

Delaware River PIT tag data analysis

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Note: the results shown here are preliminary and have not been officially reviewed by USGS, NYDEC or PA Fish and Boat

This notebook uses targets to manage running code and updating R objects. Targets sets up dependencies among specified objects and only re-runs code as necessary (when an upstream component gets updated). This can save run times for projects with models that take a while to run, like capture-mark-recapture models.

Data preparation and model running happens using targets and exploration of the data and model runs is below in this Markdown document.

`'tar_make()'` runs all the R scripts and functions specified in `'_targets.R'`. Only updated code or sections that are downstream from updated data are re-run.

`'tar_read()'` reads `'target'` data into the global environment.

To set up a targets project, use `use_targets()`

This section (`tar_make()`) reruns the model and has some other helpful functions.

```
# tar_watch(seconds = 10, outdated = FALSE, targets_only = TRUE)

# comment this out when knitting - get Latex error that it can't find the check mark the tar_make() uses
#tar_make()

# tar_prune() # cleans unused data files
#tar_invalidate(everything())
#tar_invalidate(ends_with("ttt"))

#str(d)
```

Load raw data for exploration

Without a postscript (`'__main'` or `'__trib'`), the data are for all fish (main and trib).

```
dRaw0 <- tar_read(dRaw0) #all data - including untagged
dRaw <- tar_read(dRaw) #all data for CMR models
d <- tar_read(target_d)
eh <- tar_read(target_eh)
```

Visualize the network - does not work with pdf output

```
#tar_visnetwork()
```

Which rivers (Water) riverN corresponds to

```
table(d$Water, d$riverN)
#>
#>           1    2    3    4    5    6
#>  Balls Creek  41    0    0    0    0    0
#> Cold Spring Creek    0  97    0    0    0    0
#>  Roods Creek    0    0  161    0    0    0
#>  Sands Creek    0    0    0  140    0    0
#> Shehawken Creek    0    0    0    0  91    0
#> West Br Delaware River  0    0    0    0    0 7617
```

Raw data summary tables

```
kable(data.frame(ftable(d$date)))
```

Var1	Freq
2018-05-07	110
2018-05-08	34
2018-05-09	48
2018-06-11	128
2018-06-12	99
2018-06-13	88
2018-07-16	212
2018-07-17	176
2018-07-18	141
2018-08-21	11
2018-09-17	21
2018-09-20	89
2018-10-22	85
2018-10-23	131
2018-10-24	129
2019-04-08	240
2019-04-10	129
2019-05-06	170
2019-05-07	91
2019-06-10	169
2019-06-11	128
2019-07-15	211
2019-07-16	311
2019-07-17	25
2019-08-12	131
2019-08-13	139
2019-08-14	186
2019-08-15	49
2019-09-16	108
2019-09-17	55

Var1	Freq
2019-09-18	293
2019-10-21	262
2019-10-22	31
2019-10-23	74
2020-07-16	145
2020-07-20	249
2020-07-21	29
2020-08-10	87
2020-08-11	41
2020-08-17	145
2020-08-20	110
2020-09-10	187
2020-09-14	251
2020-09-15	47
2020-10-13	368
2020-10-14	55
2020-10-15	132
2021-04-05	210
2021-04-08	67
2021-05-03	130
2021-05-10	87
2021-06-07	119
2021-06-08	171
2021-07-12	36
2021-07-15	117
2021-08-09	142
2021-08-12	137
2021-08-16	143
2021-08-17	40
2021-09-07	114
2021-09-09	108
2021-09-20	53
2021-09-22	11
2021-10-18	114
2021-10-19	121
2021-10-21	77

```
#kable(data.frame(ftable(d$Water, d$riverN)))

#kable(data.frame(ftable(d$Water, d$riverN, d$date)))
kable(data.frame(ftable(d$species)))
```

Var1	Freq
brook trout	13
brown trout	7402
rainbow trout	730

```
### Number of unique tags
```

```
length(unique(d$tag))
#> [1] 5915
```

Group observations by month.

Luckily, sampling periods do not span months, so we can use month as a grouping variable for sampling occasion

```
kable(data.frame(ftable(d$dateYM)))
```

Var1	Freq
2018-05	192
2018-06	315
2018-07	529
2018-08	11
2018-09	110
2018-10	345
2019-04	369
2019-05	261
2019-06	297
2019-07	547
2019-08	505
2019-09	456
2019-10	367
2020-07	423
2020-08	383
2020-09	485
2020-10	555
2021-04	277
2021-05	217
2021-06	290
2021-07	153
2021-08	462
2021-09	286
2021-10	312

Median sample date for each month/year combination. Need to calculate flow and temperature stats

```
sampleDateMedian <- d %>%
  group_by(dateYM) %>%
  summarize(dateMedian = median(date)) %>%
  mutate(dayMedian = as.numeric(substr(dateMedian, 9, 10)),
         date = ym(dateYM),
         dateMedianLag = lead(dateMedian),
         dateMedianDiff = dateMedianLag - dateMedian,
         dateMedianDiffMonth = as.numeric(dateMedianDiff / 30.5))

write.csv(sampleDateMedian, "./dataOut/sampleDateMedian.csv")
```

Tag information

Grouped by Water (sampling area)

```

tagN <- d %>%
  group_by(tag, Water) %>%
  summarize(n = n()) %>%
  filter(tag != "") %>%
  arrange(desc(n))
#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'tag'. You can override using the `.groups`
#> argument.

### Number of times individual fish were observed
table(tagN$n)
#>
#>      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10
#> 4622  773  297  126   53   24   13    7    2    1

### Number of times individual fish were observed by river
(table(tagN$Water, tagN$n))
#>
#>
#>           1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10
#> Balls Creek      30      4      1      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
#> Cold Spring Creek  39      9      4      2      1      0      1      1      0      0
#> Roods Creek       78     21      6      4      0      0      1      0      0      0
#> Sands Creek       97     16      1      2      0      0      0      0      0      0
#> Shehawken Creek   45     10      6      2      0      0      0      0      0      0
#> West Br Delaware River 4333  713  279  116   52   24   11    6    2    1

```

Grouped by state

States

River size1 size2 size3

Main 1 2 3

Trib 4 5 6

```

tagN_s <- d %>%
  group_by(tag, state) %>%
  summarize(n = n()) %>%
  filter(tag != "") %>%
  arrange(desc(n))
#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'tag'. You can override using the `.groups`
#> argument.

### Number of times individual fish were observed
table(tagN_s$n)
#>
#>      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10
#> 5043  820  242   82   40   18    6    4    2    1

### Number of times individual fish were observed by river
table(tagN_s$state, tagN_s$n)
#>
#>
#>           1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10
#> 1 1161    79      5      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
#> 2 2214   405   109   34      9      3      2      0      0      0
#> 3 1367   270   106   43   30   14      4      4      2      1

```

```
#>  4 264  59 15  5  1  1  0  0  0  0
#>  5  29  7  7  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
#>  6  8  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
```

Grouped by main/trib This is what is used for the primary analysis

```
tagN_mt <- d %>%
  group_by(tag, mainTrib, species) %>%
  summarize(n = n()) %>%
  filter(tag != "") %>%
  arrange(desc(n))
#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'tag', 'mainTrib'. You can override using
#> the `groups` argument.

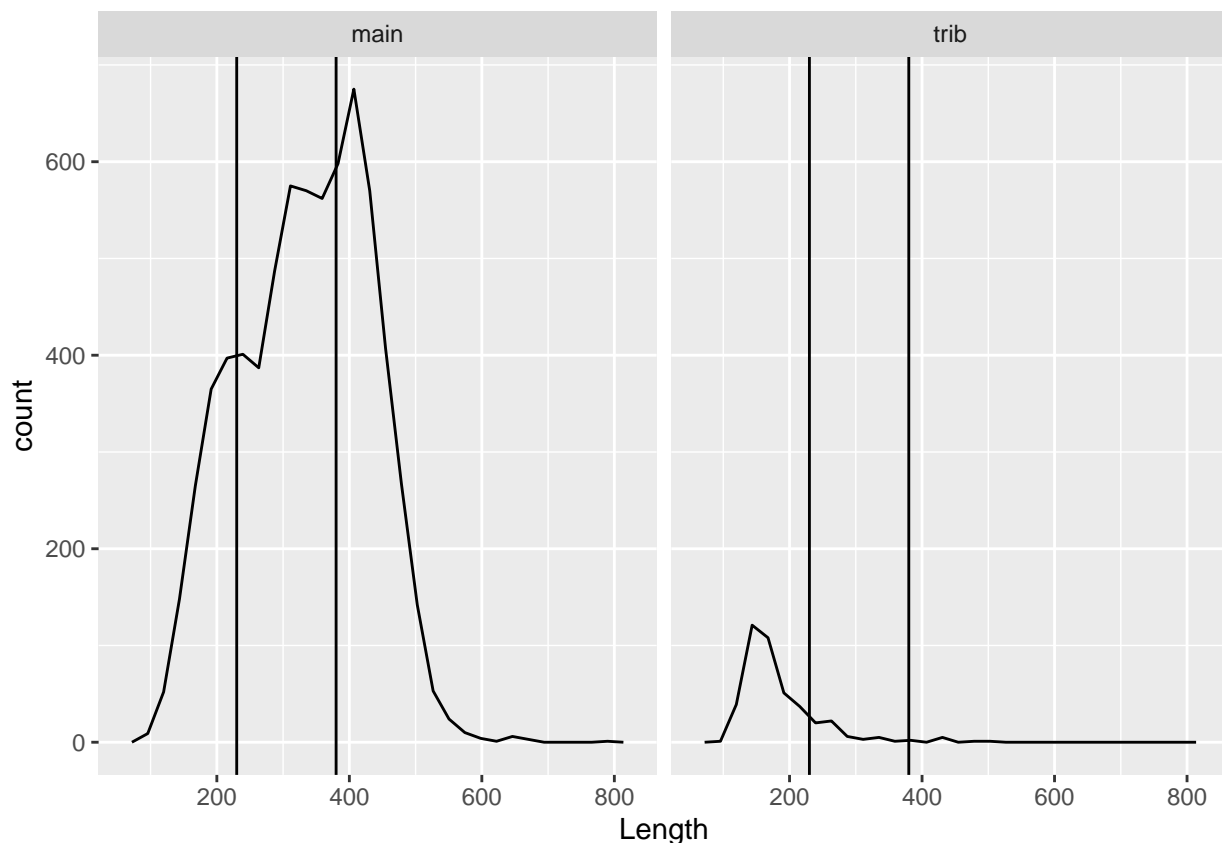
### Number of times individual fish were observed
table(tagN_mt$n)
#>
#>  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10
#> 4637 769 296 125 53 24 13 7 2 1

### Number of times individual fish were observed by river
(table(tagN_mt$mainTrib, tagN_mt$n))
#>
#>      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10
#> main 4344 711 278 115 52 24 11 6 2 1
#> trib 293 58 18 10 1 0 2 1 0 0

(table(tagN_mt$species))
#>
#> brook trout brown trout rainbow trout
#>      11      5258      656
(table(tagN_mt$mainTrib, tagN_mt$species))
#>
#>      brook trout brown trout rainbow trout
#> main          0      4970      572
#> trib          11      288      84
```

Basic summary plots of raw tagging data

```
ggplot(d %>% filter(species == "brown trout"), aes(Length)) +
  geom_freqpoly() +
  geom_vline(xintercept = c(tar_read(target_sizeCutoff1), tar_read(target_sizeCutoff2))) +
  facet_grid(~mainTrib)
#> `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



```
# dTame <- d %>%
#       select(Latitude, Longitude, tag, dateTime, species, Length, Weight) %>%
#       filter(tag != "", tag != "ad")
#
# write.csv(dTame, './dataOut/dTame.csv', row.names = FALSE)
```

Encounter histories

This is the data structure for the capture-recapture models. Each column is a sampling ‘occasion’ (here = month) and each row is an individual, where a ‘1’ indicates capture and a ‘0’ indicates not captured.

