# INFINITY SCROLL

With Dynamic params

Slide to know



#### Installation

```
//installation
npm install use-dynamic-infinite-scroll
//import
import useDynamicInfiniteScroll from 'use-dynamic-infinite-scroll';
```

#### Fetch Function

```
const fetchReports = async (page: number, params: any) ⇒ {
   try{
     const response: any = await apigetData(
        page,
        params.search,
        params.year
   );
   const reports: Report[] = response.data;
   const hasMore = response.hasNext;

   return { data: reports, hasMore };
}catch(error){
   console.log("error fetching the data")
}
```

```
export const apigetData = (page: number, search?: string, year?: string)
  const params = new URLSearchParams();
  params.append("page", page.toString());
  if (search) {params.append("search", search);}
  if (year) {params.append("year", year);}
  return axios.get(`/url?${params.toString()}`);
};
```

## Usage

- scrollLoading -> True while loading the next page of data.
- initialLoading -> True during the first API call or when search/filter parameters change.
- hasmore > Boolean flag indicating if more data is available to load.
- loaderRef > Ref attached to a sentinel div at the bottom that triggers next page fetch when it enters the viewport.

### Usage

Add the ref below you container eg table,card etc....

```
• • •
export function mycomponent={
return (
<div>
  {initialLoading ? (
    <div>Loading data...
// initial loading
  ) : ( ♦ //actual mapping
      {data.map((item, index) \Rightarrow (}
         <div key={index}>
              {item.title}
              {/* loaderRef at last element */}
              {index == data.length - 1 && <div ref={loaderRef}></div>}
            </div>
      ))}
      //scroll loading
      {scrollLoading && <div>Loading more data...</div>}
      {/* No More Data */}
      {!hasMore && !initialLoading && (
        <div>No more data available.
      )}
     </>
  )}
</div>
```

# Curious about scalable API integration and service architecture strategies???



