text{Bafter yafter s+}\left.\left(B+J\right.s\right)\right.\eta\left.N^{2}\right)\right.}{\text{Bafter}\left(\left.R+L\right.s\right) + Jafter s\left.\left.\left(R+L\right.s\right) + \left(Ke\left.Kt+\left.\left(B+J\right.s\right)\right)\right.\left(R+L\left.s\right)\right)\right.\eta\left.N^{2}\right.} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\left.\left.\left(R+L\right.s\right)\right.H\left(\left.R+L\right.s\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\left.R+L\right.s\right) + \left(R+L\right.s\right)}{\left.\left.\left(R+L\right.s\right)\right.H\left(\left.R+L\right.s\right) + \left(R+L\right.s\right) + \left(R+L\right.s\right)} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\left.R+L\right.s\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\left
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Ke Kt N LaplaceTransform [△
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Bafter R+ (Ke Kt+B R) \eta \mathbb{N}^2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Bafter (R+L s) + Jafter s (R+L s) + (Ke I
 \text{LaplaceTransform}\left[ \tau \text{after}\left[t\right], t, s \right] \rightarrow \frac{\text{Kt} \, \eta \, N \left( \text{Bafter Napp0+N} \, \left( \text{B vapp0} \, \eta \, \text{N-Ke tapp0+N} \right) \right)}{\text{Rafter R+} \left( \text{Ke Kt+B R} \right) \, \eta \, N^2} + \frac{\text{Kt} \, \eta \, N \left( \text{Bafter+Jafter s+} \left( \text{B+J s} \right) \, \eta \, N^2 \right) \, \text{LaplaceTransform} \left[ \Delta \text{vappp}\left[t\right], t, s \right]}{\text{Bafter (R+Ls)+Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \frac{\left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \frac{\left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \frac{\left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \frac{\left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \frac{\left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \frac{\left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{Jafter s} \left( \text{R+Ls} \right) + \text{J
```

5.2. Transfer Function Models

We use the solved transforms to create TransferFunctionModel[]s for every variable of interest.

```
Clear[divideTerms]
divideTerms[sum_, termDivisors_] := Module[{list},
               list = List @@ sum;
               #[[1]] / #[[2]] & /@ Transpose[{list, termDivisors}]]
 divideTerms[ax + by, {x, y}]
 {a, b}
 Clear[makeModel]
 makeModel[var_] := makeModel[var, ToString[var], 1]
 makeModel[var_, outputLabel_, factor_] := TransferFunctionModel[
                                         factor * Function[{sum}, divideTerms[sum, {1} ~ Join ~ inputXforms]]
                                                           [LaplaceTransform[var[t], t, s] /. solvedXforms],
                                      s,
                                      SystemsModelLabels → {inputLabels, outputLabel}] // FullSimplify // Simplify
 motorPositionModel = makeModel[θ]
 motorVelocityModel = makeModel[\theta, "\omega", s]
motorAccelerationModel = makeModel[\theta, "\alpha", s * s]
 motorCurrentModel = makeModel[i]
 motorEMFModel = makeModel[vg, "vg", 1]
 motorTorqueModel = makeModel[τ]
                                                           N (Kt vapp0 \eta N + R \tauapp0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Kt η N<sup>2</sup>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     N (R+Ls)
                                         \left( \texttt{Bafter} \, \mathsf{R} + \left( \texttt{Ke} \, \texttt{Kt} + \texttt{B} \, \mathsf{R} \right) \, \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \, \mathsf{s} \quad \mathsf{s} \, \left( \texttt{Ke} \, \texttt{Kt} \, \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \mathsf{R} + \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \mathsf{Jafter} \, \mathsf{s} + \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 \, \left( \texttt{B} + \mathsf{J} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \right) \right) \\ \quad \mathsf{s} \, \left( \texttt{Ke} \, \texttt{Kt} \, \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \mathsf{R} + \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \mathsf{Jafter} \, \mathsf{s} + \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 \, \left( \texttt{B} + \mathsf{J} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \right) \right) \\ \quad \mathsf{s} \, \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \mathsf{R} + \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \left( \mathsf{Bafter} + \mathsf{Jafter} \, \mathsf{s} + \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 \, \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \right) \right) \right) \\ \quad \mathsf{s} \, \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{Kt} \, \eta \, \, \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \right) \right) \\ \quad \mathsf{s} \, \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{s} \, \, \mathsf{s} \right) \, \left( \mathsf{Re} \, \mathsf{L} \, \mathsf{L}
                                             N (Kt vapp0 η N + R τapp0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Kt n N2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   N (R+Ls)
                                         \texttt{Bafter R} + (\texttt{Ke Kt} + \texttt{B R}) \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \quad \texttt{Ke Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ (\texttt{B} + \texttt{J S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Ek Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ (\texttt{B} + \texttt{J S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Safter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Bafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \right) 
                                      N (Kt vapp0 \eta N + R \tauapp0) s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Kt \eta N^2 s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             N s (R+Ls)
                                      \textbf{Bafter R} + \left( \texttt{Ke Kt} + \texttt{B R} \right) \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \\ \quad \textbf{Ke Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \texttt{R} + \texttt{L S} \right) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Ke Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \texttt{R} + \texttt{L S} \right) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) \\ \quad \textbf{Matter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ \left( \texttt{B} + \texttt{J S} \right) 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Bafter + Jafter s + \eta N^2 (B + J s)
                                      Bafter vapp0 + N (B vapp0 \eta N - Ke \tauapp0)
                                                                                           Bafter R + (Ke Kt + B R) \eta \ \mathrm{N}^2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Ke Kt \eta N^2 + (R + L s) (Bafter + Jafter s + \eta N^2 (B + J s))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Ke Kt \eta \mathbb{N}^2 + (R + L s) (Bafter + Jafter s + \eta \mathbb{N}
                                                 Ke N (Kt vapp0 η N + R τapp0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Ke Kt \eta N^2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Ke N (R + L s)
                                                    \texttt{Bafter} \, \texttt{R} + (\texttt{KE} \, \texttt{Kt} + \texttt{B} \, \texttt{R}) \, \, \eta \, \, \texttt{N}^2 - (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L} \, \texttt{s}) \, \, \big( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter} \, \texttt{s} + \eta \, \, \texttt{N}^2 \, \, (\texttt{B} + \texttt{J} \, \texttt{s}) \, \big) \quad \texttt{Ke} \, \, \texttt{Kt} \, \, \eta \, \, \texttt{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L} \, \texttt{s}) \, \, \big( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter} \, \texttt{s} + \eta \, \, \texttt{N}^2 \, \, \, (\texttt{B} + \texttt{J} \, \texttt{s}) \big) 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Kt (Bafter + Jafter s + \eta N<sup>2</sup> (B + J s))
                                      Kt (Bafter vapp0 + \mathbb{N} (B vapp0 \eta \mathbb{N} – Ke \tauapp0))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Ke Kt N
                                                                                                                Bafter R + (Ke Kt + B R) \eta N^2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \text{ } \left( \text{B} + \text{J s} \right) \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \\ \qquad \text{Ke Kt } \eta \text{ } \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 + (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \text{ } \left( \text{Bafter s} + \eta \text{ } \mathbb{N}^2 \right)
```

