Homework 2

- 1. Review Theorem 5.4.6. You do not need to turn in anything for this problem. You will most likely use it for Casella and Berger problem 5.24
- 2. Refer to Theorem 5.2.11. Prove that the following families of distributions are or are not exponential families:
 - a) Poisson
 - b) Uniform
- 3. Exercise 5.17.
 - a) Recall that X = (U/p)/(V/q) with $U \sim \chi_p^2$, $V \sim \chi_q^2$, U, V independent. Start with the joint pdf of U, V. Use the Jacobian method of transformations to get X and a second, trivially transformed second variable. Multiply by 1 to get something inside the integral that looks like a Gamma random variable.
 - b) Make heavy use of the fact that $X \sim F_{q,p}$ is equivalent to

$$X = (U/p)/(V/q)$$

with $U \sim \chi_p^2$, $V \sim \chi_q^2$, and U, V independent. Also, use multiplication by 1 (in a special way) to turn the integral of some nasty stuff into a chi-square or gamma distribution.

- c)
- d) Use Theorem 2.1.5.
- 4. Exercise 5.18 (a, b). You may use the result in b to simplify a.
- 5. Exercise 5.24
- 6. **(OPTIONAL)** Exercise 5.36 this problem is not required, but it is good practice with (a) iterative expectations and variance (theorems 4.4.3 and 4.4.7), (b) an example where the delta method does <u>not</u> apply even though it looks like it should, and (c) calculations with moment generating functions using its mathematical definition (definition 2.3.6)
- 7. Exercise 5.44