#### Watson Studio: Heart Disease modeling with Jupyter Notebooks

#### Introduction

In this lab, you use a Jupyter Notebook to train a model using the XGBoost library to classify whether a person has heart disease or not. In addition to training a model, the notebook also explains how to persist a trained model to the IBM Watson Machine Learning repository, and deploy the model as a REST service.

To train and test the heart disease prediction model, you are using an open source data set published in the University of California, Irvine (UCI) Machine Learning Repository.

The notebook environment includes Python 3.5 runtime, XGBoost 0.6 and Scikit-Learn 0.17.

## **Objectives**

Upon completing the lab, you will know how to:

- 1. Load a CSV file into Pandas DataFrame.
- 2. Data exploration using Pixiedust
- 3. Prepare data for training and evaluation.
- 4. Create, train, and evaluate a XGBoost model.
- 5. Visualize the importance of features that were used to train the model.
- 6. Use cross validation to select optimal model hyperparameters based on a parameter grid
- 7. Persist best model in Watson Machine Learning repository using Python client library.
- 8. Deploy the model for online scoring using the Watson Machine Learning's REST APIs

## Lab Steps

### Step 1 - Create a Jupyter Notebook

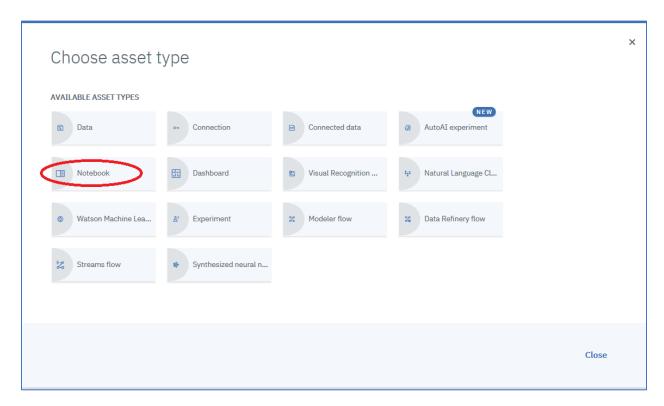
1. Click on the hamburger icon , then click on **Projects**, and then **Watson Studio Labs** (or whatever you named the project)



2. We are now going to create a notebook in our project. This notebook will be created from a url that points to the HeartDisease notebook in the github repository. Click the **Add to project** link.



3. Click on **Notebook** 



4. Click on **From URL** under **New Notebook**, enter **Heart Disease** for the **Name**, optionally enter a **Description**, cut and paste the following url into the **Notebook URL** field.

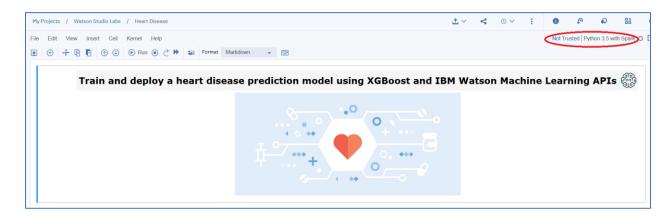
https://github.com/bleonardb3/ML POT 07-23/blob/master/Lab-2/Heart%20Disease.ipynb

Select the Runtime. You will need to change the default selection. MAKE SURE TO SELECT Default Spark Python 3.5 XS (Driver with 1vCPU ...

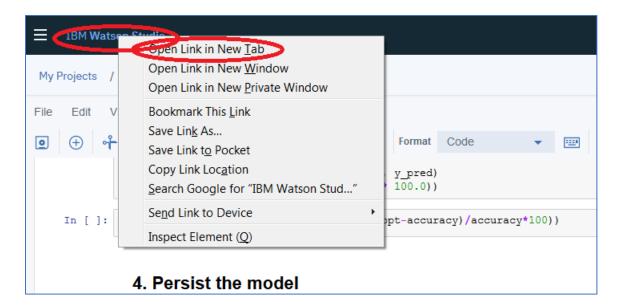
Click Create Notebook.



- 5. Before executing the code in the notebook, we need to do the following:
  - a. Please make sure the notebook has **Python 3.5 with Spark** in the top right corner (See below).
  - b. Obtain the credentials of the Watson Machine Learning service and copy those credentials into a designated notebook cell. We will need these credentials to work with the Watson Machine Learning API. The procedure to obtain the credentials will be described below.



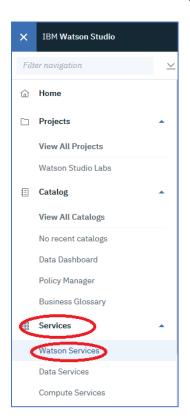
6. Right-click on IBM Watson Studio, and the click on Open Link in New Tab.



