```
Script started on 2022-09-24 09:40:54-05:00 [TERM="xterm" TTY="/dev/pts/8" COLUMNS=
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ pwd
/home/students/pu06439/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ cat findmain.info
* Upanshu Parekh
                                                           CSC122-001 *
                 Lab: Now where'd I put that
* This program shows the use of find functions which take in a base
* string to be searched, along with a char/string to look for. It will
* search the base for it, and then return that int index where it was
* found, or std::string::npos if it was not found.
* Base Level: 2
* Options Chosen:
   Level 1: Case-sensitivit argument.
   Level 2: User can use wildcards to represent 0+ chars, and ?
            to represent 1 char. Escape sequence char '/' added.
   Level 3: User can use multiple wildcards in one input string.
* Total Level: 2+1+2+3 = 8
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ show-code findmai
n.cpp
findmain.cpp:
    1 // Driver program for strextra library
    2 #include "strextra.h"
      #include <iostream>
    4 #include <string>
      #include <limits>
    7
       using namespace std:
    8
    9
      int main() {
   10
           enum option{CHAR=1. STRING}:
           string baseString{""},
   11
   12
                       inputString{""};
   13
           int selection{0};
           char inputChar{'a'};
   14
   15
           string::size type findResult{0};
   16
   17
           cout << "\nWelcome! Please enter a base string to search."</pre>
   18
                        "\nString: ";
   19
           getline(cin, baseString);
   20
   21
           cout << "\nString accepted! What would you like"</pre>
   22
                        " to search for in this string?"
                        "\n [1] CHAR"
   23
                        "\n [2] STRING"
   24
```

```
25
                          "\nYour choice: ";
    26
            cin >> selection:
    27
            cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
    28
    29
            switch (selection)
    30
    31
                 case CHAR:
    32
                     cout << "\nYou selected: CHAR."</pre>
    33
                                   "\nPlease enter the CHAR to search for (type `'
    34
                                   " for space character): ";
    35
                                  // the `substituting space is for
    36
                                  // testing purposes only
    37
                     cin >> inputChar:
                     inputChar = (inputChar == '`') ? ' ' : inputChar:
    38
    39
    40
                     //default arg: caseSensitive = true
    41
                     findResult = find(baseString. inputChar):
                     cout << "\nResult from |find| function was: "</pre>
    42
    43
                               << findResult << ".";
    44
    45
                     findResult = find(baseString, inputChar, false):
    46
                     cout << "\nResult from case-insensitive "</pre>
    47
                                   "Ifind| function was: " << findResult << ".":
    48
    49
                     break:
    50
    51
                 case STRING:
                     cout << "\nYou selected: STRING."</pre>
    52
    53
                                   "\nPlease enter the STRING to search for: ";
    54
                     getline(cin. inputString):
    55
    56
                     //default arg: caseSensitive = true
    57
                     findResult = find(baseString, inputString):
    58
                     cout << "\nResult from |find| function was: "</pre>
                               << findResult << ".";
    59
    60
    61
                     findResult = find(baseString, inputString, false);
                     cout << "\nResult from case-insensitive</pre>
    62
    63
                                  "|find| function was: " << findResult << ".":
    64
    65
                     break:
    66
    67
                 default:
                     cout << "\nInvalid input!";</pre>
    68
    69
                     break;
    70
            cout << "\nEnd of program. Thank you for using.\n\n";</pre>
    71
    72
            return 0:
    73 }
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ show-code strextr
a.h
strextra.h:
```

```
1 // Header file for find function
      #pragma once
       #include <string>
       //This variant of the find function will work with |char| inputs
       std::string::size type
        find(const std::string & base, const char & input,
             const bool & caseSensitive = true);
    9
    10 //This variant of the find function will work with Istring I inputs
    11 std::string::size type
    12 find(const std::string & base, const std::string & input,
             const bool & caseSensitive = true);
   13
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ show-code strextr
a.cpp
strextra.cpp:
     1 // implementation file for the find functions
      #include "strextra.h"
     3 #include <string>
      #include <cctype>
     6
       using namespace std;
        using sz tp = string::size type;
    9
       sz tp find(const string & base, const char & input,
                   const bool & caseSensitive)
    10
    11 {
            sz tp baseLength{base.length()},
    12
    13
                  foundIndex{string::npos};
            bool found{false};
    14
    15
    16
            for (sz tp i = 0; i < baseLength && !found; <math>i++)
    17
    18
                if ( (caseSensitive && base[i] == input)
                   || (!caseSensitive &&
    19
    20
                       tolower(base[i]) == tolower(input)) )
    21
    22
                    found = true:
    23
                    foundIndex = i;
    24
    25
    26
            return foundIndex:
    27
           // npos is esentially the unsigned version of -1 or invalid index
    28 }
    29
    30 sz tp find(const string & base, const string & input,
                   const bool & caseSensitive)
    31
    32 {
```

```
33
        sz tp baseLength{base.length()},
34
              inputLenath(input.lenath()).
35
              substringIndex{0}, foundIndex{string::npos};
36
        bool done{false}.found{false}:
37
        string subBase{""}:
38
39
        for (sz tp i = 0; i < baseLength && !found; ++i)
40
41
            substringIndex = i;
42
            done = false;
43
44
            for (sz tp k = 0: k < inputLenath && !done: ++k)
45
46
                // escape sequence detection
47
                if (input[k] != '/')
48
                    if (input[k] == '*')
49
50
51
                        if (k == inputLength - 1)
52
53
                            done = true:
54
                            found = true:
55
                            foundIndex = i:
56
57
                        // if * at the end of input string
58
                        // who cares what the rest of the base string is?
59
60
                        // if char after * is ?
61
