ФАКУЛЬТЕТ _Информатика и системы управления_____

КАФЕДРА __Системы обработки информации и управления (ИУ5)_____

ОТЧЕТ
по лабораторной работе

«Изучение библиотек обработки данных.»

ДИСЦИПЛИНА: «Технологии машинного обучения»

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Assignment #1 (demo)

Exploratory data analysis with Panda

Same assignment as a **[Kaggle Kernel](#) + [solution](#)**.

In this task you should use Pandas to answer a few questions about the **[Adult](#)** dataset. (You don't the repository). Choose the answers in the **[web-form](#)**.

Unique values of all features (for more information, please see the links above):

- `age` : continuous.
- `workclass` : Private, Self-emp-not-inc, Self-emp-inc, Federal-gov, Local-gov, State-gov, Withou
- `fnlwgt` : continuous.
- `education` : Bachelors, Some-college, 11th, HS-grad, Prof-school, Assoc-acdm, Assoc-voc, 9 Doctorate, 5th-6th, Preschool.
- `education-num` : continuous.
- `marital-status` : Married-civ-spouse, Divorced, Never-married, Separated, Widowed, Marrie
- `occupation` : Tech-support, Craft-repair, Other-service, Sales, Exec-managerial, Prof-specialty Adm-clerical, Farming-fishing, Transport-moving, Priv-house-serv, Protective-serv, Armed-For
- `relationship` : Wife, Own-child, Husband, Not-in-family, Other-relative, Unmarried.
- `race` : White, Asian-Pac-Islander, Amer-Indian-Eskimo, Other, Black.
- `sex` : Female, Male.
- `capital-gain` : continuous.
- `capital-loss` : continuous.
- `hours-per-week` : continuous.
- `native-country` : United-States, Cambodia, England, Puerto-Rico, Canada, Germany, Outlyin South, China, Cuba, Iran, Honduras, Philippines, Italy, Poland, Jamaica, Vietnam, Mexico, Port Laos, Ecuador, Taiwan, Haiti, Columbia, Hungary, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Scotland, Thailand, \ Peru, Hong, Holand-Netherlands.
- `salary` : >50K,<=50K

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import pandas as pd
pd.set_option('display.max.columns', 100)
# to draw pictures in jupyter notebook
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# we don't like warnings
# you can comment the following 2 lines if you'd like to
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')


data = pd.read_csv('data/adult.data.csv')
data.head()
```

	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education-num	marital-status	occ
0	39	State-gov	77516	Bachelors	13	Never-married	Ad
1	50	Self-emp-not-inc	83311	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-m
2	38	Private	215646	HS-grad	9	Divorced	Handlers
3	53	Private	234721	11th	7	Married-civ-spouse	Handlers
4	28	Private	338409	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof

1. How many men and women (*sex* feature) are represented in this dataset?

```
data['sex'].value_counts() # data.groupby('sex').count()
```

```
Male      21790
Female    10771
Name: sex, dtype: int64
```

2. What is the average age (*age* feature) of women?

```
data.groupby(['sex'])['age'].mean()
```

```
sex
Female    36.858230
Male      39.433547
Name: age, dtype: float64
```

3. What is the percentage of German citizens (*native-country* feature)?

```
print(round((data['native-country'] == 'Germany').sum() / data.shape[0] * 100, 2),
```

```
0.42 %
```

*4-5. What are the mean and standard deviation of age for those who earn more than 50K per year (s

```
ages1 = data.loc[data['salary'] == '>50K', 'age']
ages2 = data.loc[data['salary'] == '<=50K', 'age']
print("The average age of the rich: {0} +- {1} years, poor - {2} +- {3} years.".fo
    round(ages1.mean()), round(ages1.std(), 1),
    round(ages2.mean()), round(ages2.std(), 1)))
```

The average age of the rich: 44.0 +- 10.5 years, poor - 37.0 +- 14.0 years.

6. Is it true that people who earn more than 50K have at least high school education? (*education* *Assoc-voc*, *Masters* or *Doctorate* feature)

```
data.loc[data['salary'] == '>50K', 'education'].unique()
```

array(['HS-grad', 'Masters', 'Bachelors', 'Some-college', 'Assoc-voc',
       'Doctorate', 'Prof-school', 'Assoc-acdm', '7th-8th', '12th',
       '10th', '11th', '9th', '5th-6th', '1st-4th'], dtype=object)

No, it isn't true

7. Display age statistics for each race (*race* feature) and each gender (*sex* feature). Use *groupby(* men of *Amer-Indian-Eskimo* race.

