STATS 205: Homework Assignment 3

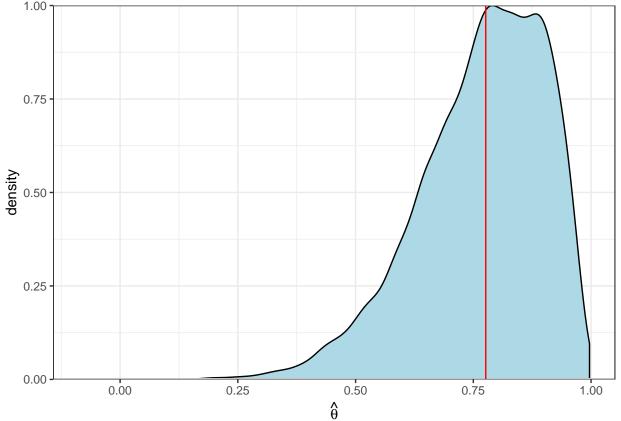
Brian Liu 4/26/2019

Solution to Problem 1

(i)

```
library(bootstrap); data(law)
t(law)
##
## LSAT 576.00 635.0 558.00 578.00 666.00 580.00 555 661.00 651.00 605.00
          3.39
                 3.3
                        2.81
                               3.03
                                      3.44
                                              3.07
## GPA
                                                     3
                                                         3.43
                                                                3.36
##
                    12
                           13
                                  14
            11
                                         15
## LSAT 653.00 575.00 545.00 572.00 594.00
## GPA
          3.12
                 2.74
                         2.76
                                2.88
theta.hat = cor(law$LSAT, law$GPA); theta.hat
## [1] 0.7763745
library(partitions)
n = 15
allCompositions = compositions(n, n);allCompositions[,1:5]
         [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
##
   [1,]
           15
                14
                     13
                           12
                                11
##
   [2,]
            0
                            3
## [3,]
                 0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
            0
## [4,]
            0
                 0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
##
  [5,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
  [6,]
##
            0
                 0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
## [7,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                                 0
                            0
## [8,]
            0
                      0
                 0
                            0
                                 0
## [9,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [10,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [11,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [12,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [13,]
            0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
## [14,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                                 0
                            0
## [15,]
allCompositions.sub = allCompositions[, sample(1:dim(allCompositions)[2], size=10000, replace=FALSE)]
draw.bootstrap.samples = function(df){
  n = dim(df)[1]
  ind = sample(n, replace = TRUE)
  cor.bootstrap.replicate = cor(df[ind, "LSAT"], df[ind, "GPA"])
  return(cor.bootstrap.replicate)
}
R = 10000
```

```
theta.hat.star = replicate(R, draw.bootstrap.samples(law))
# make a gaplot
library(ggplot2)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggplot2':
##
     method
                    from
##
     [.quosures
                    rlang
##
     c.quosures
                    rlang
##
     print.quosures rlang
theta.hat.star.df = data.frame(theta.hat.star = theta.hat.star)
ggplot(theta.hat.star.df) +
  geom_density(aes(x = theta.hat.star, y = ..scaled..),
    fill = "lightblue") +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, colour="white", size=1) +
  theme_bw() +
  ylab("density") +
  xlab(bquote(hat(theta))) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = theta.hat, col = "red")+
  scale_y_continuous(expand = c(0,0))
  1.00
```



(ii)

```
sd(theta.hat.star)
```

[1] 0.133665

Solution to Problem 2

```
(i)
```

```
67 runs resulting in swallowing attempts
58 successful
9 failed

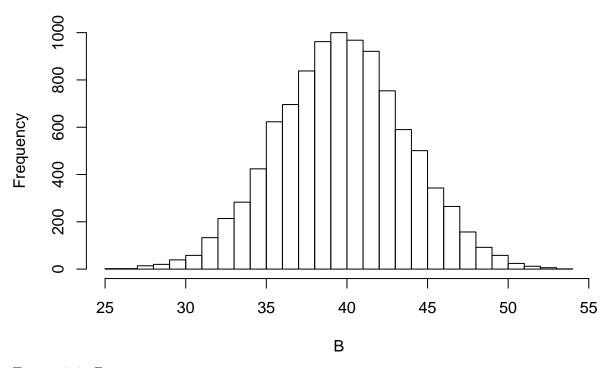
H_O: p = 0.6
H_A: p > 0.6

n = 67
successes = 58
pbar = successes / n; pbar

## [1] 0.8656716

p0 = 0.6; nsim = 10000
B = rbinom(nsim, size = n, prob = p0)
hist(B, breaks = 30)
```

Histogram of B



Test statistic Z:

$$Z_0 = \frac{B - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

```
qnorm((1-0.05), mean = 0, sd = 1)
```

[1] 1.644854

Rejection region: $Z \ge z_{0.05} = 1.645$

Observed test statistic Z_o :

$$Z_o = \frac{58 - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 4.44$$

```
numerator = successes - (n * p0)
denominator = sqrt(n * p0 * (1.0 - p0))
Z.obs = numerator / denominator; Z.obs
```

[1] 4.438917

The large sample approximation value $Z_o = 2.5 > 1.645$ and thus we reject $H_0: p = 0.6$ in favor of p > 0.6 at the approximate $\alpha = 0.05$ level. Thus there is evidence that the success rate of swallowing attempts is greater than 0.6.

(ii)

Power is the probability of rejecting H_0 when H_A is true. We found that test reject H_0 is $Z \ge z_{0.05} = 1.645$. Therefore, if p = 0.7, then

$$Power = P(Z \ge)$$

library(beepr)
beep()