

Name: _____

VIP ID: _____

- Write your name and your VIP ID in the space provided above.
- The test has five (5) pages, including this one and the table of Laplace transforms at the end.
- Show sufficient work to justify all answers unless otherwise stated in the problem. Correct answers with inconsistent work may not be given credit.
- Credit for each problem is given at the right of each problem number.

Page	Max	Points
2	60	
3	20	
4	20	
Total	100	

Problem 1 (60 pts—10 pts each). Find the Laplace transform of the following functions:

(a) $f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x + 7$

$$F(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{s} & (s > 0) \\ 0 & (s < 0) \end{cases}$$

(b) $f(x) = x^3 - x^{3/2}$

$$F(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{s} & (s > 0) \\ 0 & (s < 0) \end{cases}$$

(c) $f(x) = 2e^{3x} - 8e^{-7x} + \cos(\pi x)$

$$F(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{s} & (s > 0) \\ 0 & (s < 0) \end{cases}$$

(d) $f(x) = 3x^2 \sin(5x)$

$$F(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{s} & (s > 0) \\ 0 & (s < 0) \end{cases}$$

(e) $f(x) = 6xe^{-x} \sin x$

$$F(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{s} & (s > 0) \\ 0 & (s < 0) \end{cases}$$

(f) $f(x) = \sin x \cos x$

$$F(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{s} & (s > 0) \\ 0 & (s < 0) \end{cases}$$

Problem 2 (20 pts—10 pts each). Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions in the given domains.

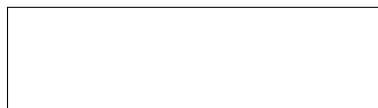
(a) $F(s) = \frac{2s-3}{s^2-2s-15}, (s > 5)$

$f(x) =$

$$(b) \quad F(s) = \frac{s-3}{(s-3)^2+16}, \quad (s>3)$$

$$f(x) =$$

Problem 3 (20 pts). Use techniques based on the Laplace transform to solve the initial value problem $y'' + 3y' + 2y = x$ that satisfies $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2$.



$f(x)$	$\mathcal{L}\{f\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-sx} f(x) dx$		
1	$\frac{1}{s} \quad s > 0$	$cf(x) \pm g(x)$	$cF(s) \pm G(s) \quad s > \max(a, b)$
x^n	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \quad s > 0$	$e^{\alpha x} f(x)$	$F(s - \alpha) \quad s > a + \alpha$
x^p	$\frac{p}{s} \mathcal{L}\{x^{p-1}\} \quad s > 0$	$x^n f(x)$	$(-1)^n F^{(n)}(s) \quad s > a$
$e^{\alpha x}$	$\frac{1}{s - \alpha} \quad s > \alpha$	$f'(x)$	$sF(s) - f(0) \quad s > a$
$\sin \beta x$	$\frac{\beta}{s^2 + \beta^2} \quad s > 0$		
$\cos \beta x$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + \beta^2} \quad s > 0$		

You may use this as scratch paper. Do not detach from the rest of the test