```
data.groupby(['race', 'sex'])['age'].describe() # the maximum age of men of Amer-Ir
```

race	sex	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
Amer-Indian-Eskimo	Female	119.0	37.117647	13.114991	17.0	27.0	36.0	46.00	80.0
	Male	192.0	37.208333	12.049563	17.0	28.0	35.0	45.00	82.0
Asian-Pac-Islander	Female	346.0	35.089595	12.300845	17.0	25.0	33.0	43.75	75.0
	Male	693.0	39.073593	12.883944	18.0	29.0	37.0	46.00	90.0
Black	Female	1555.0	37.854019	12.637197	17.0	28.0	37.0	46.00	90.0
	Male	1569.0	37.682600	12.882612	17.0	27.0	36.0	46.00	90.0
Other	Female	109.0	31.678899	11.631599	17.0	23.0	29.0	39.00	74.0
	Male	162.0	34.654321	11.355531	17.0	26.0	32.0	42.00	77.0
White	Female	8642.0	36.811618	14.329093	17.0	25.0	35.0	46.00	90.0
	Male	19174.0	39.652498	13.436029	17.0	29.0	38.0	49.00	90.0

8. Among whom is the proportion of those who earn a lot (>50K) greater: married or single men (those who have a *marital-status* starting with *Married* (Married-civ-spouse, Married-spouse-abse

considered bachelors.

```
data.loc[(data['sex'] == 'Male') & (~data['marital-status'].str.startswith('Marrie
```

> <=50K   7552
> >50K   697
> Name: salary, dtype: int64

```
data.loc[(data['sex'] == 'Male') & (data['marital-status'].str.startswith('Married
```

> <=50K   7576
> >50K   5965
> Name: salary, dtype: int64

married > singe men (earn >50K)

9. What is the maximum number of hours a person works per week (*hours-per-week* feature)? How hours, and what is the percentage of those who earn a lot (>50K) among them?

```
max_num = data['hours-per-week'].max()
quantity = data.loc[data['hours-per-week'] == max_num, 'age'].count()
per=data[(data['hours-per-week'] == max_num) & (data['salary'] == '>50K')].shape[0
print('maximum number of hours a person works per week^ ', max_num)
print('people work such a number of hours: ', quantity)
print('the percentage of those who earn a lot (>50K): ', round(per, 2), "%")
```

> maximum number of hours a person works per week^ 99
> people work such a number of hours: 85
> the percentage of those who earn a lot (>50K): 29.41 %

10. Count the average time of work (*hours-per-week*) for those who earn a little and a lot (*salary*) these be for Japan?

```
pd.options.display.max_rows = 999
data.groupby(['native-country', 'salary'])['hours-per-week'].mean()
```

native-country	salary	
?	<=50K	40.164760
	>50K	45.547945
Cambodia	<=50K	41.416667
	>50K	40.000000
Canada	<=50K	37.914634
	>50K	45.641026
China	<=50K	37.381818
	>50K	38.900000
Columbia	<=50K	38.684211
	>50K	50.000000
Cuba	<=50K	37.985714
	>50K	42.440000
Dominican-Republic	<=50K	42.338235
	>50K	47.000000
Ecuador	<=50K	38.041667
	>50K	48.750000
El-Salvador	<=50K	36.030928
	>50K	45.000000
England	<=50K	40.483333
	>50K	44.533333
France	<=50K	41.058824
	>50K	50.750000
Germany	<=50K	39.139785
	>50K	44.977273
Greece	<=50K	41.809524
	>50K	50.625000
Guatemala	<=50K	39.360656
	>50K	36.666667
Haiti	<=50K	36.325000
	>50K	42.750000
Holand-Netherlands	<=50K	40.000000
Honduras	<=50K	34.333333
	>50K	60.000000
Hong	<=50K	39.142857
	>50K	45.000000
Hungary	<=50K	31.300000
	>50K	50.000000
India	<=50K	38.233333
	>50K	46.475000
Iran	<=50K	41.440000
	>50K	47.500000
Ireland	<=50K	40.947368
	>50K	48.000000
Italy	<=50K	39.625000
	>50K	45.400000
Jamaica	<=50K	38.239437
	>50K	41.100000
Japan	<=50K	41.000000
	>50K	47.958333
Laos	<=50K	40.375000
	>50K	40.000000
Mexico	<=50K	40.003279
	>50K	46.575758
Nicaragua	<=50K	36.093750
	>50K	37.500000
Outlying-US(Guam-USVI-etc)	<=50K	41.857143
Peru	<=50K	35.068966

	>50K	40.000000
Philippines	<=50K	38.065693
	>50K	43.032787
Poland	<=50K	38.166667
	>50K	39.000000
Portugal	<=50K	41.939394
	>50K	41.500000

Japan <=50K 41.000000 >50K 47.958333

Scotland	<=50K	39.444444
	>50K	46.666667
South	<=50K	40.156250
	>50K	51.437500
Taiwan	<=50K	33.774194
	>50K	46.800000
Thailand	<=50K	42.866667
	>50K	58.333333
Trinadad&Tobago	<=50K	37.058824
	>50K	40.000000
United-States	<=50K	38.799127
	>50K	45.505369
Vietnam	<=50K	37.193548