# The Language parser

**BNF-converter** 

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This document was automatically generated by the *BNF-Converter*. It was generated together with the lexer, the parser, and the abstract syntax module, which guarantees that the document matches with the implementation of the language (provided no hand-hacking has taken place).

## The lexical structure of parser

#### **Identifiers**

Identifiers  $\langle Ident \rangle$  are unquoted strings beginning with a letter, followed by any combination of letters, digits, and the characters \_ ', reserved words excluded.

#### Literals

String literals  $\langle String \rangle$  have the form "x", where x is any sequence of any characters except "unless preceded by \.

FullURI literals are recognized by the regular expression ["!"#\$%&'()\*+,-./0123456789:;<=?@ABCDEF

#### Reserved words and symbols

The set of reserved words is the set of terminals appearing in the grammar. Those reserved words that consist of non-letter characters are called symbols, and they are treated in a different way from those that are similar to identifiers. The lexer follows rules familiar from languages like Haskell, C, and Java, including longest match and spacing conventions.

The reserved words used in parser are the following:

```
ClassNoun ClassRelationalNoun Lexicon

NN NP Name

PNP RelationalMultivalentNoun RelationalNoun

Subject as class

plural propObj propSubj

property singular with
```

The symbols used in parser are the following:

 $\langle Arg \rangle$  ::= Subject

#### Comments

Single-line comments begin with //.
Multiple-line comments are enclosed with /\* and \*/.

### The syntactic structure of parser

Non-terminals are enclosed between  $\langle$  and  $\rangle$ . The symbols ::= (production), | (union) and  $\epsilon$  (empty rule) belong to the BNF notation. All other symbols are terminals.

```
 \langle Statement \rangle ::= \operatorname{@prefix} \langle Ident \rangle : < \langle FullURI \rangle > . \\ | \operatorname{Lexicon} \left( \langle URI \rangle, \langle String \rangle, \langle ListPattern \rangle \right)   \langle Pattern \rangle ::= \langle Pattern \rangle \operatorname{with} \langle ListCategory \rangle \langle String \rangle \\ | \langle NounPattern \rangle   ::= \operatorname{Name} \left( \langle PNP \rangle, \langle URI \rangle \right) \\ | \operatorname{ClassNoun} \left( \langle NP \rangle, \langle URI \rangle \right) \\ | \operatorname{RelationalNoun} \left( \langle NP \rangle, \langle URI \rangle \right), \operatorname{propSubj} = \langle Arg \rangle, \operatorname{propObj} = \langle Arg \rangle) \\ | \operatorname{RelationalNoun} \left( \langle NP \rangle, \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{propObj} = \langle Arg \rangle \right) \\ | \operatorname{RelationalMultivalentNoun} \left( \langle NP \rangle, \langle URI \rangle, \left[ \langle ListOntologyFrameElemen \rangle, \operatorname{ClassRelationalNoun} \left( \langle NP \rangle, \operatorname{property} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{propodelicalNoun} \langle URI \rangle \right) \\ | \operatorname{ClassRelationalNoun} \left( \langle NP \rangle, \operatorname{property} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{propodelicalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{Class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{propodelicalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{Class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{ClassPelationalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{Class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{ClassPelationalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{Class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{ClassPelationalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{Class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{ClassPelationalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{ClassPelationalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{ClassPelationalNoun} \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{Class} = \langle URI \rangle, \operatorname{ClassPelationalNoun} \langle URI \rangle,
```

```
\langle OntologyFrameElement \rangle ::= \langle URI \rangle  as \langle Arg \rangle
\langle ListOntologyFrameElement \rangle ::= \epsilon
                                                             \langle OntologyFrameElement \rangle
                                                             ⟨OntologyFrameElement⟩ , ⟨ListOntologyFrameElement⟩
\langle PNP \rangle ::= \langle String \rangle
                        PNP ( \langle ListPOSTaggedWord \rangle )
\langle NP \rangle ::= \langle String \rangle
            | NP (\langle ListPOSTaggedWord \rangle)
\langle POSTaggedWord \rangle ::= \langle String \rangle / \langle POSTag \rangle
\langle ListPOSTaggedWord \rangle ::= \epsilon
                                          | \langle POSTaggedWord \rangle
                                          \langle POSTaggedWord \rangle, \langle ListPOSTaggedWord \rangle
\begin{array}{ccc} \langle \mathit{Category} \rangle & ::= & \mathtt{singular} \\ & & \mathtt{plural} \end{array}
\langle ListCategory \rangle ::= \epsilon
                            \langle Category \rangle \langle ListCategory \rangle
\langle POSTag \rangle ::= NN
\langle \mathit{URI} \rangle ::= \langle \mathit{Ident} \rangle : \langle \mathit{Ident} \rangle
            | \langle \langle FullURI \rangle \rangle
```