Path-based SSD relies on classical results from (abelied combinatorial structures (titi) to uniformly sample the set of program paths with length in (th; (ii) Each path sample is provided to a constraint solver (oracle) and labelled as feasible or infeasible; see (ii) and references therein. The infeasibility of a given path arises if it violates some dependencies between different paths of the program, referred to as XXXX pathana. For instance if two tit nodes are based on an unchanged expression, then their successors are correlated in every feasible path (iii) the program path includes the them successor of the first tit node in must also include the them successor of the second tit node).

- (1b) each symbolized is associated an integer attribute a_a ; a_a (is) is the number of occurrences of symbolize in path st
- The the with occurrence of a symbol w, is associated a categorical authbure $w_{w,i}$. Authbure $w_{w,i}$ gives the next informative symbol following the with occurrence of symbol w in w (or w_{t} if w contains less than w occurrences of w).

Preliminary attempts at discriminant fearning bave been bindered by the tiny percentage of the feasible paths, as could bave been expected from (181). (A) generative fearning approach was then considered.

3 Overview of EXIST

Obis section describes a sampling algorithm called *EXXIST* for *Exploration* as *eXploitation inference for Software Desting*, able to remieve distinct feasible paths with high probability based on a set of feasible/infeasible paths of the initially set to a small set of tabelled paths, is gradually entiched with the paths generated by *EXXIST* and tabelled by the constraint solved

EXIST proceeds by iteratively exploiting and updating a probabilistic model \mathcal{P}_1 EXIST involves two modules: the tinit module estimates the probability for a path to be feasible conditionally to its extended Particl description²; the \mathcal{D} and \mathcal{D} model to iteratively construct the current path s_1

311 Decision module

itel is (resp. w) denote the path under construction (resp. the last node symbol in w). Let \dot{w} be the total number of occurrences of u in w in w. Let \dot{w} be one possible successor node of u) if w is selected, the total number of w symbols in the final path will be at least the current number of occurrences of w in w) plus one; let \dot{y}_w denote this number

Det us define $p_s(m)$ as the probability for a path S to be feasible conditionally to $E_{sm}(S) \equiv [m_{m}(S)] \equiv m] \times [m_m(S)] \geq [m_m]$ estimated by the m module: $p_s(m)$ is conventionally set to 0 if there is no path in S satisfying $E_{sm}(S)$

Probabilities $p_s(m)$ for m ranging over the successors of n are used to select the next node in st. Three options have been considered in order to flavor the generation of a new feasible path.

The Grazzin option selects the successor node m maximising permit

The Roulette Wheel option stochastically selects node w with probability proportional to p(sum)

Obe BandisD option considers the multiparmed banditi problem where every banditi arm corresponds to a successor m of the current node n and the associated reward is $p_{\rm s}(m)$, and uses the CCBH algorithm (III) for determining the best arm/successor node:

312 Init module

The limit module determines how the conditional probabilities used by the limit probabilities are estimated. The faseline limit option computes $p_{sl}(m)$ as the fraction of paths in d satisfying d_{sm} that are feasible. However, this option fails to entire limit option on the following toy problem:

[&]quot;Romality, zero is set to siperimental parameters of the property of the prop

⁰This probabilistic model space is meant to avoid the limitations of probabilistic (BSAs and Mariable Order Markov Models (#)). On one band, probabilistic (BSAs (and likewise simple Markov models) cannot model the long range dependencies of the XOR patterns. On the other band, although Mariable Order Markov Models can accommodate such dependencies, they are illustrated to the sparsity of the initial data available.