| Name:         |  |
|---------------|--|
| 4-digit code: |  |

- Write your name and the last 4 digits of your SSN in the space provided above.
- The test has four (4) pages, including this one.
- Enter your answer in the box(es) provided.
- You must show sufficient work to justify all answers unless otherwise stated in the problem. Correct answers with inconsistent work may not be given credit.
- Credit for each problem is given in parentheses at the right of the problem number.
- No books, notes or calculators may be used on this test.

| Page  | Max. points | Your points |
|-------|-------------|-------------|
| 2     | 30          |             |
| 3     | 40          |             |
| 4     | 30          |             |
| Total | 100         |             |

**Problem 1** (10 pts). Use the limit definition of the derivative to compute f'(x) for  $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ 

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 2** (10 pts). Use implicit differentiation to compute y' if y is a function of x that satisfies  $x^3 + y^2 = 4xy$ .

$$y' =$$

**Problem 3** (10 pts). Use logarithmic differentiation to compute the derivative of the following function:

$$y = \frac{\cos^2 x \ln x}{\sqrt{9 + x^2} \tan x}$$

$$y' =$$

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Find the derivative of the following functions:

**Problem 4** (5 pts). f(x) = 7x

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 5** (5 pts).  $f(x) = 7x^{21}$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 6** (5 pts).  $f(x) = 7(x^2 + 1)^{21}$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 7** (5 pts).  $f(x) = e^x$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 8** (5 pts).  $f(x) = e^x x^{21}$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 9** (5 pts).  $f(x) = e^x(x^2 + 1)^{21}$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 10** (10 pts).  $f(x) = e^x(x^2 + 1)^{21} \ln x$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

Problem 11 (5 pts).  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 12** (5 pts).  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 13** (5 pts).  $f(x) = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{x}}$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 14** (5 pts).  $f(x) = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{x}} \tan x$ 

$$f'(x) =$$

**Problem 15** (10 pts).  $f(x) = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{x}} \tan(\pi x)$ 

$$f'(x) =$$