```
motorPositionAfterModel = makeModel[@after]
motorVelocityAfterModel = makeModel[Θafter, "ωafter", s]
motorAccelerationAfterModel = makeModel[\thetaafter, "\alphaafter", s * s]
motorTorqueAfterModel = makeModel[τafter]
                 Kt vapp0 η N + R τapp0
                                                                                      KtηN
 θafter
           Kt vapp0 η N + R τapp0
                                                                              KtηN
                                                                                                                                                     R + L s
          Bafter R + (Ke Kt + B R) \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2
                                               Ke Kt \eta N^2 + (R + L s) (Bafter + Jafter s + \eta N^2 (B + J s))
                                                                                                                      Ke Kt \eta N^2 + (R + L s) (Bafter + Jafter s + \eta N^2 (B + J s)
            (Kt vapp0 η N + R τapp0) s
                                                                             KtnNs
                                                                                                                                                   s (R+Ls)
  αafter
          Bafter R + (Ke Kt + B R) \eta \ \mathrm{N}^2
                                               \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^{2} + \left( \mathsf{R} + \mathsf{L} \; \mathsf{s} \right) \; \left( \mathsf{Bafter} + \mathsf{Jafter} \; \mathsf{s} + \eta \; \mathbb{N}^{2} \; \left( \mathsf{B} + \mathsf{J} \; \mathsf{s} \right) \right)
                                                                                                                      \text{Ke Kt } \eta \ \mathbb{N}^{2} + \ (\text{R} + \text{L s}) \ \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^{2} \ (\text{B} + \text{J s}) \right.
```

Save the models to a file for later use.

```
saveDefinitions[outputDirectory <> "MotorModels.m",
 \{ \texttt{diffEqns, } \Delta \texttt{diffEqns, initialConditions, } \Delta \texttt{initialConditions, motorPositionModel,} \\
  motorVelocityModel, motorAccelerationModel, motorCurrentModel, motorEMFModel, motorTorqueModel,
  motorPositionAfterModel, motorVelocityAfterModel, motorAccelerationAfterModel, motorTorqueAfterModel}]
```

5.3. Units Verification

We do a quick check on one of the transforms to see if units are internally consistent. Mathematica would complain if there were not (and has done so in the past, during development; indeed, that's why this check is here).