```
str(eh$eh)
#>  num [1:5062, 1:24] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
#> - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
#> ..$ : NULL
#> ..$ : chr [1:24] "date_2018-05" "date_2018-06" "date_2018-07" "date_2018-08" ...
kable(head(eh$eh,8))
```

	date_2018-05	date_2018-06	date_2018-07	date_2018-08	date_2018-09	date_2018-10	date_2018-11	date_2018-12	date_2019-01	date_2019-02	date_2019-03	date_2019-04	date_2019-05	date_2019-06	date_2019-07	date_2019-08	date_2019-09	date_2019-10	date_2019-11	date_2019-12	date_2020-01	date_2020-02	date_2020-03	date_2020-04	date_2020-05	date_2020-06	date_2020-07	date_2020-08	date_2020-09	date_2020-10	date_2020-11	date_2020-12	date_2021-01	date_2021-02
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

[illegible]

There are very few transitions between main and trib and we can characterize size transitions better with a growth model - run ϕT ψT models separately for main and trib

Summary info for years and occasions


```

years <- colnames(eh$eh) %>%
  substr(6,9) %>%
  as.numeric()

months <- colnames(eh$eh) %>%
  substr(11,12) %>%
  as.numeric()

occs <- colnames(eh$eh)

```

Models

‘phi’ = apparent survival (probability of staying in the area = $p(\text{survival}) + p(\text{not moving out of area})$).
‘p’ = probability of capture given that the fish is alive. ‘psi’ = probability of transitioning from one state to another. Here, states are size bins.

phiT_pT_psiT_main

Load data ‘main’ for analysis

```

#d_tt <- tar_read(target_d_trib)
eh_main <- tar_read(target_eh_main)

str(eh_main$eh)
#>  num [1:4777, 1:23] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
#>   - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
#>    ..$ : NULL
#>    ..$ : chr [1:23] "date_2018-05" "date_2018-06" "date_2018-07" "date_2018-09" ...
#kable(eh_main$eh[1:8,1:10])

table(paste(eh_main$first, eh_main$last, sep="_"))
#>
#>  1_23 10_23 11_23 12_23 13_23 14_23 15_23 16_23 17_23 18_23 19_23 2_23 20_23
#>  173   242   244   238   296   244   291   382   185   120   181   263   82
#> 21_23 22_23 3_23  4_23  5_23  6_23  7_23  8_23  9_23
#>  288   157   313    51   216   233   130   188   260

```

```

### Read the model run into global memory
if (tar_exist_objects(c("tt_modelOut_main"))){
  mod_tt_main <- tar_read(tt_modelOut_main)

  MCMCplot(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, params = "betaPhi")
  MCMCplot(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, params = "betaPhiMonthly")
  MCMCplot(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, params = "betaP")

  priors <- rnorm(tar_read(tt_runData_main)$nIter * tar_read(tt_runData_main)$nChains, 0, 1/sqrt(.1))
  MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc,
    ISB = FALSE,
    exact = TRUE,
    params = c("betaPhi[1, 1]", "betaPhi[2, 1]", "betaPhi[3, 1]",
      "betaPhi[1, 2]", "betaPhi[2, 2]", "betaPhi[3, 2]"
    )
  )
}

```

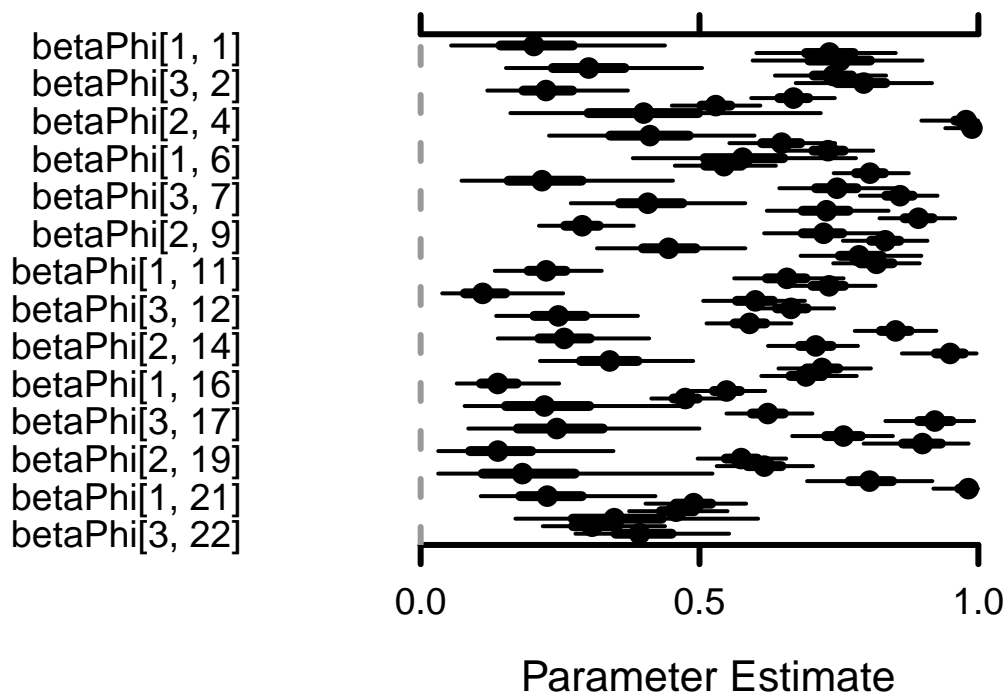
```

        #"betaPhi[1, 3]", "betaPhi[2, 3]", "betaPhi[3, 3]"
      ),
      pdf = FALSE,
      priors = priors
    )

    MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc,
      ISB = FALSE,
      exact = TRUE,
      params = c("betaP[1, 1]", "betaP[2, 1]", "betaP[3, 1]",
        "betaP[1, 2]", "betaP[2, 2]", "betaP[3, 2]"
        #"betaP[1, 3]", "betaP[2, 3]", "betaP[3, 3]"
      ),
      pdf = FALSE,
      priors = priors
    )

    modSummary_tt_main <- MCMCsummary(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, round = 3) %>%
      rename(lo = '2.5%', med = '50%', hi = '97.5%')
  }

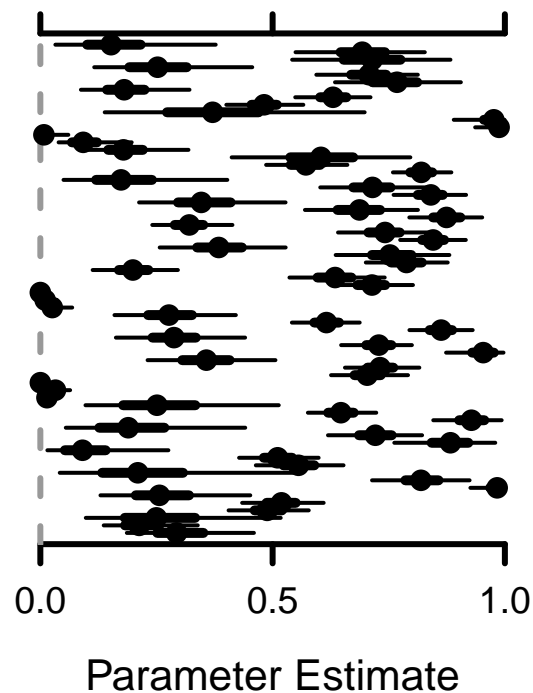
```



```

betaPhiMonthly[1, 1]
betaPhiMonthly[3, 2]
betaPhiMonthly[2, 4]
betaPhiMonthly[1, 6]
betaPhiMonthly[3, 7]
betaPhiMonthly[2, 9]
betaPhiMonthly[1, 11]
betaPhiMonthly[3, 12]
betaPhiMonthly[2, 14]
betaPhiMonthly[1, 16]
betaPhiMonthly[3, 17]
betaPhiMonthly[2, 19]
betaPhiMonthly[1, 21]
betaPhiMonthly[3, 22]

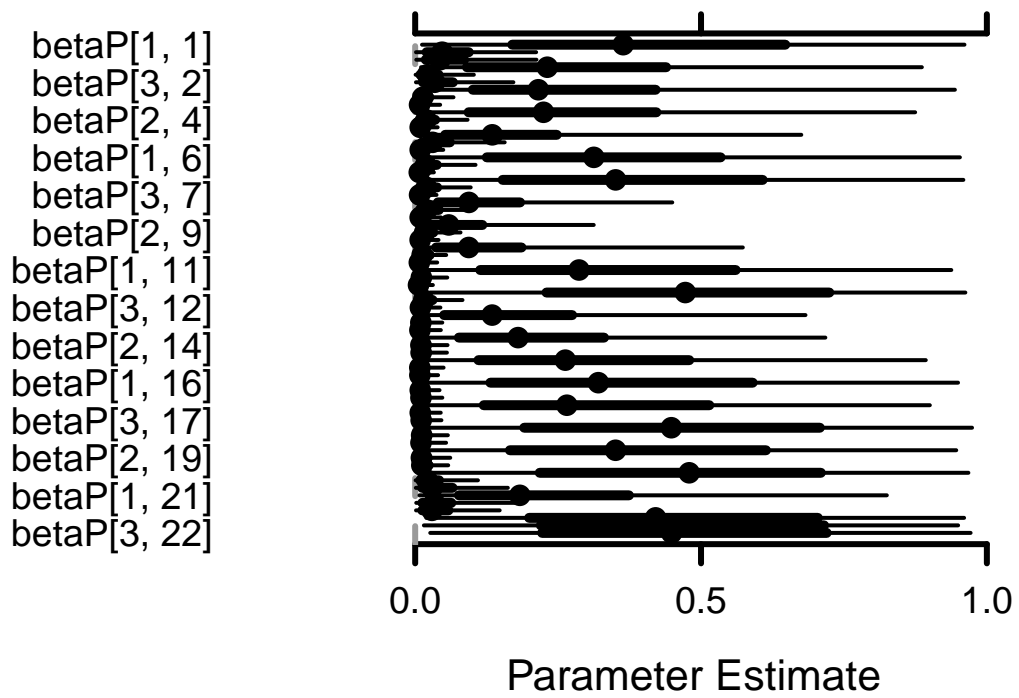
```

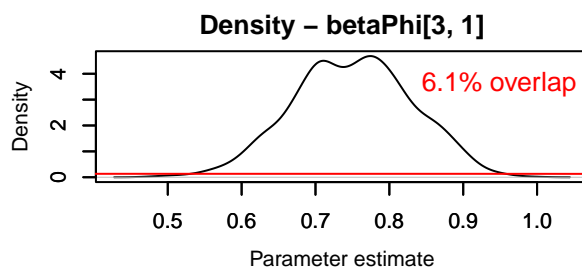
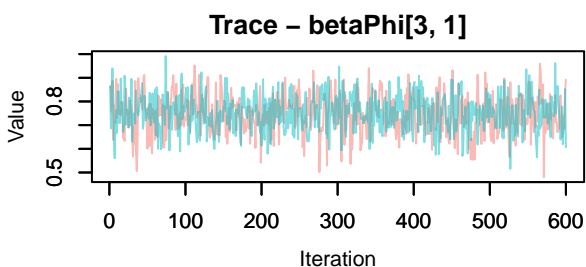
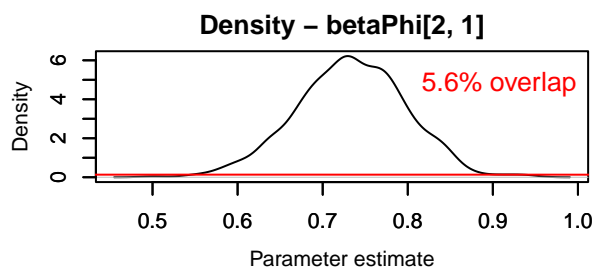
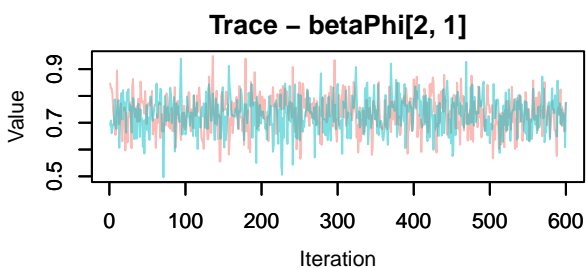
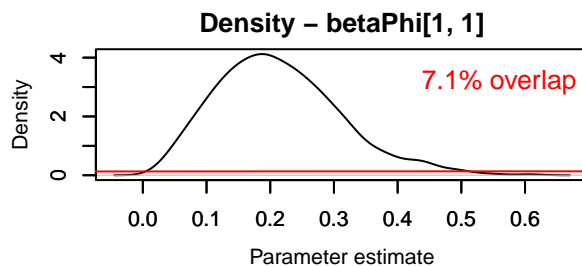
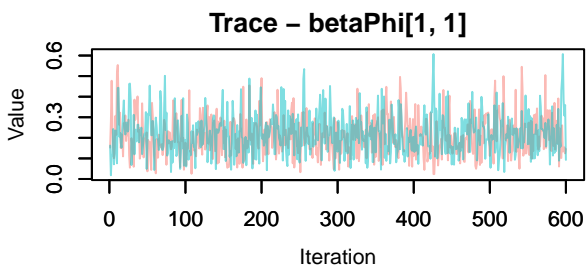


```

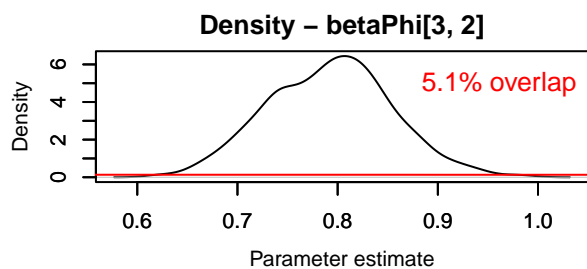
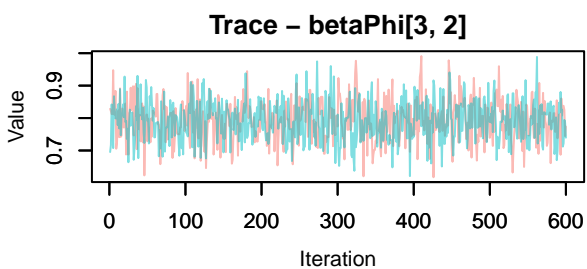
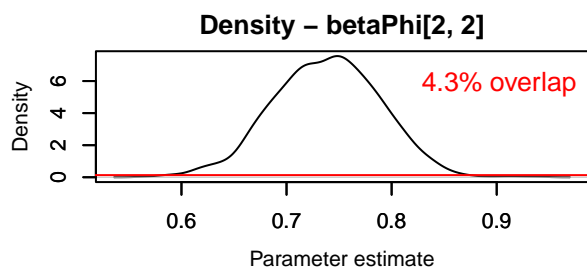
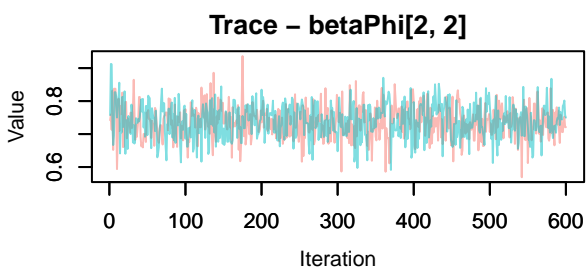
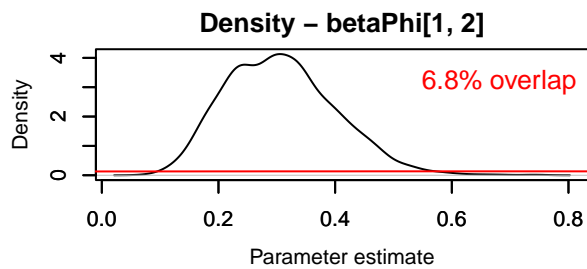
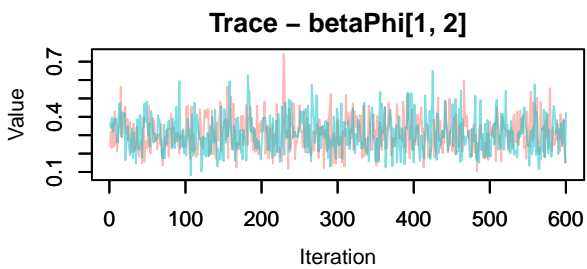
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Only one prior specified for > 1 parameter. Using a single prior for all
#> parameters.
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Number of samples in prior is greater than number of total or specified
#> iterations (for all chains) for specified parameter. Only last 1200 iterations
#> will be used.

