

# AI-01791 Home Assistant automation.yaml

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⋮ Tags	Problem
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Explain Home Assistant automation.yaml. Are all devices code residing in one yaml?

Great question, Rigel. Here's a breakdown of how `automations.yaml` works in Home Assistant and how device code is structured:

## 🧠 What Is `automations.yaml` ?

In Home Assistant, `automations.yaml` is a dedicated file where **automation rules** are stored. These rules define how your smart home behaves based on triggers, conditions, and actions.

Each automation follows this basic structure:

```
- id: unique_automation_id
  alias: "Descriptive Name"
  trigger:
    ...
  condition:
    ...
  action:
    ...
```

## 📁 Are All Devices in One YAML File?

Not exactly. Here's how it works:

## ◆ 1. Device Definitions

- Devices themselves (like Zigbee sensors, switches, etc.) are **not defined** in `automations.yaml`.
- Devices are discovered and managed through **integrations** and stored in `.storage/core.device_registry` (not user-editable).
- What you use in `automations.yaml` are **entity IDs** (like `sensor.living_room_temp`) that are linked to those devices.

## ◆ 2. Automation Code

- All automations can be stored in `automations.yaml`, but:
  - You can **split automations** into multiple files using `!include` or `!include_dir_merge_list` in `configuration.yaml`:  
or  
This lets you organize automations by room, device type, or function.

```
automation: !include automations.yaml
```

```
automation: !include_dir_merge_list automations/
```

## 🧩 Best Practices

- ☒ **Use** `entity_id` **instead of** `device_id` in automations. It makes your YAML more portable and easier to maintain if you replace devices.
- ☒ **Split automations** into multiple files if your setup grows large.
- ☒ Use the **UI editor** for simple automations and switch to YAML for advanced logic or templating.

## 🔧 Example Automation (YAML)

```
- id: turn_on_lights_at_sunset  
  alias: "Turn on lights at sunset"  
  trigger:
```

```
- platform: sun
  event: sunset
condition:
- condition: state
  entity_id: person.rigel
  state: "home"
action:
- service: light.turn_on
  target:
    entity_id: light.living_room
```

Would you like help organizing your automations into multiple files or converting some UI-created automations into YAML?

Absolutely, Rigel! Here are some **advanced Home Assistant automation examples** that go beyond simple triggers and showcase the platform's full potential:

## 1. Thermostat + Door Sensor + Time-Based Logic

This automation controls an AC plug based on multiple conditions:

- AC turns on at 8 PM.
- Mirrors thermostat state (cooling = on, idle = off) between 8 PM and 7 AM.
- Turns off if the door is open for 20 minutes.

```
- alias: "Bedroom AC Control"
trigger:
- platform: time
  at: "20:00:00"
- platform: time
  at: "07:00:00"
- platform: state
  entity_id: climate.thermostat
  attribute: hvac_action
- platform: state
```

```

entity_id: binary_sensor.sliding_door
to: "on"
for: "00:20:00"
condition: []
action:
  - choose:
    - conditions:
      - condition: time
        after: "20:00:00"
        before: "07:00:00"
      - condition: template
        value_template: "{{ state_attr('climate.thermostat', 'hvac_action') ==
'cooling' }}"
      sequence:
        - service: switch.turn_on
          target:
            entity_id: switch.ac_plug
    - conditions:
      - condition: template
        value_template: "{{ is_state('binary_sensor.sliding_door', 'on') }}"
      sequence:
        - service: switch.turn_off
          target:
            entity_id: switch.ac_plug
    - conditions:
      - condition: template
        value_template: "{{ state_attr('climate.thermostat', 'hvac_action') == 'i
dle' }}"
      sequence:
        - service: switch.turn_off
          target:
            entity_id: switch.ac_plug

```

## 2. Night Mode Abstraction Using Helpers

Instead of repeating complex logic in every automation, use a helper (like `input_boolean.night_mode` ) to centralize logic.

