

Blinkchain - Proof of Concept

https://blinkchain.org

[WORKING-DRAFT]

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1 Objectives

- 1. Whitepaper Section, Passive or Active Program & Level
 - Chain Ledger, Consensus and Core Implementations
 - Script UTXO scripts/proofs construction and attesting
 - OffChain Client Side construction/propagation
 - Node Validation, Ledger Outlook & Parameter construction
- 2. Process, Algorithm and Mathmatical Data
- 3. Existing Implementations and Documentation References
- 4. Feasibility of Development & Notes
- 5. Technical & Non-Technical Challenges
- 6. Alternatives Offered & Outcomes

Contents

1	Obj	jectives										
2	Tin	ne Architecture [2.1]										
3	Epoch Election											
	3.1	Bandwidth Proof										
		3.1.1 Attesting Proof (Script)										
		3.1.2 Selection of Proof (Node)										
	3.2	Vote of Confidence (Removal of Nodes)										
		3.2.1 Selection of Un-fit Nodes (Node)										
		3.2.2 Participation by Voting (Script)										
		3.2.3 Elimination & Result (Chain)										
	3.3	Producer Arrival										
		3.3.1 Repeated (Bandwidth Proof)										
		3.3.2 Selection of Proofs (Node)										
		3.3.3 Contestant Results (Chain)										
	3.4	Allocation of Leaders										
	3.5	Stake UTXO Creation										
	3.6	Block Size & Time										
	5.0	3.6.1 Proof Selection (Node)										
		3.6.2 Block Size per sec Fixing (Chain)										
		•										
		3.6.3 Block Time Fixing (Chain)										
		3.6.4 Per Block Size Fixing (Node)										
4	Scri	ipts & Proofs										
	4.1	Stake UTXO										
	4.2	Oracle Data UTXO										
	4.3	Oracle Fund UTXO										
	4.4	Oracle Reputation UTXO										
	4.5	Bandwidth Proofs										
	4.6	IHR Proofs										
5	Ora	acles										
6	Gos	ssip Protocol										
•	6.1	Un-confirmed										
	0.1	6.1.1 Direct Connection Messaging										
	6.2	Confirmed										
	0.2	6.2.1 Priority List										
		6.2.2 Direct Messaging										
		9 0										
		6.2.3 Random Rumoring										
7	Mei	mpool Active Validation										
	7.1	Un-Confirmed Tx										
		7.1.1 Propagation to Leader's Global Mempool										
	7.2	Global Mempool Tx Validation										
		7.2.1 Client-Witness Validation										
		7.2.2 Segregation of Un-confirmed Tokens										
		7.2.3 Allocation per Packet Leader										
	7.3	Local Mempool Tx Validation										
		▲ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										

		7.3.1	Vanity Validation									6
		7.3.2	Tax Validation									6
		7.3.3	Fee Validation									6
		7.3.4	Client-Witness Validation									6
		7.3.5	Finite Script Validation									6
		7.3.6	Stable-Tax Tx Validation									6
		7.3.0 $7.3.7$										
		1.5.1	Dust-Purging Tx Validation		•	 •	 •	•	 •	•	•	6
8	Snir	s Vali	dation									6
•	8.1		on Validation									6
	0.1	8.1.1	Genesis Clock Spaces									6
		8.1.2	*									6
			Fee, Oracle Rate Assignment & Update									
	0.0	8.1.3	Snip Pool Graphing									6
	8.2		eral Snip									6
		8.2.1	Position Update									6
		8.2.2	Authorized Token Assignment									6
	8.3	Transa	action Snip									6
		8.3.1	Authorized Token Validation									6
		8.3.2	Tx Validation									6
	8.4	Coinba	ase Snip									6
		8.4.1	Fee Validation									6
		8.4.2	Hash-reward Validation									6
		8.4.3	CT Deal Validation									6
		8.4.4	Position Update									6
		8.4.5	Commission Validation									6
	8.5		aze Snip									6
	0.0	8.5.1	Validation									6
		8.5.2	Attesting	•	٠	 •	 •	•	 •	•	•	6
9	Snir	s Reje	ection									6
J	9.1	_	n Identification									6
	9.2		aze Proof Construction									6
	9.4	IXamin	aze 1 1001 Constituction	•	•	 •	 •	•	 •	•	•	C
10	Snir	s Con	struction									6
			on-Active Functions									6
	1011		Clock Hash-Concate									6
			Fee, Oracle Rate Assignment & Update									6
	10.9		eral Snip									6
	10.2											
			Segregation of Stake UTXOs									6
			Construction of Collateral Tx									6
	400		Noting Authorized Tokens									6
	10.3		action Snip									6
			Validated-authorized Tx from Local Mempool									6
			Tax Assignment									6
		10.3.3	Tax Tx Construction									6
	10.4	Coinba	ase Snip									6
		10.4.1	Accepted Token Tx Construction									6
		10 4 9	Non-Accepted Token Ty Construction									6

