Delaware River PIT tag data analysis

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Note: the results shown here are preliminary and have not been officially reviewed by USGS, NYDEC or PA Fish and Boat

This notebook uses targets to manage running code and updating R objects. Targets sets up dependencies among specified objects and only re-runs code as necessary (when an upstream component gets updated). This can save run times for projects with models that take a while to run, like capture-mark-recapture models.

Data preparation and model running happens using targets and exploration of the data and model runs is below in this Markdown document.

'knit' the document to update all targets and the markdown exploration below.

'tar_make()' runs all the R scripts and functions specified in '_targets.R'. Only updated code or sections that are downstream from updated data are re-run.

'tar_read()' reads 'target' data into the global environment.

To set up a targets project, use use_targets()

This section (tar make()) reruns the model

```
# tar_watch(seconds = 10, outdated = FALSE, targets_only = TRUE)

# comment this out when kniting - get Latex error that it can't find the check mark the tar_make() uses
#tar_make()

# tar_prune() # cleans unused data files
#tar_invalidate(everything())
#tar_invalidate(ends_with("ttt"))

#str(d)
```

Load data for analysis

```
dRaw0 <- tar_read(dRaw0) #all data - including untagged
dRaw <- tar_read(dRaw) #all data for CMR models
d <- tar_read(target_d)
eh <- tar_read(target_eh)</pre>
```

Visualize the network - does not work with pdf output

```
#tar_visnetwork()
```

Which rivers (Water) riverN corresponds to

```
table(d$Water, d$riverN)

#>
```

```
#>
                                4
#>
  Balls Creek
                                 0
                                    0
                                        0
                     41 0
                           0
                    0 95 0
0 0 159
#>
  Cold Spring Creek
                                 0
#> Roods Creek
                                 0
#> Sands Creek
                     0 0
                           0 139
                                   0
#> Shehawken Creek
                     0 0
                           0
                                        0
                               0 91
   West Br Delaware River 0 0 0 0 5634
```

Raw data summary tables

kable(data.frame(ftable(d\$date)))

Var1	Freq
2018-05-07	110
2018-05-08	34
2018-05-09	48
2018-06-11	129
2018-06-12	99
2018-06-13	88
2018-07-16	212
2018-07-17	176
2018-07-18	142
2018-08-21	11
2018-09-17	21
2018-09-20	89
2018-10-22	85
2018-10-23	131
2018-10-24	129
2019-04-08	240
2019-04-10	129
2019-05-06	170
2019-05-07	91
2019-06-10	169
2019-06-11	129
2019-07-15	212
2019-07-16	312
2019-07-17	25
2019-08-12	131
2019-08-13	139
2019-08-14	186
2019-08-15	49
2019-09-16	108
2019-09-17	55
2019-09-18	293
2019-10-21	262
2019-10-22	31
2019-10-23	74
2020-07-16	146
2020-07-20	249
2020-07-21	29
2020-08-10	89
2020-08-11	41

Var1	Freq
2020-08-17	145
2020-08-20	110
2020-09-10	187
2020-09-14	252
2020-09-15	47
2020-10-13	368
2020-10-14	55
2020 - 10 - 15	132

```
#kable(data.frame(ftable(d$Water, d$riverN)))

#kable(data.frame(ftable(d$Water, d$riverN, d$date)))
kable(data.frame(ftable(d$species)))
```

Var1	Freq
brook trout	13
brown trout	5534
rainbow trout	611

```
### Number of unique tags
length(unique(d$tag))
#> [1] 4610
```

Group observations by month. $\,$

Luckily, sampling periods do not span months, so we can use month as a grouping variable for sampling occasion $\frac{1}{2}$

kable(data.frame(ftable(d\$dateYM)))

Var1	Freq
2018-05	192
2018-06	316
2018-07	530
2018-08	11
2018-09	110
2018-10	345
2019-04	369
2019-05	261
2019-06	298
2019-07	549
2019-08	505
2019-09	456
2019-10	367
2020-07	424
2020-08	385
2020-09	486
2020-10	555

