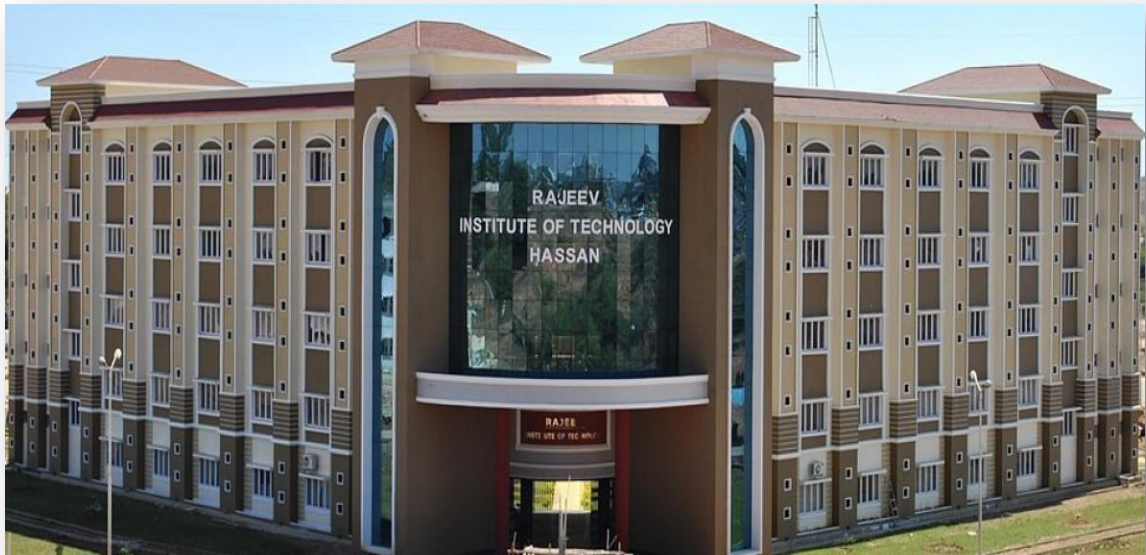
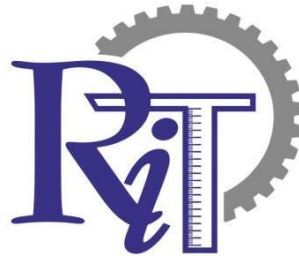


RAJEEV INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

HASSAN-573201



DATASTRUCTURES LABORATORY

(*BCSL305*)

As per VTU Syllabus/scheme for 3rd Semester



**DEPARTMENT OF
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (AIML)**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

S.NO	NAME OF THE PROGRAMME	PAGE NO
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Declare a calendar as an array of 7 elements (A dynamically Created array) to represent 7 days of a week. Each Element of the array is a structure having three fields. The first field is the name of the Day (A dynamically allocated String), The second field is the date of the Day (A integer), the third field is the description of the activity for a particular day (A dynamically allocated String). b) Write functions create(), read() and display(); to create the calendar, to read the data from the keyboard and to print weeks activity details report on screen. 	1-3
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Strings. a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP) . b) Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of PAT in STR with REP if PAT exists in STR. Report suitable messages in case PAT does not exist in STR Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions. 	4-5
3	<p>Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Push an Element on to Stack b) Pop an Element from Stack c) Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome d) Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack e) Display the status of Stack f) Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations 	6-11
4	Develop a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, % (Remainder), ^ (Power) and alphanumeric operands.	12-14
5	<p>Develop a Program in C for the following Stack Applications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^ b) Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks 	15-17
6	<p>Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE b) Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE c) Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE d) Display the status of Circular QUEUE e) Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations 	18-20

S.NO	NAME OF THE PROGRAMME	PAGE NO
7	<p>Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List (SLL) of Student Data with the fields: USN, Name, Programme, Sem, PhNo.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Create a SLL of N Students Data by using front insertion. Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL(Demonstration of stack) Exit 	21-28
8	<p>Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, PhNo</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using end insertion. Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue. Exit 	29-37
9	<p>Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z - 4yz^5 + 3x^3yz + 2xy^5z - 2xyz^3$ Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z) and store the result in POLYSUM(x,y,z) Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations 	38-44
10	<p>Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers .</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2 Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message Exit 	45-48
11	<p>Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method 	49-51
12	<p>Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys (4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table (HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Develop a Program in C that uses Hash function $H: K \rightarrow L$ as $H(K) = K \text{ mod } m$ (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.</p>	52-53

1.

- a) Declare a calendar as an array of 7 elements (A dynamically Created array) to represent 7 days of a week. Each Element of the array is a structure having three fields. The first field is the name of the Day (A dynamically allocated String), The second field is the date of the Day (A integer), the third field is the description of the activity for a particular day (A dynamically allocated String).
- b) Write functions create(), read() and display(); to create the calendar, to read the data from the keyboard and to print weeks activity details report on screen.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Day {
    char * dayName;
    int date;
    char * activity;
};
// Function to create a day
void create(struct Day * day) {
    day -> dayName = (char * ) malloc(sizeof(char) * 20);
    day -> activity = (char * ) malloc(sizeof(char) * 100);
    printf("Enter the day name:");
    scanf("%s", day -> dayName);
    printf("Enter the date:");
    scanf("%d", & day -> date);
    printf("Enter the activity for the day:");
    scanf(" %[^\n]s", day -> activity);
}
// Function to read data from the keyboard and create the calendar
void read(struct Day * calendar, int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        printf("Enter details for Day %d:\n", i + 1);
        create( & calendar[i]);
    }
}
// Function to display the calendar
void display(struct Day * calendar, int size) {
    printf("\nWeek's Activity Details:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        printf("Day %d:\n", i + 1);
        printf("Day Name: %s\n", calendar[i].dayName);
        printf("Date: %d\n", calendar[i].date);
        printf("Activity: %s\n", calendar[i].activity);
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```

```

    }
}

// Function to free the dynamically allocated memory
void freeMemory(struct Day * calendar, int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        free(calendar[i].dayName);
        free(calendar[i].activity);
    }
}

int main() {
    int size;
    printf("Enter the number of days in the week:");
    scanf("%d", & size);
    struct Day * calendar = (struct Day * ) malloc(sizeof(struct Day) * size); // Check
    if (calendar == NULL) {
        printf("Memory allocation failed. Exiting program.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    // Read and display the calendar
    read(calendar, size);
    display(calendar, size);
    freeMemory(calendar, size);
    free(calendar); return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Enter the number of days in the week: 7
Enter details for Day 1:
Enter the day name: Sunday
Enter the date: 1
Enter the activity for the day:
Learning
Enter details for Day 2:
Enter the day name: Monday
Enter the date: 2
Enter the activity for the day:
Coding
Enter details for Day 3:
Enter the day name: Tuesday
Enter the date: 3
Enter the activity for the day: Testing
Enter details for Day 4:
Enter the day name: Wednesday
Enter the date: 4
Enter the activity for the day: Debugging

```

Enter details for Day 5:
Enter the day name: Thursday
Enter the date: 5
Enter the activity for the day: Publishing
Enter details for Day 6:
Enter the day name: Friday
Enter the date: 6
Enter the activity for the day: Marketing
Enter details for Day 7:
Enter the day name: Saturday
Enter the date: 7
Enter the activity for the day: Earning
Week's Activity Details:
Day 1:
Day Name: Sunday
Date: 1
Activity: Learning
Day 2:
Day Name: Monday
Date: 2
Activity: Coding
Day 3:
Day Name: Tuesday
Date: 3
Activity: Testing
Day 4:
Day Name: Wednesday
Date: 4
Activity: Debugging
Day 5:
Day Name: Thursday
Date: 5
Activity: Publishing
Day 6:
Day Name: Friday
Date: 6
Activity: Marketing
Day 7:
Day Name: Saturday
Date: 7
Activity: Earning

2.

