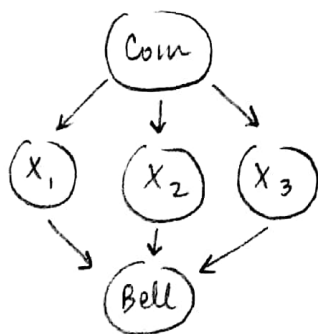


$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad P(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n | \beta) &= \frac{Pr(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)}{Pr(\beta)} = \frac{Pr(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)}{Pr(\alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)} \cdot \frac{Pr(\alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)}{Pr(\beta)} \quad (\text{chain rule}) \\
 &= Pr(\alpha_1 | \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta) \cdot \frac{Pr(\alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)}{Pr(\alpha_3, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)} \cdot \frac{Pr(\alpha_3, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)}{Pr(\beta)} \\
 &= Pr(\alpha_1 | \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta) \cdot Pr(\alpha_2 | \alpha_3, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta) \cdot \frac{Pr(\alpha_3, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)}{Pr(\alpha_4, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta)} \cdots \frac{Pr(\alpha_n, \beta)}{Pr(\beta)} \\
 &= Pr(\alpha_1 | \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta) Pr(\alpha_2 | \alpha_3, \dots, \alpha_n, \beta) \dots Pr(\alpha_n | \beta)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2. \quad P(\text{oil}) &= 0.5 \quad P(\text{gas}) = 0.2 \quad P(\text{nothing}) = 0.3 \quad P(\text{test} | \text{oil}) = 0.9 \quad P(\text{test} | \text{gas}) = 0.3 \\
 P(\text{test} | \text{nothing}) &= 0.1 \\
 P(\text{oil} | \text{test}) &= \frac{P(\text{test} | \text{oil}) \cdot P(\text{oil})}{P(\text{test})} = \frac{0.9 \cdot 0.5}{0.54} = 0.8333 \\
 P(\text{test}) &= P(\text{test} | \text{oil}) \cdot P(\text{oil}) + P(\text{test} | \text{gas}) \cdot P(\text{gas}) + P(\text{test} | \text{nothing}) \cdot P(\text{nothing}) \\
 &= (0.9)(0.5) + (0.3)(0.2) + (0.1)(0.3) = 0.54
 \end{aligned}$$

3.



Coin	Θ_{coin}
a	1/3
b	1/3
c	1/3

Coin	X_1	$\Theta_{X_1 \text{coin}}$
a	h	0.2
a	t	0.8
b	h	0.4
b	t	0.6
c	h	0.8
c	t	0.2

Coin	X_2	$\Theta_{X_2 \text{coin}}$
a	h	0.2
a	t	0.8
b	h	0.4
b	t	0.6
c	h	0.8
c	t	0.2

Coin	X_3	$\Theta_{X_3 \text{coin}}$
a	h	0.2
a	t	0.8
b	h	0.4
b	t	0.6
c	h	0.8
c	t	0.2

X_1	X_2	X_3	Bell	$\Theta_{\text{bell} X_1, X_2, X_3}$
h	h	h	on	1
h	h	t	off	0
h	t	h	off	0
h	t	t	off	0
t	h	h	off	0
t	h	t	off	0
t	t	h	off	0
t	t	t	on	1

4. a) general formula: $I(V, \text{Parents}(V), \text{Non-Descendants}(V))$

$I(A, \emptyset, BE); I(B, \emptyset, AC); I(C, A, BDE); I(D, AB, CE); I(E, B, ACDFG);$
 $I(F, CD, ABE); I(G, F, ABCDEH); I(H, EF, ABCD G)$

b) d-separated (A, F, E) is false; the path $ADBE$ is unblocked. D is open because it is convergent and F is a descendant of D . B is open because it is divergent and $B \notin \{F\}$.

d-separated (G, B, E) is true; all paths from G to E must pass through B or H . B is sequential and given so it is closed. H is convergent and not given so it is closed.

d-separated (AB, CD, E, GH) is true; all paths from A to G , A to H , B to G , and B to H are blocked by at least one node from $\{C, D, E\}$.

$$c) Pr(a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h) = Pr(g|f) \cdot Pr(h|f, e) \cdot Pr(f|c, d) \cdot Pr(e|b) \cdot Pr(c|a) \cdot Pr(d|a, b) \cdot Pr(a) \cdot Pr(b)$$

$$d) Pr(A=1, B=1) = Pr(A=1) \cdot Pr(B=1) = 0.2 \cdot 0.7 = 0.14$$

$$Pr(E=0|A=0) = \frac{Pr(E=0, A=0)}{Pr(A=0)} = \frac{Pr(E=0) \cdot Pr(A=0)}{Pr(A=0)} = Pr(E=0) = 0.66$$

$$Pr(E=0) = Pr(E=0|B=0) \cdot Pr(B=0) + Pr(E=0|B=1) \cdot Pr(B=1) \\ = (0.1)(0.3) + (0.9)(0.7) = 0.66$$

5. a)

	A	B	$A \Rightarrow B$
w_0	T	T	T
w_1	T	F	F
w_2	F	T	T
w_3	F	F	T

$$b) Pr(\alpha) = Pr(w_0) + Pr(w_2) + Pr(w_3) \\ = 0.3 + 0.1 + 0.4 = 0.8$$

$$c) P(A=T, B=T|\alpha) = 0.3/0.8 = 0.375$$

$$P(A=T, B=F|\alpha) = 0$$

$$P(A=F, B=T|\alpha) = 0.1/0.8 = 0.125$$

$$P(A=F, B=F|\alpha) = 0.4/0.8 = 0.5$$

$\therefore \{w_0, w_2, w_3\}$ are the models of α

d) $A \Rightarrow \neg B \Rightarrow \neg A \vee \neg B$; satisfied by worlds 1, 2, 3

$$Pr(A \Rightarrow \neg B|\alpha) = \frac{Pr(A \Rightarrow \neg B \wedge \alpha)}{Pr(\alpha)} = \frac{0.1+0.4}{0.8} = 0.625$$