## Modified code are UNDERLINED, BOLD!!!

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
// Simplifed xv6 shell.
#define MAXARGS 10
#define MAXCMDS 10
// All commands have at least a type. Have looked at the type, the code
// typically casts the *cmd to some specific cmd type.
struct cmd {
  int type;
                // ''(exec), | (pipe), '<' or '>' for redirection
};
struct execcmd {
  int type;
  char *argv[MAXARGS]; // arguments to the command to be exec-ed
};
struct redircmd {
                 // < or >
  int type;
  struct cmd *cmd; // the command to be run (e.g., an execcmd)
              // the input/output file
  char *file;
  int mode:
                 // the mode to open the file with
               // the file descriptor number to use for the file
  int fd;
};
struct pipecmd {
  int type;
                // [
  struct cmd *left; // left side of pipe
  struct cmd *right; // right side of pipe
};
int fork1(void); // Fork but exits on failure.
struct cmd *parsecmd(char*);
// Execute cmd. Never returns.
void
runcmd(struct cmd *cmd)
  int p[2], r;
  struct execomd *ecmd;
  struct pipecmd *pcmd;
  struct redircmd *rcmd;
  if(cmd == 0)
     exit(0);
```

```
switch(cmd->type){
     default:
       fprintf(stderr, "unknown runcmd\n");
 //
         exit(-1);
    case '':
       ecmd = (struct execcmd*)cmd;
 //
         fprintf(stderr, "%s".ecmd->arqv[0]):
       if (fork1() == 0) {
          execvp(ecmd->arqv[0], ecmd->arqv);
       wait(&r);
       break:
     case '>':
     case '<':
       rcmd = (struct redircmd*)cmd;
       fprintf(stderr, "redir not implemented\n");
       // Your code here ...
       runcmd(rcmd->cmd);
       break;
     case ":
        pcmd = (struct pipecmd*)cmd;
       fprintf(stderr, "pipe not implemented\n");
       // Your code here ...
       break;
  // exit(0);
}
getcmd(char *buf, int nbuf)
  if (isatty(fileno(stdin)))
     fprintf(stdout, "$ ");
  memset(buf, 0, nbuf);
  fgets(buf, nbuf, stdin);
  if(buf[0] == 0) // EOF
     return -1;
  return 0;
}
int
main(void)
  static char buf[1000];
  int fd, r;
  // Read and run input commands.
  while(getcmd(buf, sizeof(buf)) >= 0){
     if(buf[0] == 'c' && buf[1] == 'd' && buf[2] == ' '){
       // Clumsy but will have to do for now.
```

```
// Chdir has no effect on the parent if run in the child.
    buf[strlen(buf)-1] = 0; // chop \n
    if(chdir(buf+3) < 0)
      fprintf(stderr, "cannot cd %s\n", buf+3);
    continue:
 }
 char *sbuf, *ebuf; //start and end pointer of the buf
 sbuf=buf:
 ebuf=buf;
 char *es = buf + strlen(buf);
if(fork1() == 0){
 while(ebuf<=es){
    while(!peek(&ebuf,es,":")&&ebuf<es)
      ebuf++;
   if(*ebuf==';'|ebuf==es){
      char bufpiece[100]; //bufpiece between sequence symbol ";bufpiece;bufpiece;..."
      memset(bufpiece, 0, sizeof(bufpiece)):
      memcpy(bufpiece, sbuf, ebuf-sbuf);
      if(ebuf==es)
        bufpiece[strlen(bufpiece)-1] = 0; // chop \n
      char *ssubbuf, *subcmd; //start and end pointer of the bufpiece
      ssubbuf=bufpiece;
      char * esubbuf=ssubbuf+strlen(ssubbuf);
      <u>if(*(esubbuf-1)=='&')</u>
        fprintf(stderr, "illigel input command\n");
        break:
     //parse &
     while((parseParrel(&ssubbuf,&subcmd,esubbuf)))
        if(fork1()==0)
           //run the left side command of &
           runcmd(parsecmd(subcmd)):
           exit(0);
     //run the right side command of &
     runcmd(parsecmd(ssubbuf)):
      wait(&r);
   wait(&r):
   ebuf++;
   sbuf=ebuf;
<u>exit(0);</u>
```