                        // then it's 0 chars until next valid char
62
                        while ( (
63
                                (caseSensitive
                                    && input[k+1] != base[substringIndex])
64
65
                             || (!caseSensitive
66
                                && tolower(input[k+1])
                                    != tolower(base[substringIndex])) )
67
                            && input[k+1] != '?' && !done)
68
69
70
                            if (substringIndex == baseLength - 1)
71
                            { // substringIndex is at end of base
72
                                done = true:
73
                                 // found = false:
74
75
76
                            ++substringIndex;
77
                            // keep iterating until it does find next
                            // char after wildcard in base string
78
79
                        }
80
                    else if ( ( (caseSensitive
81
82
                                 && input[k] == base[substringIndex])
                        || (!caseSensitive
83
                            && tolower(input[k])
84
                               == tolower(base[substringIndex])) )
85
86
                        || input[k] == '?')
```

```
87
    88
                            // if valid match and at end of string. it is found!
    89
                            if (k == inputLength - 1)
    90
    91
                                done = true:
    92
                                found = true:
    93
                                foundIndex = i;
    94
    95
    96
                            // if any of these matches are valid, go to next base
    97
                            // string char
   98
                            ++substringIndex:
   99
   100
                        else
                        { // if no valid matches, stop
   101
                            done = true;
   102
                            // found = false:
   103
  104
                        }
   105
   106
                    else {
  107
                        if (k == inputLength - 1)
                        { // if escape char at end of inputString, that's invalid
  108
  109
                            done = true:
  110
                            // found = false:
  111
  112
                        ++k; // skip to char after '/' escape sequence char
  113
                        if (input[k] == base[substringIndex])
  114
                        { // valid match
  115
  116
                            if (k == inputLength - 1)
  117
  118
                                done = true:
   119
                                found = true:
  120
                                foundIndex = i;
   121
  122
                            ++substringIndex;
   123
                        }
  124
                        else
                        { // if next char does not match
  125
  126
                            done = true:
  127
                            // found = false:
  128
  129
                    }
  130
                }
  131
  132
            return foundIndex;
  133 }
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ CPP findmain.cpp
strextra.cpp
findmain.cpp***
strextra.cpp...
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
```

```
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: pits
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 1
You selected: CHAR.
Please enter the CHAR to search for (type ` for space character): I
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive | find| function was: 1.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: dumb bunnies
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 1
You selected: CHAR.
Please enter the CHAR to search for (type ` for space character): `
Result from Ifind I function was: 4.
Result from case-insensitive | find| function was: 4.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: dumb bunnies
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: b bunn
Result from |find| function was: 3.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 3.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: dumb bunnies
```

```
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: u??Ie
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive | find| function was: 6.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: dumb bunnies
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: ??zz
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The guick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: *T
Result from |find| function was: 0.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 0.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The quick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
```

```
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: *N
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 0.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The quick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: u*n
Result from Ifind I function was: 5.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 5.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The quick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: u*z
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The quick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
```

```
You selected: STRING.
                                                                                      Result from |find| function was: 1.
Please enter the STRING to search for: x*
Result from Ifind I function was: 18.
Result from case-insensitive | find| function was: 18.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The quick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: h*i*b*n
Result from |find| function was: 1.
Result from case-insensitive | find| function was: 1.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The guick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: h*z*b*n
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The guick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: h*i?k
```

```
Result from case-insensitive | find| function was: 1.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: The guick brown fox
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: h*i??k
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: Is the fox guick? Not sure* Who knows?
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: quick/? n
Result from |find| function was: 18446744073709551615.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 11.
End of program. Thank you for using.
pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that$ ./findmain.out
Welcome! Please enter a base string to search.
String: Is the fox guick? Not sure* Who knows?
String accepted! What would you like to search for in this string?
[1] CHAR
[2] STRING
Your choice: 2
You selected: STRING.
Please enter the STRING to search for: sure/* W
Result from |find| function was: 22.
Result from case-insensitive |find| function was: 22.
End of program. Thank you for using.
```

