

# STATS 205: Homework Assignment 3

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## Solution to Problem 1

(i)

```
library(bootstrap); data(law)
t(law)
```

```
##           1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10
## LSAT 576.00 635.0 558.00 578.00 666.00 580.00 555 661.00 651.00 605.00
## GPA   3.39   3.3   2.81   3.03   3.44   3.07   3   3.43   3.36   3.13
##           11     12     13     14     15
## LSAT 653.00 575.00 545.00 572.00 594.00
## GPA   3.12   2.74   2.76   2.88   2.96
```

```
theta.hat = cor(law$LSAT, law$GPA); theta.hat
```

```
## [1] 0.7763745
```

```
library(partitions)
```

```
n = 15
```

```
allCompositions = compositions(n, n); allCompositions[,1:5]
```

```
##           [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
## [1,]        15  14  13  12  11
## [2,]         0   1   2   3   4
## [3,]         0   0   0   0   0
## [4,]         0   0   0   0   0
## [5,]         0   0   0   0   0
## [6,]         0   0   0   0   0
## [7,]         0   0   0   0   0
## [8,]         0   0   0   0   0
## [9,]         0   0   0   0   0
## [10,]        0   0   0   0   0
## [11,]        0   0   0   0   0
## [12,]        0   0   0   0   0
## [13,]        0   0   0   0   0
## [14,]        0   0   0   0   0
## [15,]        0   0   0   0   0
```

```
allCompositions.sub = allCompositions[, sample(1:dim(allCompositions)[2], size=10000, replace=FALSE)]
```

```
draw.bootstrap.samples = function(df){
  n = dim(df)[1]
  ind = sample(n, replace = TRUE)
  cor.bootstrap.replicate = cor(df[ind, "LSAT"], df[ind, "GPA"])
  return(cor.bootstrap.replicate)
}
```

```
R = 10000
```

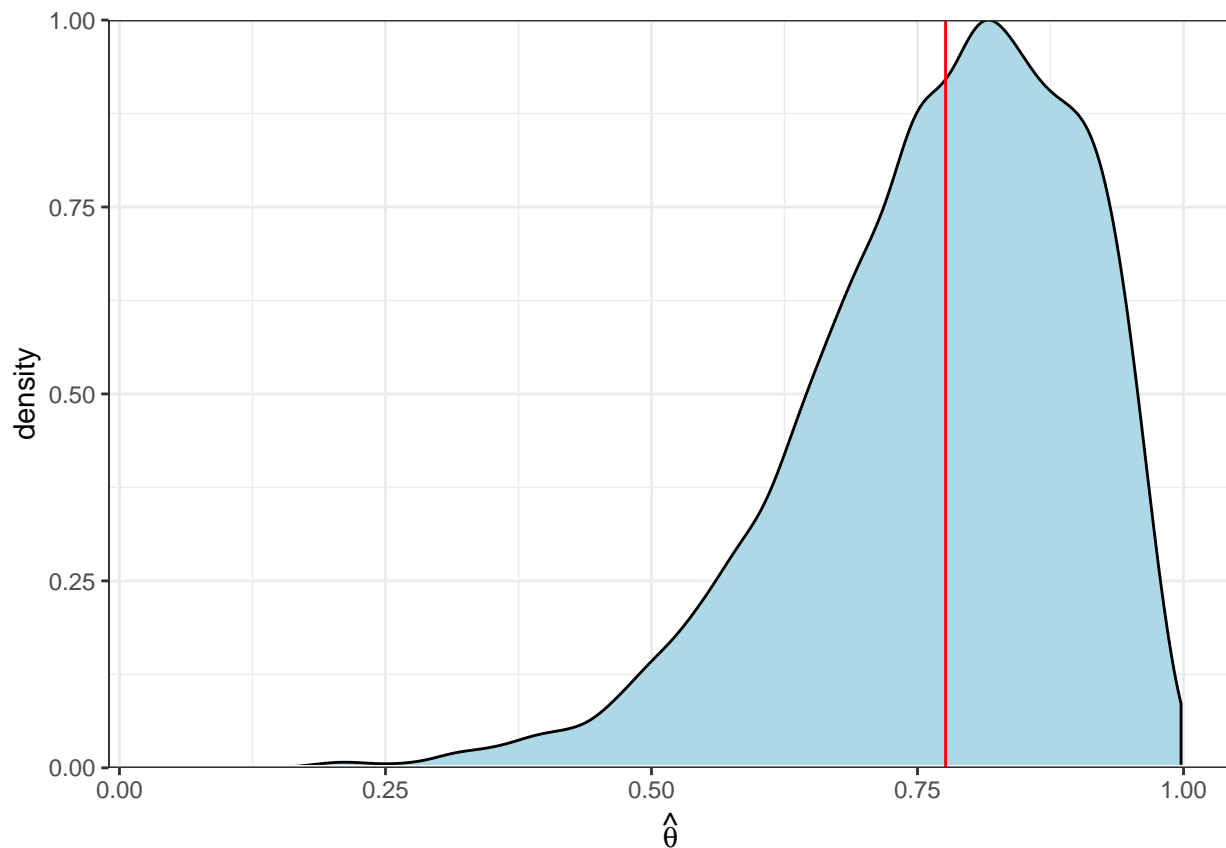
```

theta.hat.star = replicate(R, draw.bootstrap.samples(law))
# make a ggplot
library(ggplot2)

## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggplot2':
##   method      from
## [.quosures    rlang
## c.quosures     rlang
## print.quosures rlang

theta.hat.star.df = data.frame(theta.hat.star = theta.hat.star)
ggplot(theta.hat.star.df) +
  geom_density(aes(x = theta.hat.star, y = ..scaled..),
    fill = "lightblue") +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, colour="white", size=1) +
  theme_bw() +
  ylab("density") +
  xlab(bquote(hat(theta))) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = theta.hat, col = "red")+
  scale_y_continuous(expand = c(0,0))