- a) Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Strings. a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP) .
- b) Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of PAT in STR with REP if PAT exists in STR. Report suitable messages in case PAT does not exist in STR Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.

```
#include<stdio.h>
char str[50], pat[20], rep[20], res[50];
int c = 0, m = 0, i = 0, j = 0, k, flag = 0;
void stringmatch() {
    while (str[c] != '\0') {
        if (str[m] == pat[i]) {
            i++;
            m++;
            if (pat[i] == '\0') {
                flag = 1;
                for (k = 0; rep[k] != '\0'; k++, j++) {
                    res[j] = rep[k];
                }
                i = 0;
                c = m;
            }
        } else {
            res[j] = str[c];
            j++;
            c++;
            m = c;
            i = 0;
        }
    }
    res[j] = '\0';
}
void main() {
    printf("Enter the main string:");
    gets(str);
    printf("\nEnter the pat string:");
    gets(pat);
    printf("\nEnter the replace string:");
    gets(rep);
    printf("\nThe string before pattern match is:\n %s", str);
    stringmatch();
    if (flag == 1)
```

```
        printf("\nThe string after pattern match and replace is: \n %s ", res);  
    else  
        printf("\nPattern string is not found");  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the main string:Designed by vtucode

Enter the pat string:vtucode

Enter the replace string:Braham

The string before pattern match is:

Designed by vtucode

The string after pattern match and replace is:

Designed by Braham

Enter the main string:Designed by Developer

Enter the pat string:vtucode

Enter the replace string:Braham

The string before pattern match is:

Designed by Developer

Pattern string is not found

3. Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)

- a) Push an Element on to Stack
- b) Pop an Element from Stack
- c) Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome
- d) Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack
- e) Display the status of Stack

Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define MAX 3          //you can change this size according to your requirement
int s[MAX];
int top = -1;
void push(int item);
int pop();
void palindrome();
void display();
void main() {
    int choice, item;
    while (1) {
        printf("\n\n\n~~~~~Menu~~~~~ : ");
        printf("\n=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo ");
        printf("\n=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo");
        printf("\n=>3.Palindrome demo ");
        printf("\n=>4.Display ");
        printf("\n=>5.Exit");
        printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("\nEnter an element to be pushed: ");
                scanf("%d", &item);
                push(item);
                break;
            case 2:
                item = pop();
                if (item != -1)
                    printf("\nElement popped is: %d", item);
                break;
            case 3:
                palindrome();
                break;
```

```

        case 4:
            display();
            break;
        case 5:
            exit(1);
        default:
            printf("\nPlease enter valid choice ");
            break;
    }
}

void push(int item) {
    if (top == MAX - 1) {
        printf("\n~~~Stack overflow~~~");
        return;
    }
    top = top + 1;
    s[top] = item;
}

int pop() {
    int item;
    if (top == -1) {
        printf("\n~~~Stack underflow~~~");
        return -1;
    }
    item = s[top];
    top = top - 1;
    return item;
}

void display() {
    int i;
    if (top == -1) {
        printf("\n~~~Stack is empty~~~");
        return;
    }
    printf("\nStack elements are:\n ");
    for (i = top; i >= 0; i--)
        printf("| %d \n", s[i]);
}

void palindrome() {
    int flag = 1, i;
    printf("\nStack content are:\n");
    for (i = top; i >= 0; i--)
        printf("| %d \n", s[i]);
    printf("\nReverse of stack content are:\n");

```

```

    for (i = 0; i <= top; i++)
        printf("| %d |", s[i]);
    for (i = 0; i <= top / 2; i++) {
        if (s[i] != s[top - i]) {
            flag = 0;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (flag == 1) {
        printf("\nIt is palindrome number");
    } else {
        printf("\nIt is not a palindrome number");
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 11~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 12~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 13~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 14
~~~~Stack overflow~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo

```

```

=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 4
Stack elements are:
| 13 |
| 12 |
| 11 |~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 2
Element popped is: 13~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 4
Stack elements are:
| 12 |
| 11 |~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 2
Element popped is: 12~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 2
Element popped is: 11~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 2
~~~~Stack underflow~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display

```

```

=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 4
~~~~Stack is empty~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 11~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 22~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 11~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 3
Stack content are:
| 11 |
| 22 |
| 11 |Reverse of stack content are:
| 11 |
| 22 |
| 11 |It is palindrome number~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 2
Element popped is: 11~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 2

```

```

Element popped is: 22~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 33~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 1
Enter an element to be pushed: 22~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.ExitEnter your choice: 3
Stack content are:
| 22 |
| 33 |
| 11 |Reverse of stack content are:
| 11 |
| 33 |
| 22 |It is not a palindrome number~~~~~Menu~~~~~ :
=>1.Push an Element to Stack and Overflow demo
=>2.Pop an Element from Stack and Underflow demo
=>3.Palindrome demo
=>4.Display
=>5.Exit
Enter your choice: 5

```

4. Develop a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, % (Remainder), ^ (Power) and alphanumeric operands.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void evaluate();
void push(char);
char pop();
int prec(char);char infix[30], postfix[30], stack[30];
int top = -1;void main() {
    printf("\nEnter the valid infix expression:");
    scanf("%s", infix);
    evaluate();
    printf("\nThe entered infix expression is :\n %s \n", infix);
    printf("\nThe corresponding postfix expression is :\n %s \n", postfix);
}
void evaluate() {
    int i = 0, j = 0;
    char symb, temp;push('#');
    for (i = 0; infix[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        symb = infix[i];
        switch (symb) {
            case '(':
                push(symb);
                break;
            case ')':
                temp = pop();
                while (temp != '(') {
                    postfix[j] = temp;
                    j++;
                    temp = pop();
                }
                break;
            case '+':
            case '-':
            case '*':
            case '/':
            case '%':
            case '^':
            case '$':
                while (prec(stack[top]) >= prec(symb)) {
                    temp = pop();
                    postfix[j] = temp;
```

```

        j++;
    }
    push(symb);
    break;
default:
    postfix[j] = symb;
    j++;
}
}
while (top > 0) {
    temp = pop();
    postfix[j] = temp;
    j++;
}
postfix[j] = '\0';
}
void push(char item) {
    top = top + 1;
    stack[top] = item;
}
char pop() {
    char item;
    item = stack[top];
    top = top - 1;
    return item;
}
int prec(char symb) {
    int p;
    switch (symb) {
        case '#':
            p = -1;
            break;
        case '(':
        case ')':
            p = 0;
            break;
        case '+':
        case '-':
            p = 1;
            break;
        case '*':
        case '/':
        case '%':
            p = 2;