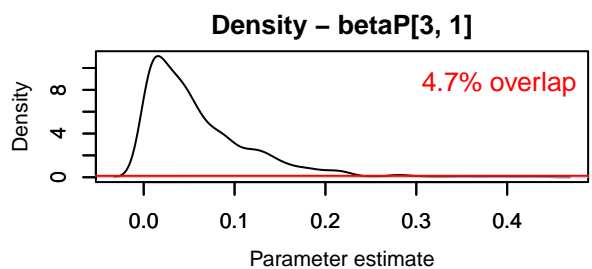
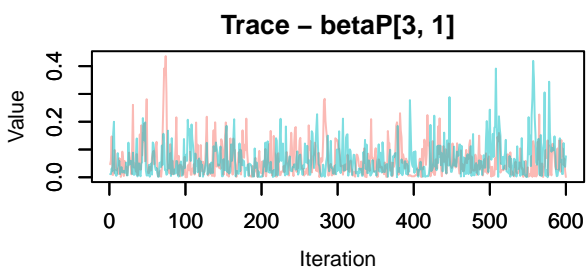
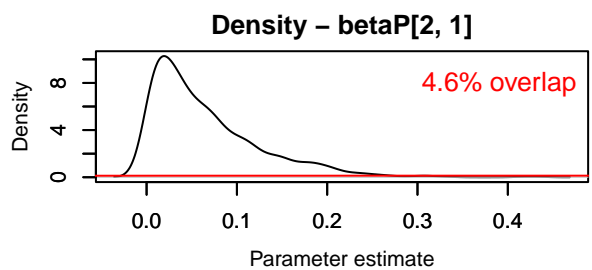
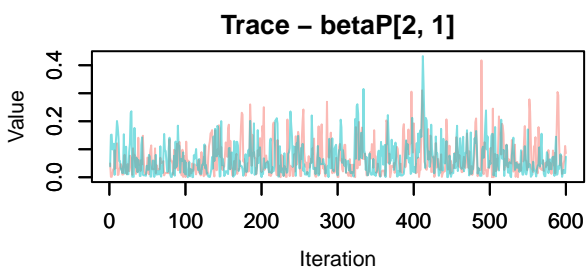
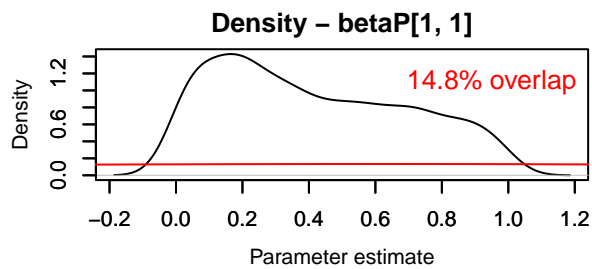
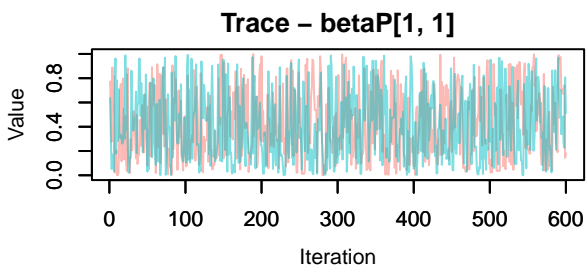
```

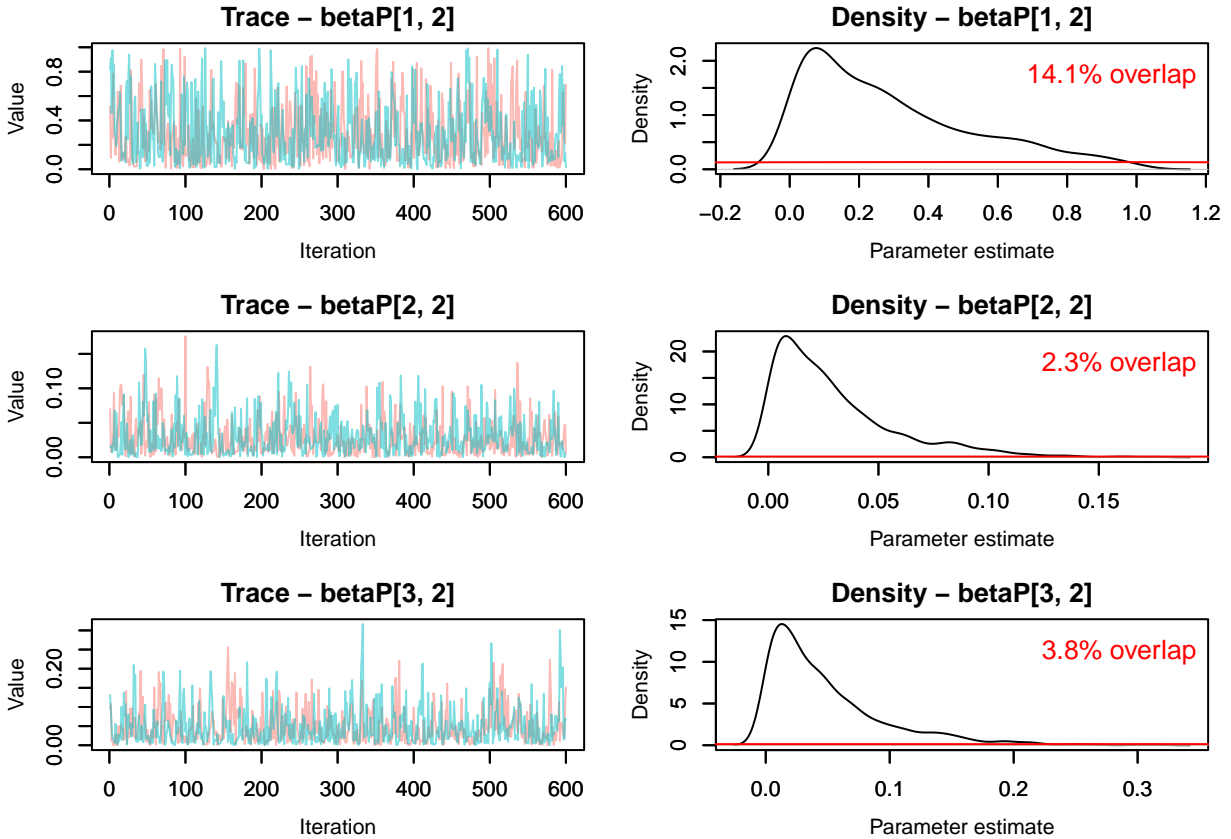




```
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Only one prior specified for > 1 parameter. Using a single prior for all
#> parameters.
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_main$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Number of samples in prior is greater than number of total or specified
#> iterations (for all chains) for specified parameter. Only last 1200 iterations
#> will be used.
```







Main, phi, p and psi

```
nS <- mod_tt_main$myConstants$nStates
nT <- mod_tt_main$myConstants$T

phi_tt_main <- modSummary_tt_main %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_tt_main), 1, 8) == "betaPhi") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS))) %>%
  mutate(year = years[dateYM],
         month = months[dateYM],
         river = "main")

phiMonthly_tt_main <- modSummary_tt_main %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_tt_main), 1, 8) == "betaPhiM") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS))) %>%
  mutate(year = years[dateYM],
         month = months[dateYM],
         river = "main")

p_tt_main <- modSummary_tt_main %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_tt_main), 1, 6) == "betaP") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS))) %>%
  mutate(year = years[dateYM],
         month = months[dateYM],
```



```

    river = "main")

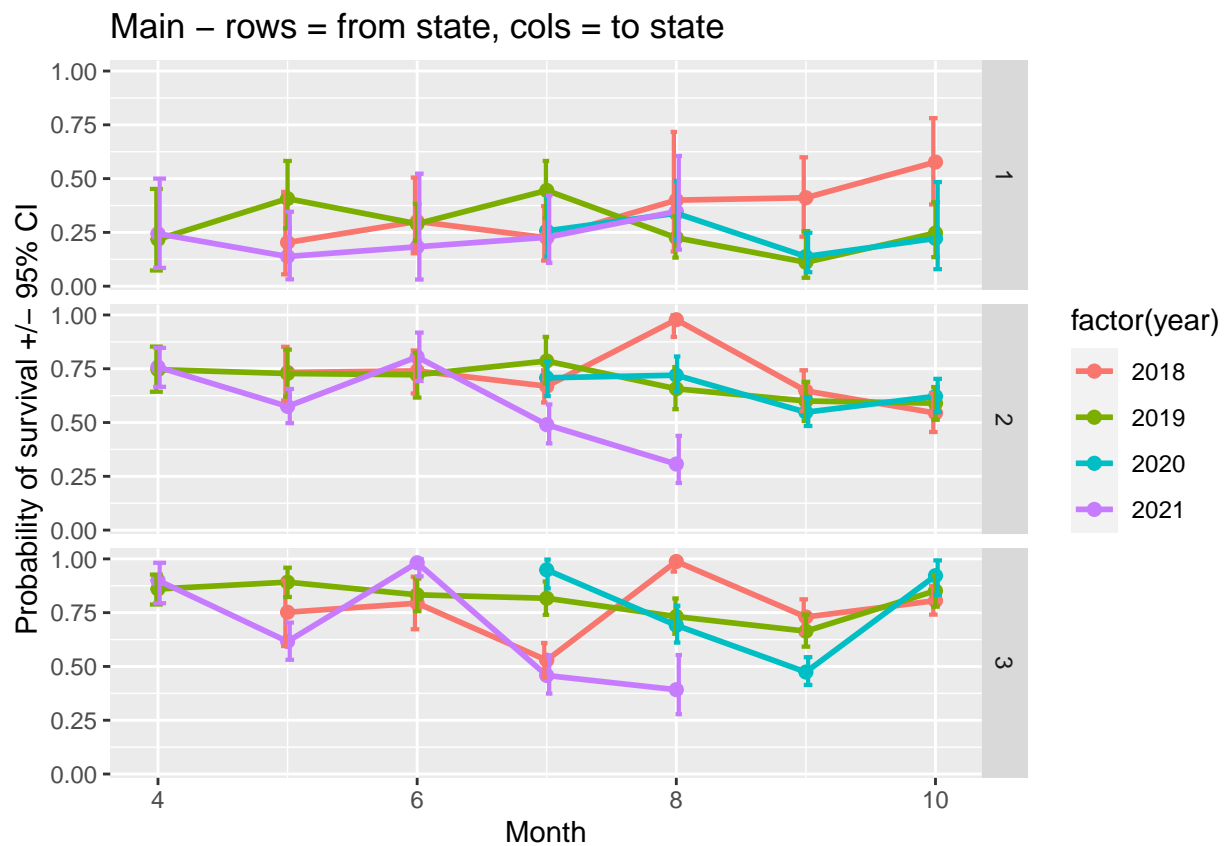
psi_tt_main <- modSummary_tt_main %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_tt_main), 1, 3) == "psi") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(stateFrom = 1:nS, stateTo = rep(1:nS, each = nS), dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), ea
  mutate(year = years[dateYM],
         month = months[dateYM],
         river = "main")

```

```

#phi
ggplot(phi_tt_main, aes(month, med, color = factor(year))) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
               width = 0.2,
               position = position_dodge(0.05),
               size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of survival +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Month") +
  ggtitle("Main - rows = from state, cols = to state") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(state))

```