## Night Mode Enable:

```
- alias: "Enable Night Mode"
  trigger:
    - platform: time
      at: "22:00:00"
  condition:
    - condition: state
      entity_id: person.rigel
      state: "home"
  action:
    - service: input_boolean.turn_on
      target:
        entity_id: input_boolean.night_mode
```

## Night Mode Usage:

```
- alias: "Dim Lights When Motion Detected at Night"
  trigger:
    - platform: state
      entity_id: binary_sensor.hallway_motion
      to: "on"
  condition:
    - condition: state
      entity_id: input_boolean.night_mode
      state: "on"
  action:
    - service: light.turn_on
      data:
        entity_id: light.hallway
        brightness: 50
```

### 3. Presence-Based HVAC Optimization

Use multiple presence sensors and temperature readings to optimize HVAC usage:

```
- alias: "Smart HVAC Control"
trigger:
  - platform: numeric_state
    entity_id: sensor.living_room_temp
    above: 28
condition:
  - condition: state
    entity_id: group.family
    state: "home"
  - condition: time
    after: "09:00:00"
    before: "18:00:00"
action:
  - service: climate.set_hvac_mode
    data:
      entity_id: climate.living_room
      hvac_mode: "cool"
```

### Want More?

You can explore full examples and community contributions here:

- [Home Assistant Community: Complex Automation Thread](#)
- [ [AGitHub: Home Assistant Automation Examples](#) ](<https://github.com/tomwaldnz/HomeAssistantExamples>)
- [ [BAdvanced Automation Guide](#) ](<https://sensorpoweredhome.com/advanced-home-assistant-customization-automation-guide/>)
- - [C](#)

Would you like me to help you build one of these for your own setup—maybe something like a smart energy saver or a security routine?

### Show a Sonoff Zigbee Motion Sensor SNB-06P complex example

Thanks for waiting, Rigel! The **Sonoff SNZB-06P** is a **Zigbee human presence sensor** that uses **5.8GHz microwave radar** to detect **both motion and static presence**—even if someone is sitting still or asleep A. It's more advanced than typical PIR motion sensors like the SNZB-03.

Here's a **complex Home Assistant automation** example that takes full advantage of its capabilities:

## Scenario: Smart Office Lighting with Presence, Brightness, and Timeout Logic

### Goals:

- Turn on lights when presence is detected **and** it's dark.
- Keep lights on as long as presence is detected—even if the person is still.
- Turn off lights after 5 minutes of no presence.
- Use **illumination sensor** to avoid turning on lights during the day.

### Entities Used:

- `binary_sensor.office_presence` → from SNZB-06P (occupancy)
- `sensor.office_illumination` → from SNZB-06P (values: `dim` , `bright` )
- `light.office_ceiling`
- `script.office_light_off_delay`
- `input_boolean.office_presence_active` (helper)

### Step 1: Script to Turn Off Light After Delay

```
script:
  office_light_off_delay:
```

alias: "Turn off office light after delay"

sequence:

- delay: "00:05:00"
- service: light.turn\_off

target:

entity\_id: light.office\_ceiling

## Step 2: Automation – Presence Detected

- alias: "Office Presence Detected"

trigger:

- platform: state
- entity\_id: binary\_sensor.office\_presence
- to: "on"

condition:

- condition: or

conditions:

- condition: state
- entity\_id: sensor.office\_illumination
- state: "dim"
- condition: template
- value\_template: "{{ states('sensor.office\_illumination') | lower == 'dim' }}

}}

action:

- service: input\_boolean.turn\_on
- target:
  - entity\_id: input\_boolean.office\_presence\_active
- service: script.turn\_off
- target:
  - entity\_id: script.office\_light\_off\_delay
- service: light.turn\_on
- data:
  - entity\_id: light.office\_ceiling
  - brightness: 200



## Step 3: Automation – No Presence

```
- alias: "Office No Presence"
trigger:
  - platform: state
    entity_id: binary_sensor.office_presence
    to: "off"
    for: "00:00:30"
condition:
  - condition: state
    entity_id: input_boolean.office_presence_active
    state: "on"
action:
  - service: script.turn_on
    target:
      entity_id: script.office_light_off_delay
  - service: input_boolean.turn_off
    target:
      entity_id: input_boolean.office_presence_active
```

### Why This Is “Complex”

- Uses **radar-based presence** instead of motion.
- Integrates **ambient light sensing** to avoid unnecessary lighting.
- Uses **helper + script** to manage delayed turn-off and cancelation.
- Works even if the person is **sitting still** (unlike PIR sensors).

Would you like to adapt this for a bedroom, or maybe integrate it with your Tapo plugs or Home Assistant scenes?