```



```
        break;
    case '^':
    case '$':
        p = 3;
        break;
    }
    return p;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the valid infix expression:

(a+b)*c/d^5%1

The entered infix expression is :

(a+b)*c/d^5%1

The corresponding postfix expression is :

ab+c*d5^/1%

5. Develop a Program in C for the following Stack Applications

- a) Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^
- b) Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks.

a) **Source Code:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
int i, top = -1;
int op1, op2, res, s[20];
char postfix[90], symb;
void push(int item) {
    top = top + 1;
    s[top] = item;
}
int pop() {
    int item;
    item = s[top];
    top = top - 1;
    return item;
}
void main() {
    printf("\nEnter a valid postfix expression:\n");
    scanf("%s", postfix);
    for (i = 0; postfix[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        symb = postfix[i];
        if (isdigit(symb)) {
            push(symb - '0');
        } else {
            op2 = pop();
            op1 = pop();
            switch (symb) {
                case '+':
                    push(op1 + op2);
                    break;
                case '-':
                    push(op1 - op2);
                    break;
                case '*':
                    push(op1 * op2);
                    break;
                case '/':
                    push(op1 / op2);
                    break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        case '%':
            push(op1 % op2);
            break;
        case '$':
        case '^':
            push(pow(op1, op2));
            break;
        default:
            push(0);
    }
}
res = pop();
printf("\n Result = %d", res);
}

```

OUTPUT:

Enter a valid postfix expression:
 623+-382/+*2\$3+
 Result = 52

- b) Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks.

Source code:

```

#include <stdio.h>
void tower(int n, int source, int temp, int destination) {
    if (n == 0)
        return;
    tower(n - 1, source, destination, temp);
    printf("\nMove disc %d from %c to %c", n, source, destination);
    tower(n - 1, temp, source, destination);
}
void main() {
    int n;
    printf("\nEnter the number of discs: \n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    tower(n, 'A', 'B', 'C');
    printf("\n\nTotal Number of moves are: %d", (int) pow(2, n) - 1);
}

```

OUTPUT:

Enter the number of discs: 3
 Move disc 1 from A to C
 Move disc 2 from A to B
 Move disc 1 from C to B
 Move disc 3 from A to C
 Move disc 1 from B to A

Move disc 2 from B to C

Move disc 1 from A to C

Total Number of moves are: 7

6. Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX).

- a) Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE
- b) Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE
- c) Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE
- d) Display the status of Circular QUEUE

Exit Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio_ext.h>
#define MAX 5
char cq[MAX];
int front = -1, rear = -1;
void insert(char);
void delete();
void display();
void main() {
    int ch;
    char item;
    while (1) {
        printf("\n\n~~Main Menu~~");
        printf("\n==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo");
        printf("\n==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo");
        printf("\n==> 3. Display");
        printf("\n==> 4. Exit");
        printf("\nEnter Your Choice: ");
        scanf("%d", & ch);
        __fpurge(stdin);
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                printf("\nEnter the element to be inserted: ");
                scanf("%c", & item);
                insert(item);
                break;
            case 2:
                delete();
                break;
            case 3:
                display();
                break;
            case 4:
                exit(0);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        default:
            printf("\n\nPlease enter a valid choice");
    }
}
}
void insert(char item) {
    if (front == (rear + 1) % MAX) {
        printf("\n\n~~Circular Queue Overflow~~");
    } else {
        if (front == -1)
            front = rear = 0;
        else
            rear = (rear + 1) % MAX;
        cq[rear] = item;
    }
}
void delete() {
    char item;
    if (front == -1) {
        printf("\n\n~~Circular Queue Underflow~~");
    } else {
        item = cq[front];
        printf("\n\nDeleted element from the queue is: %c ", item);
        if (front == rear) //only one element
            front = rear = -1;
        else
            front = (front + 1) % MAX;
    }
}
void display() {
    int i;
    if (front == -1) {
        printf("\n\nCircular Queue Empty");
    } else {
        printf("\n\nCircular Queue contents are:\n");
        printf("Front[%d]-> ", front);
        for (i = front; i != rear; i = (i + 1) % MAX) {
            printf(" %c", cq[i]);
        }
        printf(" %c", cq[i]);
        printf(" <-[%d]Rear", rear);
    }
}
}

```

OUTPUT:~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 1
 Enter the element to be inserted: A~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 1
 Enter the element to be inserted: B~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 1
 Enter the element to be inserted: C~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 1
 Enter the element to be inserted: D
 ~~Circular Queue Overflow~~~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 3
 Circular Queue contents are:
 Front[0]-> A B C <-[2]Rear~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 2
 Deleted element from the queue is: A~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 3
 Circular Queue contents are:
 Front[1]-> B C <-[2]Rear~~Main Menu~~
 ==> 1. Insertion and Overflow Demo
 ==> 2. Deletion and Underflow Demo
 ==> 3. Display
 ==> 4. Exit Enter Your Choice: 4

7. Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List (SLL) of Student Data with the fields: USN, Name, Programme, Sem, PhNo.

- a) Create a SLL of N Students Data by using front insertion.
- b) Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it
- c) Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL
- d) Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL(Demonstration of stack)
- e) Exit

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node {
    char usn[25], name[25], branch[25];
    int sem;
    long int phone;
    struct node * link;
};
typedef struct node * NODE; NODE start = NULL;
int count = 0;
NODE create() {
    NODE snode;
    snode = (NODE) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if (snode == NULL) {
        printf("\nMemory is not available");
        exit(1);
    }
    printf("\nEnter the usn,Name,Branch, sem,PhoneNo of the student:");
    scanf("%s %s %s %d %ld", snode -> usn, snode -> name, snode -> branch, &
    snode -> sem, & snode -> phone);
    snode -> link = NULL;
    count++;
    return snode;
}
NODE insertfront() {
    NODE temp;
    temp = create();
    if (start == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }temp -> link = start;
    return temp;
}
```



```

NODE deletefront() {
    NODE temp;
    if (start == NULL) {
        printf("\nLinked list is empty");
        return NULL;
    } if (start -> link == NULL) {
        printf("\nThe Student node with usn:%s is deleted ", start -> usn);
        count--;
        free(start);
        return NULL;
    }
    temp = start;
    start = start -> link;
    printf("\nThe Student node with usn:%s is deleted", temp -> usn);
    count--;
    free(temp);
    return start;
}
NODE insertend() {
    NODE cur, temp;
    temp = create(); if (start == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
    cur = start;
    while (cur -> link != NULL) {
        cur = cur -> link;
    }
    cur -> link = temp;
    return start;
}
NODE deleteend() {
    NODE cur, prev;
    if (start == NULL) {
        printf("\nLinked List is empty");
        return NULL;
    } if (start -> link == NULL) {
        printf("\nThe student node with the usn:%s is deleted", start -> usn);
        free(start);
        count--;
        return NULL;
    } prev = NULL;
    cur = start;
    while (cur -> link != NULL) {