```

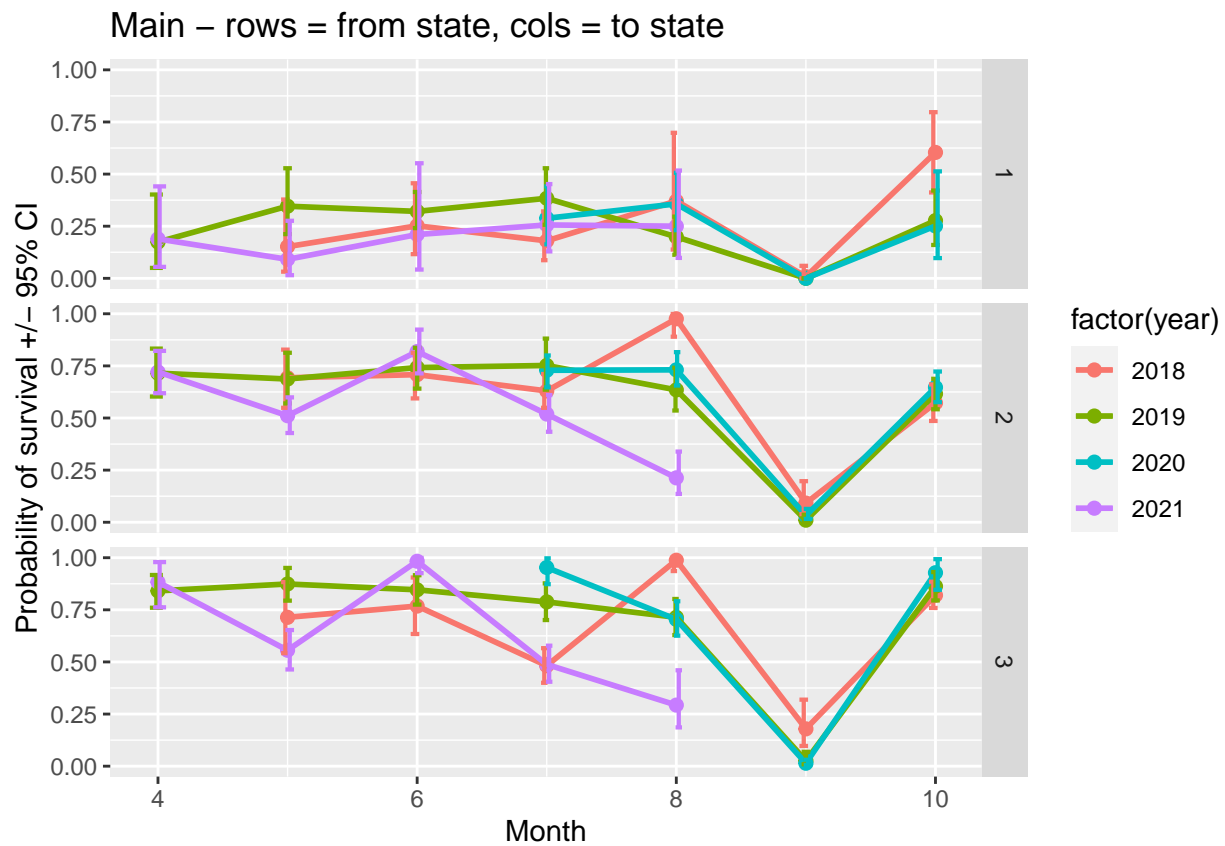
#phiMonthly
ggplot(phiMonthly_tt_main, aes(month, med, color = factor(year))) +

```

```

geom_point(size = 2) +
geom_line(size = 1) +
geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
              width = 0.2,
              position = position_dodge(0.05),
              size = 0.75) +
ylab("Probability of survival +/- 95% CI") +
xlab("Month") +
ggtitle("Main - rows = from state, cols = to state") +
facet_grid(rows = vars(state))

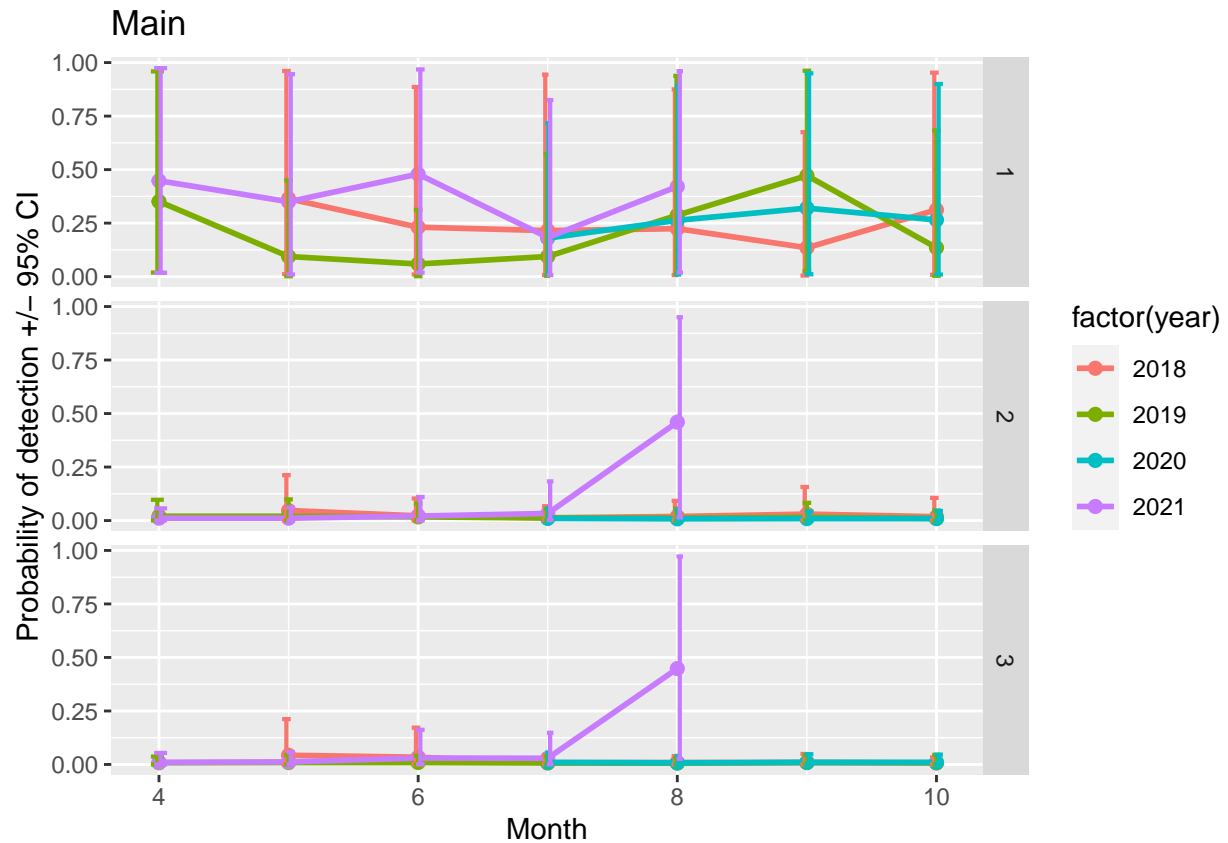
```



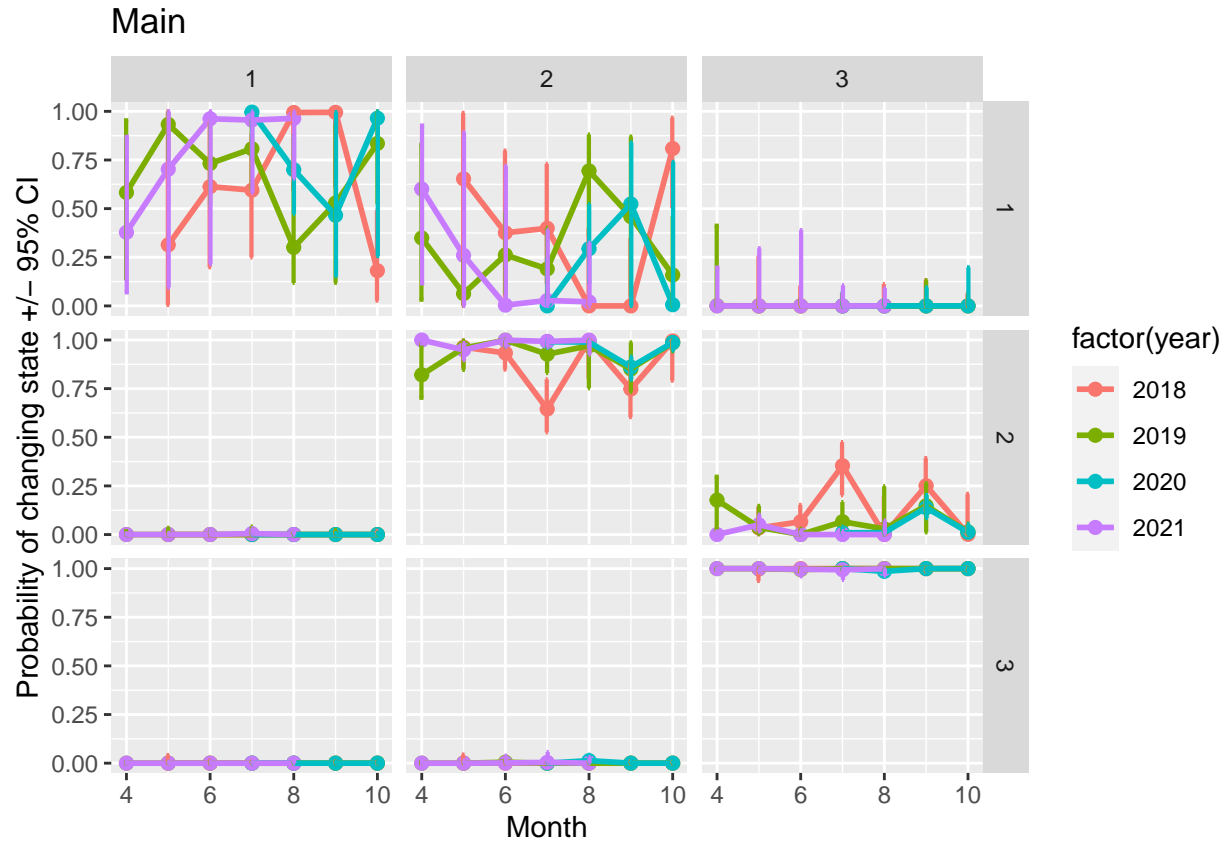
```

# p
ggplot(p_tt_main, aes(month, med, color = factor(year))) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
                width = 0.2,
                position = position_dodge(0.05),
                size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of detection +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Month") +
  ggtitle("Main") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(state))

```



```
#psi
ggplot(psi_tt_main, aes(month, med, color = factor(year))) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
    width = 0.2,
    position = position_dodge(0.03),
    size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of changing state +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Month") +
  ggtitle("Main") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(stateFrom),
    cols = vars(stateTo))
```



phiT_pT_psiT_trib

Load data 'trib' for analysis

```
#d_tt <- tar_read(target_d_trib)
eh_trib <- tar_read(target_eh_trib)

str(eh_trib$eh)
#>  num [1:288, 1:14] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
#>  - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
#>    ..$ : NULL
#>    ..$ : chr [1:14] "date_2018-07" "date_2018-08" "date_2018-09" "date_2018-10" ...
#kable(eh_trib$eh[1:8,1:10])

table(paste(eh_trib$first, eh_trib$last, sep="_"))
#>
#> 1_14 2_14 3_14 4_14 5_14 6_14 7_14 8_14
#>  60   8  12  15 100  53  20  20
```

Plot trib model estimates

```
### Read the model run into global memory
if (tar_exist_objects(c("tt_modelOut_trib"))){
  mod_tt_trib <- tar_read(tt_modelOut_trib)
```

```

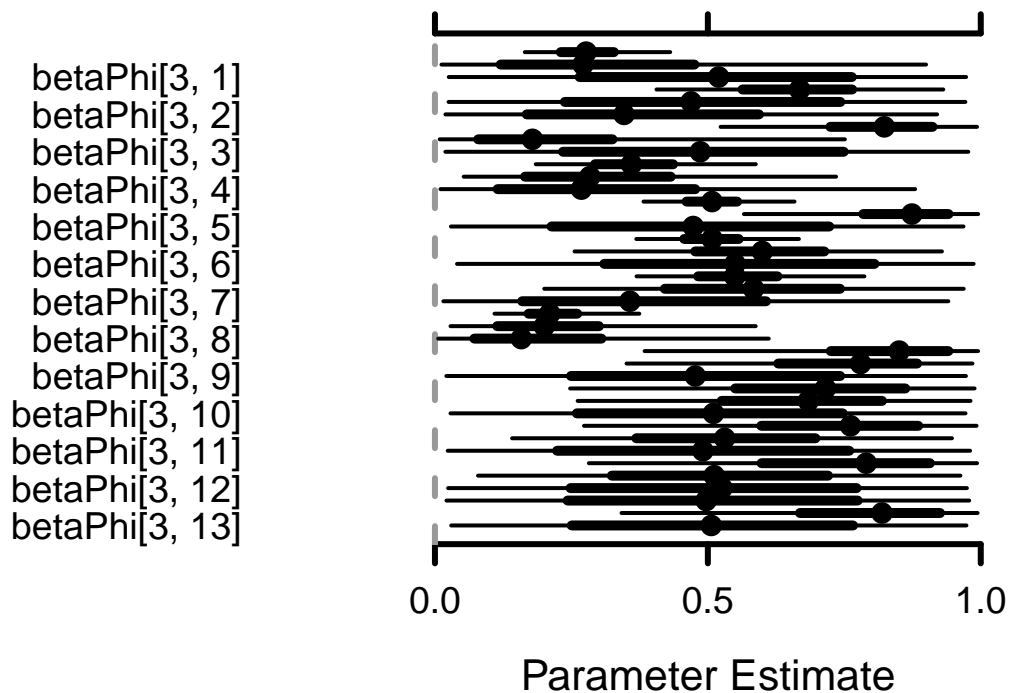
MCMCplot(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, params = "betaPhi")
#MCMCplot(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, params = "betaPhiMonthly")
MCMCplot(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, params = "betaP")

MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc,
  ISB = FALSE,
  exact = TRUE,
  params = c("betaPhi[1, 1]", "betaPhi[2, 1]", "betaPhi[3, 1]",
    "betaPhi[1, 2]", "betaPhi[2, 2]", "betaPhi[3, 2]",
    "betaPhi[1, 3]", "betaPhi[2, 3]", "betaPhi[3, 3]"),
  pdf = FALSE,
  priors = priors
)

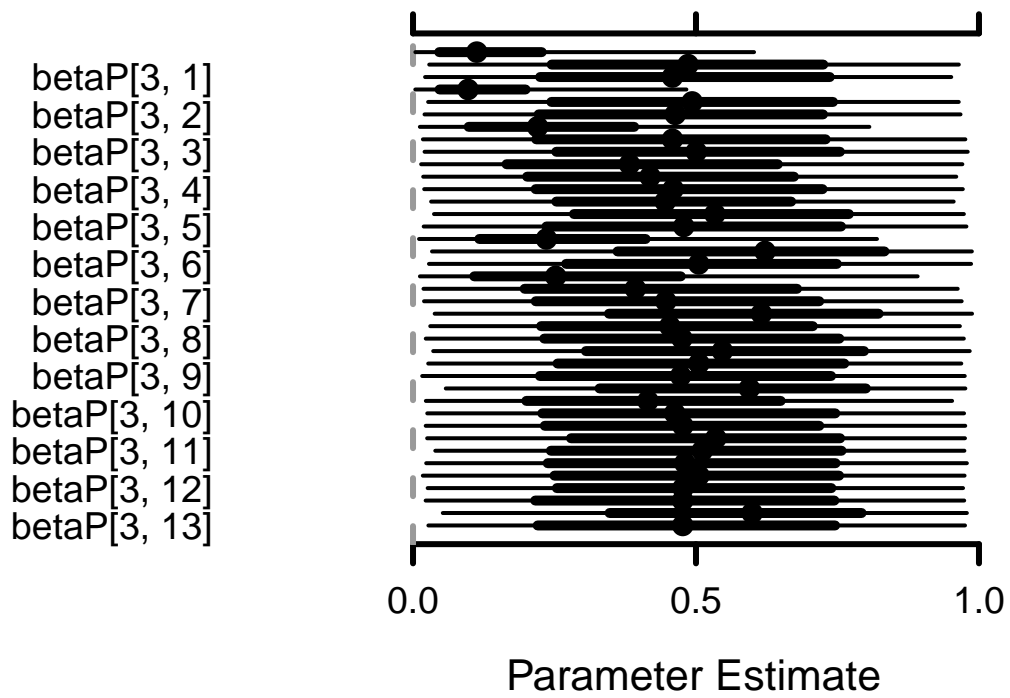
MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc,
  ISB = FALSE,
  exact = TRUE,
  params = c("betaP[1, 1]", "betaP[2, 1]", "betaP[3, 1]",
    "betaP[1, 2]", "betaP[2, 2]", "betaP[3, 2]",
    "betaP[1, 3]", "betaP[2, 3]", "betaP[3, 3]"),
  pdf = FALSE,
  priors = priors
)

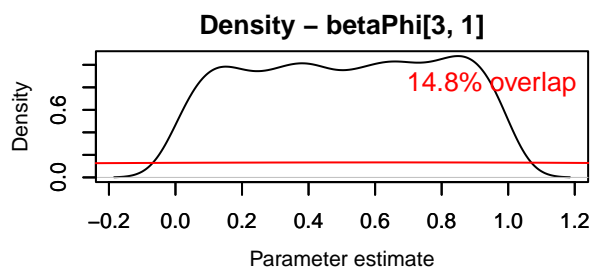
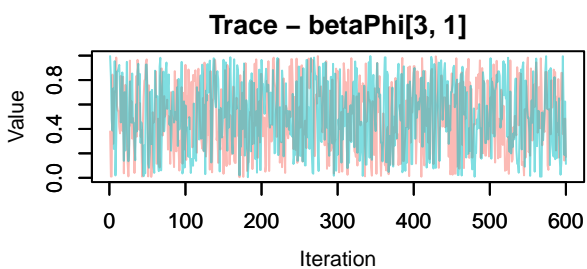
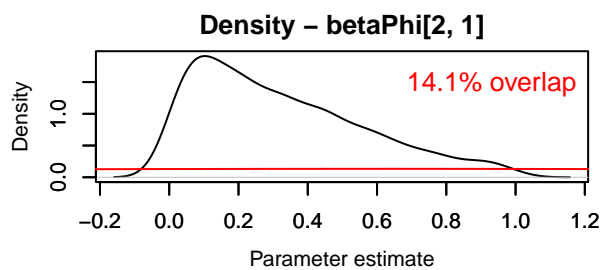
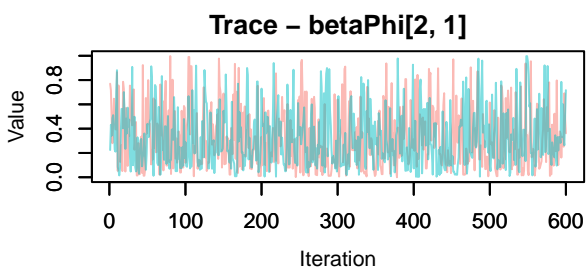
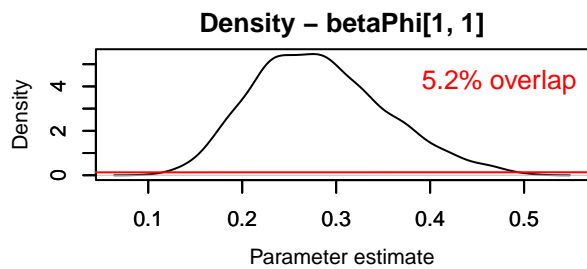
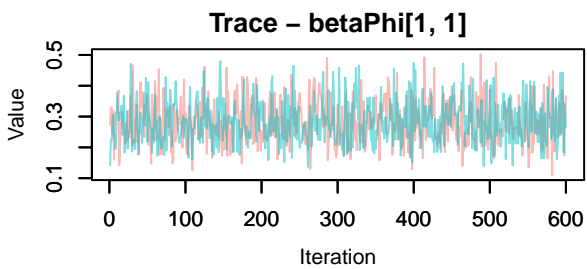
modSummary_tt_trib <- MCMCsummary(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, round = 3) %>%
  rename(lo = '2.5%', med = '50%', hi = '97.5%')
}

