(FS), for detecting congestion on road R. TC is 92% effective at identifying congestion when it is present, but has a 28% false positive rate. FS has a true positive rate of 71% and a 19% false positive rate. Suppose that the probability of congestion

(a) Explain the four types of reasoning that can be done using probabilistic inference. [4](b) Suppose that there are two independent sensors, traffic camera (TC) and flow sensor

on R is 0.7. Which sensor returning positive is a better indicator of congestion, assuming only a single sensor is used? Justify your answer mathematically and give P(congestion|TC) and P(congestion|FS). [6]

(c) Using inference by enumeration and the Bayesian network below, compute the prob-

- ability of Congestion Detected given Traffic App and Radio Alert are true. [12]

 P(TC)

 Traffic Camera

 Congestion
 Detected
- P(TA) TC FS P(CD) P(RA) CD Traffic App Radio Alert Т .91 .91 .61 .74 .08 .03 .82 .15
- (d) Suppose that you are tasked with constructing a Bayesian Network for a traffic management system, and are given an ordered set of nodes (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) . Describe
 - how you would use Pearl's Bayesian Network construction algorithm to create the network. [3]