```

```

        prev = cur;
        cur = cur -> link;
    }
    printf("\nThe student node with the usn:%s is deleted", cur -> usn);
    free(cur);
    prev -> link = NULL;
    count--;
    return start;
}

void display() {
    NODE cur;
    int num = 1;
    if (start == NULL) {
        printf("\nNo Contents to display in SLL \n");
        return;
    }
    printf("\nThe contents of SLL: \n");
    cur = start;
    while (cur != NULL) {
        printf("\n||%d|| USN:%s| Name:%s| Branch:%s| Sem:%d| Ph:%ld|", num,
            cur -> usn, cur -> name, cur -> branch, cur -> sem, cur -> phone);
        cur = cur -> link;
        num++;
    }
    printf("\n No of student nodes is %d \n", count);
}

void stackdemo() {
    int ch;
    while (1) {
        printf("\n~~~Stack Demo using SLL~~~\n");
        printf("\n1:Push operation \n2: Pop operation \n3: Display \n4:Exit \n");
        printf("\nEnter your choice for stack demo:");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                start = insertfront();
                break;
            case 2:
                start = deletfront();
                break;
            case 3:
                display();
                break;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        default:
            return;
        }
    }
    return;
}

int main() {
    int ch, i, n;
    while (1) {
        printf("\n~~~Menu~~~");
        printf("\nEnter your choice for SLL operation \n");
        printf("\n1:Create SLL of Student Nodes");
        printf("\n2:DisplayStatus");
        printf("\n3:InsertAtEnd");
        printf("\n4>DeleteAtEnd");
        printf("\n5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)");
        printf("\n6:Exit \n");
        printf("\nEnter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", & ch);switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                printf("\nEnter the no of students: ");
                scanf("%d", & n);
                for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                    start = insertfront();
                break;
            case 2:
                display();
                break;
            case 3:
                start = insertend();
                break;
            case 4:
                start = deleteend();
                break;
            case 5:
                stackdemo();
                break;
            case 6:
                exit(0);
            default:
                printf("\nPlease enter the valid choice");
        }
    }
}

```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
~~~Menu~~~
```

```
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes
```

```
2:DisplayStatus
```

```
3:InsertAtEnd
```

```
4:DeleteAtEnd
```

```
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)
```

```
6:ExitEnter your choice:1Enter the no of students: 3
```

```
Enter the usn,Name,Branch, sem,PhoneNo of the student:
```

```
1ME21CS017
```

```
Braham
```

```
CSE
```

```
5
```

```
8768586443Enter the usn,Name,Branch, sem,PhoneNo of the student:
```

```
1ME21CS015
```

```
Bikash
```

```
CSE
```

```
5
```

```
8734687996Enter the usn,Name,Branch, sem,PhoneNo of the student:
```

```
1ME21AI015
```

```
Shoaib
```

```
AI&ML
```

```
5
```

```
6748353877~~~Menu~~~
```

```
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes
```

```
2:DisplayStatus
```

```
3:InsertAtEnd
```

```
4:DeleteAtEnd
```

```
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)
```

```
6:ExitEnter your choice:2
```

```
The contents of SLL:||1|| USN:1ME21AI015| Name:Shoaib| Branch:AI&ML| Sem:5|
```

```
Ph:6748353877|
```

```
||2|| USN:1ME21CS015| Name:Bikash| Branch:CSE| Sem:5| Ph:8734687996|
```

```
||3|| USN:1ME21CS017| Name:Braham| Branch:CSE| Sem:5| Ph:8768586443|
```

```
No of student nodes is 3~~~Menu~~~
```

```
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes
```

```
2:DisplayStatus
```

```
3:InsertAtEnd
```

```
4:DeleteAtEnd
```

```
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)
```

```
6:ExitEnter your choice:3Enter the usn,Name,Branch, sem,PhoneNo of the student:
```

```
1ME21CS068
```

Rajan
CSE
5
3426527765~~~Menu~~~
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes
2:DisplayStatus
3:InsertAtEnd
4:DeleteAtEnd
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)
6:ExitEnter your choice:2
The contents of SLL:||1|| USN:1ME21AI015| Name:Shoaib| Branch:AI&ML| Sem:5|
Ph:6748353877|
	2		USN:1ME21CS015	Name:Bikash	Branch:CSE	Sem:5	Ph:8734687996
	3		USN:1ME21CS017	Name:Braham	Branch:CSE	Sem:5	Ph:8768586443
	4		USN:1ME21CS068	Name:Rajan	Branch:CSE	Sem:5	Ph:3426527765
No of student nodes is 4~~~Menu~~~							
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes							
2:DisplayStatus							
3:InsertAtEnd							
4:DeleteAtEnd							
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)							
6:ExitEnter your choice:4							
The student node with the usn:1ME21CS068 is deleted~~~Menu~~~							
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes							
2:DisplayStatus							
3:InsertAtEnd							
4:DeleteAtEnd							
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)							
6:ExitEnter your choice:2							
The contents of SLL:		1		USN:1ME21AI015	Name:Shoaib	Branch:AI&ML	Sem:5
Ph:6748353877							
	2		USN:1ME21CS015	Name:Bikash	Branch:CSE	Sem:5	Ph:8734687996
	3		USN:1ME21CS017	Name:Braham	Branch:CSE	Sem:5	Ph:8768586443
No of student nodes is 3~~~Menu~~~
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes
2:DisplayStatus
3:InsertAtEnd
4:DeleteAtEnd
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)
6:ExitEnter your choice:4
The student node with the usn:1ME21CS017 is deleted~~~Menu~~~
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes
2:DisplayStatus

```
3:InsertAtEnd
4:DeleteAtEnd
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)
6:ExitEnter your choice:5
~~~Stack Demo using SLL~~~1:Push operation
2: Pop operation
3: Display
4:ExitEnter your choice for stack demo:1Enter the usn,Name,Branch, sem,PhoneNo of
the student:
1ME21CS005
Aman
CSE
5
6587594335~~~Stack Demo using SLL~~~1:Push operation
2: Pop operation
3: Display
4:ExitEnter your choice for stack demo:3
The contents of SLL:||1|| USN:1ME21CS005| Name:Aman| Branch:CSE| Sem:5|
Ph:6587594335|
||2|| USN:1ME21AI015| Name:Shoaib| Branch:AI&ML| Sem:5| Ph:6748353877|
||3|| USN:1ME21CS015| Name:Bikash| Branch:CSE| Sem:5| Ph:8734687996|
No of student nodes is 3~~~Stack Demo using SLL~~~1: Push operation
2: Pop operation
3: Display
4: ExitEnter your choice for stack demo:1Enter the usn,Name,Branch, sem,PhoneNo of
the student:
1ME21CS092
Shubham
CSE
5
9869754354~~~Stack Demo using SLL~~~
1:Push operation
2: Pop operation
3: Display
4:ExitEnter your choice for stack demo:3
The contents of SLL:||1|| USN:1ME21CS092| Name:Shubham| Branch:CSE| Sem:5|
Ph:9869754354|
||2|| USN:1ME21CS005| Name:Aman| Branch:CSE| Sem:5| Ph:6587594335|
||3|| USN:1ME21AI015| Name:Shoaib| Branch:AI&ML| Sem:5| Ph:6748353877|
||4|| USN:1ME21CS015| Name:Bikash| Branch:CSE| Sem:5| Ph:8734687996|
No of student nodes is 4~~~Stack Demo using SLL~~~1:Push operation
2: Pop operation
3: Display
```

4:ExitEnter your choice for stack demo:2
The Student node with usn:1ME21CS092 is deleted~~~Stack Demo using
SLL~~~1:Push operation
2: Pop operation
3: Display
4:ExitEnter your choice for stack demo:3
The contents of SLL:||1|| USN:1ME21CS005| Name:Aman| Branch:CSE| Sem:5|
Ph:6587594335|
||2|| USN:1ME21AI015| Name:Shoaib| Branch:AI&ML| Sem:5| Ph:6748353877|
||3|| USN:1ME21CS015| Name:Bikash| Branch:CSE| Sem:5| Ph:8734687996|
No of student nodes is 3~~~Stack Demo using SLL~~~1: Push operation
2: Pop operation
3: Display
4: ExitEnter your choice for stack demo:4~~~Menu~~~
Enter your choice for SLL operation1:Create SLL of Student Nodes
2:DisplayStatus
3:InsertAtEnd
4:DeleteAtEnd
5:Stack Demo using SLL(Insertion and Deletion at Front)
6:ExitEnter your choice:6

8. Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: SSN, Name, Dept, Designation, Sal, PhNo

- a) Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using end insertion.
- b) Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it
- c) Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL
- d) Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL
- e) Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue.
- f) Exit

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node {
    char ssn[25], name[25], dept[10], designation[25];
    int sal;
    long int phone;
    struct node * llink;
    struct node * rlink;
};
typedef struct node * NODE; NODE first = NULL;
int count = 0;
NODE create() {
    NODE enode;
    enode = (NODE) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if (enode == NULL) {
        printf("\nRunning out of memory");
        exit(0);
    }
    printf("\nEnter the ssn,Name,Department,Designation,Salary,PhoneNo of the employee:
    \n");
    scanf("%s %s %s %s %d %ld", enode -> ssn, enode -> name, enode -> dept, enode ->
    designation, & enode -> sal, & enode -> phone);
    enode -> llink = NULL;
    enode -> rlink = NULL;
    count++;
    return enode;
}
NODE insertfront() {
    NODE temp;
    temp = create();
    if (first == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
}
```



```

    }
    temp -> rlink = first;
    first -> llink = temp;
    return temp;
}
void display() {
    NODE cur;
    int nodeno = 1;
    cur = first;
    if (cur == NULL)
        printf("\nNo Contents to display in DLL");
    while (cur != NULL) {
        printf("\nENode:%d||SSN:%s|Name:%s|Department:%s|Designation:%s|Salary:%d|Phone
no:%ld", nodeno, cur -> ssn, cur -> name, cur -> dept, cur -> designation, cur -> sal, cur -
> phone);
        cur = cur -> rlink;
        nodeno++;
    }
    printf("\nNo of employee nodes is %d", count);
}
NODE deletefront() {
    NODE temp;
    if (first == NULL) {
        printf("\nDoubly Linked List is empty");
        return NULL;
    }
    if (first -> rlink == NULL) {
        printf("\nThe employee node with the ssn:%s is deleted", first -> ssn);
        free(first);
        count--;
        return NULL;
    }
    temp = first;
    first = first -> rlink;
    temp -> rlink = NULL;
    first -> llink = NULL;
    printf("\nThe employee node with the ssn:%s is deleted", temp -> ssn);
    free(temp);
    count--;
    return first;
}
NODE insertend() {
    NODE cur, temp;

