Reg. No	D. :	***************************************
Name	:	***************************************



SECOND YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION, MARCH 2022

Part - III

Time: 2 Hours

PHYSICS

Cool-off time: 15 Minutes

Maximum: 60 Scores

General Instructions to Candidates:

- There is a 'Cool-off time' of 15 minutes in addition to the writing time.
- Use the 'Cool-off time' to get familiar with questions and to plan your answers.
- Read questions carefully before answering.
- Read the instructions carefully.
- Calculations, figures and graphs should be shown in the answer sheet itself.
- Malayalam version of the questions is also provided.
- Give equations wherever necessary.
- Electronic devices except non-programmable calculators are not allowed in the Examination Hall.

വിദ്യാർത്ഥികൾക്കുള്ള പൊതുനിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ :

- നിർദ്ദിഷ്യ സമയത്തിന് പുറമെ 15 മിനിറ്റ് 'കൂൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കും.
- 'കൃൾ ഓഫ് ടൈം' ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ പരിചയപ്പെടാനും ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ ആസൂത്രണം ചെയ്യാനും ഉപയോഗിക്കുക.
- ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതുന്നതിന് മുമ്പ് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം വായിക്കണം.
- നിർദ്ദേശങ്ങൾ മുഴുവനും ശ്രദ്ധാപൂർവ്വം ^{വായി}ക്കണം.
- കണക്ക് കൂട്ടലുകൾ, ചിത്രങ്ങൾ, ഗ്രാഫു^{കൾ}, എന്നിവ ഉത്തരപേപ്പറിൽ തന്നെ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കണം.
- ചോദൃങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും നല്ലിയിട്ടുണ്ട്.
- ആവശ്യമുള്ള സ്ഥലത്ത് സമവാകൃങ്ങൾ കൊടുക്കണം.
- പ്രോഗ്രാമുകൾ ചെയ്യാനാകാത്ത കാ^{ര്രിക്കു}ലേറ്ററുകൾ ഒഴികെയുള്ള ഒരു ഇലക്ട്രോണിക് ഉപകരണവും പര്രീക്ഷാഹാളിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കുവാൻ പാടില്ല.

A. Answer any 5 questions from 1 to 9. Each carries 1 score.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

1. SI unit of electric field

(a) NC⁻¹

(b) V_m

(c) C_m

(d) N_m

2. Name the force experienced by a charge q moving through a uniform magnetic field with a velocity V.

Changing magnetic fields can set up current loops in nearby metal bodies. They
dissipate electrical energy as heat. Such currents are _____.

4. In purely inductive or capacitive circuit, power factor (cos φ) is _____.

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) -1

5. Relation between velocity of light (c), permeability of free space (μ_0) , permittivity of free space (ϵ_0) is _____.

(a) $C = \frac{1}{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}$

(b) $C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_0 \varepsilon_0}}$

(c) $C = \mu_0 \varepsilon_0$

(d) $C = \sqrt{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}$

Light waves are ____ in nature.
 (transverse, longitudinal)

Photons are electrically _____.

(a) neutral

(b) positive

(c) negative

(d) unpredictable

SY-24

0.	atom is						
	(a)	+ 13.6 J	· (b))	-13.6 J		
	(c)	+ 13.6 eV			-13.6 eV		,
9.	Con	nplete the genera	al equation of \a-decay.				
	AZX -	\longrightarrow + $\frac{4}{2}$ F	· ·				
	(a)	$_{Z-4}^{A-2}Y$	(b)		A-4 Z-2Y		
	(c)	A-2 Z-2Y	(d)		$z_{+1}^{A}Y$		
В.	Ans	wer all question	ns from 10 to 13. Each o	281	rries 1 score		$(4\times1=4$
10.	Elec	ctrostatic field at	the surface of a charged statement true or false?	l c	onductor must be norma	al to the	
11.	Mag	gnitude of the dri	ift velocity per unit electr	ric	field is		·
12.	The	temperature at v	which a ferromagnetic ma	ite	rial become paramagnet	ic is	
	(a)	Cut-off temper					
	(b)	Absolute temp	erature				
	(c)	Curie temperat	ture				
13.	Opti	ical fibres make	use the phenomenon of _		 -		
			PART-II				
A.	Ansv	wer any 2 questi	ions from 14 to 17. Each	C	arries 2 scores.		$(2\times 2=4)$
14.	Drav	v the input and o	output waveform of a half	-w	ave rectifier.		, ,
15.	State	Malus' law.					
16.	What	t is angle of dip	?				
17 .	A lig	ht bulb is rated a	at 100 W for a 220 V supp	oly	Find the resistance of	the bulb	.
SY-2	4		4				

