

3. (a) Explain the difference between synthesized and inherited attributes. [8]

(b) Consider the following grammar for arithmetic expressions:

$S \rightarrow E$	$T \rightarrow T "*" F$	$F \rightarrow id$
$E \rightarrow E "+" T$	$T \rightarrow F$	$F \rightarrow num$
$E \rightarrow T$		$F \rightarrow "(" E ")"$

- Show two specific ways in which error recovery can be added into an LR parser for this language. Illustrate with examples. [8]
- Any arithmetic expression can be associated with its postfix form, which places the operator after the representation of both operands. For example, the postfix of $(5+4)*(3+2)$ is $5\ 4\ +\ 3\ 2\ +\ *$. Design attribute rules for the above grammar that produce the postfix representation of an expression. [9]