```
motorVelocityModel[s][[1]]
modelTest = % /. parameterQuantities /. s → Quantity[s, "per second"];
inputs = {1, Quantity[vapp, "Volts"], Quantity[rapp, siTorqueUnits]}
 modelTest.inputs
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Kt \eta N^2
                N (Kt vapp0 \eta N + R \tauapp0)
           \text{Bafter R} + \left( \text{Ke Kt} + \text{B R} \right) \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \quad \text{Ke Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \text{R} + \text{L s} \right) \ \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \left( \text{B} + \text{J s} \right) \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \text{Ke Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + \left( \text{R} + \text{L s} \right) \ \left( \text{Bafter} + \text{Jafter s} + \left( \text{B} + \text{J s} \right) \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \right) 
     \{ 	extstyle 1, 	extstyle vapp V, 	au appmN/rad <math>\}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (R + L s) N \tau app
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    N (Kt vapp0 \eta N + R \tauapp0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Bafter R + (Ke Kt + B R) \eta N^2
                 \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{B} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{B} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{B} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{B} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{B} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{B} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{B} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \left( \mathtt{Bafter} + \mathtt{Jafter} \, \mathtt{S} + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{J} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 \right) \quad \\ \text{Ke Kt } \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}) \; \eta \; \mathbb{N}^2 + (\mathtt{R} + \mathtt{L} \, \mathtt{S}
                rad/s
```

6. Time Domain Functions

The time domain functions we seek model various states of the motor as a direct function of time. Generally speaking, we may obtain them from the frequency domain by (matrix) multiplying the transfer function by the Laplace transform of the input signal, then taking the inverse Laplace transform of the result. However, if we're starting with the (frequency domain) transfer function and the (time domain) input signal in-hand, we can compute the time domain function more efficiently using the Laplace transform convolution theorem.

6.1. Time Domain Output Functions

6.1.1. makeTimeDomainFunctionConvolve[]

makeTimeDomainFunctionConvolve[] uses convolution and the theorem that the Laplace transform of a convolution is the product of the Laplace transform of the factors. Ref1: http://mathfaculty.fullerton.edu/mathews/c2003/laplaceconvolutionmod.html.

With the convolution approach, we can make explicit use of the fact that in the uses we have we know we want to take the inverse Laplace transform of a product, one of whose factors we already know the time domain inverse for, and thus we can avoid having LaplaceTransform[] do as much heavy lifting as we might ask it to do if we were to transform the input, multiply, then inverse-transform the whole result. This convolution approach also has been shown to be more efficient than the OutputRespose[] builtin function.

```
Clear[makeTimeDomainFunctionConvolve, convolve]
   parameterAssumptions
   convolve[fExpr\_, \ gExpr\_, \ exprVar\_, \ t\_] \ := \ Module[\{\tau(\star = Unique["\tau"] \star)\},
                    Assuming[Union[\{t \geq 0\}, parameter Assumptions], Integrate[(fExpr /. exprVar \rightarrow \tau) * (gExpr /. exprVar \rightarrow t - \tau), \{\tau, 0, t\}]]
makeTimeDomainFunctionConvolve[model_, tInputFunctions_] := Module[
                      \{s(* = Unique["s"]*), \tau(* = Unique["\tau"]*), modelExpr\},
                    modelExpr = InverseLaplaceTransform[model[s], s, \tau][[1]];
                  Function[{t}, Module[{convolutions},
                                       convolutions = convolve[modelExpr[[\#]], \ (tInputFunctions[[\#]])[\tau], \ \tau, \ t] \ \&/@ \ Range[1, Length[tInputFunctions]];
                                           { Total[convolutions] } (* put in list to mirror InverseLaplaceTransform[] output structure *)
                            1
                  ]
           ]
       \{\mathsf{Bafter} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \mathsf{Jafter} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \mathsf{Null} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \mathsf{vapp0} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \Delta \mathsf{vappConst} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \Delta \mathsf{vappConst} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \mathsf{vapp0} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \mathsf{i}[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \, \mathsf{vg}[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \, \Delta \mathsf{vapp}[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \, \Delta \mathsf{vapp}[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \, \Delta \mathsf{vappConst} \in \mathbb{R}, \, \Delta \mathsf{vappConst}
           \Delta \texttt{tapp}[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \; \theta[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \; \texttt{t}[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \; \texttt{tafter}[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \; \omega[\_] \in \mathbb{R}, \; \texttt{ke} > \textbf{0}, \; \texttt{kt} > \textbf{0}, \; \texttt{kt} > \textbf{0}, \; \texttt{k} > \textbf{0}, \; \texttt{n} > \textbf{0},
```

6.1.2. makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[]

makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[] takes a transfer function model and returns a function that, when provided with ea and τa time-domain input functions, returns a function of time.

```
Clear[makeMotorTimeDomainFunction]
makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[model_, builder_] := makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[model, builder] = (*cache the result*)
 Module[{t(*=Unique["t"]*)},
  Function[{vappfn, tappfn}, Module[{fn},
    fn = Function[{aTime},
      builder[model, {1 &, vappfn[#] &, τappfn[#] &}] [aTime] [[1]] (*unwrap output structure mentioned above*)];
    fn
   ]]]
```

6.1.3. Time Domain Output Functions for Motor State

We define time domain functions for all the motor state of interest.

