Final Exam

 $Blain\ Morin$

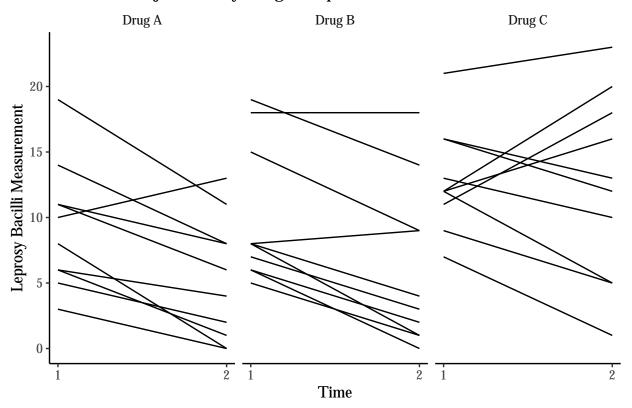
October 27, 2018

Part 1:

Question 1: Create the following plots:

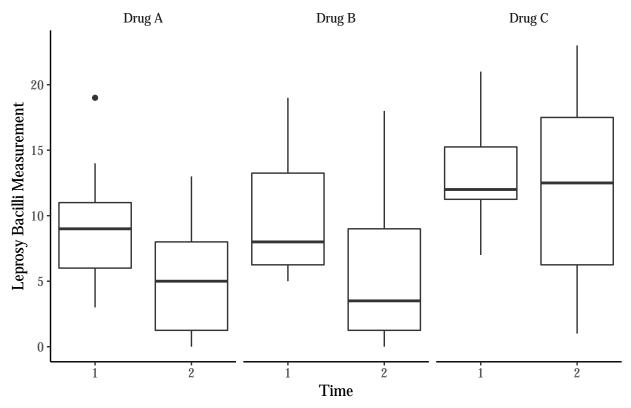
i. Line ("spaghetti") plots to present the individual trajectories of the primary outcome by treatment group

Individual Trajectories by Drug Group



ii. Plots to present the overall change in the mean primary outcome by treatment group

Boxplots: Average Measurement Over Time, by Drug



Question 2: Choose an appropriate regression model to describe the effect of treatment on the change in the primary outcome over time. Fit the model to the data and answer the following questions:

Table 1: Mixed Model Regressions

		$Dependent\ variable:$			
	Leprosy Bacilli Measurement				
	Random Intercept Model	Random Slope Model	Fixed Effects Model		
	(1)	(2)	(3)		
Drug B	0.600	0.600	0.600		
	(3.473)	(2.756)	(3.473)		
Drug C	0.200	0.200	0.200		
	(3.473)	(2.756)	(3.473)		
Time (Continuous)	-4.000***	-4.000***	-4.000***		
,	(1.243)	(1.547)	(1.243)		
Drug B : Time	0.100	0.100	0.100		
	(1.758)	(2.187)	(1.758)		
Drug C : Time	3.400^{*}	3.400	3.400^{*}		
	(1.758)	(2.187)	(1.758)		
Constant	13.300***	13.300***	13.300***		
	(2.456)	(1.949)	(2.456)		
Observations	60	60	60		
Log Likelihood	-164.239	-164.042	-164.239		
Akaike Inf. Crit.	344.478	344.084	344.478		
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	361.233	360.839	360.390		

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01 Reference Group is Drug A

- i. Explain why you chose the particular model.
- ii. Is the change in the primary outcome the same for all three treatments according to this model?
- iii. Interpret the regression coefficients.

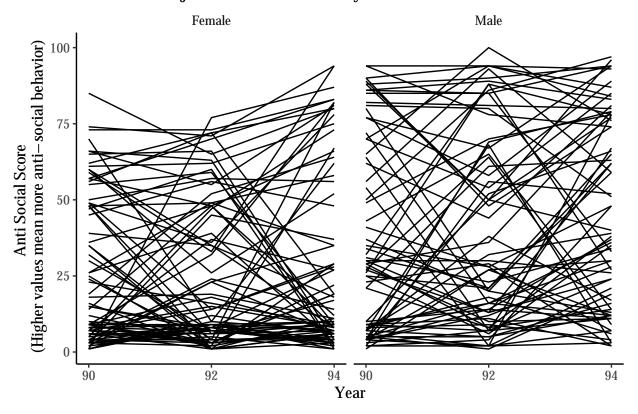
Part 2:

Question 3: Explore the data. Provide descriptive statistics and graphs to present the information included in this dataset in a meaningful and comprehensive way to your collaborators.