```

```

    temp = create();if (first == NULL) {
    return temp;
}

    cur = first;
    while (cur -> rlink != NULL) {
        cur = cur -> rlink;
    }
    cur -> rlink = temp;
    temp -> llink = cur;
    return first;
}

NODE deleteend() {
    NODE prev, cur;
    if (first == NULL) {
        printf("\nDoubly Linked List is empty");
        return NULL;
    }
    if (first -> rlink == NULL) {
        printf("\nThe employee node with the ssn:%s is deleted", first -> ssn);
        free(first);
        count--;
        return NULL;
    }
    prev = NULL;
    cur = first;
    while (cur -> rlink != NULL) {
        prev = cur;
        cur = cur -> rlink;
    }
    cur -> llink = NULL;
    printf("\nThe employee node with the ssn:%s is deleted", cur -> ssn);
    free(cur);
    prev -> rlink = NULL;
    count--;
    return first;
}

void deqdemo() {
    int ch;
    while (1) {
        printf("\nDemo Double Ended Queue Operation");
        printf("\n1:InsertQueueFront\n 2: DeleteQueueFront\n 3:InsertQueueRear\n
4:DeleteQueueRear\n 5:DisplayStatus\n 6: Exit \n");
        scanf("%d", & ch);

```

```
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                first = insertfront();
                break;
            case 2:
                first = deletefront();
                break;
            case 3:
                first = insertend();
                break;
            case 4:
                first = deleteend();
                break;
            case 5:
                display();
                break;
            default:
                return;
        }
    }
}

void main() {
    int ch, i, n;
    while (1) {
        printf("\n\n~~~Menu~~~");
        printf("\n1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes");
        printf("\n2:DisplayStatus");
        printf("\n3:InsertAtEnd");
        printf("\n4>DeleteAtEnd");
        printf("\n5:InsertAtFront");
        printf("\n6>DeleteAtFront");
        printf("\n7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL");
        printf("\n8:Exit \n");
        printf("\nPlease enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", & ch);
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                printf("\nEnter the no of Employees: ");
                scanf("%d", & n);
                for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
                    first = insertend();
                break;
            case 2:
```

```

        display();
        break;
    case 3:
        first = insertend();
        break;
    case 4:
        first = deleteend();
        break;
    case 5:
        first = insertfront();
        break;
    case 6:
        first = deletefront();
        break;
    case 7:
        deqdemo();
        break;
    case 8:
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("\nPlease Enter the valid choice");
    }
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

