Arrays

Multiple Value Storage

Key – Value Pairs

Most data (even in the human world) is expressed in key – value pairs.

For example:

City Name = Paris

Country Name = France

City Name is the key, Paris is the value.

Country Name is the key, France is the value.

In arrays, data is also expressed in key – value pairs.

Array Creation

Arrays are stored in variables

Use the array function

```
$northAmerica = array('Canada','United States','Mexico');
```

```
Use an array bracket (as of PHP 5.4)
$northAmerica = ['Canada','United States','Mexico'];
```

Use individual brackets

```
$northAmerica[] = 'Canada';
$northAmerica[] = 'United States';
$northAmerica[] = 'Mexico';
```

\$northAmerica is the same in all cases.

Array Types

Arrays fall with three types:

- Numeric (a.k.a. indexed)
- Associative
- Multidimensional

These types are largely indicative of the key (key-value) type used in the array.

Indexed or Numeric

Indexed arrays use numeric values (starting at 0) as keys.

Values can be manually assigned

\$africa = array(0=>'Egypt', 1=>'Morocco', 2=>'Ghana');

Values will be automatically assigned

\$africa = array('Egypt', 'Morocco', 'Ghana');

Both arrays are identical.

Associative

Associative arrays use strings as keys. String keys must be quoted.

```
$japan['capital'] = 'Tokyo';
$japan['pop'] = 127000000;
$japan['lifespan'] = 84.4;
$japan['govt'] = 'parliamentary';
```

Multidimensional

A multidimensional array is an array of arrays.

A multidimensional array can be mixed or all the same type (meaning indexed or associative).

\$asia is the name of the multidimensional array, while the interior arrays are indexed, beginning with 0 (zero).

Accessing Indexed Values

\$africa is a simple, indexed array.

```
$africa = array('Egypt', 'Morocco', 'Ghana');
```

```
echo $africa[1]; // Morocco
echo $africa[2]; // Ghana
echo $africa[0]; // Egypt
```

Accessing Associative Values

\$japan is a simple, associative array.

```
$japan = array('capital'=>'Tokyo',
'pop'=>127000000,
'lifespan'=>84.4,
'govt'=>'parliamentary');
```

```
echo $japan['govt']; // parliamentary echo $japan['capital']; // Tokyo echo $japa['pop']; // 127000000 echo $japan['lifespan']; // 84.4
```

Accessing Multidimensional Values

Multidimensional values require using the large array name, then the keys of the values in the interior arrays.

echo \$asia[0][1]; // this should be the population of Japan - 127000000 echo \$asia[1]['lifespan']; // this should be lifespan in China – 75.15 echo \$asia[2]['govt']; // this should be the government of India – Federal Republic