pu06439@ares:~/CSC122/Portfolio I/Labs/Now where'd I put that\$ cat findmain.tpq

1. What arguments does each find function take? Are they changed? What special care should you take with them?

Each find function must take in a base string that will be searched. The second argument must be the phrase to find within that string. One must take in a char, while the other must take in a string. The special care I should take is that I need to make one search function that works with the char variant, and another different, but related search function that works with the string variant.

2. What value is returned by your functions? What type is it and what does it represent?

The functions will return an |int| index position of the base string where the char or string phrase occurred. If it failed to find an occurence of the char/string, it will return an |int| value of -1.

3. What care does a caller of your functions have to take with this return value?

(i.e. Can they immediately assume it is a valid index?)

The caller of my function has to know that it will not return a valid index 100% of the time. If the char/string could not be found, it will return -1. If that caller assumes a valid index was going to be printed, they would run into nasty IndexOutOfBounds exceptions, or worse.

4. How does the compiler distinguish which of your functions is being used for a particular call? (They have the same name, after all...)

It wil distinguish my functions from each other by checking their signatures. In this case, the return types will be the same, as will the type of the first paramater (the string to be searched), but the second parameter will be either a |char| or |string|. Whichever one is included in the function call will run either the char-corresponding |find| function or the string-corresponding |find| function.

5. How do you protect your library from being circularly included?

I can use definitions as such:

#ifndef STREXTRA_H_INCLUDE
#define STREXTRA_H_INCLUDE
// ... header file interface in between ...
#endif

Alternatively, I can just type: #pragma once
This is what I will use.

6. What changes are needed in your main application (the test application here) to get it to work with the library? What about the compiling process?

I need to ensure that the library header file is included with the directive:

#include "strextra.h"

That's it for what the main application needs in terms of code-wise.

When it is being compiled, I need to ensure that I add the corresponding strextra.cpp file which contains the definitions of the functions in the header file.

7. How many files does your library consist of? What are they? Which one(s) do you #include?

My library consists of 2 files: the interface file |strextra.h| and the implementation/definition file |strextra.cpp|.

In the |findmain.cpp| main file, I include the header file via #include "strextra.h"

Script done on 2022-09-24 09:50:36-05:00 [COMMAND EXIT CODE="0"]