~~~Menu~~~
1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes
2:DisplayStatus
3:InsertAtEnd
4>DeleteAtEnd
5:InsertAtFront
6>DeleteAtFront
7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL
8:Exit
Please enter your choice: 1
Enter the no of Employees: 2Enter the
ssn,Name,Department,Designation,Salary,PhoneNo of the employee:
1EPL
Braham
Developer
Senior
13627

```

8476283712Enter the ssn,Name,Department,Designation,Salary,PhoneNo of the employee:

2EPL

Aman

Trader

Manager

20000

2763578156~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes

2:DisplayStatus

3:InsertAtEnd

4:DeleteAtEnd

5:InsertAtFront

6:DeleteAtFront

7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL

8:Exit

Please enter your choice:

2ENode:1||SSN:1EPL|Name:Braham|Department:Developer|Designation:Senior|Salary:13627|Phone no:8476283712

ENode:2||SSN:2EPL|Name:Aman|Department:Trader|Designation:Manager|Salary:20000|Phone no:2763578156

No of employee nodes is 2~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes

2:DisplayStatus

3:InsertAtEnd

4:DeleteAtEnd

5:InsertAtFront

6:DeleteAtFront

7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL

8:Exit

Please enter your choice: 3Enter the ssn,Name,Department,Designation,Salary,PhoneNo of the employee:

3EPL

Bikash

Meeting

Manager

30000

8237462936~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes

2:DisplayStatus

3:InsertAtEnd

4:DeleteAtEnd

5:InsertAtFront

6:DeleteAtFront

7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL

8:Exit

Please enter your choice:

2ENode:1||SSN:1EPL|Name:Braham|Department:Developer|Designation:Senior|Salary:13627|Phone no:8476283712

ENode:2||SSN:2EPL|Name:Aman|Department:Trader|Designation:Manager|Salary:20000|Phone no:2763578156

ENode:3||SSN:3EPL|Name:Bikash|Department:Meeting|Designation:Manager|Salary:30000|Phone no:8237462936

No of employee nodes is 3~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes

2:DisplayStatus

3:InsertAtEnd

4:DeleteAtEnd

5:InsertAtFront

6:DeleteAtFront

7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL

8:Exit

Please enter your choice: 5Enter the ssn,Name,Department,Designation,Salary,PhoneNo of the employee:

4EPL

Shoaib

Digital Marketing

Manager

40000

2835826437~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes

2:DisplayStatus

3:InsertAtEnd

4:DeleteAtEnd

5:InsertAtFront

6:DeleteAtFront

7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL

8:ExitPlease enter your choice: 2ENode:1||SSN:4EPL|Name:Shoaib|Department:Digital Marketing|Designation:Manager|Salary:40000|Phone no:2835826437

ENode:2||SSN:1EPL|Name:Braham|Department:Developer|Designation:Senior|Salary:13627|Phone no:8476283712

ENode:3||SSN:2EPL|Name:Aman|Department:Trader|Designation:Manager|Salary:20000|Phone no:2763578156

ENode:4||SSN:3EPL|Name:Bikash|Department:Meeting|Designation:Manager|Salary:30000|Phone no:8237462936

No of employee nodes is 4~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes
 2:DisplayStatus
 3:InsertAtEnd
 4:DeleteAtEnd
 5:InsertAtFront
 6:DeleteAtFront
 7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL
 8:Exit

Please enter your choice: 4The employee node with the ssn:3EPL is deleted~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes
 2:DisplayStatus
 3:InsertAtEnd
 4:DeleteAtEnd
 5:InsertAtFront
 6:DeleteAtFront
 7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL
 8:Exit

Please enter your choice: 6The employee node with the ssn:4EPL is deleted~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes
 2:DisplayStatus
 3:InsertAtEnd
 4:DeleteAtEnd
 5:InsertAtFront
 6:DeleteAtFront
 7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL
 8:Exit

Please enter your choice:

2ENode:1||SSN:1EPL|Name:Braham|Department:Developer|Designation:Senior|Salary:13627|Phone no:8476283712

ENode:2||SSN:2EPL|Name:Aman|Department:Trader|Designation:Manager|Salary:20000|Phone no:2763578156

No of employee nodes is 2~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes
 2:DisplayStatus
 3:InsertAtEnd
 4:DeleteAtEnd
 5:InsertAtFront
 6:DeleteAtFront
 7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL
 8:Exit

Please enter your choice: 7Demo Double Ended Queue Operation

1:InsertQueueFront
 2: DeleteQueueFront

3:InsertQueueRear

4:DeleteQueueRear

5:DisplayStatus

6: Exit

Please enter your choice: 2The employee node with the ssn:1EPL is deletedDemo Double

Ended Queue Operation

1:InsertQueueFront

2: DeleteQueueFront

3:InsertQueueRear

4:DeleteQueueRear

5:DisplayStatus

6: Exit

Please enter your choice: 4The employee node with the ssn:2EPL is deletedDemo Double

Ended Queue Operation

1:InsertQueueFront

2: DeleteQueueFront

3:InsertQueueRear

4:DeleteQueueRear

5:DisplayStatus

6: Exit

Please enter your choice: 2Doubly Linked List is emptyDemo Double Ended Queue

Operation

1:InsertQueueFront

2: DeleteQueueFront

3:InsertQueueRear

4:DeleteQueueRear

5:DisplayStatus

6: Exit

Please enter your choice: 6~~~Menu~~~

1:Create DLL of Employee Nodes

2:DisplayStatus

3:InsertAtEnd

4:DeleteAtEnd

5:InsertAtFront

6:DeleteAtFront

7:Double Ended Queue Demo using DLL

8:ExitPlease enter your choice: 8

9. Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes

- Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z - 4yz^5 + 3x^3yz + 2xy^5z - 2xyz^3$
- Find the sum of two polynomials $POLY1(x,y,z)$ and $POLY2(x,y,z)$ and store the result in $POLYSUM(x,y,z)$ Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
#define COMPARE(x, y)((x == y) ? 0 : (x > y) ? 1 : -1)
struct node {
    int coef;
    int xexp, yexp, zexp;
    struct node * link;
};
typedef struct node * NODE;
NODE getnode() {
    NODE x;
    x = (NODE) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if (x == NULL) {
        printf("Running out of memory \n");
        return NULL;
    }
    return x;
}
NODE attach(int coef, int xexp, int yexp, int zexp, NODE head) {
    NODE temp, cur;
    temp = getnode();
    temp->coef = coef;
    temp->xexp = xexp;
    temp->yexp = yexp;
    temp->zexp = zexp;
    cur = head->link;
    while (cur->link != head) {
        cur = cur->link;
    }
    cur->link = temp;
    temp->link = head;
    return head;
}
NODE read_poly(NODE head) {
    int i, j, coef, xexp, yexp, zexp, n;
```

```

printf("\nEnter the no of terms in the polynomial: ");
scanf("%d", & n);
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    printf("\nEnter the %d term: ", i);
    printf("\nEnter Coef = ");
    scanf("%d", & coef);
    printf("\nEnter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): ");
    scanf("%d", & xexp);
    scanf("%d", & yexp);
    scanf("%d", & zexp);
    head = attach(coef, xexp, yexp, zexp, head);
}
return head;
}
void display(NODE head) {
    NODE temp;
    if (head -> link == head) {
        printf("\nPolynomial does not exist.");
        return;
    }
    temp = head -> link;
    while (temp != head) {
        printf("%dx^%dy^%dz^%d", temp -> coef, temp -> xexp, temp -> yexp, temp ->
zexp);
        temp = temp -> link;
        if (temp != head)
            printf(" + ");
    }
}
int poly_evaluate(NODE head) {
    int x, y, z, sum = 0;
    NODE poly; printf("\nEnter the value of x,y and z: ");
    scanf("%d %d %d", & x, & y, & z); poly = head -> link;
    while (poly != head) {
        sum += poly -> coef * pow(x, poly -> xexp) * pow(y, poly -> yexp) * pow(z, poly
-> zexp);
        poly = poly -> link;
    }
    return sum;
}
NODE poly_sum(NODE head1, NODE head2, NODE head3) {
    NODE a, b;
    int coef;

```

```

a = head1 -> link;
b = head2 -> link;
while (a != head1 && b != head2) {
    while (1) {
        if (a -> xexp == b -> xexp && a -> yexp == b -> yexp && a -> zexp == b
            -> zexp) {
            coef = a -> coef + b -> coef;
            head3 = attach(coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a -> zexp, head3);
            a = a -> link;
            b = b -> link;
            break;
        } //if ends here
        if (a -> xexp != 0 || b -> xexp != 0) {
            switch (COMPARE(a -> xexp, b -> xexp)) {
                case -1:
                    head3 = attach(b -> coef, b -> xexp, b -> yexp, b -> zexp,
                        head3);
                    b = b -> link;
                    break;
                case 0:
                    if (a -> yexp > b -> yexp) {
                        head3 = attach(a -> coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a -> zexp,
                            head3);
                        a = a -> link;
                        break;
                    } else if (a -> yexp < b -> yexp) {
                        head3 = attach(b -> coef, b -> xexp, b -> yexp, b -> zexp,
                            head3);
                        b = b -> link;
                        break;
                    } else if (a -> zexp > b -> zexp) {
                        head3 = attach(a -> coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a -> zexp,
                            head3);
                        a = a -> link;
                        break;
                    } else if (a -> zexp < b -> zexp) {
                        head3 = attach(b -> coef, b -> xexp, b -> yexp, b -> zexp,
                            head3);
                        b = b -> link;
                        break;
                    }
            }
            case 1:

