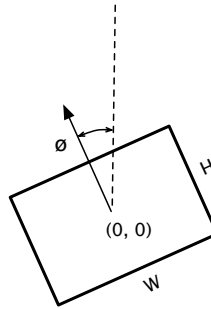


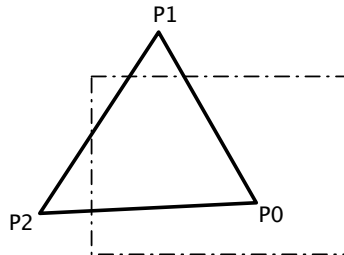
6. (a) What is meant by orthographic and perspective projection? What is the screen  $y$  coordinate of  $(p_x, p_y, p_z)$  if the centre of projection is at  $(0, 0, 0)$  and the view-plane is at a distance  $d$  from the viewer? [6]
- (b) A viewing system is defined with the eye at  $(0, 0, 1)$ , an up-vector  $(0, -1, 0)^T$  and a view plane given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 0.$$

- i. What are the view coordinates  $(v_x, v_y)$  of world coordinates  $(w_x, w_y, w_z)$ ? [4]
- ii. What are the screen coordinates of the same points on a viewport of size  $H \times W$  which is centred on the view axis and has an up-vector which is at  $\phi$  degrees to the vertical axis? [4]



- (c) Describe carefully the Sutherland-Hodgman polygon clipping algorithm. Illustrate your answer with the following example. Show when it can fail to work correctly.



- [6]
- (d) What are winding numbers and how do they work? [5]