Opakování - syntaxe v Pythonu a základní konstrukce

05 March 2021 11:49

1. Variables - Proměnné

Try to come up with the answers to this part first, then you can try in python. Na otázky v této části byste měli nejdřív odpovědět z hlavy, potom to si můžete vyzkoušet v pythonu.

1) Data dělíme v pythonu podle typu. Jaké typy znáte? Znáte nějaké funkce, které mezi typy umí převádět? (Např. Funkce, která udělá z řetězce číslo..)

```
Data types – integers, strings, booleans (True - False), float, None

Num = 3

Word = "hello"

Data structures – arrays, tuple, dictionaries, sets
```

Constructions of python – if, else, cycles, function

Standard libraries - print(), input(), max()

p....(,, ...p. a.(,,

User defined structures

2) Operace - Podívejte se na následující kód. Co bude po provedení operací v proměnných E, F a G?

```
A = 3
B = 5
C = "3"
D = "5"
E = A + B -> 8
F = C + D -> concatenation "35"
G = A + C -> error
```

2. Conditions - Podmínky

Try to come up with the answers to this part first, then you can try in python.

1) What numbers read from user input will satisfy the condition below? Jaká čísla, načtená z uživatelského vstupu, splní následující podmínku?

```
x= int(input("Write a number: "))
if x % 2 == 0 and x % 3 == 0:
    print(x)

Numbers divisible by 6

2) What numbers read from user input will satisfy the condition below?
x= int(input("Write a number: "))
if x <= -1 or x > 5:
    print(x)

(-inf, -1] or (5, inf)
```

*3) What numbers read from user input will satisfy the condition below? Try to come up with a formula.

```
X = int(input("Write a number: "))
if x % 2 == 1 and x % 3 == 2:
    print(x)
```

```
5, 11, 17..
If you finished this part send me "2" to the chat.
 3. Cycles - Cykly
You will be writing code in this part.
In every task, write a cycle in python to solve the task.
1) Print numbers from 0 to 10.
For i in range(11):
      Print(i)
I = 0
While I <= 10:
      Print(i)
      I += 1
2) Print only odd (liché) numbers from 0 to 10.
For i in range(11):
      If i % 2 == 1:
            Print(i)
3) Print numbers from 10 to 0.
X = 10
While x \ge 0:
      Print(x)
      x -= 1
For i in range(10, -1, -1):
      Print(i)
*4) Print first 10 numbers of the sequence 1, -1, 2, -2, 3, ...
For i in range(1, 6):
      Print(i)
      Print(-i)
 4. Arrays - Pole
 You will be writing code in this part.
In all tasks work with the following array:
A = [2, 4, 7, 5, 1, 6, 9]
1) Print the second element of the array.
Print(A[1])
2) Print the last element of the array
Print(A[6])
Print(A[len(A) - 1])
Print(A[-1])
```

2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17

If you finished this part send me "4" to the chat.

5. Arrays and cycles

You will be writing code in this part.

In all tasks work with the following array:
A = [2, 4, 7, 5, 1, 6, 9]

Use cycles to solve the following tasks

1) Print all elements of array A

2) Print only odd elements: 7, 5, 1, 9

3) Print only elements at even indexes: 2, 7, 1, 9 (indexes: 0, 2, 4, 6)

4) Print all elements but in reverse order: 9, 6, 1, 5, 7, 4, 2

*5) Reverse the array in place (without creating new array): A = [9, 6, 1, 5, 7, 4, 2]

If you finished this part send me "5" to the chat.