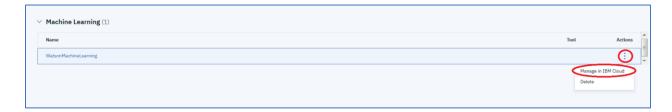
7. Click on the new **Watson Studio** browser tab.



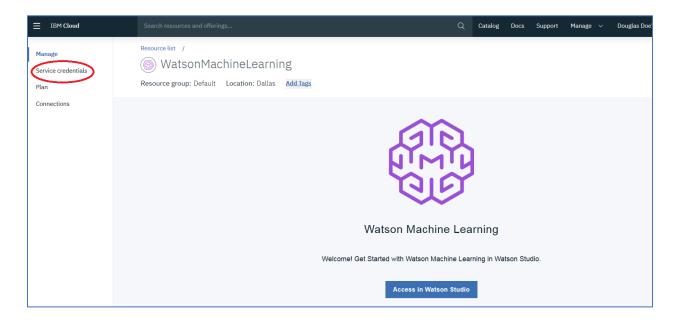
8. Click on the hamburger icon **=**, and then **Services**, and **Watson Services**.



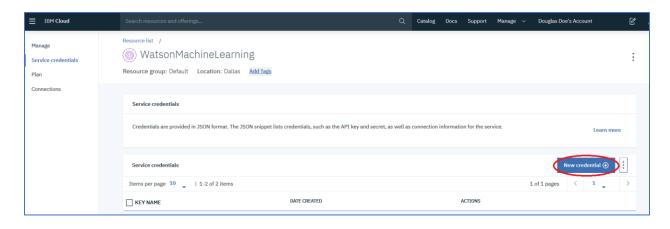
9. Hover over WatsonMachineLearning, click on the vertical ellipse on the right. i, and click on **Manage in IBM Cloud**.



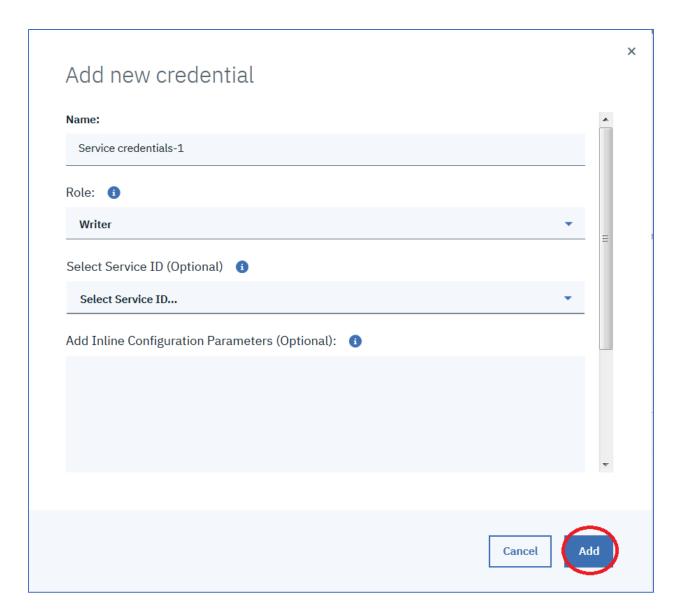
10. Click on **Service credentials**.



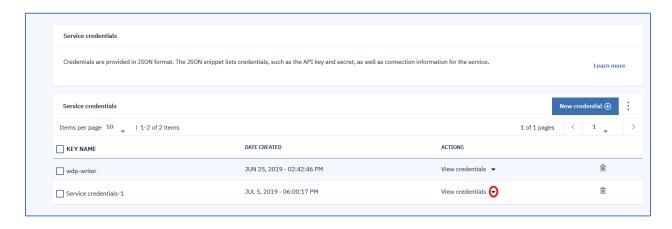
11. Click on **New Credentials**+.



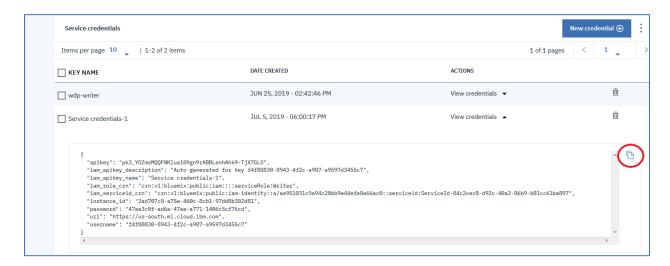
12. Click on Add.