```
Clear[motorPosition, motorVelocity, motorAcceleration, motorCurrent, motorEMF, motorTorque]
motorPosition = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorPositionModel];
motorVelocity = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorVelocityModel];
motorAcceleration = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction(motorAccelerationModel):
motorCurrent = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorCurrentModel];
```

```
motorEMF = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorEMFModel];
motorTorque = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorTorqueModel];
```

The *output* too.

```
{\tt Clear[motorPositionAfter,\ motorVelocityAfter,\ motorAccelerationAfter,\ motorTorqueAfter]}
motorPositionAfter = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorPositionAfterModel];
motorVelocityAfter = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorVelocityAfterModel];
motorAccelerationAfter = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorAccelerationAfterModel];
motorTorqueAfter = makeMotorTimeDomainFunction[motorTorqueAfterModel];
```

Save these time domain functions so we can load them in later without having to develop them from scratch.

```
saveDefinitions[outputDirectory <> "MotorTimeDomainFunctions.m",
  motorPosition, motorVelocity, motorAcceleration, motorCurrent, motorEMF, motorTorque,
  {\tt motorPositionAfter,\ motorVelocityAfter,\ motorAccelerationAfter,}
  {\tt makeMotorTimeDomainFunction,\ makeTimeDomainFunctionConvolve}
}]
```

6.2. Time Domain Input Functions

6.2.1. Typical Input Examples

In analogy to aMotor above, we now define some typical inputs. The first (and only, for now) is a constant 12V input with no externally applied torque.

```
applyTwelveVolts = Association[t → Quantity[t, "Seconds"],
   vapp0 \rightarrow Quantity[0, "Volts"], \ \tau app0 \rightarrow Quantity[0, siTorqueUnits], \ \Delta vappConst \rightarrow Quantity[12, "Volts"]]
\langle | t \rightarrow t s \text{ , } vapp0 \rightarrow 0 \text{ V , } \tau app0 \rightarrow 0 \text{ mN/rad , } \Delta vappConst \rightarrow 12 \text{ V } | \rangle
```

```
steadyTwelveVolts = Association[t \rightarrow Quantity[t, "Seconds"],
   vapp0 \rightarrow Quantity[12, "Volts"], \ \tau app0 \rightarrow Quantity[0, \ siTorqueUnits], \ \Delta vappConst \rightarrow Quantity[0, "Volts"]]
\langle | t \rightarrow t s, vapp0 \rightarrow 12 V, \tau app<math>0 \rightarrow 0 \text{ mN/rad}, \Delta vappConst \rightarrow 0 V | \rangle
```

```
brakeFromTwelveVolts = Association[t → Quantity[t, "Seconds"],
  vapp0 \rightarrow Quantity[12, "Volts"], \ \tau app0 \rightarrow Quantity[0, \ siTorqueUnits], \ \Delta vappConst \rightarrow Quantity[-12, "Volts"]]
\big\langle\,\Big|\,t\to\,t\,s , vapp0 \to\, 12 V , \tau app0\to\, 0 mN/rad , \Delta vappConst\to\, -12 V \,\Big|\,\big\rangle
```

6.3. Examples

We try out our time-domain functions on our example data. Note that the time axes in the plots here vary in scale.

```
Clear[applyTimeFunction, applyTimeFunctionGeneric]
applyTimeFunctionGeneric[motorTimeFunction_, t_] := applyTimeFunctionGeneric[motorTimeFunction, t] = Module[{},
  motorTimeFunction[ΔvappConst &, ΔτappConst &] [t]]
applyTimeFunction[motorTimeFunction_, motorWithLoad_, input_, t_] :=
applyTimeFunction[motorTimeFunction, motorWithLoad, input, t] = Module[{generic, withUnits, unitless},
   generic = applyTimeFunctionGeneric[motorTimeFunction, t];
   with
Units = generic /. (input ~Join ~ motorWithLoad) // siUnits // N // FullSimplify;
   unitless = withUnits // clearUnits // FullSimplify;
   {generic, withUnits, unitless}]
```

6.3.1. Velocity, after gearbox

```
{velAfterGeneric, velAfterUnits, velAfter} = applyTimeFunction[motorVelocityAfter, aMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts, t];
2.71828^{-6.86584t} ( -10.1885 rad/s ) + 2.71828^{-4748.84t} ( 0.0147304 rad/s ) + 10.1737 rad/s
```



```
{steadyVelAfterGeneric, steadyVelAfterUnits, steadyVelAfter} =
  apply Time Function [motor Velocity After, a Motor With Flywheel, steady Twelve Volts, t];\\
steadyVelAfterUnits // N
Plot[steadyVelAfter, {t, 0, 1.0}, AxesLabel → {"Seconds", HoldForm[Radians / Second]}, PlotRange → All, AxesOrigin → {0, 0}]
(2.71828^{-4748.84t} + 2.71828^{-6.86584t}) (0. rad/s) + 10.1737 rad/s
```



