MATH 241 – 007

Group #1: Non-calculus topics review questions

#### Shadhan Alkharusi:

### 12.1 Coordinates in 3-space

- 1. Describe the object in 3-D:  $z=e^x$
- 2. Find the intersection of a sphere with the xz-plane if the sphere's center is (26,3) and has a radius of 6.

#### 12.2 Vectors

- 1. Find a vector in the direction of V=(3,1,1) with magnitude of 4.
- 2. Find a unit vector in the direction of the vector from P1=(2,2,2) to P2=(1,3,3).

#### Emma Black:

### 12.3 Dot product, Projections

- 1. Find the angle between the vectors  $\mathbf{u} = \sqrt{5}\mathbf{i} 9\mathbf{j}$  and  $\mathbf{v} = \sqrt{5}\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} 3\mathbf{k}$ . Answer in radians (round to the nearest hundredth).
- 2. For the two given vectors:

$$u=i+j+k$$
$$v=5i-2k$$

- a. Find the dot product
- b. Find the cosine of the angle between v and u
- c. Find the scalar component of u in the direction of v
- d. Find the vector projection of u unto v

#### Britton Board:

# **12.4 Cross and Triple products**

- 1. Find a unit vector parallel to the plane PQR where P=(1,1,1), Q=(2,1,3), and R=(3,-1,1).
- 2. Find the volume of a parallelepiped if four of its eight vertices are A(0,0,0), B(1,2,0), C(0,-3,2), and D(3,-4,5).

#### Tom Cusack:

# 12.5 Equations of lines and planes

- 1. Find the parametric equations for a line through P=(4,0,-2) and Q=(1,-3,-5).
- 2. Find the point where the line x=4+4t, y=5t-2, z=3, intersects the plane x+4y-2z=2.

#### Hunter Farr:

## 12.5 Equations of lines and planes. Angles

- 1. Find the angle between the vectors u=6i+10j and v=10i+12j+4k.
- 2. Find the measures of the angles of the triangle whose vertices are A=(-1,0), B=(2,1), C=(3,-3).

#### Ivan Fernandez:

# 12.5 Equations of lines and planes. Intersections

1. Find the plane determined by the intersecting lines.

L1: 
$$x=2t+4$$
  $y=3t+3$   $z=4t+5$  - $\infty$ < $t<\infty$   
L2:  $x=s+3$   $y=4s-1$   $z=-2s+7$  - $\infty$ < $s<\infty$ 

2. Find the point of intersection of the lines given below and then find the plane determined by these lines.

```
L1: x=2t+4 y=3t+3 z=4t+5 -\infty<t<\infty
L2: x=s+3 y=4s-1 z=-2s+7 -\infty<s<\infty
```

#### Michael Miller:

# 12.5 Equations of lines and planes. Distances

- 1. Compute the distance from the point P=(3,2,5) to the line that passes through the two points A=(1,1,1) and B=(2,2,3).
- 2. Find the distance between the two planes 2x-3y+z=7 and 6x-9y+3z=2.

### *Austin Sharpe:*

## 12.6 Cylinders and Quadratic surfaces

- 1. Identify and Sketch the quadric surface  $(4/9)x^2 + y^2 4z^2 = 1$ .
- 2. Find the equation of the cross-section cut from the ellipsoid  $(x^2)/4 + y^2 + (z^2)/16 = 1$  by the plane z = 2x, then find the area of this cross-section.