13. Click on ▼ next to View Credentials in the Service Credentials-1 row.



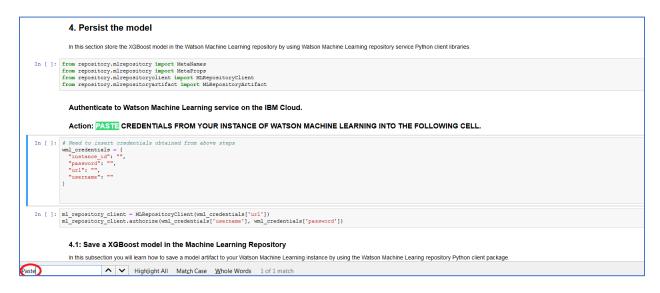
14. Click on the copy icon



15. Click on the Heart Disease browser tab to go back to the notebook.



16. Type Ctrl-F and type in Paste to find the notebook cell to paste in the credentials.



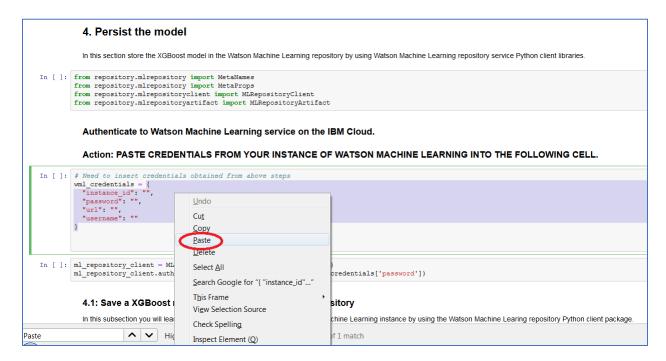
17. Highlight the text from the starting curly brace { to the ending curly brace }.

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4. Persist the model

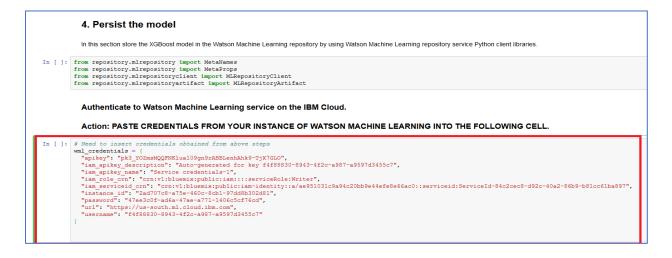
In this section store the XGBoost model in the Watson Machine Learning repository by using Watson Machine Learning repository service Python client libraries.

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18. Right-click on the highlighted text and click **Paste**.



19. The credentials should appear similar to below with different values.



20. Return to the top of the notebook and execute each of the notebook cells in order. Read the notebook documentation to gain an understanding of the code that is executing. When all the cells in the notebook have been successfully executed, please return to this document, and continue with Step 21.

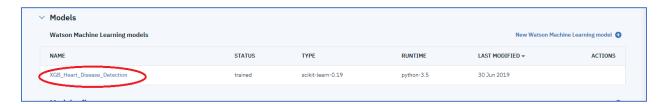
For those not familiar with Jupyter notebooks, read below.

A Jupyter notebook consists of a series of cells. These cells are of 2 types (1) documentation cells containing markdown, and (2) code cells (denoted by a bracket on the left of the cell) where you write Python code, R, or Scala code depending on the type of notebook. Code cells can be run by putting the cursor in the code cell and pressing **Shift>Enter>** on the keyboard. Alternatively, you can execute the cells by clicking on **Run icon** on the menu bar that will run the current cell (where the cursor is located) and then select the cell below. In this way, repeatedly clicking on **Run** executes all the cells in the notebook. When a code cell is executed the brackets on the left change to an asterisk '\*' to indicate the code cell is executing. When completed, a sequence number appears. The output, if any, is displayed below the code cell.

21. The notebook built, trained, saved, and deployed a machine learning model. Click Watson Studio Labs exit out of the notebook.



22. Scroll down the **Assets** page until you see the **Models** heading. The model listed was generated programmatically from the notebook using the Watson Machine Learning APIs.



23. Scroll back to the top of the **Assets** page and click **Deployments**.



24. The deployment listed was generated programmatically from the notebook using the Watson Machine Learning APIs. It is a Web service deployment.



# You have completed Lab-2!

- ✓ Loaded a CSV file into Pandas DataFrame.
- ✓ Explored data using Pixiedust
- ✓ Prepared data for training and evaluation.
- ✓ Created, trained, and evaluated a XGBoost model.
- ✓ Visualized the importance of features that were used to train the model.
- ✓ Used cross validation to select optimal model hyperparameters based on a parameter grid
- ✓ Persisted the best model in Watson Machine Learning repository using Python client library.
- ✓ Deployed the model for online scoring using the Watson Machine Learning's REST APIs
- ✓ Visualized the model and the deployment in the Watson Studio UI.