```
{brakeVelAfterGeneric, brakeVelAfterUnits, brakeVelAfter} =
                 apply \verb|TimeFunction[motorVelocityAfter, aMotorWithFlywheel, brakeFromTwelveVolts, t];\\
 brakeVelAfterUnits // N
 Plot[brakeVelAfter, \{t, 0, 1\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Radians / Second]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}]  
\textbf{2.71828}^{\textbf{-4748.84t}} \left( -0.0147304 \, \text{rad/s} \, \right) + \, 7.85934 \times 10^{-14} \, \text{rad/s} \, + \textbf{2.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \, 10.1885 \, \text{rad/s} \, \right) + \, 1.85934 \times 10^{-14} \, \text{rad/s} \, + \, 1.8688 \times 10^{-14} \, \text{rad/s} \, \right) + \, 1.8688 \times 10^{-14} \, \text{rad/s} \, + \, 1.8688 \times 10^{-14} \, + \, 1.8688 \times 10^{-14} \, \text{rad/s} \, + \, 1.8688 \times 10^{-14} \, + \, 1.868
```



6.3.2. Velocity, before gearbox

```
{velGeneric, velUnits, vel} = applyTimeFunction[motorVelocity, aMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts, t];
velUnits // N
 Plot[vel, \{t, 0, 1.0\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Radians / Second]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}] 
2.71828^{-6.86584t} ( -611.308 rad/s ) +2.71828^{-4748.84t} ( 0.883825 rad/s ) +610.424 rad/s
```



6.3.3. Torque, before gearbox

Note that the torque first rises, then descends.

```
{torGeneric, torUnits, tor} = applyTimeFunction[motorTorque, aMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts, t];
 torUnits // N
  \texttt{Plot[tor, \{t, 0, 1\}, AxesLabel} \rightarrow \{\texttt{"Seconds", HoldForm[Netwon Meters / Radian]}\}, \ \texttt{PlotRange} \rightarrow \texttt{All, AxesOrigin} \rightarrow \{\emptyset, \emptyset\}] 
 Plot[tor, \{t, 0, .01\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Netwon Meters / Radian]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}] 
\textbf{2.71828}^{-4748.84\,\text{t}} \left( -0.0647752\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\text{s}^2\text{rad}) \right. \\ \left. + 0.00621728\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\text{s}^2\text{rad}) \right. \\ \left. + \textbf{2.71828}^{-6.86584\,\text{t}} \left( 0.0585579\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\text{s}^2\text{rad}) \right) \right] \\ \left. + 0.00621728\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\text{s}^2\text{rad}) \right. \\ \left. + \textbf{2.71828}^{-6.86584\,\text{t}} \left( 0.0585579\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\text{s}^2\text{rad}) \right) \right] \\ \left. + 0.00621728\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\text{s}^2\text{rad}) \right] \\ \left. +
```





6.3.4. Torque, after gearbox

Note that the torque first rises, then descends.

```
\{tor After Generic,\ tor After Units,\ tor After\}\ =\ apply Time Function [motor Torque After,\ a Motor With Flywheel,\ apply Twelve Volts,\ t];
torAfterUnits // N
 Plot[torAfter, \{t, 0, 1\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Netwon Meters / Radian]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}] 
 2.71828^{-4748.84 t} \left( -3.49786 \text{ kg m}^2 / (\text{s}^2 \text{rad}) \right) + 0.335733 \text{ kg m}^2 / (\text{s}^2 \text{rad}) + 2.71828^{-6.86584 t} \left( 3.16213 \text{ kg m}^2 / (\text{s}^2 \text{rad}) \right)
```





6.3.5. Current

Note that the current first rises, then descends.

```
{curGeneric, curUnits, cur} = applyTimeFunction[motorCurrent, aMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts, t];
curUnits // N
 \texttt{Plot[cur, \{t, 0, 1\}, AxesLabel} \rightarrow \{\texttt{"Seconds", HoldForm[Amps]}\}, \, \texttt{PlotRange} \rightarrow \texttt{All, AxesOrigin} \rightarrow \{\emptyset, \emptyset\}] 
Plot[cur, \{t, 0, 0.01\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Amps]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}]
2.71828^{-4748.84t} ( -3.64588 A ) + 0.349941 A + 2.71828<sup>-6.86584t</sup> ( 3.29594 A )
```





6.3.6. Back EMF

```
{emfGeneric, emfUnits, emf} = applyTimeFunction[motorEMF, aMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts, t];
emfUnits // N // simplifyUnits
Plot[{emf, ∆vappConst /. applyTwelveVolts}, {t, 0, 1},
AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", \ HoldForm[Volts]\}, \ PlotRange \rightarrow All, \ AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{\emptyset, \ \emptyset\}]
2.71828<sup>-6.86584 t</sup> ( -10.8609 V ) +2.71828<sup>-4748.84 t</sup> ( 0.0157026 V ) + 10.8452 V
```



6.3.7. Position, before gearbox