Tag information

Grouped by Water (sampling area)

```
tagN <- d %>%
 group_by(tag, Water) %>%
 summarize(n = n()) \%>\%
 filter(tag != "") %>%
 arrange(desc(n))
#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'tag'. You can override using the `.groups`
#> argument.
### Number of times individual fish were observed
table(tagN$n)
#>
#>
                    4
                                            9
     1
          2
               3
                        5
                             6
#> 3641 611 223
                   90
                       30
                            12
                                   4
                                       1
                                            1
### Number of times individual fish were observed by river
(table(tagN$Water, tagN$n))
#>
#>
                             1
                                            4
                                                 5
    Balls Creek
#>
                             30
                                  4
                                       1
                                            0
                                                 0
                                                      0
                                                           0
                                                                0
                                                                     0
                                            2
#>
    Cold Spring Creek
                             39
                                                                     0
#>
   Roods Creek
                             78 21
                                                      0
                                                                     0
                                       6
                                                 1
                                                           0
                                            4
#>
    Sands Creek
                             97
                                 16
                                      2
                                           1
                                                 0
                                                      0
                                                           0
                                                                     0
                                          2
                                                0
                                                      0
                                                           0
                                                                     0
#>
    Shehawken Creek
                             45
                                 10
                                       6
                                                                0
    West Br Delaware River 3352 551 204
                                           81 28
                                                     11
```

Grouped by main/trib

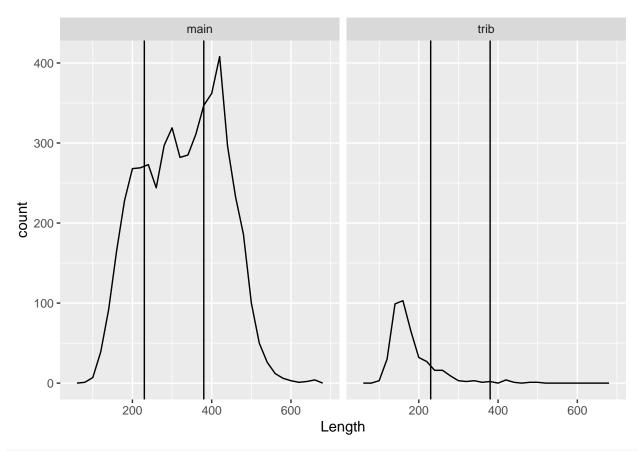
```
tagN mt <- d %>%
 group_by(tag, mainTrib) %>%
 summarize(n = n()) \%>\%
 filter(tag != "") %>%
 arrange(desc(n))
#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'tag'. You can override using the `.groups`
#> argument.
### Number of times individual fish were observed
table(tagN_mt$n)
#>
                                           9
    1 2
            3
                   4
                       5
                             6
                                      8
#> 3641 611 223 90
                      30
                           12
### Number of times individual fish were observed by river
(table(tagN_mt$mainTrib, tagN_mt$n))
#>
#>
                2
                   3
                         4
                             5
                                   6
                                        7
                              28
                                  11
   main 3352 551 204
                         81
                                        3
                                             1
                                                 1
#> trib 289 60
                   19
                        9 2
                                  1
```

Grouped by state

```
tagN_s <- d %>%
 group_by(tag, state) %>%
 summarize(n = n()) \%>\%
 filter(tag != "") %>%
 arrange(desc(n))
#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'tag'. You can override using the `.groups`
#> argument.
### Number of times individual fish were observed
table(tagN_s$n)
#>
    1 2 3
                4 5 6 7 9
#> 3949 640 170 57 23
                                 1
                          9
### Number of times individual fish were observed by river
table(tagN_s$state, tagN_s$n)
#>
#>
        1
            2
                                   7
                 3
                          5
                              6
#>
    1 963
          69
                 4
                     0
                          0
                              0
                                   0
                                       0
#> 2 1660 274
                58
                    17
                         7
                             0
                                  0
                                       0
   3 1025 232
               87
                     35
                                  2
#>
                        15
                              8
                                       1
#> 4 264 59
               15
                    5
                              1
                                  0
                                       0
                        1
#> 5 29 6
               6
                     0
                        0
                              0
                                       0
  6 8 0
               0
                     0
#>
                          0
```

Basic summary plots of raw tagging data

```
ggplot(d %>% filter(species == "brown trout"), aes(Length)) +
  geom_freqpoly() +
  geom_vline(xintercept = c(tar_read(target_sizeCutoff1), tar_read(target_sizeCutoff2))) +
  facet_grid(~mainTrib)
#> `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
# dTame <- d %>%
# select(Latitude, Longitude, tag, dateTime, species, Length, Weight) %>%
# filter(tag != "", tag != "ad")
#
# write.csv(dTame, './dataOut/dTame.csv', row.names = FALSE)
```

