## ^ fold ^

In music theory, a diminished triad (also known as the minor flatted fifth) is a triad consisting of two minor thirds above the root. It is a minor triad with a lowered (flattened) fifth.

In major scales, a diminished triad occurs only on the seventh scale degree. For instance, in the key of C, this is a B diminished triad (B, D, F). Since the triad is built on the seventh scale degree, it is also called the leading-tone triad. This chord has a dominant function.

Unlike the dominant triad or dominant seventh, the leading-tone triad functions as a prolongational chord rather than a structural chord since the strong root motion by fifth is absent.





v fold v

## **DIMINISHED CHORDS (1,3,5) - LEFT HAND**

		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		, , ,										
C dim	C			Eb			Gb				С		Eb	
D dim	D			F			Ab				D		F	
E dim	E			G			Bb				E		G	
F dim	F			Ab			В				F		Ab	
G dim	G			Bb			Db				G		Bb	
A dim	A			C			Eb				A		С	
B dim	В			D			F				В		D	
C# dim	C#			E			G				C#		E	
D# dim	D#			F#			A				D#		F#	
F# dim	F#			A			C				F#		Α	
G# dim	G#			В			D				G#		В	
A# dim	A#			C#			Ε				A#		C#	
ROOT														
1ST														
2ND														