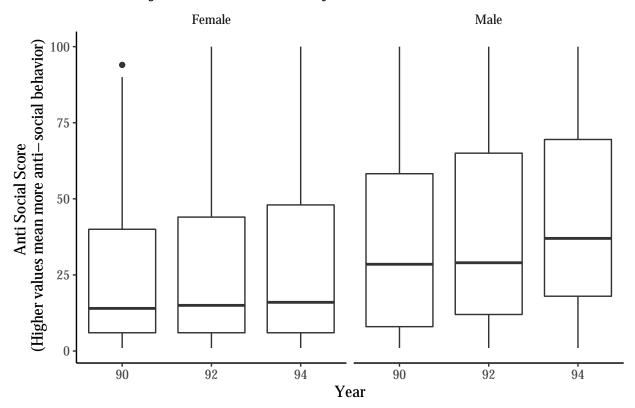
Table 2: Summary Statistics

Statistic	Mean	St. Dev.	Min	Max	N
Anti Score	33.271	28.964	1	100	1,743
Female	0.504	0.500	0	1	1,743
Poverty	0.329	0.470	0	1	1,743
Mom's Age	20.656	2.188	16	25	1,743
Child's Age	8.944	0.601	8	10	1,743
Hispanic	0.244	0.430	0	1	1,743
Black	0.363	0.481	0	1	1,743
Mom Works	0.336	0.472	0	1	1,743
Mom Married	0.236	0.425	0	1	1,743

Individual Trajectories Over Time, By Gender



Mean Trajectories Over Time, By Gender



Question 4: One of the doctors (Doctor 1) is only interested in overall differences in the antisocial behavior scores between baseline and the end of the follow-up period (1994). He is not interested in describing any particular time trend. He also wants to compare these differences between boys and girls.

i. What methodology would you apply in order to answer this doctor's research question? State the form (write the mathematical formula) of the model (M1) that you will fit to your data.

Mean Response

 $M1: E[Y_i|X_i] = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Female + \beta_2 Time 94 + \beta_3 Female * Time 94$

ii. Based on the model results what is your conclusion about the changes in the mean response over time between boys and girls?

Table 3: Regression Results M1

	$Dependent\ variable:$
	Anti Social Score
Female	-10.552^{***}
	(2.336)
Year = 94	8.396***
	(1.680)
Female * Time94	-5.416**
	(2.365)
Constant	35.934***
	(1.659)
Observations	1,162
Log Likelihood	-5,440.820
Akaike Inf. Crit.	10,893.640
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	10,923.970
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
	Year is categorical, reference year is 1990

iii. What is the model estimate of the difference in the average antisocial behavior scores between:

a. boys and girls at baseline?

$$/\beta_1/=10.552$$

b. boys and girls in 1994?

$$/\beta_1 + \beta_3/ = 15.569$$

c. 1990 and 1994 for boys?

$$/\beta_2/=8.396$$

d. 1990 and 1994 for girls?

$$/\beta_2 + \beta_3/ = 2.98$$

e. boys in 1994 and girls in 1990?

$$/\beta_2 - \beta_1/ = 18.948$$

f. boys in 1990 and girls in 1994?

$$/\beta_1 + \beta_2 + \beta_3/ = 7.572$$

iv. List key weaknesses of this methodology

- Not suitable for unbalanced data
- Ignores time ordering
- Hard to include continuous covariates in the model
- The total number of parameters grows rapidly with

Question 5: Another doctor (Doctor 2), who is also interested in overall changes of antisocial behavior score between boys and girls, believes that there must be some time trend in these changes. He wants to describe the trends during the follow-up period, adjusting for other important covariates.

- i. What methodology (model M2) would be more appropriate in this case? Why?
- -Marginal model, not interested in individual predictions, can add continuous covariates, treats time as continuous
- ii. Using this methodology try to answer the primary research question to the best of your ability, by:
- a. Choosing an appropriate covariance pattern model.

