# STATS 205: Homework Assignment 3

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### Solution to Problem 1

(i)

```
library(bootstrap); data(law)
t(law)
##
## LSAT 576.00 635.0 558.00 578.00 666.00 580.00 555 661.00 651.00 605.00
          3.39
                 3.3
                        2.81
                               3.03
                                      3.44
                                              3.07
## GPA
                                                     3
                                                         3.43
                                                                3.36
##
                    12
                           13
                                  14
            11
                                         15
## LSAT 653.00 575.00 545.00 572.00 594.00
## GPA
          3.12
                 2.74
                         2.76
                                2.88
theta.hat = cor(law$LSAT, law$GPA); theta.hat
## [1] 0.7763745
library(partitions)
n = 15
allCompositions = compositions(n, n);allCompositions[,1:5]
         [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
##
   [1,]
           15
                14
                     13
                           12
                                11
##
   [2,]
            0
                            3
## [3,]
                 0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
            0
## [4,]
            0
                 0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
##
  [5,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
  [6,]
##
            0
                 0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
## [7,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                                 0
                            0
## [8,]
            0
                      0
                 0
                            0
                                 0
## [9,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [10,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [11,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [12,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                            0
                                 0
## [13,]
            0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
## [14,]
            0
                 0
                      0
                                 0
                            0
## [15,]
allCompositions.sub = allCompositions[, sample(1:dim(allCompositions)[2], size=10000, replace=FALSE)]
draw.bootstrap.samples = function(df){
  n = dim(df)[1]
  ind = sample(n, replace = TRUE)
  cor.bootstrap.replicate = cor(df[ind, "LSAT"], df[ind, "GPA"])
  return(cor.bootstrap.replicate)
}
R = 10000
```

```
theta.hat.star = replicate(R, draw.bootstrap.samples(law))
# make a gaplot
library(ggplot2)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggplot2':
##
     method
                    from
##
     [.quosures
                    rlang
##
     c.quosures
                    rlang
##
     print.quosures rlang
theta.hat.star.df = data.frame(theta.hat.star = theta.hat.star)
ggplot(theta.hat.star.df) +
  geom_density(aes(x = theta.hat.star, y = ..scaled..),
    fill = "lightblue") +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, colour="white", size=1) +
  theme_bw() +
  ylab("density") +
  xlab(bquote(hat(theta))) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = theta.hat, col = "red")+
  scale_y_continuous(expand = c(0,0))
   1.00
   0.75
density
0.50
```

(ii)

0.25

0.00

0.00

0.25

```
sd(theta.hat.star)
```

0.50

0.75

1.00

## [1] 0.133622

## Solution to Problem 2

```
(i)
```

```
67 runs resulting in swallowing attempts
58 successful
9 failed

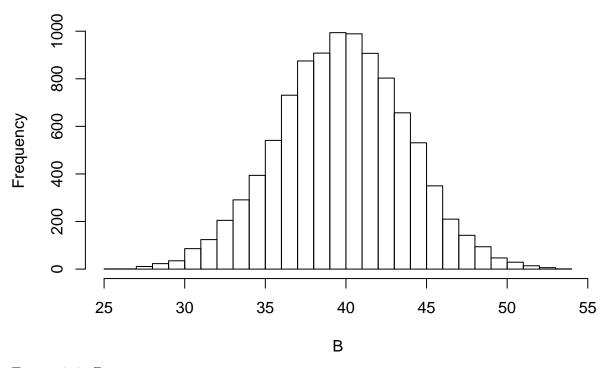
H_O: p = 0.6
H_A: p > 0.6

n = 67
successes = 58
pbar = successes / n; pbar

## [1] 0.8656716

p0 = 0.6; nsim = 10000
B = rbinom(nsim, size = n, prob = p0)
hist(B, breaks = 30)
```

# **Histogram of B**



Test statistic Z:

$$Z_0 = \frac{B - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

```
qnorm((1-0.05), mean = 0, sd = 1)
```

## [1] 1.644854

Rejection region:  $Z \ge z_{0.05} = 1.645$ 

Observed test statistic  $Z_o$ :

$$Z_o = \frac{58 - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 4.44$$

```
numerator = successes - (n * p0)
denominator = sqrt(n * p0 * (1.0 - p0))
Z.obs = numerator / denominator; Z.obs
```

#### ## [1] 4.438917

The large sample approximation value  $Z_o = 2.5 > 1.645$  and thus we reject  $H_0: p = 0.6$  in favor of p > 0.6 at the approximate  $\alpha = 0.05$  level. Thus there is evidence that the success rate of swallowing attempts is greater than 0.6.

(ii)

Power is the probability of rejecting  $H_0$  when  $H_A$  is true. We found that test reject  $H_0$  is  $Z \ge z_{0.05} = 1.645$ . Therefore, if p = 0.7,

$$Z_o = \frac{58 - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 4.44$$

is no longer standard normal.

We have

$$Z_{o7} = \frac{58 - 67(0.7)}{(67(0.7)(0.3))^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 2.96$$

```
p1 = 0.7
numerator = successes - (n * p1)
denominator = sqrt(n * p1 * (1.0 - p1))
Z.obs.seven = numerator / denominator; Z.obs.seven
```

## [1] 2.959211

$$Power = P(Z \ge 1.645 | p = 0.7)$$

$$= P_{p=0.7} \left( \frac{B - 67(0.6)}{(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}}} \ge 1.645 \right)$$

$$= P_{p=0.7} (B \ge 1.645(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}} + 67(0.6))$$

$$= P_{p=0.7} \left( \frac{B - 67(0.7)}{(67(0.7)(0.3))^{\frac{1}{2}}} \ge \frac{1.645(67(0.6)(0.4))^{\frac{1}{2}} + 67(0.6) + 67(0.7)}{(67(0.7)(0.3))^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right)$$

There is a function in R that calculates the same thing:

```
library(pwr)
pwr.p.test(h = 0, n = 67, sig.level = 0.05, power = NULL, alternative = c("greater"))
```

```
##
       proportion power calculation for binomial distribution (arcsine transformation)
##
##
                h = 0
##
                n = 67
##
        sig.level = 0.05
##
            power = 0.05
##
##
       alternative = greater
library(beepr)
beep()
```