```
{posGeneric, posUnits, pos} = applyTimeFunction[motorPosition, aMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts, t];
  posUnits // N
{\tt Plot[pos, \{t, 0, 1\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Radians]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}]}
\textbf{2.71828}^{\textbf{-4748.84t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{-0.000186114} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \textbf{2.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{610.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.0361} \ \text{rad} \end{array} \right) + \\ \left( -\textbf{89.0359} + \textbf{810.424t} \right) \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828}^{\textbf{-6.86584t}} \left( \begin{array}{c} \textbf{89.03584} \ \text{rad} = \textbf{1.71828} \right)
```



6.3.8. Position, after gearbox

```
{posAfterGeneric, posAfterUnits, posAfter} = applyTimeFunction[motorPositionAfter, aMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts, t];
posAfterUnits // N
Plot[posAfter, \{t, 0, 1\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Radians]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}]
2.71828^{-4748.84t} \left(-3.1019 \times 10^{-6} \text{ rad}\right) + 2.71828^{-6.86584t} \left(1.48394 \text{ rad}\right) + \left(-1.48393 + 10.1737 t\right) \text{ rad}
```



6.4.0. Examples with unitless loads

The unitless loads compute faster, but provide less insight.

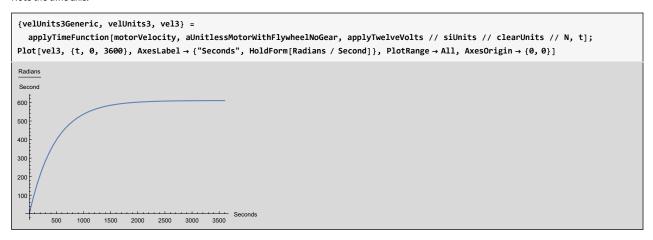
6.4.1. With gear, using flywheel load

```
applyTwelveVolts // siUnits // clearUnits // N
{velUnits2Generic, velUnits2, vel2} =
  applyTimeFunction[motorVelocity, aUnitlessMotorWithFlywheel, applyTwelveVolts // siUnits // clearUnits // N, t];
 Plot[vel2, \{t, 0, 1\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"Seconds", HoldForm[Radians / Second]\}, PlotRange \rightarrow All, AxesOrigin \rightarrow \{0, 0\}] 
\langle \; \middle| \; t \to t \text{, } vapp0 \to 0 \text{., } \tau app0 \to 0 \text{., } \triangle vappConst \to 12. \; \middle| \; \rangle
Radians
Second
```



6.4.2. Without gear, using flywheel load

Note the time axis.



7. Steady State

7.1. Calculating Steady State Values: The Final Value Theorem

7.1.1. The general case

We explore the steady state behavior, the limit of the time domain functions as time goes to infinity.

One way to calculate said limit is to brute-force calculate the limit in question. While that works, and we can and have previously calculated same (Ref: https://github.com/rgatkinson/RobotPhysics/blob/master/MotorPhysics.pdf), it is very slow to do so.

A more efficient way to calculate the steady state behavior is to avail ourselves of the use of the Final Value Theorem (Ref: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/-Final_value_theorem). The final value theorem tells us that if the time-domain limit exists, it is equal to the limit of the Laplace transform of the time domain function as $s \rightarrow 0$.

