4.5 IMPORTING AND EXPORTING DATA

MATLAB is often used for analyzing data that was recorded in experiments or generated by other computer programs. This can be done by first importing the data into MATLAB. Similarly, data that is produced by MATLAB sometimes needs to be transferred to other computer applications. There are various types of data (numerical, text, audio, graphics, and images). This section describes only how to import and export numerical data, which is probably the most common type of data that needs to be transferred by new users of MATLAB. For other types of data transfer, look in the Help Window under File I/O.

Importing data can be done either by using commands or by using the Import Wizard. Commands are useful when the format of the data being imported is known. MATLAB has several commands that can be used for importing various types of data. Importing commands can also be included in a script file such that the data is imported when the script is executed. The Import Wizard is useful when the format of the data (or the command that is applicable for importing the data) is not known. The Import Wizard determines the format of the data and automatically imports it.

4.5.1 Commands for Importing and Exporting Data

This section describes—in detail—how to transfer data into and out of Excel spreadsheets. Microsoft Excel is commonly used for storing data, and Excel is compatible with many data recording devices and computer applications. Many people are also capable of importing and exporting various data formats into and from Excel. MATLAB also has commands for transferring data directly to and from formats such as csv and ASCII, as well as to the spreadsheet program Lotus 123. Details of these and many other commands can be found in the Help Window under File I/O

Importing and exporting data into and from Excel:

Importing data from Excel is done with the xlsread command. When the command is executed, the data from the spreadsheet is assigned as an array to a variable. The simplest form of the xlsread command is:

```
variable_name = xlsread('filename')
```

- 'filename' (typed as a string) is the name of the Excel file. The directory of the Excel file must be either the current directory or listed in the search path.
- If the Excel file has more than one sheet, the data will be imported from the first sheet.

When an Excel file has several sheets, the xlsread command can be used to import data from a specified sheet. The form of the command is then:

```
variable_name = xlsread('filename', 'sheet_name')
```

• The name of the sheet is typed as a string.

Another option is to import only a portion of the data that is in the spreadsheet. This is done by typing an additional argument in the command:

```
variable_name = xlsread(`filename', `sheet_name', `range')
```

• The 'range' (typed as a string) is a rectangular region of the spreadsheet defined by the addresses (in Excel notation) of the cells at opposite corners of the region. For example, 'C2:E5' is a 4×3 region of rows 2, 3, 4, and 5 and columns C, D, and E.

Exporting data from MATLAB to an Excel spreadsheet is done by using the xlswrite command. The simplest form of the command is:

```
xlswrite('filename', variable_name)
```

- 'filename' (typed as a string) is the name of the Excel file to which the data is exported. The file must be in the current directory. If the file does not exist, a new Excel file with the specified name will be created.
- variable_name is the name of the variable in MATLAB with the assigned data that is being exported.
- The arguments 'sheet_name' and 'range' can be added to the xls-write command to export to a specified sheet and to a specified range of cells, respectively.

As an example, the data from the Excel spreadsheet shown in Figure 4-7 is imported into MATLAB by using the xlsread command.

Microsoft Excel - TestData1.xls □□												
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Figure 4-7: Excel spreadsheet with data.