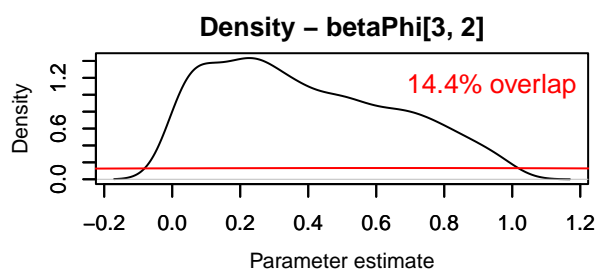
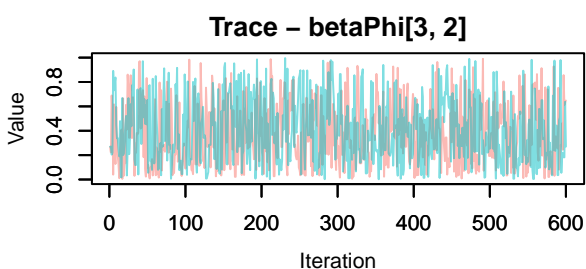
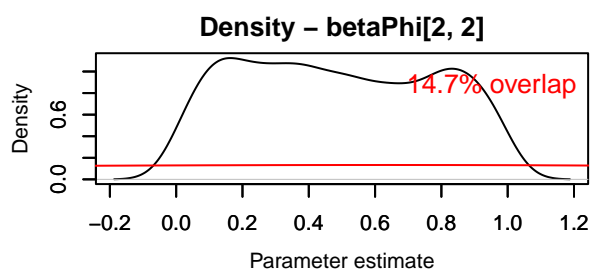
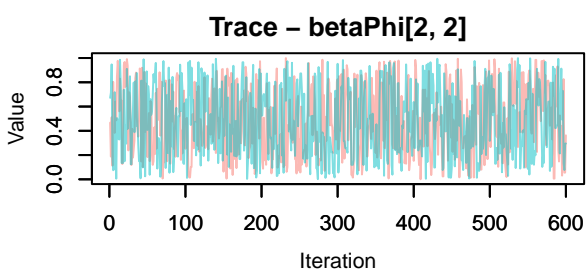
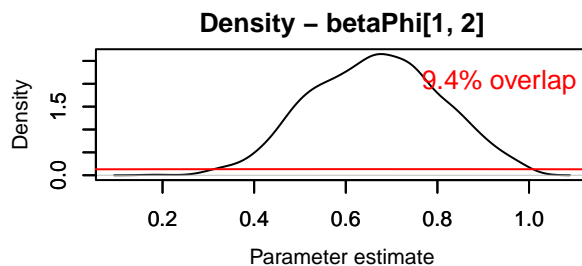
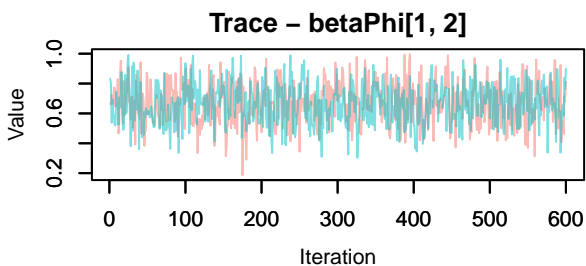
```



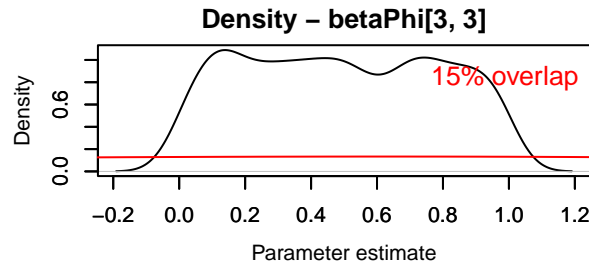
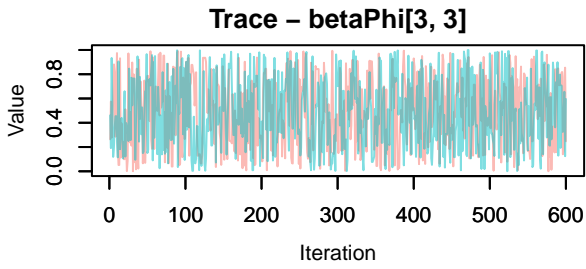
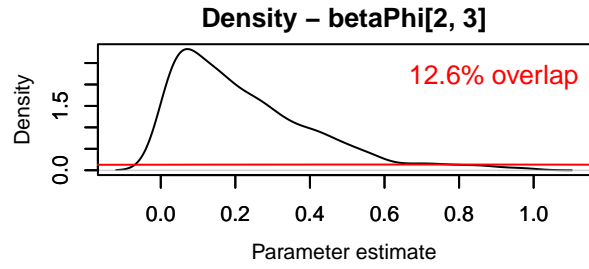
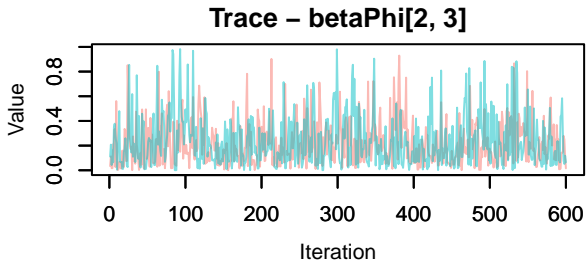
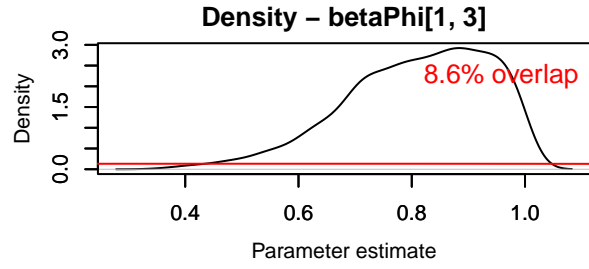
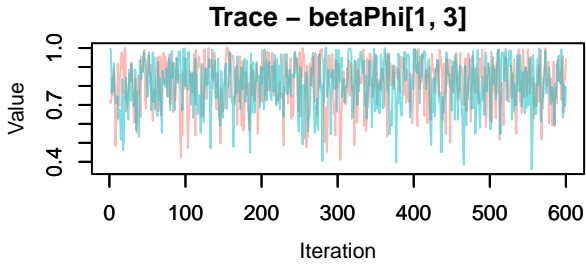
```
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Only one prior specified for > 1 parameter. Using a single prior for all
#> parameters.
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Number of samples in prior is greater than number of total or specified
#> iterations (for all chains) for specified parameter. Only last 1200 iterations
#> will be used.
```

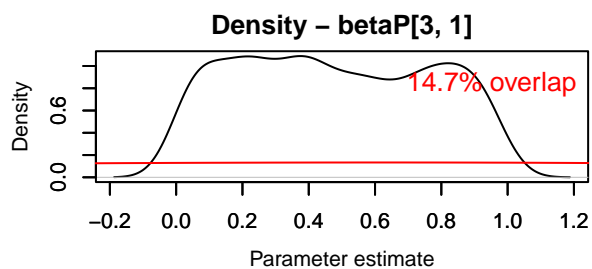
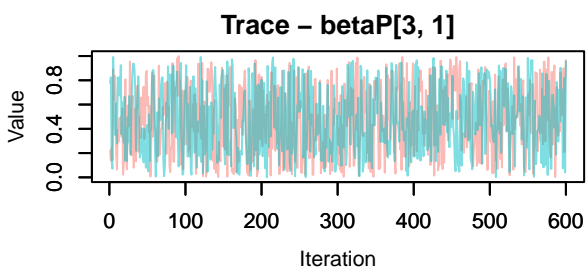
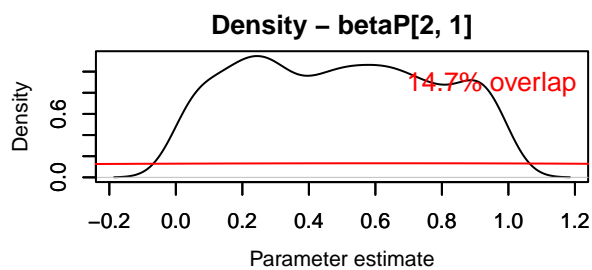
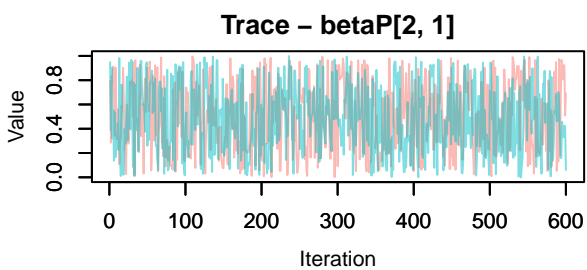
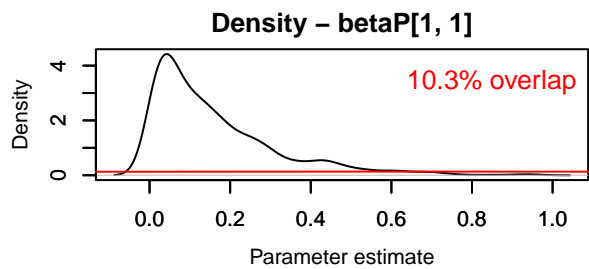
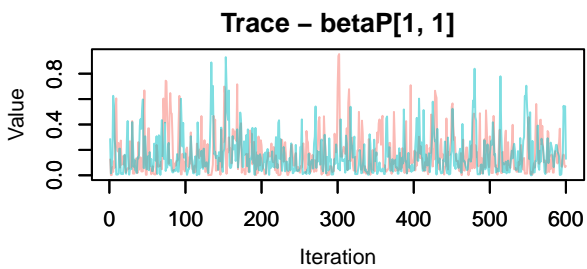


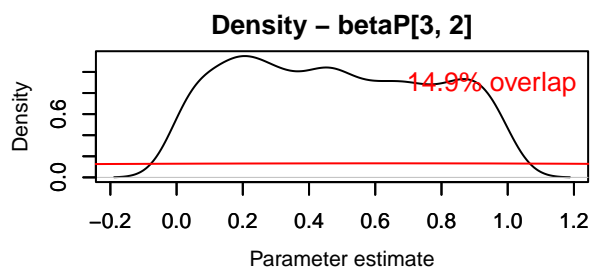
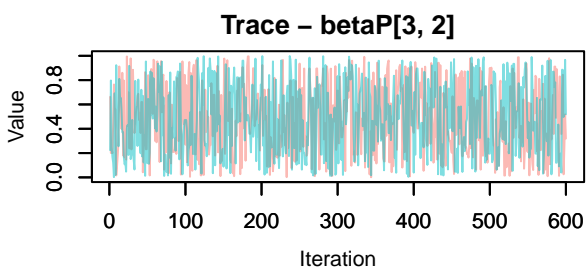
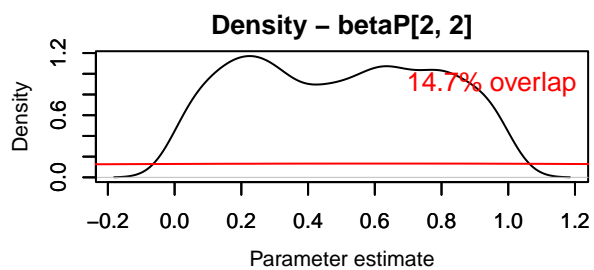
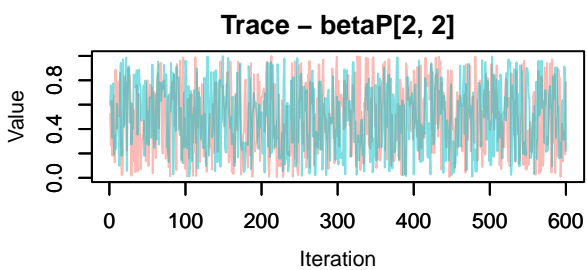
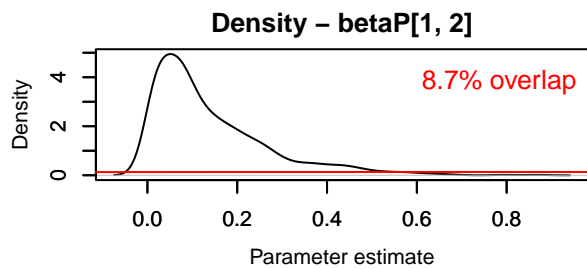
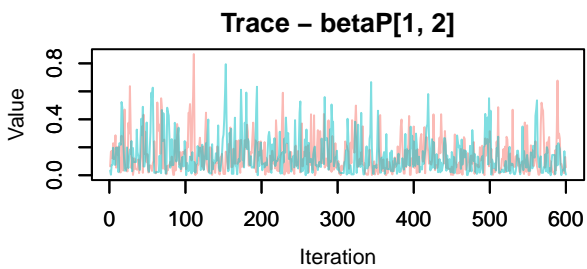


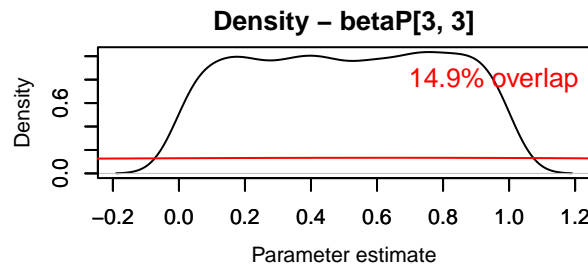
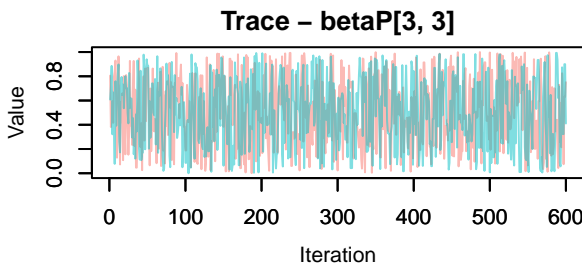
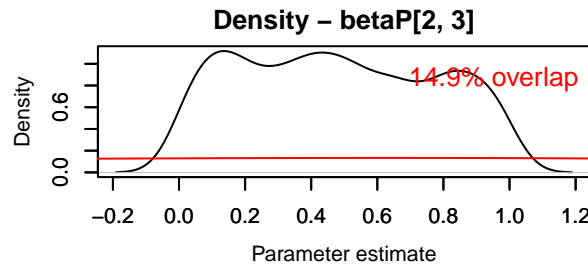
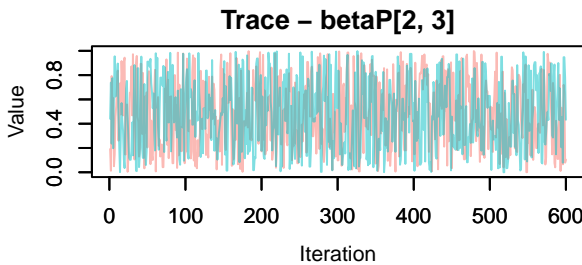
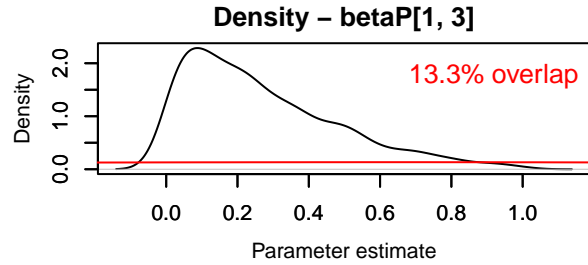
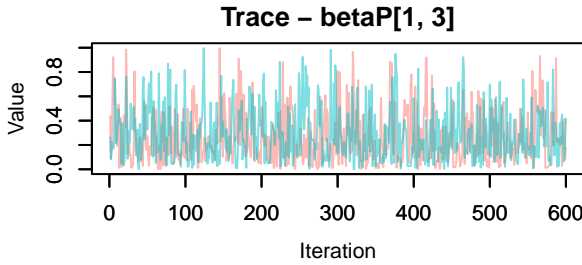


```
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Only one prior specified for > 1 parameter. Using a single prior for all
#> parameters.
#> Warning in MCMCtrace(object = mod_tt_trib$mcmc, ISB = FALSE, exact = TRUE, :
#> Number of samples in prior is greater than number of total or specified
#> iterations (for all chains) for specified parameter. Only last 1200 iterations
#> will be used.
```









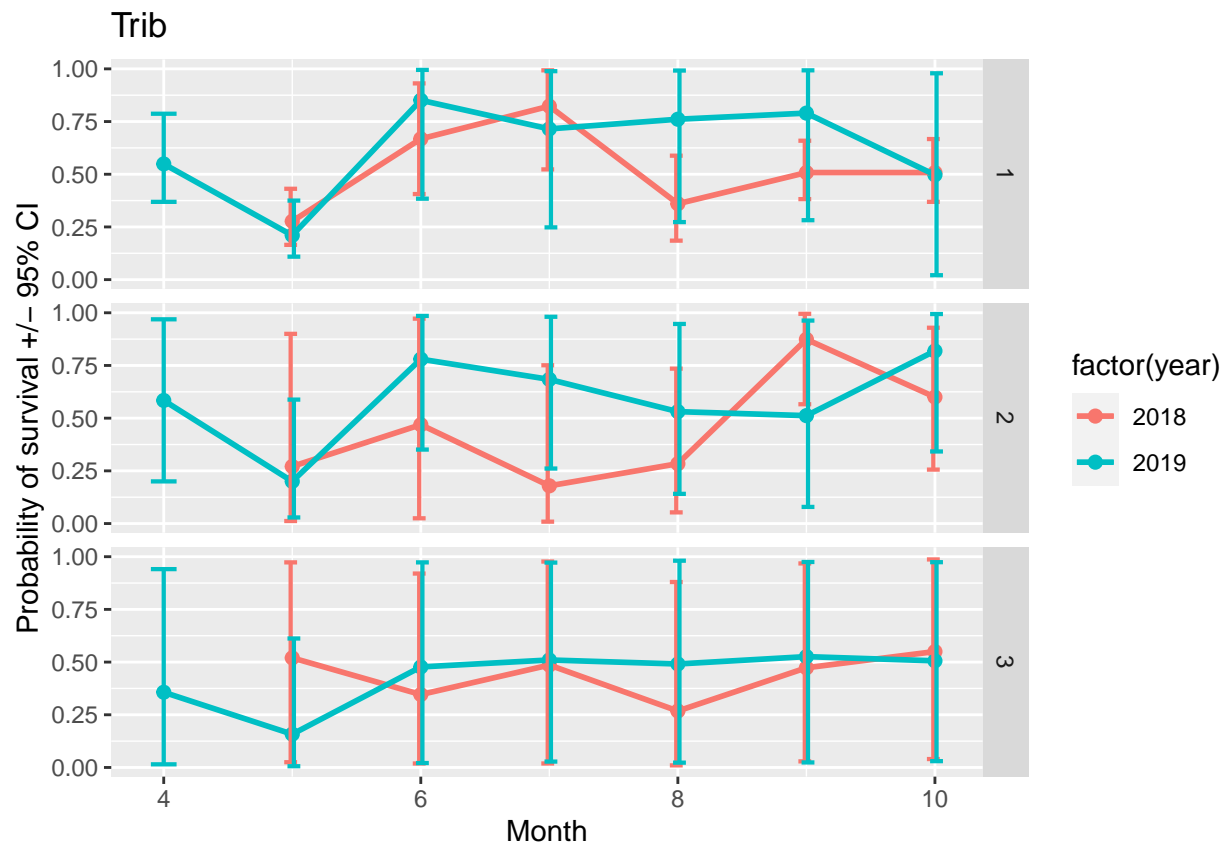
```
nS <- mod_tt_trib$myConstants$nStates
nT <- mod_tt_trib$myConstants$T

phi_tt_trib <- modSummary_tt_trib %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_tt_trib), 1, 7) == "betaPhi") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS))) %>%
  mutate(year = years[dateYM],
         month = months[dateYM],
         river = "trib")