Encounter histories

This is the data structure for the capture-recapture models. Each column is a sampling 'occasion' (here = month) and each row is an individual, where a '1' indicates capture and a '0' indicates not captured.

```
str(eh$eh)
#> num [1:3673, 1:17] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
#> - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
#> ..$: NULL
#> ..$: chr [1:17] "date_2018-05" "date_2018-06" "date_2018-07" "date_2018-08" ...
kable(head(eh$eh,8))
```

$\overline{\text{date}}$	210alt&-	20alt&-	210alt&-	210alt&-	210alt&-	210alt&-	210alt9e-	210alt9e-	20at9-	20at9-	20at9-	210alt9e-	210alt9e-	2020	2020	2020	_2020-
05	06	07	08	09	10	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	07	08	09	10	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

$\overline{\mathrm{date}}$	210alt8e-	210alt&-	210alt8e-	210alt&-	210alt&-	210alt&-	210atse-	20at9e-	210alt9e-	20at9e	20at9e	20atse-	210alt9e-	2020	2020	2020	_2020-
05	06	07	08	09	10	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	07	08	09	10	
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

```
table(paste(eh$first, eh$last, sep="_"))

#>

#> 1_17 10_17 11_17 12_17 13_17 14_17 15_17 16_17 2_17 3_17 4_17 5_17 6_17

#> 173 360 295 264 257 297 246 291 264 373 8 62 231

#> 7_17 8_17 9_17

#> 233 130 189
```

Summary info for years and occasions

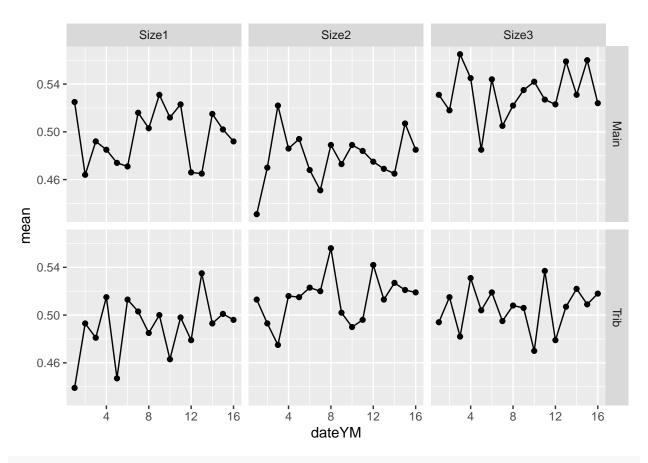
```
years <- colnames(eh$eh) %>%
  substr(6,9) %>%
  as.numeric()

occs <- colnames(eh$eh)</pre>
```

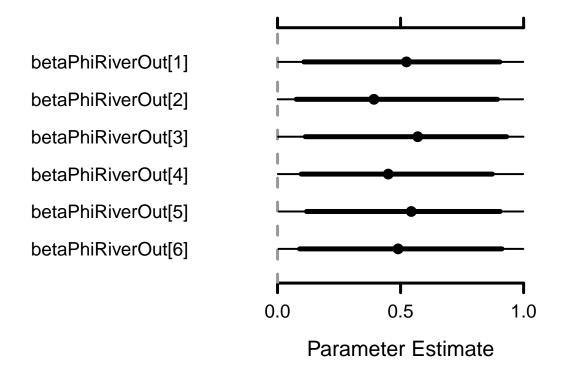
Models

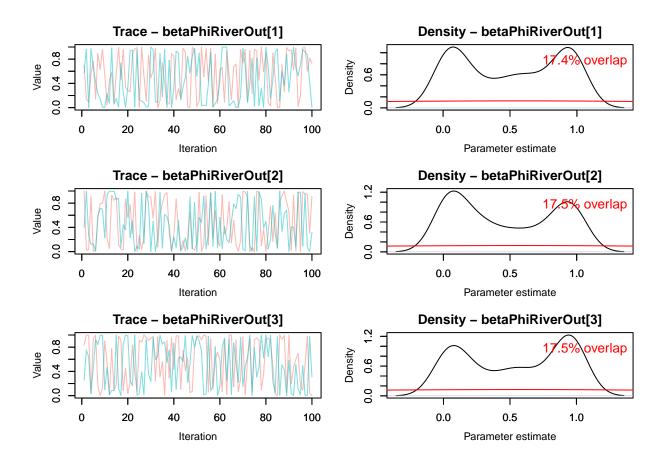
'phi' = apparent survival (probability of staying in the area = p(survival) + p(not moving out of area)). 'p' = probability of capture given that the fish is alive.