```
Clear[ssFinalValueTheorem]
ssFinalValueTheorem[model\_, inputs\_] := Module[\{s(\star = Unique[]\star), t(\star = Unique[]\star), xformedInputs, expr\},
    xformedInputs = LaplaceTransform[#[t], t, s] &/@ inputs;
    expr = (model[s] .xformedInputs)[[1]];
    (*Limit is really slow if we include assumptions (!?), so don't*)
    Block[\{\$Assumptions = \{\}\}, Limit[sexpr, s \rightarrow 0] // FullSimplify]
 ]
(ss = {
            ssPos \rightarrow ssFinalValueTheorem[motorPositionModel, \ \{1\,\&,\ \Delta vappConst\ \&,\ \Delta \tau appConst\ \&\}]\ \ //\ \ Factor,
            ssVel → ssFinalValueTheorem[motorVelocityModel, {1 &, ∆vappConst &, ∆rappConst &}] // Factor,
           ssAcc → ssFinalValueTheorem[motorAccelerationModel, {1 &, ∆vappConst &, ∆tappConst &}] // Factor,
           ssEmf → ssFinalValueTheorem[motorEMFModel, {1 &, ∆vappConst &, ∆tappConst &}] // Factor,
            ssCur → ssFinalValueTheorem[motorCurrentModel, {1 &, ΔvappConst &, ΔτappConst &}] // Factor,
            ssVelAfter → ssFinalValueTheorem[motorVelocityAfterModel, {1 &, ∆vappConst &, ∆tappConst &}] // Factor,
            ssAccAfter \rightarrow ssFinalValueTheorem[motorAccelerationAfterModel, \{1\,\&,\,\Delta vappConst\,\&,\,\,\Delta \tau appConst\,\&\}] \ // \ Factor, \ A transport for the contraction of the contra
            ssTorAfter → ssFinalValueTheorem[motorTorqueAfterModel, {1 &, ∆vappConst &, ∆vappConst &}] // Factor
         } // FullSimplify) // prettyPrint
(simpleSs = ss /. {N \rightarrow 1, \eta \rightarrow 1, Bafter \rightarrow 0, \Delta \tau appConst \rightarrow 0, \tau app0 \rightarrow 0, \tau app0 \rightarrow 0} // FullSimplify) // prettyPrint
ssPos → Indeterminate
(Ke Kt+BR) η N2+Bafter R
ssAcc → 0
ssEmf \rightarrow \frac{\text{Ke N (Kt (vapp0+\Delta vappConst) } \eta N+R (\Delta \tau appConst+\tau app0))}{}
                                         (Ke Kt+BR) η N2+Bafter R
(Ke Kt+BR) \eta N<sup>2</sup>+Bafter R
\mathsf{SSTOr} \to \frac{\mathsf{Kt} \, (\mathsf{Bafter} \, (\mathsf{vapp0} + \Delta \mathsf{vappConst}) + \mathsf{N} \, (\mathcal{B} \, (\mathsf{vapp0} + \Delta \mathsf{vappConst}) \, \eta \, \mathsf{N} - \mathsf{Ke} \, (\Delta \, \mathsf{rappConst} + \tau \, \mathsf{app0})))}{\mathsf{N} \, \mathsf{N} \, \mathsf{N} \, \mathsf{N}} 
                                                              (Ke Kt+BR) η N2+Bafter R
ssPosAfter → Indeterminate
ssVelAfter \rightarrow \frac{Kt (vapp0+\Delta vappConst) \eta N+R (\Delta \tau appConst+\tau app0)}{t}
                                           (Ke Kt+BR) η N<sup>2</sup>+Bafter R
ssAccAfter → 0
ssTorAfter \rightarrow \frac{\text{Kt}\,\eta\,N\left(\text{Bafter}\left(\text{vapp0}+\Delta\text{vappConst}\right)+N\left(B\left(\text{vapp0}+\Delta\text{vappConst}\right)\,\eta\,N-\text{Ke}\left(\Delta\text{rappConst}+\text{rapp0}\right)\right)\right)}{2}
                                                                         (Ke Kt+BR) n N2+Bafter R
ssPos → Indeterminate
ssVel → Kt∆vappConst
                    Ke Kt+BR
ssAcc → 0
ssEmf → Ke Kt ∆vappConst
                        Ke Kt+BR
ssCur \rightarrow \frac{B\Delta vappConst}{2}
                     Ke Kt+BR
ssTor → BKt∆vappConst
                     Ke Kt+BR
ssPosAfter → Indeterminate
ssVelAfter → Kt∆vappConst
ssAccAfter → 0
ssTorAfter \rightarrow \frac{B \text{ Kt } \Delta \text{vappConst}}{2}
```

The "Indeterminate" result regarding position is Mathematica informing us that it has proven to itself that the limit does not exist.

7.1.2. With specific examples

Ke Kt+BR

```
ss /. aUnitlessMotorWithFlywheel /. applyTwelveVolts // siUnits // clearUnits
\{ssPos \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVel \rightarrow 610.424, ssAcc \rightarrow 0, ssEmf \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVel \rightarrow 610.424, ssAcc \rightarrow 0, ssEmf \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVel \rightarrow 610.424, ssAcc \rightarrow 0, ssEmf \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVel \rightarrow 610.424, ssAcc \rightarrow 0, ssEmf \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow 10.8452, ssPos \rightarrow
            \texttt{ssTor} \rightarrow \textbf{0.00621728}, \, \texttt{ssPosAfter} \rightarrow \texttt{Indeterminate}, \, \texttt{ssVelAfter} \rightarrow \textbf{10.1737}, \, \texttt{ssAccAfter} \rightarrow \textbf{0}, \, \texttt{ssTorAfter} \rightarrow \textbf{0.335733} \}
```

```
ss /. aUnitlessMotorWithFlywheelNoGear /. applyTwelveVolts // siUnits // clearUnits
\{ssPos \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVel \rightarrow 610.424, ssAcc \rightarrow 0, ssEmf \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVel \rightarrow 610.424, ssAcc \rightarrow 0, ssEmf \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVel \rightarrow 610.424, ssAcc \rightarrow 0, ssEmf \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow 10.8452, ssPos \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow 10.8452, ssCur \rightarrow 0.349941, ssPos \rightarrow 10.8452, ssPos \rightarrow 
          ssTor \rightarrow 0.00621728, ssPosAfter \rightarrow Indeterminate, ssVelAfter \rightarrow 610.424, ssAccAfter \rightarrow 0, ssTorAfter \rightarrow 0.00621728
```