Table 4: Choosing Best Correlation Structure for Full Model

	<i>D</i>	ependent variab	ole:
		Anti Social Sco	
	Unstructured	AR1	Exchangeable
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Year (Continuous)	-21.628	-21.758	-21.020
	(60.531)	(64.027)	(56.563)
Year2	0.129	0.130	0.126
	(0.329)	(0.348)	(0.307)
Mom Age	-0.481	-0.482	-0.402
	(0.453)	(0.452)	(0.434)
Female = 1	129.614	117.913	184.434
	(3,916.701)	(4,146.603)	(3,663.185)
Age	1.881	1.712	1.782
	(1.633)	(1.629)	(1.565)
Hispanic = 1	-3.216	-3.146	-3.701
	(2.476)	(2.470)	(2.374)
Black = 1	3.581	3.877*	2.845
	(2.258)	(2.252)	(2.167)
Mom Works = 1	4.753**	5.056**	4.006**
	(2.058)	(2.054)	(1.977)
Mom Married = 1	0.069	0.190	-0.209
	(2.266)	(2.261)	(2.176)
Poverty $= 1$	4.134***	3.865**	5.399***
	(1.522)	(1.520)	(1.543)
Year * Female	-1.768	-1.513	-2.966
	(85.244)	(90.167)	(79.656)
Year2 * Female	0.002	0.001	0.009
	(0.464)	(0.490)	(0.433)
Constant	927.300	934.649	898.798
	(2,781.303)	(2,944.573)	(2,601.251)
Observations	1,743	1,743	1,743
Log Likelihood	-8,022.325	-8,030.515	-8,046.573
Akaike Inf. Crit.	$16,\!078.650$	16,091.030	$16,\!123.150$
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	16,171.400	16,172.870	16,204.990
Note:		*p<0.1; **p<	0.05; ***p<0.01

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b. Following a model selection procedure to identify important covariates to adjust the results.

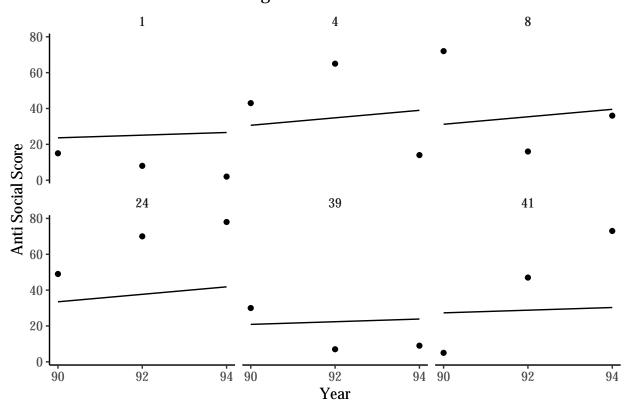
Table 5: Backwards Step Regression

	Dependent variable:				
	antiscore				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Year (Continuous)	-21.628 p = 0.721	-21.844 p = 0.608	-21.844 p = 0.608	2.085^{***} p = 0.00000	2.085^{***} p = 0.00000
Year2	0.129 p = 0.696	0.130 p = 0.575	0.130 p = 0.575		
Mom Age	-0.481 p = 0.289	-0.481 p = 0.289	-0.481 $p = 0.288$	-0.481 p = 0.288	
Female = 1	129.614 p = 0.974	109.965^{**} p = 0.043	109.963** p = 0.043	109.963^{**} p = 0.043	109.904** $p = 0.043$
Age	p = 0.250	1.881 $p = 0.250$	1.881 $p = 0.249$	p = 0.249	2.284 p = 0.150
Hispanic = 1	-3.216 p = 0.194	-3.217 p = 0.194	-3.215 p = 0.194	-3.216 p = 0.194	-2.971 p = 0.228
Black = 1	3.581 $p = 0.113$	3.580 p = 0.113	3.579 p = 0.113	3.578 p = 0.113	3.842^* p = 0.087
Mom Works = 1	4.753^{**} p = 0.021	4.751^{**} p = 0.021	4.745^{**} p = 0.021	4.744^{**} p = 0.021	4.722^{**} p = 0.022
Mom Married = 1	0.069 p = 0.976	0.069 p = 0.976			
Poverty = 1	4.134^{***} p = 0.007	4.136^{***} p = 0.007	4.144^{***} p = 0.007	4.145^{***} p = 0.007	4.278^{***} p = 0.005
Year * Female	-1.768 p = 0.984	-1.340^{**} p = 0.023	-1.340^{**} p = 0.023	-1.340^{**} p = 0.023	-1.340^{**} p = 0.023
Year2 * Female	0.002 p = 0.996				
Constant	927.300 p = 0.739	937.208 p = 0.632	937.233 $p = 0.632$	-162.133*** p = 0.0002	-175.888*** p = 0.00002
Observations Log Likelihood Akaike Inf. Crit. Bayesian Inf. Crit.	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,743 \\ -8,022.325 \\ 16,078.650 \\ 16,171.400 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,743 \\ -8,022.475 \\ 16,076.950 \\ 16,164.250 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,743 \\ -8,024.212 \\ 16,078.420 \\ 16,160.280 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,743 \\ -8,023.826 \\ 16,075.650 \\ 16,152.060 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,743 \\ -8,024.518 \\ 16,075.030 \\ 16,145.990 \end{array} $
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01				.05; ***p<0.01

