## Research

- 1. What are the differences between Lists, Sets, and Maps in Java?
  - a. Lists
    - i. Allows Duplicates in List
    - ii. Elements are ordered
    - iii. Accept null elements
  - b. Set
    - i. Do not allow duplicates
    - ii. Unordered collection
    - iii. Can only have one null element
  - c. Map
    - i. Can have duplicate value nut not keys
    - ii. They have a key and value pair unlike other collections
    - iii. Hashtable doesn't allow null values but HashMap allows null values and one null key
- 2. Write a line of code that shows how you would instantiate an ArrayList of String.
  - a. List<String> names = new ArrayList<String>();
- 3. Write a line of code that shows how you would instantiate a HashSet of StringBuilder
  - a. Set< StringBuilder> names = new HashSet<StringBuilder>();
- 4. Write a line of code that shows how you would instantiate a HashMap of String, String.
  - a. Map<String, String> dictionary = new HashMap<String, String>();

## Links for citing:

https://www.java67.com/2013/01/difference-between-set-list-and-map-in-java.html#:~:text=List%20in%20Java%20provides%20ordered,key%2Dvalue%20pair%20and%20hashing.

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/collections/implementations/list.html\