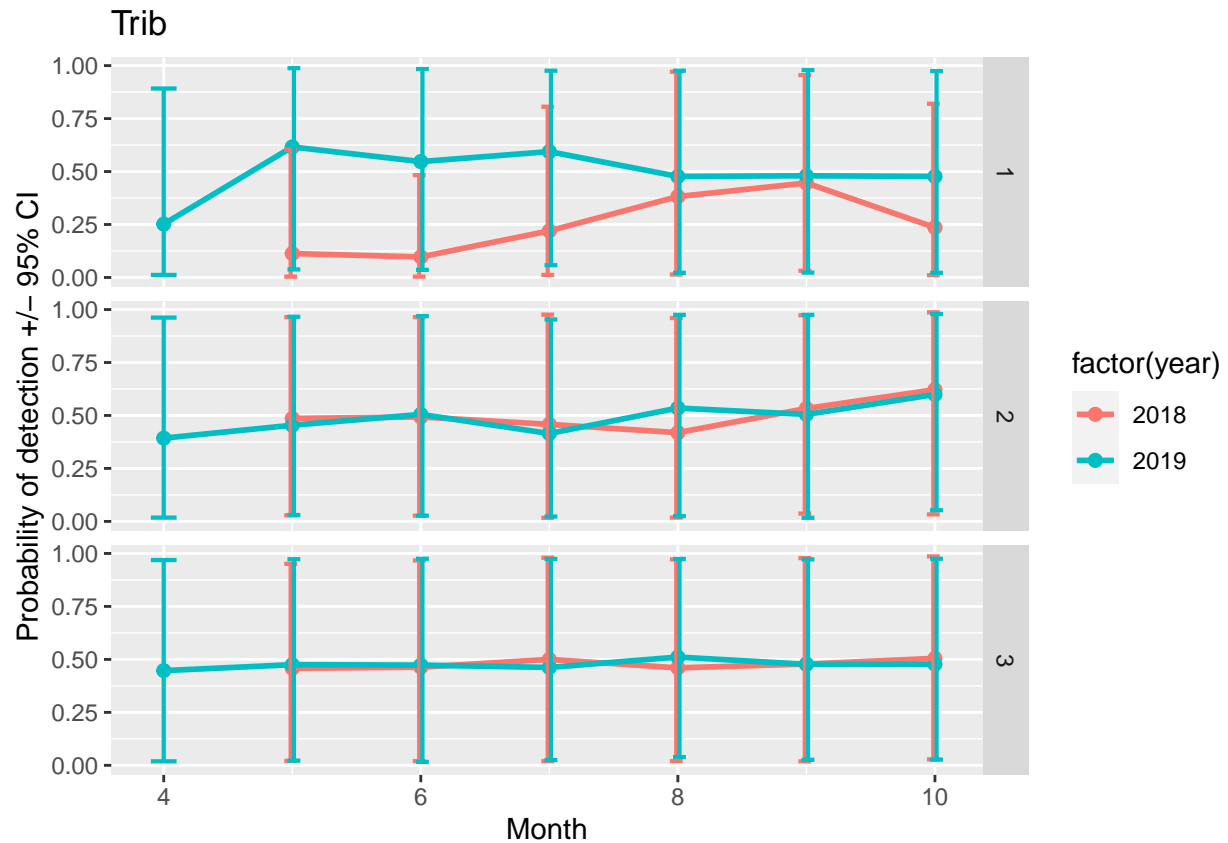
p_tt_trib <- modSummary_tt_trib %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_tt_trib), 1, 6) == "betaP[") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS))) %>%
  mutate(year = years[dateYM],
         month = months[dateYM],
         river = "trib")

psi_tt_trib <- modSummary_tt_trib %>%
  filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_tt_trib), 1, 3) == "psi") %>%
  add_column(data.frame(stateFrom = 1:nS, stateTo = rep(1:nS, each = nS), dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), ea
  mutate(year = years[dateYM],
         month = months[dateYM],
         river = "trib")
```

```
#phi
ggplot(phi_tt_trib, aes(month, med, color = factor(year))) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
    width = 0.2,
    position = position_dodge(0.05),
    size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of survival +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Month") +
  ggtitle("Trib") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(state))
```

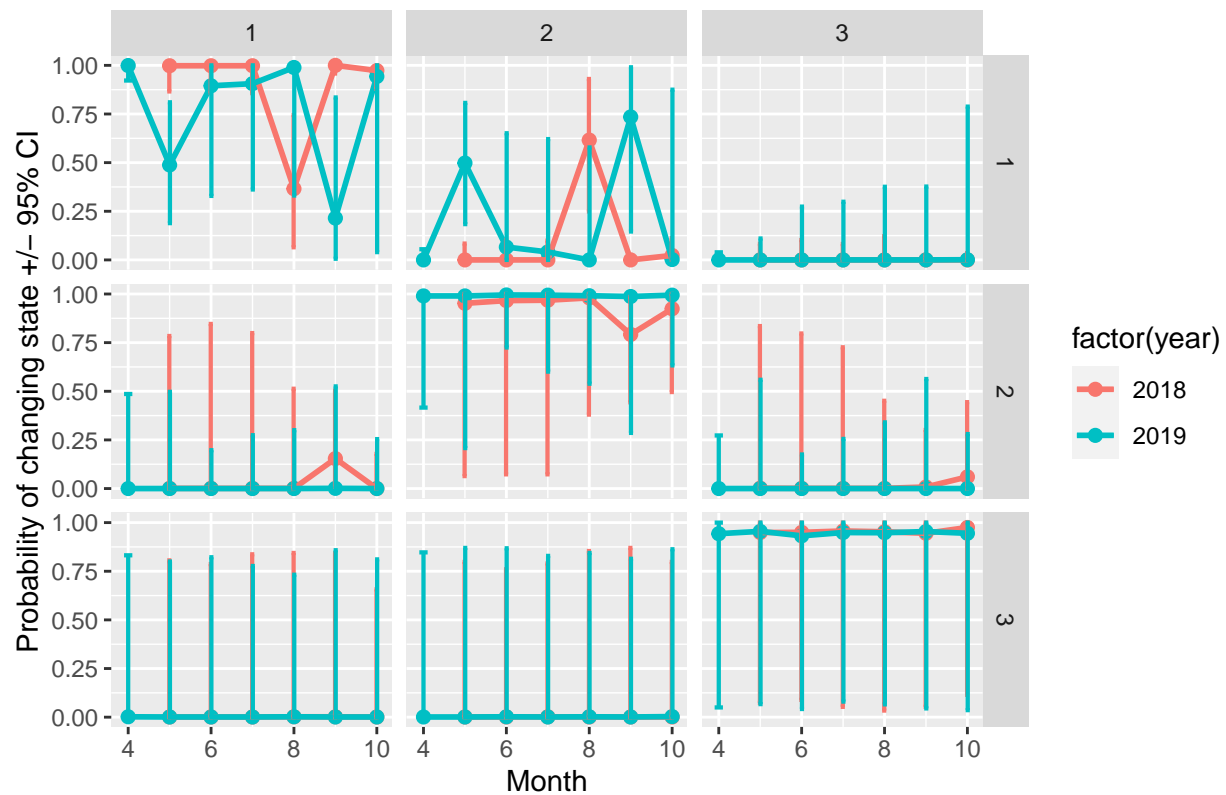


```
# p
ggplot(p_tt_trib, aes(month, med, color = factor(year))) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
    width = 0.2,
    position = position_dodge(0.05),
    size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of detection +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Month") +
  ggtitle("Trib") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(state))
```



```
#psi
ggplot(psi_tt_trib, aes(month, med, color = factor(year))) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
    width = 0.2,
    position = position_dodge(0.03),
    size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of changing state +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Month") +
  ggtitle("Trib - rows = from state, cols = to state") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(stateFrom),
    cols = vars(stateTo))
```

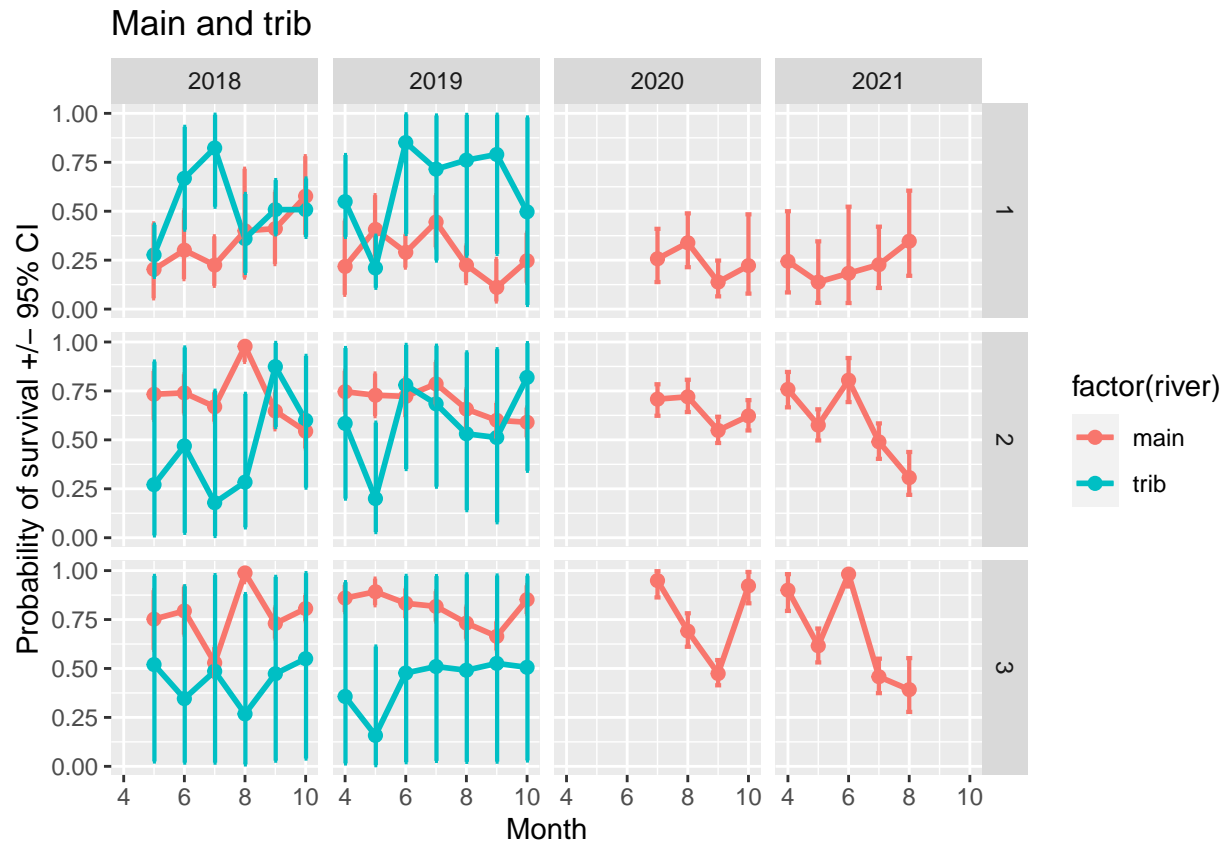
Trib – rows = from state, cols = to state



Combine main and trib estimates

```
phi_tt_mainTrib <- add_row(phi_tt_main, phi_tt_trib)
psi_tt_mainTrib <- add_row(psi_tt_main, psi_tt_trib)

ggplot(phi_tt_mainTrib, aes(month, med, color = factor(river))) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lo, ymax = hi),
    width = 0.2,
    position = position_dodge(0.05),
    size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of survival +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Month") +
  ggtitle("Main and trib") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(state),
    cols = vars(year))
```

Calculate means for broad comparisons

```
# Overall means across occasions
# Main
(
  phi_tt_main_means <- phi_tt_main %>%
    group_by(state) %>%
    summarise(meanPhi = mean(mean),
              sdPhi = sd(mean),
              meanLo = mean(lo),
              meanMed = mean(med),
              meanHi = mean(hi)) %>%
    mutate(river = "main") %>%
    ungroup()
)
#> # A tibble: 3 x 7
#>   state meanPhi sdPhi meanLo meanMed meanHi river
#>   <int>   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>
#> 1     1  0.287 0.112  0.145  0.280  0.473 main
#> 2     2  0.667 0.132  0.575  0.667  0.759 main
#> 3     3  0.756 0.171  0.673  0.756  0.836 main

(
  psi_tt_main_means <- psi_tt_main %>%
```

```

group_by(stateFrom, stateTo) %>%
  summarise(meanPhi = mean(mean),
            sdPhi = sd(mean),
            meanLo = mean(lo),
            meanMed = mean(med),
            meanHi = mean(hi)) %>%
  mutate(river = "main") %>%
  ungroup()
)

#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'stateFrom'. You can override using the
#> `.groups` argument.
#> # A tibble: 9 x 8
#>   stateFrom stateTo meanPhi   sdPhi   meanLo   meanMed   meanHi river
#>   <int>    <int>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl> <chr>
#> 1         1         1 0.687  0.226  0.349  0.705  0.931  main
#> 2         1         2 0.298  0.225  0.0653 0.280  0.637  main
#> 3         1         3 0.0147 0.0128  0       0.0000455 0.135  main
#> 4         2         1 0.00232 0.00186  0       0.000227 0.0169  main
#> 5         2         2 0.928  0.0901  0.845  0.935  0.977  main
#> 6         2         3 0.0702 0.0904  0.0222 0.0634  0.152  main
#> 7         3         1 0.00109 0.000750  0       0       0.00968  main
#> 8         3         2 0.003  0.00405  0.0000909 0.00105  0.0175  main
#> 9         3         3 0.996  0.00420  0.978  0.999  1.00  main

# Trib
(
  phi_tt_trib_means <- phi_tt_trib %>%
    group_by(state) %>%
    summarise(meanPhi = mean(mean),
              sdPhi = sd(mean),
              meanLo = mean(lo),
              meanMed = mean(med),
              meanHi = mean(hi)) %>%
    mutate(river = "trib") %>%
    ungroup()
)