```

```

        head3 = attach(a -> coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a -> zexp,
head3);
        a = a -> link;
        break;
    } //switch ends here
    break;
} //if ends here
if (a -> yexp != 0 || b -> yexp != 0) {
    switch (COMPARE(a -> yexp, b -> yexp)) {
        case -1:
            head3 = attach(b -> coef, b -> xexp, b -> yexp, b -> zexp,
head3);
            b = b -> link;
            break;
        case 0:
            if (a -> zexp > b -> zexp) {
                head3 = attach(a -> coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a ->
zexp, head3);
                a = a -> link;
                break;
            } else if (a -> zexp < b -> zexp) {
                head3 = attach(b -> coef, b -> xexp, b -> yexp, b ->
zexp, head3);
                b = b -> link;
                break;
            }
        case 1:
            head3 = attach(a -> coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a ->
zexp, head3);
            a = a -> link;
            break;
    }
    break;
}
if (a -> zexp != 0 || b -> zexp != 0) {
    switch (COMPARE(a -> zexp, b -> zexp)) {
        case -1:
            head3 = attach(b -> coef, b -> xexp, b -> yexp, b -> zexp,
head3);
            b = b -> link;
            break;
        case 1:

```

```

        head3 = attach(a -> coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a -> zexp,
head3);
        a = a -> link;
        break;
    }
    break;
}
}
}
while (a != head1) {
    head3 = attach(a -> coef, a -> xexp, a -> yexp, a -> zexp, head3);
    a = a -> link;
}
while (b != head2) {
    head3 = attach(b -> coef, b -> xexp, b -> yexp, b -> zexp, head3);
    b = b -> link;
}
return head3;
}
}
void main() {
    NODE head, head1, head2, head3;
    int res, ch;
    head = getnode(); /* For polynomial evalaution */
    head1 = getnode(); /* To hold POLY1 */
    head2 = getnode(); /* To hold POLY2 */
    head3 = getnode(); /* To hold POLYSUM */head -> link = head;
    head1 -> link = head1;
    head2 -> link = head2;
    head3 -> link = head3;while (1) {
        printf("\n~~~Menu~~~");
        printf("\n1.Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial P(x,y,z)");
        printf("\n2.Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z)");
        printf("\nEnter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", & ch);
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                printf("\n~~~Polynomial evaluation P(x,y,z)~~~\n");
                head = read_poly(head);
                printf("\nRepresentation of Polynomial for evaluation: \n");
                display(head);
                res = poly_evaluate(head);
                printf("\nResult of polynomial evaluation is : %d \n", res);
                break;

```

```

        case 2:
            printf("\nEnter the POLY1(x,y,z): \n");
            head1 = read_poly(head1);
            printf("\nPolynomial 1 is: \n");
            display(head1);\
            printf("\nEnter the POLY2(x,y,z): \n");
            head2 = read_poly(head2);
            printf("\nPolynomial 2 is: \n");
            display(head2);
            printf("\nPolynomial addition result: \n");
            head3 = poly_sum(head1, head2, head3);
            display(head3);
            break;
        case 3:
            exit(0);
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

~~~Menu~~~

1.Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial P(x,y,z)

2.Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z)

Enter your choice: 1~~~~Polynomial evaluation P(x,y,z)~~~

Enter the no of terms in the polynomial: 5

Enter the 1 term:

Coef = 6

Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 2      2      1

Enter the 2 term:

Coef = -4

Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 0      1      5

Enter the 3 term:

Coef = 3

Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 3      1      1

Enter the 4 term:

Coef = 2

Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 1      5      1

Enter the 5 term:

Coef = -2

Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 1      1      3

Representation of Polynomial for evaluation:

$6x^2y^2z^1 + -4x^0y^1z^5 + 3x^3y^1z^1 + 2x^1y^5z^1 + -2x^1y^1z^3$

Enter the value of x,y and z: 1 1 1

Result of polynomial evaluation is : 5~~~Menu~~~

1.Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial P(x,y,z)  
 2.Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z)  
 Enter your choice: 2 Enter the POLY1(x,y,z):Enter the no of terms in the polynomial: 5  
 Enter the 1 term:  
 Coef = 6  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 4 4 4  
 Enter the 2 term:  
 Coef = 3  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 4 3 1  
 Enter the 3 term:  
 Coef = 5  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 0 1 1  
 Enter the 4 term:  
 Coef = 10  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 0 1 0  
 Enter the 5 term:  
 Coef = 5  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 0 0 0  
 Polynomial 1 is: $6x^4y^4z^4 + 3x^4y^3z^1 + 5x^0y^1z^1 + 10x^0y^1z^0 + 5x^0y^0z^0$   
 Enter the POLY2(x,y,z):  
 Enter the no of terms in the polynomial: 5  
 Enter the 1 term:  
 Coef = 8  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 4 4 4  
 Enter the 2 term:  
 Coef = 4  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 4 2 1  
 Enter the 3 term:  
 Coef = 30  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 0 1 0  
 Enter the 4 term:  
 Coef = 20  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 0 0 1  
 Enter the 5 term:  
 Coef = 3  
 Enter Pow(x) Pow(y) and Pow(z): 0 0 0  
 Polynomial 2 is: $8x^4y^4z^4 + 4x^4y^2z^1 + 30x^0y^1z^0 + 20x^0y^0z^1 + 3x^0y^0z^0$   
 Polynomial addition result:  
 $14x^4y^4z^4 + 3x^4y^3z^1 + 4x^4y^2z^1 + 5x^0y^1z^1 + 40x^0y^1z^0 + 20x^0y^0z^1 + 8x^0y^0z^0$   
 ~~~Menu~~~  
 1.Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial P(x,y,z)
 2.Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z)
 Enter your choice:3

10. Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers .

- Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2
- Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order
- Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message
- Exit

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct BST {
    int data;
    struct BST * lchild;
    struct BST * rchild;
};
typedef struct BST * NODE;
NODE create() {
    NODE temp;
    temp = (NODE) malloc(sizeof(struct BST));
    printf("\nEnter The value: ");
    scanf("%d", & temp -> data);temp -> lchild = NULL;
    temp -> rchild = NULL;
    return temp;
}
void insert(NODE root, NODE newnode);
void inorder(NODE root);
void preorder(NODE root);
void postorder(NODE root);
void search(NODE root);
void insert(NODE root, NODE newnode) {
    /*Note: if newnode->data == root->data it will be skipped. No duplicate nodes are
    allowed */if (newnode -> data < root -> data) {
    if (root -> lchild == NULL)
        root -> lchild = newnode;
    else
        insert(root -> lchild, newnode);
    }
    if (newnode -> data > root -> data) {
        if (root -> rchild == NULL)
            root -> rchild = newnode;
        else
            insert(root -> rchild, newnode);
    }
}
```



```
void search(NODE root) {
    int key;
    NODE cur;
    if (root == NULL) {
        printf("\nBST is empty.");
        return;
    }
    printf("\nEnter Element to be searched: ");
    scanf("%d", & key);
    cur = root;
    while (cur != NULL) {
        if (cur -> data == key) {
            printf("\nKey element is present in BST");
            return;
        }
        if (key < cur -> data)
            cur = cur -> lchild;
        else
            cur = cur -> rchild;
    }
    printf("\nKey element is not found in the BST");
}

void inorder(NODE root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        inorder(root -> lchild);
        printf("%d ", root -> data);
        inorder(root -> rchild);
    }
}

void preorder(NODE root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        printf("%d ", root -> data);
        preorder(root -> lchild);
        preorder(root -> rchild);
    }
}

void postorder(NODE root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        postorder(root -> lchild);
        postorder(root -> rchild);
        printf("%d ", root -> data);
    }
}
```

```

void main() {
int ch, key, val, i, n;
NODE root = NULL, newnode;
while (1) {
    printf("\n~~~~~BST MENU~~~~~");
    printf("\n1.Create a BST");
    printf("\n2. BST Traversals ");
    printf("\n3. Search: ");
    printf("\n4.Exit");
    printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", & ch);
    switch (ch) {
        case 1:
            printf("\nEnter the number of elements: ");
            scanf("%d", & n);
            for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
                newnode = create();
                if (root == NULL)
                    root = newnode;
                else
                    insert(root, newnode);
            }
            break;
        case 2:
            if (root == NULL)
                printf("\nTree Is Not Created");
            else {
                printf("\nThe Preorder display : ");
                preorder(root);
                printf("\nThe Inorder display : ");
                inorder(root);
                printf("\nThe Postorder display : ");
                postorder(root);
            }break;
        case 3:
            search(root);
            break;
        case 4:
            exit(0);
    }
}
}

