Name: _____

4-digit code: _____

- Write your name and the last 4 digits of your SSN in the space provided above.
- The test has five (5) pages, including this one and the table of Laplace transforms at the end.
- Show sufficient work to justify all answers unless otherwise stated in the problem. Correct answers with inconsistent work may not be given credit.
- Credit for each problem is given at the right of each problem number.
- No books, notes or calculators may be used on this test.

Page	**Max**	**Points**
2	35	
3	40	
4	25	
Total	100	

Problem 1 (20 pts)**.** Use exclusively techniques based on the Laplace transform to solve the initial value problem $x'' + 3x' + 2x = t$ that satisfies $x(0) = 0, x'(0) = 2$.

Problem 2 (15pts)**.** Find the Laplace transform of $f(x) = \sin 3x \cos 3x$.

Problem 3 (10pts)**.** Find the Laplace transform of the function $f(x) = xe^{2x}\cos(3x)$.

Problem 4 (10pts)**.** Find the Laplace transform of $f(x) = \sin(x)/x$.

Problem 5 (20pts)**.** Find the inverse Laplace transform of $F(s) = (s^2 + b^2)^{-2}$

Problem 6 (25pts)**.** Given the system of differential equations below,

$$\begin{cases} x' = 4x - 3y \\ y' = 6x - 7y \end{cases}$$

and initial conditions $x(0) = 0$, $y(0) = 1$,

(a) Use Euler's method to solve it numerically, with time step size $h = 1$, for $N = 3$ steps.

(b) Solve the system using the method of elimination. Feel free to use Cramer's rule if you please.

Table of Laplace Transforms

	$f(t)=\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}$	$F(s)=\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$		$f(t)=\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}$	$F(s)=\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$
1.	1	$\frac{1}{s}$	2.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}$	$\frac{1}{s-a}$
3.	$t^n,\quad n=1,2,3,\ldots$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	4.	t^p, $p>-1$	$\frac{\Gamma(p+1)}{s^{p+1}}$
5.	$\sqrt{t}$	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2s^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	6.	$t^{n-\frac{1}{2}},\quad n=1,2,3,\ldots$	$\frac{1\cdot3\cdot5\cdots(2n-1)\sqrt{\pi}}{2^n s^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}$
7.	$\sin(at)$	$\frac{a}{s^2+a^2}$	8.	$\cos(at)$	$\frac{s}{s^2+a^2}$
9.	$t\sin(at)$	$\frac{2as}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$	10.	$t\cos(at)$	$\frac{s^2-a^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$
11.	$\sin(at)-at\cos(at)$	$\frac{2a^3}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$	12.	$\sin(at)+at\cos(at)$	$\frac{2as^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$
13.	$\cos(at)-at\sin(at)$	$\frac{s(s^2-a^2)}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$	14.	$\cos(at)+at\sin(at)$	$\frac{s(s^2+3a^2)}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$
15.	$\sin(at+b)$	$\frac{s\sin(b)+a\cos(b)}{s^2+a^2}$	16.	$\cos(at+b)$	$\frac{s\cos(b)-a\sin(b)}{s^2+a^2}$
17.	$\sinh(at)$	$\frac{a}{s^2-a^2}$	18.	$\cosh(at)$	$\frac{s}{s^2-a^2}$
19.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}\sin(bt)$	$\frac{b}{(s-a)^2+b^2}$	20.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}\cos(bt)$	$\frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2+b^2}$
21.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}\sinh(bt)$	$\frac{b}{(s-a)^2-b^2}$	22.	$\mathbf{e}^{at}\cosh(bt)$	$\frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2-b^2}$
23.	$t^n\mathbf{e}^{at},\quad n=1,2,3,\ldots$	$\frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}$	24.	$f(ct)$	$\frac{1}{c}F\left(\frac{s}{c}\right)$
25.	$u_c(t)=u(t-c)$ Heaviside Function	$\frac{\mathbf{e}^{-cs}}{s}$	26.	$\delta(t-c)$ Dirac Delta Function	$\mathbf{e}^{-cs}$
27.	$u_c(t)f(t-c)$	$\mathbf{e}^{-cs}F(s)$	28.	$u_c(t)g(t)$	$\mathbf{e}^{-cs}\mathcal{L}\{g(t+c)\}$
29.	$\mathbf{e}^{ct}f(t)$	$F(s-c)$	30.	$t^n f(t),\quad n=1,2,3,\ldots$	$(-1)^n F^{(n)}(s)$
31.	$\frac{1}{t}f(t)$	$\int_s^\infty F(u)\,du$	32.	$\int_0^t f(v)\,dv$	$\frac{F(s)}{s}$
33.	$\int_0^t f(t-\tau)g(\tau)\,d\tau$	$F(s)G(s)$	34.	$f(t+T)=f(t)$	$\frac{\int_0^T \mathbf{e}^{-st}f(t)\,dt}{1-\mathbf{e}^{-sT}}$
35.	$f'(t)$	$sF(s)-f(0)$	36.	$f''(t)$	$s^2F(s)-sf(0)-f'(0)$
37.	$f^{(n)}(t)$	$s^nF(s)-s^{n-1}f(0)-s^{n-2}f'(0)\cdots-sf^{(n-2)}(0)-f^{(n-1)}(0)$			