```
wait(&r);
int parseParrel(char **ps,char **subcmd,char * es)
  char *s.
  s=*ps;
  while(!peek(&s.es,"&"))
     if(s>=es) break;
  if(s>=es) return 0;
  *subcmd = malloc(sizeof(char) * (s-*ps));
  memcpy(*subcmd, *ps, s-*ps);
  *ps=s+1;
  return 1:
ł
int
fork1(void)
  int pid;
  pid = fork();
  if(pid == -1)
    perror("fork");
  return pid;
}
struct cmd*
execcmd(void)
  struct execcmd *cmd;
  cmd = malloc(sizeof(*cmd));
  memset(cmd, 0, sizeof(*cmd));
  cmd->type = ' ';
  return (struct cmd*)cmd;
}
struct cmd*
redircmd(struct cmd *subcmd, char *file, int type)
  struct redircmd *cmd;
  cmd = malloc(sizeof(*cmd));
  memset(cmd, 0, sizeof(*cmd));
  cmd->type = type;
  cmd->cmd = subcmd;
  cmd->file = file;
  cmd->mode = (type == '<') ? O_RDONLY : O_WRONLY|O_CREAT|O_TRUNC;</pre>
  cmd - fd = (type == '<') ? 0 : 1;
```

```
return (struct cmd*)cmd;
}
struct cmd*
pipecmd(struct cmd *left, struct cmd *right)
  struct pipecmd *cmd;
  cmd = malloc(sizeof(*cmd));
  memset(cmd, 0, sizeof(*cmd));
  cmd->type = '|';
  cmd->left = left;
  cmd->right = right;
  return (struct cmd*)cmd;
}
// Parsing
char whitespace[] = " \t\r\n\v";
char symbols[] = "<|>;&";
gettoken(char **ps, char *es, char **q, char **eq)
  char *s;
  int ret;
  s = *ps;
  while(s < es && strchr(whitespace, *s))</pre>
  if(q)
      *q = s;
  ret = *s;
  switch(*s){
     case 0:
        break;
     case ":
     case '<':
        S++;
        break;
     case '>':
        S++;
        break;
     default:
        ret = 'a';
        while(s < es && !strchr(whitespace, *s) && !strchr(symbols, *s))</pre>
           S++;
        break;
  }
  if(eq)
     *eq = s;
  while(s < es && strchr(whitespace, *s))</pre>
     S++;
   *ps = s;
  return ret;
```

```
}
int
peek(char **ps, char *es, char *toks)
  char *s;
  s = *ps;
  while(s < es && strchr(whitespace, *s))</pre>
   *ps = s;
  return *s && strchr(toks, *s);
struct cmd *parseline(char**, char*);
struct cmd *parsepipe(char**, char*);
struct cmd *parseexec(char**, char*);
// make a copy of the characters in the input buffer, starting from s through es.
// null-terminate the copy to make it a string.
*mkcopy(char *s, char *es)
  int n = es - s:
  char *c = malloc(n+1);
  assert(c);
  strncpy(c, s, n);
  c[n] = 0;
   return c;
struct cmd*
parsecmd(char *s)
   char *es;
  struct cmd *cmd;
  es = s + strlen(s);
  cmd = parseline(&s, es);
  peek(&s, es, "");
  if(s != es){}
     fprintf(stderr, "leftovers: %s\n", s);
     exit(-1);
  }
  return cmd;
}
struct cmd*
parseline(char **ps, char *es)
  struct cmd *cmd;
  cmd = parsepipe(ps, es);
  return cmd;
}
```

```
struct cmd*
parsepipe(char **ps, char *es)
  struct cmd *cmd;
  cmd = parseexec(ps, es);
  if(peek(ps, es, "|")){
     gettoken(ps, es, 0, 0);
     cmd = pipecmd(cmd, parsepipe(ps, es));
  }
  return cmd;
}
struct cmd*
parseredirs(struct cmd *cmd, char **ps, char *es)
  int tok;
  char *q, *eq;
  while(peek(ps, es, "<>")){
     tok = gettoken(ps, es, 0, 0);
     if(gettoken(ps, es, &q, &eq) != 'a') {
       fprintf(stderr, "missing file for redirection\n");
       exit(-1);
     switch(tok){
       case '<':
          cmd = redircmd(cmd, mkcopy(q, eq), '<');</pre>
          break;
       case '>':
          cmd = redircmd(cmd, mkcopy(q, eq), '>');
          break;
     }
  }
  return cmd;
}
struct cmd*
parseexec(char **ps, char *es)
  char *q, *eq;
  int tok, argc;
  struct execcmd *cmd;
  struct cmd *ret;
  ret = execcmd();
  cmd = (struct execcmd*)ret;
  argc = 0;
  ret = parseredirs(ret, ps, es);
  while(!peek(ps, es, "|")){
     if((tok=gettoken(ps, es, &q, &eq)) == 0)
       break;
     if(tok != 'a') {
       fprintf(stderr, "syntax error\n");
       exit(-1);
```

```
}
cmd->argv[argc] = mkcopy(q, eq);
argc++;
if(argc >= MAXARGS) {
    fprintf(stderr, "too many args\n");
    exit(-1);
}
ret = parseredirs(ret, ps, es);
}
cmd->argv[argc] = 0;
return ret;
}
```