^ fold ^

In music theory, a minor chord is a chord that has a root, a minor third, and a perfect fifth. When a chord comprises only these three notes, it is called a minor triad.

A minor triad can also be described by its intervals: the interval between the bottom and middle notes is a minor third, and the interval between the middle and top notes is a major third.

The minor triad is one of the basic building blocks of tonal music and the common practice period. In Western music, a minor chord, in comparison, "sounds darker than a major chord" but is still considered highly consonant, stable, or as not requiring resolution.





v fold v

MINOR CHORDS (1,3,5) - LEFT HAND

		(, , ,		 		 	 				
C min	C			Eb		G			С		Eb	
D min	D			F		A			D		F	
E min	E			G		В			E		G	
F min	F			Ab		C			F		Ab	
G min	G			Bb		D			G		Bb	
A min	A			C		E			A		С	
B min	В			D		F#			В		D	
C# min	C#			Е		G#			C#		E	
Eb min	Eb			Gb		Bb			Eb		Gb	
F# min	F#			A		C#			F#		A	
G# min	G#			В		D#			G#		В	
Bb min	Bb			Db		F			Bb		Db	
ROOT												
1ST												
2ND												