```



(ii)

```
sd(theta.hat.star)
```

```
## [1] 0.1316922
```

## Solution to Problem 2

(i)

67 runs resulting in swallowing attempts  
58 successful  
9 failed

$H_0 : p = 0.6$

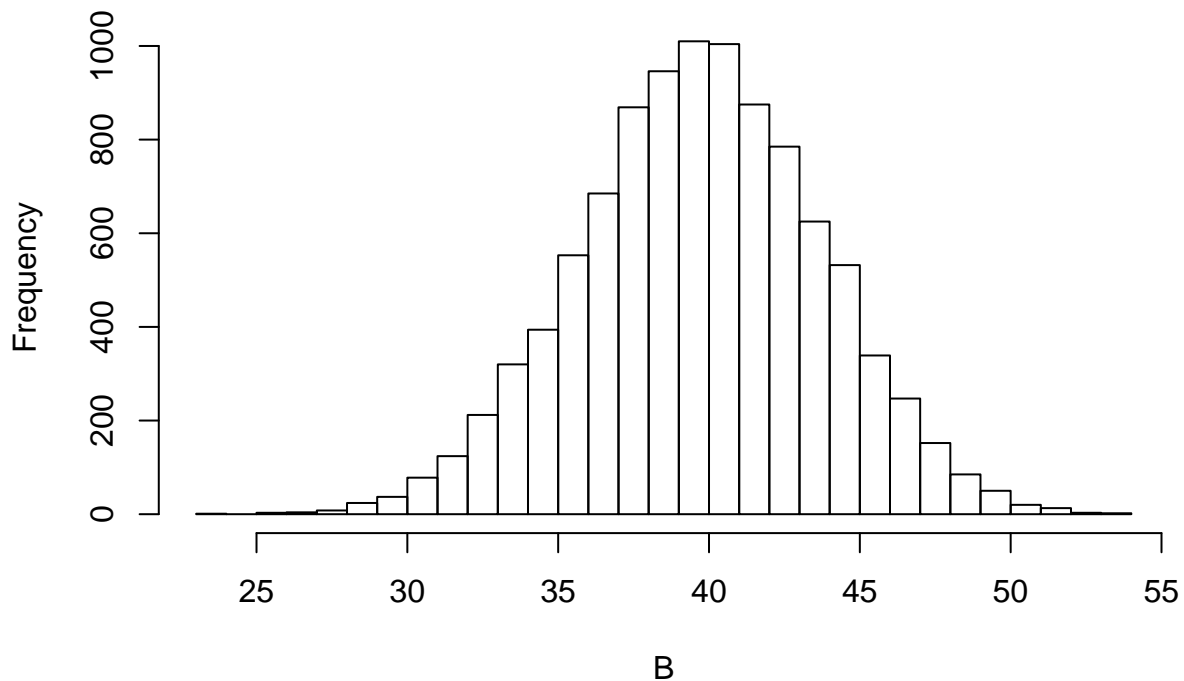
$H_A : p > 0.6$

```
n = 67
successes = 58
pbar = successes / n; pbar
```

```
## [1] 0.8656716
```

```
p0 = 0.6; nsim = 10000
B = rbinom(nsim, size = n, prob = p0)
hist(B, breaks = 30)
```

**Histogram of B**



Test statistic  $Z$ :

$$Z_0 = \frac{B - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

```
qnorm((1-0.05), mean = 0, sd = 1)
```

```
## [1] 1.644854
```

Rejection region:  $Z \geq z_{0.05} = 1.645$

Observed test statistic  $Z_o$ :

$$Z_o = \frac{58 - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 4.44$$

```
numerator = successes - (n * p0)
denominator = sqrt(n * p0 * (1.0 - p0))
Z.obs = numerator / denominator; Z.obs
```

```
## [1] 4.438917
```

The large sample approximation value  $Z_o = 2.5 > 1.645$  and thus we reject  $H_0 : p = 0.6$  in favor of  $p > 0.6$  at the approximate  $\alpha = 0.05$  level. Thus there is evidence that the success rate of swallowing attempts is greater than 0.6.

(ii)

Power is the probability of rejecting  $H_0$  when  $H_A$  is true. We found that test reject  $H_0$  is  $Z \geq z_{0.05} = 1.645$ . Therefore, if  $p = 0.7$ , then

$$Power = P(Z \geq 1.645 | p = 0.7) =$$

```
library(beepr)
beep()
```