```
aMotorWithFlywheel
\langle \left| \, R \rightarrow \right. \\ \left. \frac{33}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^3 A^2) \, \text{, L} \rightarrow \, \frac{347}{500 \, 000} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A^2) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow 60 \, \text{, } \\ \eta \rightarrow \frac{9}{10} \, \text{, Ke} \rightarrow \, \frac{533}{30 \, 000} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow 60 \, \text{, M} \rightarrow \frac{9}{10} \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2 A \, rad) \, \text{, N} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10} \, kg \, m^2 / \, (s^2
     \textbf{Kt} \rightarrow \frac{533}{30\,000}\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\,\text{s}^2\text{A}\,\text{rad}) \text{ , } \textbf{B} \rightarrow \frac{11}{1\,080\,000}\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,(\,\text{s}\,\text{rad}^2) \text{ , } \textbf{J} \rightarrow \frac{347}{108\,000\,000}\,\text{kg}\,\text{m}^2/\,\text{rad}^2 \text{ , }
```

7.2. On the Applicability of the Final Value Theorem

Can we always use the Final Value Theorem?

No, the Final Value Theorem only applies under certain conditions. Specifically: that all non-zero poles of the transfer function must have negative real parts, and the transfer function must have at most one pole at the origin (Ref: http://www-personal.umich.edu/~dsbaero/others/39-FVTrevisited.pdf). The predicate exhibited in the Conditional Expression of the brute-force result captures exactly these conditions. When using the Final Value Theorem on any concrete system, we will need to test the conditions in any particular application. Lets illustrate by looking at the velocity model.

```
motorVelocityModel
  (velPoles = TransferFunctionPoles[motorVelocityModel] // Flatten // Union)
                                                                    N (Kt vapp0 \eta N + R \tauapp0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     N (R+Ls)
                                                          \texttt{Bafter R} + (\texttt{Ke Kt} + \texttt{B R}) \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \quad \texttt{Ke Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ (\texttt{B} + \texttt{J S}) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Eather R} + (\texttt{Ke Kt} \ \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 + (\texttt{R} + \texttt{L S}) \ \left( \texttt{Bafter} + \texttt{Jafter S} + \eta \ \mathbb{N}^2 \ (\texttt{B} + \texttt{J S}) \right) \right) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Safter R} + (\texttt{Mather R}) \ (\texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \ (\texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \ (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather R}) \\ \quad \left( \texttt{Mather R}) + (\texttt{Mather 
  (2 (Jafter L + J L \eta N<sup>2</sup>)),
                   \left(-\mathsf{Bafter}\;\mathsf{L} - \mathsf{Jafter}\;\mathsf{R} - \mathsf{B}\;\mathsf{L}\;\eta\;\mathsf{N}^2 - \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{R}\;\eta\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \sqrt{\;\left(-\mathsf{4}\;\left(\mathsf{Jafter}\;\mathsf{L} + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{L}\;\eta\;\mathsf{N}^2\right)\;\left(\mathsf{Bafter}\;\mathsf{R} + \mathsf{Ke}\;\mathsf{Kt}\;\eta\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{B}\;\mathsf{R}\;\eta\;\mathsf{N}^2\right)\;+\;\left(\mathsf{Bafter}\;\mathsf{L} + \mathsf{Jafter}\;\mathsf{R} + \mathsf{B}\;\mathsf{L}\;\eta\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{R}\;\eta\;\mathsf{N}^2\right)^2\right)\;\right)\;/\;\mathsf{A}^2} + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{R}\;\mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2\right)^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}\;\mathsf{N}^2 + \mathsf{J}\;\mathsf{N}^2 
                                (2 (Jafter L + J L \eta N^2))
```

In order to get a feel for where these zeros are in practice, let's look at them for an actual example motor. We compute where the poles occur for one of our examples:

```
velPoles /. aMotorWithFlywheel // siUnits // clearUnits // N
{-4748.84, -6.86584}
```

This, for this example, the Final Value Theorem applies (at least for velocity). As another example, adding a ridiculous additional load moves the poles, but they remain in the LHS of the complex plane.

```
velPoles /. addMotorLoad[aMotor, flywheel[Quantity[1000, "kg"], Quantity[1, "m"]]] // siUnits // clearUnits // N
{-4755.04, -0.000685831}
```

An analogous analytic development awaits a future revision to this document, as do examples that involve gears or externally applied torque.

8. More Administrivia

```
saveDefinitions[outputDirectory <> "Misc.m",
      \{importMotorData,\ motorParameters,\ motorLoad,\ flywheel,\ addMotorLoad,\ massOnPulley,\ applyTimeFunction,\ ss,\ simpleSs,\ massOnPulley,\ massOnPull
             {\tt velAfterGeneric,\ steadyVelAfterGeneric,\ brakeVelAfterGeneric,\ velGeneric,}
             tor After Generic,\ tor Generic,\ cur Generic,\ emf Generic,\ pos Generic,\ pos After Generic
```

9. Revision History

- 2018.07.23 Added acceleration-dependant external torque. Corrected "viscous friction" to "viscous drag". Clarified usage of units.
- 2018.08.06 Added gearbox support, removed time consuming internal tests. Regularized state variable names. Removed (flawed) "Back EMF vs Applied Voltage" discussion
- 2018.08.06 Renamed variables. Remove setting \$Assumptions (that can slow things down)
- 2018.08.11 Added initial conditions support
- 2018.08.12 Bug fixes, miscellaneous polish