

## Problem 7.2 Plots)

So, we can start here by writing out the given values of Resistance and Capacitance which is ( $\times 10^3$ ) and ( $\times 10^{-6}$ ) for kilo and micro respectively. If we multiply these together we can get the time constant which we will use in out Charge and current expressions in place of RC. Then all we need to do is write out the functions and plot them.

```
(*Constants for Resistance, Capacitance, and time*)
R = 110 * 10^3
c = 27 * 10^(-6)
tcon = R * c
V0 = 120

(*Equations for Charge and Current from part a*)
Charge[t_] := V0 * c * Exp[-t / tcon]
Current[t_] := (V0 / R) * Exp[-t / tcon]

(*Plotting of Charge and Current for part a*)
Plot[Charge[t], {t, 0, 5 * tcon}, AxesLabel -> {"Time(s)", "Charge(C)"},
PlotLabel -> "Discharge of Capacitor vs Time"]
Plot[Current[t], {t, 0, 5 * tcon}, AxesLabel -> {"Time(s)", "Current(C/s)"},
PlotLabel -> "Current of Discharging of Capacitor vs Time"]

(*Equations for Charge and Current from part c*)
Charge2[t_] := V0 * c * (1 - Exp[-t / tcon])
Current2[t_] := (V0 / R) * Exp[-t / tcon]

(*Plotting of Charge and Current for part c*)
Plot[Charge2[t], {t, 0, 5 * tcon}, AxesLabel -> {"Time(s)", "Charge(C)"},
PlotLabel -> "Discharge of Capacitor vs Time"]
Plot[Current2[t], {t, 0, 5 * tcon}, AxesLabel -> {"Time(s)", "Current(C/s)"},
PlotLabel -> "Current of Discharging of Capacitor vs Time"]
```

Out[53]= 110 000

Out[54]=  $\frac{27}{1000000}$

Out[55]=  $\frac{297}{100}$

Out[56]= 120