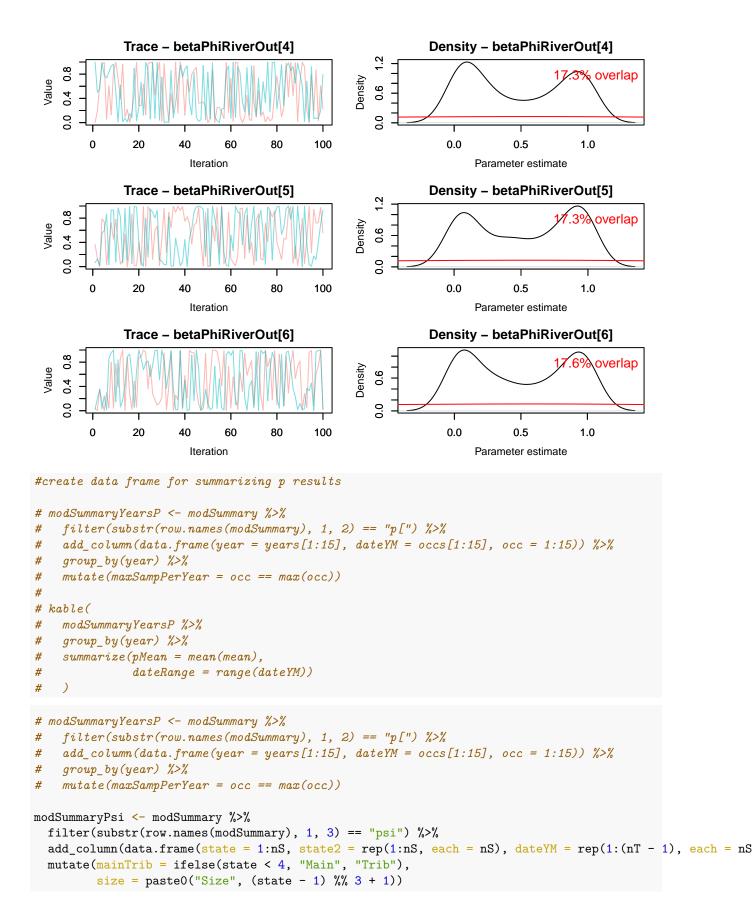
```
### Read the model run into global memory
mod <- tar_read(ttt_modelOut)</pre>
#MCMCplot(object = mod$mcmc)
modSummary <- MCMCsummary(object = mod$mcmc, round = 3)</pre>
#kable(modSummary %>%
         add_{column}(data.frame(year = rep(years[1:15], 2), dateYM = rep(occs[1:15], 2)))
# d %>%
# summarize(unique(data.frame(dateYM, occ)))
nS <- tar_read(nStates)</pre>
nT <- tar_read(ttt_myConstants)$T</pre>
modSummaryPhi <- modSummary %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary), 1, 10) == "betaPhiOut") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS))) %>%
  mutate(mainTrib = ifelse(state < 4, "Main", "Trib"),</pre>
         size = paste0("Size", (state - 1) %% 3 + 1))
ggplot(modSummaryPhi, aes(dateYM, mean)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line() +
  facet_grid(mainTrib ~ size)
```



```
# modSummaryYears <- modSummary %>%
   filter(substr(row.names(modSummary), 1, 3) == "betaPhiout") %>%
#
   add\_column(data.frame(year = years[1:15], dateYM = occs[1:15], occ = 1:15)) \%%
   group_by(year) %>%
#
   mutate(maxSampPerYear = occ == max(occ))
#
# kable(
  modSummaryYears %>%
#
   group_by(year) %>%
   filter(!maxSampPerYear) %>%
#
   summarize(phiProd = prod(mean),
             dateRange = range(dateYM)) %>%
#
#
      as.data.frame()
# )
 MCMCplot(object = mod$mcmc, params = "betaPhiRiverOut")
```







```
ggplot(modSummaryPsi, aes(dateYM, mean, color = factor(state2))) +
geom_point() +
facet_grid(mainTrib ~ size)
```