B.	An	swer any 2 questions from 18 to 20. Each carries 2 scores.	2 × 2 = 4
1,8	. Infi	ra-red waves are also referred to as heat waves. Why?	
19.	. (i)	What is a solenoid?	(I)
	(ii)		(1)
20.	. Ехр	plain earthing.	
		PART ~ III	
A.	Ans	swer any 3 questions from 21 to 24. Each carries 3 scores. (3 >	< 3 = 9)
2 1.	Wri	ite down any three properties of an equipotential surfaces.	
	•		
<i>-</i> 22.	(i)	SI unit of resistance is	(1)
	(ii)	Obtain the equivalent value of resistance when two resistors R ₁ and R ₂ are	re
		connected in series.	(2)
ź3.	(i)	The angle between magnetic meridian and geographic meridian is	(1)
	(ii)	The declination is (higher/smaller) at higher lattitudes and	_
		(higher/smaller) near the equator.	(2)
2 4.	(i)	If $f = 0.5$ m, for a glass lens, what is the power of the lens?	(1)
	(ii)	The radii of curvature of the faces of a double convex lens are 10 cm and 15 cm	n.
		Its focal length is 12 cm. What is the refractive index of glass?	(2)

В.	Ans	wer any 2 questions from 25 to 27. Each carries 3 scores. $(2 \times$	3 = 6)
25.	(i)	Draw the energy level diagram for hydrogen atom and mark the transitio corresponding to Balmer series.	n (2)
	(ii)	Name the spectral series which lies in the ultraviolet region of the spectrum.	(1)
26.	(i)	What is meant by the threshold frequency of a photosensitive metal?	(2)
	(ii)	Draw the graph showing the variation of stopping potential with frequency.	(1)
27.	Nuc Exp	clear reactor is a device used to initiate and control a nuclear chain reaction.	
		PART – IV	
A.	Ans	wer any 3 questions from 28 to 31. Each carries 4 scores. $(3 \times 4 =$	= 12)
28.	(i)	SI unit of capacitance is	(1)
	(ii)	Two capacitors C_1 and C_2 are connected in series. Derive an expression for the capacitance of the combination.	
2 9.	(i)	Which law help us to find the magnetic field on the axis of a circular current loop?	(1)
	(ii)	Consider a tightly wound 100 turn coil of radius 10 cm, carrying current of 1 A. What is the magnitude of the magnetic field at the centre of the coil?	(3)
30.	(i)	Which is the working principle of an a.c. generator?	(1)
	(ii)	With the help of a diagram explain the working of a.c. generator.	(3)
31.	(i)	Identify the logic gate.	(1)
	(ii)	Write down the truth table of this gate.	(2)
	(iii)	Why this gate is also called universal gate?	(1)

- B. Answer any 1 question from 32 to 33. Each carries 4 scores. (1 × 4 = 4)
 32. Using Huygen's principle, explain refraction of a plane wave, with the help of a
- diagram.
 - (ii) Explain briefly any three energy losses in a transformer. (3)

PART - V

Answer any 2 questions from 34 to 36. Each carries 6 scores.

State the principle of working of a transformer.

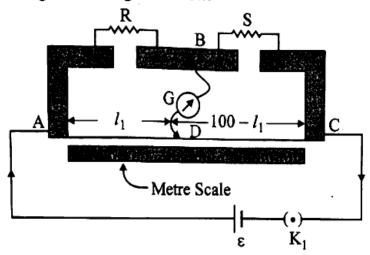
 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$

(1)

(1)

(2)

- 34. (i) Write down the wheatstone bridge principle.
 - (ii) A meter bridge circuit is given below.



R - unknown resistance

S – known resistance

Using this circuit, derive an expression for finding the unknown resistance. (2)

- (iii) In the above circuit, the balance point is found to be at 40 cm from the end A, when the resistance S is of 12Ω. Determine the resistance R.
- (iv) Would the galvanometer show any current if the galvanometer and cell are interchanged?
- 35. (i) State Gauss's law.
 - (ii) What is meant by a Gaussian surface?
 - (iii) Using Gauss's law, find the electric field due to a uniformly charged thin spherical shell at a point outside the shell.

 (3)
- 36. (i) State Laws of refraction. (2)
 - (ii) Obtain a relation for the total deviation produced for a ray incident on a prism with the help of a ray diagram. (4)

33.

(i)