```

OUTPUT:~~~~BST MENU~~~~

1.Create a BST

2.Search

3.BST Traversals:

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 1Enter the number of elements: 12

Enter The value: 6

Enter The value: 9

Enter The value: 5

Enter The value: 2

Enter The value: 8

Enter The value: 15

Enter The value: 24

Enter The value: 14

Enter The value: 7

Enter The value: 8

Enter The value: 5

Enter The value: 2~~~~BST MENU~~~~

1.Create a BST

2.Search

3.BST Traversals:

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 3The Preorder display: 6 5 2 9 8 7 15

14 24

The Inorder display: 2 5 6 7 8 9 14 15 24

The Postorder display: 2 5 7 8 14 24 15 9

6~~~~BST MENU~~~~

1.Create a BST

2.Search

3.BST Traversals:

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 2 Enter Element to be searched: 66

Key element is not found in the BST~~~~BST MENU~~~~

1.Create a BST

2.Search

3.BST Traversals:

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 2Enter Element to be searched: 14 Key element is present in BST~~~~BST

MENU~~~~

1.Create a BST

2.Search

3.BST Traversals:

4.Exit Enter your choice: 4

11. Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities

- Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
- Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method.

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int a[50][50], n, visited[50];
int q[20], front = -1, rear = -1;
int s[20], top = -1, count = 0;
void bfs(int v) {
    int i, cur;
    visited[v] = 1;
    q[++rear] = v;
    while (front != rear) {
        cur = q[++front];
        for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            if ((a[cur][i] == 1) && (visited[i] == 0)) {
                q[++rear] = i;
                visited[i] = 1;
                printf("%d ", i);
            }
        }
    }
}
void dfs(int v) {
    int i;
    visited[v] = 1;
    s[++top] = v;
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        if (a[v][i] == 1 && visited[i] == 0) {
            printf("%d ", i);
            dfs(i);
        }
    }
}
int main() {int ch, start, i, j;
    printf("\nEnter the number of vertices in graph:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("\nEnter the adjacency matrix:\n");
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
            scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
    }
}
```

```

for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    visited[i] = 0;
printf("\nEnter the starting vertex: ");
scanf("%d", & start);
printf("\n==>1. BFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node");
printf("\n==>2. DFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node");
printf("\n==>3:Exit");
printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", & ch);
switch (ch) {
    case 1:
        printf("\nNodes reachable from starting vertex %d are: ", start);
        bfs(start);
        for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            if (visited[i] == 0)
                printf("\nThe vertex that is not reachable is %d", i);
        }
        break;
    case 2:
        printf("\nNodes reachable from starting vertex %d are:\n", start);
        dfs(start);
        break;
    case 3:
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("\nPlease enter valid choice:");
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

*****case-1*****Enter the number of vertices
in graph:4
Enter the adjacency matrix:
0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1
0 0 0 0
Enter the starting vertex: 1
==>1. BFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node
==>2. DFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node
==>3:Exit
Enter your choice: 1

```

Nodes reachable from starting vertex 1 are: 2 4 3*****case-
2*****Enter the number of vertices in graph:4

Enter the adjacency matrix:

0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1
0 0 0 0

Enter the starting vertex: 2

==>1. BFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node

==>2. DFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node

==>3:Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Nodes reachable from starting vertex 2 are: 3 4

The vertex that is not reachable is 1*****case-
3*****Enter the number of vertices in graph:4

Enter the adjacency matrix:

0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1
0 0 0 0

Enter the starting vertex: 1

==>1. BFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node

==>2. DFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node

==>3:Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Nodes reachable from starting vertex 1 are: 2 3 4*****case-
4*****Enter the number of vertices in graph:4

Enter the adjacency matrix:

0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1
0 0 0 0

Enter the starting vertex: 2

==>1. BFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node

==>2. DFS: Print all nodes reachable from a given starting node

==>3:Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Nodes reachable from starting vertex 2 are: 3 4

12. Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys (4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table (HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Develop a Program in C that uses Hash function $H: K \rightarrow L$ as $H(K) = K \bmod m$ (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Sourcecode:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int key[20], n, m;
int * ht, index;
int count = 0;
void insert(int key) {
    index = key % m;
    while (ht[index] != -1) {
        index = (index + 1) % m;
    }
    ht[index] = key;
    count++;
}
void display() {
    int i;
    if (count == 0) {
        printf("\nHash Table is empty");
        return;
    }
    printf("\nHash Table contents are:\n ");
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
        printf("\n T[%d] --> %d ", i, ht[i]);
}
void main() {
    int i;
    printf("\nEnter the number of employee records (N) :");
    scanf("%d", & n); printf("\nEnter the two digit memory locations (m) for hash table:");
    scanf("%d", & m); ht = (int *) malloc(m * sizeof(int));
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
        ht[i] = -1; printf("\nEnter the four digit key values (K) for N Employee Records:\n ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", & key[i]); for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (count == m) {
            printf("\n~~~Hash table is full. Cannot insert the record %d key~~~", i + 1);
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

```
    insert(key[i]);  
    }//Displaying Keys inserted into hash table  
    display();  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the number of employee records (N) :10
Enter the two digit memory locations (m) for hash table:15
Enter the four digit key values (K) for N Employee Records:
4020
4560
9908
6785
0423
7890
6547
3342
9043
6754
Hash Table contents are:
T[0] --> 4020
T[1] --> 4560
T[2] --> 7890
T[3] --> 423
T[4] --> 6754
T[5] --> 6785
T[6] --> -1
T[7] --> 6547
T[8] --> 9908
T[9] --> -1
T[10] --> -1
T[11] --> -1
T[12] --> 3342
T[13] --> 9043
T[14] --> -1