11 Pruning UTXOs	6
11.1 Expiration & Fingerprint Replacement	6
11.2 Centralized Storage Boilerplate	6

2 Time Architecture [2.1]

- The Time Architecture in Blinkchain is segregated into Epoch = 10,000 blocks; Slot = 400 blocks; Packet = 1 block.
- These time frames are not correlated to the ledger, as it only knows block heights. It is only taken in the following area
 - Election conducted every epoch (10,000 blocks)
 - Announcing Leaders for every Epochs, Slots and Packets
 - Taking Variable Data to form constraints in the consensus e.g., Total Volume in an Epoch, Each individual block time in an epoch/slot, etc
- Cardano, a UTXO based blockchain uses these timeframes, thus it is implemented and running https://developers.cardano.org/docs/stake-pool-course/introduction-to-cardano/#slots-and-epochs
- Its feasibility is proved with previous implementations and it does not affects or changes consensus protocols. As block heights are only taken for constraints, these time frames
 Epoch, Slots and Packets are quasi and can be much more human readable. The alternatives would be reciting all constraints in block heights which cannot be developer friendly. The outcome can be achieved seamlessly.

3 Epoch Election

3.1 Bandwidth Proof

3.1.1 Attesting Proof (Script)

Legates

- 3.1.2 Selection of Proof (Node)
- 3.2 Vote of Confidence (Removal of Nodes)
- 3.2.1 Selection of Un-fit Nodes (Node)
- 3.2.2 Participation by Voting (Script)
- 3.2.3 Elimination & Result (Chain)
- 3.3 Producer Arrival
- 3.3.1 Repeated (Bandwidth Proof)
- 3.3.2 Selection of Proofs (Node)
- 3.3.3 Contestant Results (Chain)
- 3.4 Allocation of Leaders
- 3.5 Stake UTXO Creation
- 3.6 Block Size & Time
- 3.6.1 Proof Selection (Node)
- 3.6.2 Block Size per sec Fixing (Chain)
- 3.6.3 Block Time Fixing (Chain)
- 3.6.4 Per Block Size Fixing (Node)
- 4 Scripts & Proofs
- 4.1 Stake UTXO
- 4.2 Oracle Data UTXO
- 4.3 Oracle Fund UTXO
- 4.4 Oracle Reputation UTXO
- 4.5 Bandwidth Proofs
- 4.6 IHR Proofs
- 5 Oracles
- 6 Gossip Protocol
- 6.1 Un-confirmed
- 6.1.1 Direct Connection Messaging
- 6.2 Confirmed
- 6.2.1 Priority List
- 6.2.2 Direct Messaging
- 6.2.3 Random Rumoring

7 Mempool Active Validation

- 7.1 Un-Confirmed Tx
- 7.1.1 Propagation to Leader's Global Mempool
- 7.2 Global Mempool Tx Validation
- 7.2.1 Client-Witness Validation