#> # A tibble: 3 x 7
#>   state meanPhi sdPhi meanLo meanMed meanHi river
#>   <int>    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
#> 1     1  0.568 0.194  0.286  0.578  0.798  trib
#> 2     2  0.526 0.206  0.179  0.522  0.901  trib
#> 3     3  0.449 0.0964 0.0222  0.436  0.933  trib

(psi_tt_trib_means <- psi_tt_trib %>%
  group_by(stateFrom, stateTo) %>%
  summarise(meanPhi = mean(mean),
            sdPhi = sd(mean),
            meanLo = mean(lo),
            meanMed = mean(med),
            meanHi = mean(hi)) %>%
  mutate(river = "trib") %>%
  ungroup()
)

```

```

#> `summarise()` has grouped output by 'stateFrom'. You can override using the
#> `.groups` argument.
#> # A tibble: 9 x 8
#>   stateFrom stateTo meanPhi sdPhi meanLo meanMed meanHi river
#>   <int>    <int>    <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
#> 1         1         1  0.799  0.252  0.512   0.828   0.953 trib
#> 2         1         2  0.178  0.247  0.0446  0.152   0.456 trib
#> 3         1         3  0.0225 0.0263  0       0.0000769 0.209 trib
#> 4         2         1  0.0631 0.0465 0.000692 0.0122   0.474 trib
#> 5         2         2  0.880  0.0653 0.380   0.963   0.999 trib
#> 6         2         3  0.0566 0.0319  0       0.00562   0.461 trib
#> 7         3         1  0.1       0.0111  0       0.00131   0.800 trib
#> 8         3         2  0.104  0.0104  0       0.00138   0.831 trib
#> 9         3         3  0.797  0.0177 0.0618   0.950    1     trib

```

Combine mean main and trib estimates

```

phi_tt_mainTrib_means <- add_row(phi_tt_main_means, phi_tt_trib_means)
psi_tt_mainTrib_means <- add_row(psi_tt_main_means, psi_tt_trib_means)

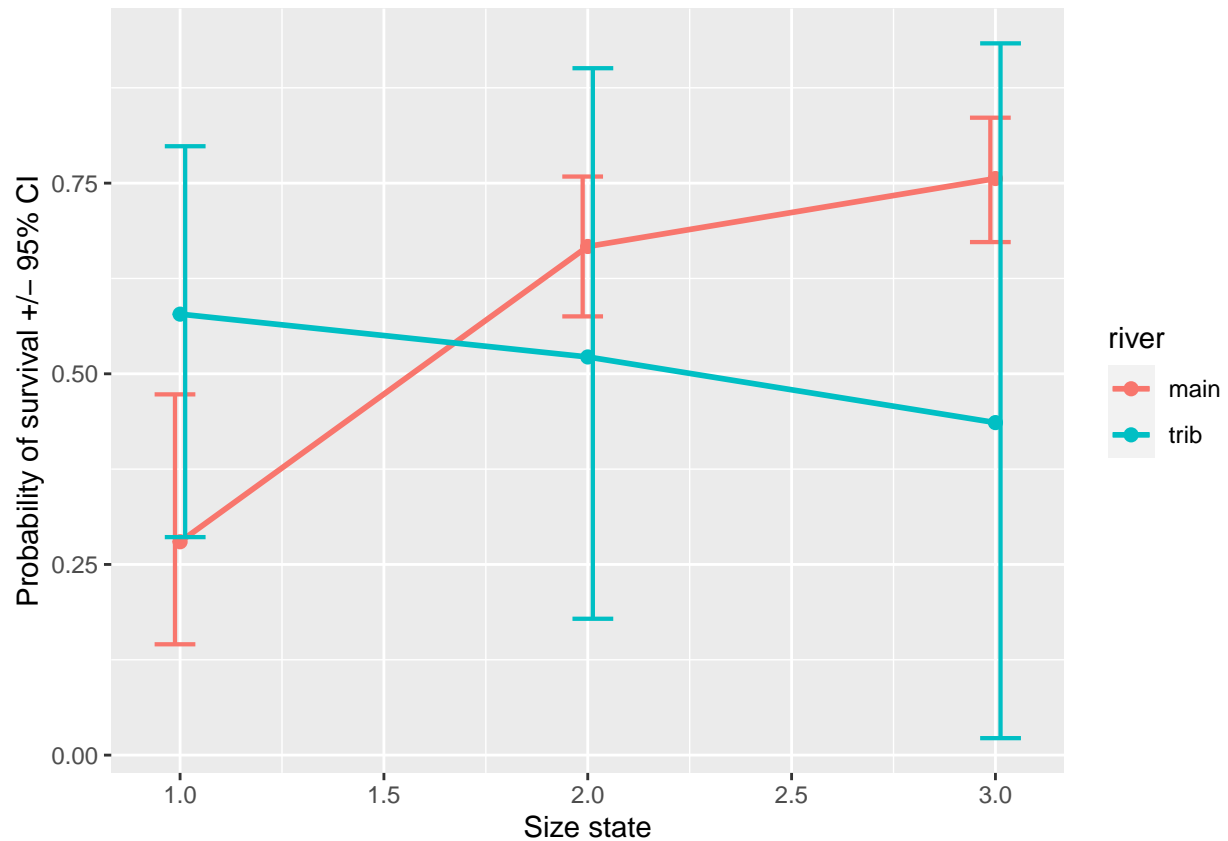
```

Probability of survival for each size state

```

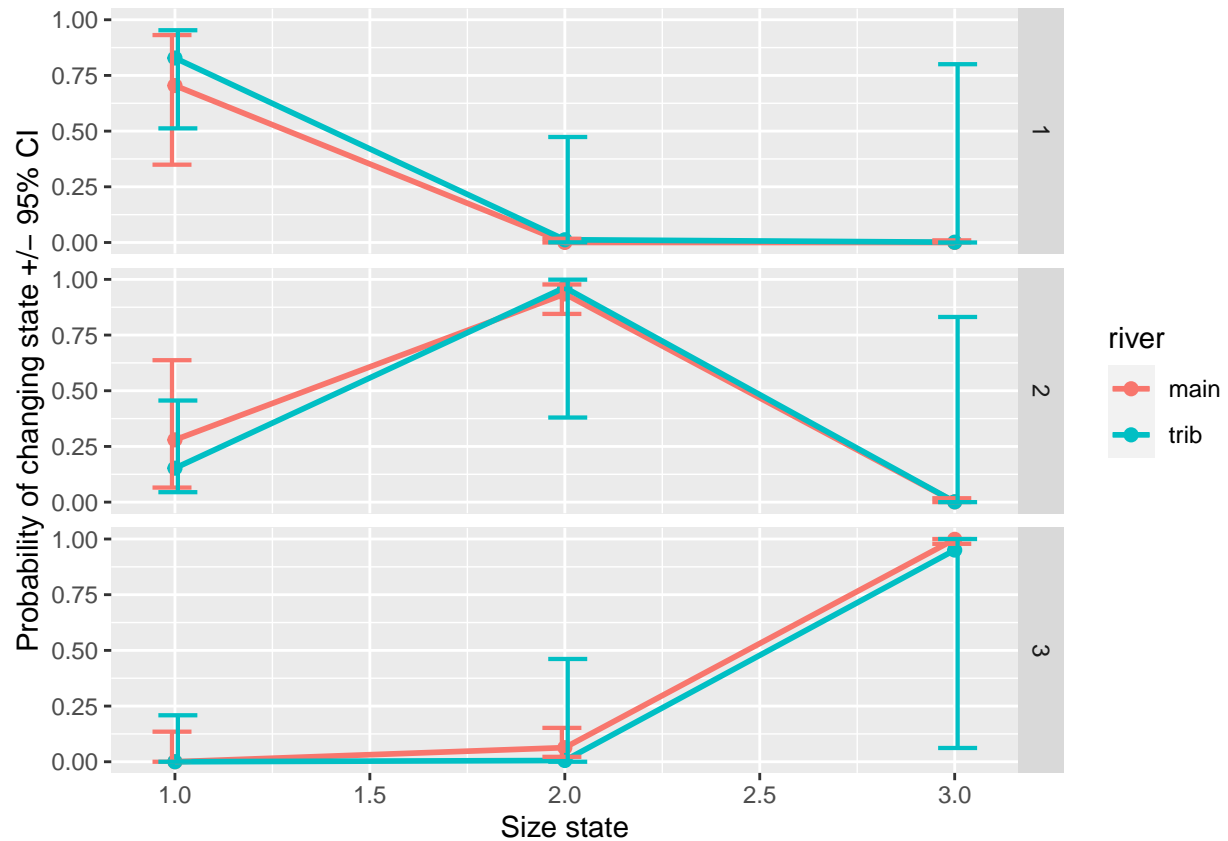
ggplot(phi_tt_mainTrib_means, aes(state, meanMed, color = river)) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = meanLo, ymax = meanHi),
    width = 0.2,
    position = position_dodge(0.05),
    size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of survival +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Size state")

```



Probability of changing state. 'From' size states are on the x-axis, 'to' size states are in the rows of the facets

```
ggplot(psi_tt_mainTrib_means, aes(stateFrom, meanMed, color = river)) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_line(size = 1) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = meanLo, ymax = meanHi),
    width = 0.2,
    position = position_dodge(0.03),
    size = 0.75) +
  ylab("Probability of changing state +/- 95% CI") +
  xlab("Size state") +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(stateTo))
```



Matrix model

```
# mMain <- matrix(
#   c()
# )
```

phiT_pT_psiT_mainTrib

Main and trib modeled together. Not using this as of 7-27-22.

```
### Read the model run into global memory
# if (tar_exist_objects(c("ttt_modelOut"))) {
#   mod_ttt <- tar_read(ttt_modelOut)
#   #MCMCplot(object = mod$mcmc)
#   # modSummary_ttt <- MCMCsummary(object = mod_ttt$mcmc, round = 3)
# }
#kable(modSummary %>%
#   add_column(data.frame(year = rep(years[1:15], 2), dateYM = rep(occs[1:15], 2)) )

# d %>%
#   summarize(unique(data.frame(dateYM, occ)))
```

```

# nS <- tar_read(ttt_nStates)
# nT <- tar_read(ttt_myConstants)$T
#
# modSummaryPhi_ttt <- modSummary_ttt %>%
#   filter(substr(row.names(modSummary), 1, 10) == "betaPhiOut") %>%
#   add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS))) %>%
#   mutate(mainTrib = ifelse(state < 4, "Main", "Trib"),
#          size = paste0("Size", (state - 1) %% 3 + 1))
#
# ggplot(modSummaryPhi_ttt, aes(dateYM, mean)) +
#   geom_point() +
#   geom_line() +
#   facet_grid(mainTrib ~ size)
#
#
# # modSummaryYears <- modSummary %>%
# #   filter(substr(row.names(modSummary), 1, 3) == "betaPhiout") %>%
# #   add_column(data.frame(year = years[1:15], dateYM = occs[1:15], occ = 1:15)) %>%
# #   group_by(year) %>%
# #   mutate(maxSampPerYear = occ == max(occ))
# #
# # kable(
# #   modSummaryYears %>%
# #   group_by(year) %>%
# #   filter(!maxSampPerYear) %>%
# #   summarize(phiProd = prod(mean),
# #             dateRange = range(dateYM)) %>%
# #   as.data.frame()
# # )
# MCMCplot(object = mod$mcmc, params = "betaPhiRiverOut")
#
# priors <- rnorm(tar_read(ttt_runData)$nIter * tar_read(ttt_runData)$nChains, 0, 1/sqrt(.1))
# MCMCtrace(object = mod$mcmc,
#           #ISB = FALSE,
#           #exact = TRUE,
#           params = c("betaPhiRiverOut"),
#           pdf = FALSE,
#           priors = priors
#           )
#
# MCMCtrace(object = mod$mcmc,
#           #ISB = FALSE,
#           #exact = TRUE,
#           params = c("betaPhiOut"),
#           pdf = FALSE,
#           priors = priors
#           )

```

```

#create data frame for summarizing p results

```

```

# modSummaryYearsP <- modSummary %>%
#   filter(substr(row.names(modSummary), 1, 2) == "p[") %>%
#   add_column(data.frame(year = years[1:15], dateYM = occs[1:15], occ = 1:15)) %>%

```

```

#   group_by(year) %>%
#   mutate(maxSampPerYear = occ == max(occ))
#
# kable(
#   modSummaryYearsP %>%
#   group_by(year) %>%
#   summarize(pMean = mean(mean),
#             dateRange = range(dateYM))
# )

```

```

# # modSummaryYearsP <- modSummary %>%
# #   filter(substr(row.names(modSummary), 1, 2) == "p[") %>%
# #   add_column(data.frame(year = years[1:15], dateYM = occs[1:15], occ = 1:15)) %>%
# #   group_by(year) %>%
# #   mutate(maxSampPerYear = occ == max(occ))
#
# modSummaryPsi_ttt <- modSummary_ttt %>%
#   filter(substr(row.names(modSummary_ttt), 1, 3) == "psi") %>%
#   add_column(data.frame(state = 1:nS, state2 = rep(1:nS, each = nS), dateYM = rep(1:(nT - 1), each = nS)))
#   mutate(mainTrib = ifelse(state < 4, "Main", "Trib"),
#          size = paste0("Size", (state - 1) %% 3 + 1))
#
# ggplot(modSummaryPsi_ttt, aes(dateYM, mean, color = factor(state2))) +
#   geom_point() +
#   facet_grid(mainTrib ~ size)
#

```