iii. State the form of the "best" model M2 that you fit to the data. Based on the results from fitting this model, what do you think about the changes in the mean response over time between boys and girls? Interpret the respective model coefficients.

iv. The doctor wishes to know how well the model predicts for individuals with id = 1, 4, 8, 24, 39, and 41. Provide him with the actual values (observed and predicted), and a plot to answer his question. Comment on the results.

Observed vs Predicted: Marginal



v. Adjust your results (M2) for poverty status (if you have not done so already). Interpret the effect of this covariate on the outcome of interest.

Question 6: Another doctor (Doctor 3) is more interested in being able to give advice to parents regarding worrisome social behavior of their child based on the specific characteristics of each case.

i. What methodology would you recommend in this case? Explain.

-mixed model, can make preds for individuals

ii. Perform a detailed model selection procedure to find the model (M3) that best fits the data. Describe the steps you followed and provide results for M3. State the form of model M3 and describe the main model assumptions.

Table 6: Choosing Random Effects

	Deper	ndent variable:			
	antiscore				
	Random Int and Slope	Random Int	Random Slope		
	(1)	(2)	(3)		
Time	1.591	1.587	1.620		
	(1.385)	(1.449)	(1.836)		
Time2	0.129	0.130	0.123		
	(0.330)	(0.348)	(0.435)		
Mom's Age	-0.454	-0.482	-0.342		
	(0.451)	(0.452)	(0.329)		
Female = 1	-10.724***	-10.688***	-10.865***		
	(2.278)	(2.308)	(2.003)		
Age	1.509	1.712	0.980		
	(1.626)	(1.629)	(1.180)		
Hispanic = 1	-3.251	-3.146	-3.694**		
	(2.466)	(2.470)	(1.795)		
Black = 1	3.883*	3.877*	3.451**		
	(2.249)	(2.252)	(1.664)		
Mom Works = 1	5.083**	5.056**	4.766***		
	(2.051)	(2.054)	(1.515)		
Mom Married = 1	0.187	0.190	-0.153		
	(2.259)	(2.261)	(1.658)		
Poverty $= 1$	4.205***	3.865**	6.573***		
	(1.525)	(1.520)	(1.554)		
Time * Female	-1.351	-1.345	-1.392		
	(1.950)	(2.040)	(2.585)		
Time2 * Female	0.003	0.001	0.015		
	(0.464)	(0.490)	(0.612)		
Constant	28.115	26.965	30.269**		
	(19.306)	(19.339)	(14.047)		
Observations	1,743	1,743	1,743		
Log Likelihood	-8,026.811	-8,030.515	-8,197.651		
Akaike Inf. Crit.	16,087.620	16,091.030	16,425.300		
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	16,180.500	$16,\!172.980$	16,507.250		

Note:

Table 7: Choosing Covariates: Backwards Step Regression

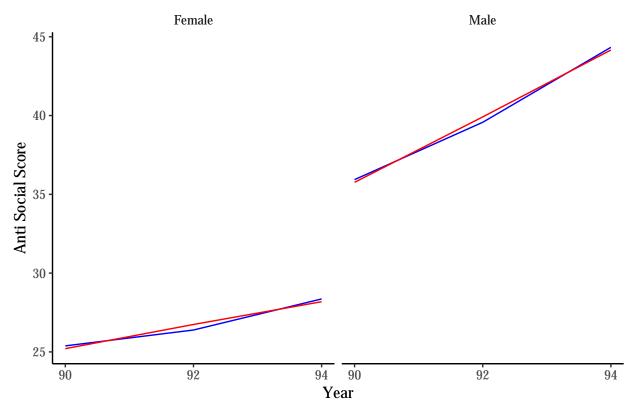
	Dependent variable:				
			antiscore		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Time	p = 0.251	1.586 $p = 0.120$	p = 0.120	2.106^{***} p = 0.00000	$ 2.107^{***} p = 0.00000 $
Time2	0.129 p = 0.697	0.130 p = 0.575	0.130 p = 0.575		
Mom's Age	-0.454 p = 0.315	-0.454 p = 0.316	-0.455 p = 0.313	-0.455 p = 0.313	
Female = 1	-10.724*** p = 0.00001	-10.728*** p = 0.00000	-10.728*** p = 0.00000	-10.728*** $p = 0.00000$	-10.756^{***} p = 0.00000
Age	1.509 p = 0.354	p = 0.354	p = 0.353	p = 0.353	1.884 $p = 0.234$
Hispanic = 1	-3.251 p = 0.188	-3.251 p = 0.188	-3.245 p = 0.188	-3.245 p = 0.188	-3.016 p = 0.219
Black = 1	3.883^* p = 0.085	3.883^* p = 0.085	3.883^* $p = 0.084$	3.883^* p = 0.084	4.134^* p = 0.065
$Mom\ Works = 1$	5.083^{**} p = 0.014	5.082^{**} p = 0.014	5.066^{**} p = 0.014	5.066^{**} p = 0.014	5.048** $p = 0.014$
Mom Married = 1	0.187 $p = 0.934$	0.187 p = 0.934			
Poverty = 1	4.205*** $p = 0.006$	4.206^{***} p = 0.006	4.225^{***} p = 0.006	4.226*** p = 0.006	4.360*** $p = 0.004$
Time * Female	-1.351 p = 0.489	-1.340^{**} p = 0.025	-1.340^{**} p = 0.025	-1.340^{**} p = 0.025	-1.339^{**} p = 0.025
Time2 * Female	0.003 $p = 0.996$				
Constant	28.115 $p = 0.146$	28.116 $p = 0.146$	28.188 $p = 0.144$	28.015 $p = 0.146$	15.096 $p = 0.293$
Observations Log Likelihood Akaike Inf. Crit. Bayesian Inf. Crit.	1,743 -8,026.811 16,087.620 16,180.500	1,743 -8,026.963 16,085.930 16,173.340	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,743 \\ -8,028.700 \\ 16,087.400 \\ 16,169.350 \end{array} $	1,743 -8,028.315 16,084.630 16,161.120	1,743 -8,028.946 16,083.890 16,154.920

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

iii. Provide descriptive statistics and plot(s) to compare the estimated (by M3) vs the observed averages by sex at each time point.

Observed (Blue) vs Predicted (Red) Mean



iv. The doctor wishes to know how well the model predicts for individuals with id = 1, 4, 8, 24, 39, and 41. Provide him with the actual values (observed and predicted), and a plot to answer his question.

Observed vs Predicted: Mixed

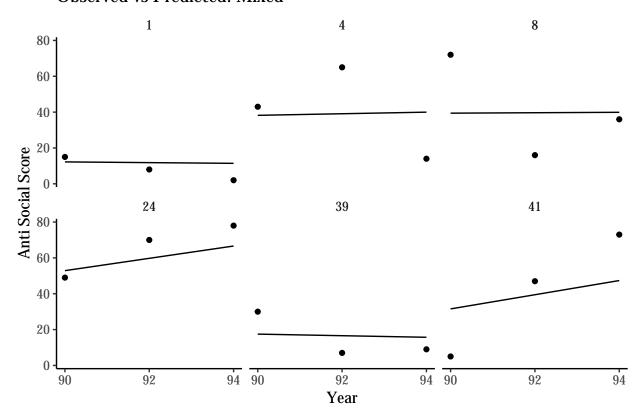


Table 8: Predicted vs Observed Antisocial Score

id	Year	Obeserved	Predicted	Error
1	90	15	12	3
1	92	8	12	-4
1	94	2	11	-9
4	90	43	38	5
4	92	65	39	26
4	94	14	40	-26
8	90	72	39	33
8	92	16	40	-24
8	94	36	40	-4
24	90	49	53	-4
24	92	70	60	10
24	94	78	67	11
39	90	30	17	13
39	92	7	17	-10
39	94	9	16	-7
41	90	5	32	-27
41	92	47	39	8
41	94	73	47	26