## ^ fold ^

In music theory, a diminished triad (also known as the minor flatted fifth) is a triad consisting of two minor thirds above the root. It is a minor triad with a lowered (flattened) fifth.

In major scales, a diminished triad occurs only on the seventh scale degree. For instance, in the key of C, this is a B diminished triad (B, D, F). Since the triad is built on the seventh scale degree, it is also called the leading-tone triad. This chord has a dominant function.

Unlike the dominant triad or dominant seventh, the leading-tone triad functions as a prolongational chord rather than a structural chord since the strong root motion by fifth is absent.





v fold v

## **DIMINISHED CHORDS (1,3,5) - RIGHT HAND**

		 - ( )	<u> </u>	 			 	 		 		
C dim	C		Eb		Gb				С		Eb	
D dim	D		F		Ab				D		F	
E dim	E		G		Bb				E		G	
F dim	F		Ab		В				F		Ab	
G dim	G		Bb		Db				G		Bb	
A dim	A		C		Eb				A		С	
B dim	В		D		F				В		D	
C# dim	C#		E		G				C#		E	
D# dim	D#		F#		A				D#		F#	
F# dim	F#		A		C				F#		Α	
G# dim	G#		В		D				G#		В	
A# dim	A#		C#		E				A#		C#	
ROOT												
1ST												
2ND												
						_						