

TEAM NAME (printed): * SOLUTIONS *

Team members PRESENT (printed names): _____

Show your work for potential partial credit

1. What is the capacitance value of a capacitor if $300 \mu\text{C}$ of charge are present when 150 V are applied across its plates?

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{300 \mu\text{C}}{150 \text{ V}} = \boxed{2 \mu\text{F}}$$

2. How long will it take for a $3.3 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor to effectively discharge when connected in series with a 820 ohm resistor?

$$\tau = R(C) = 5(3.3 \mu\text{F})(820 \Omega) = \boxed{13.53 \text{ ms}}$$

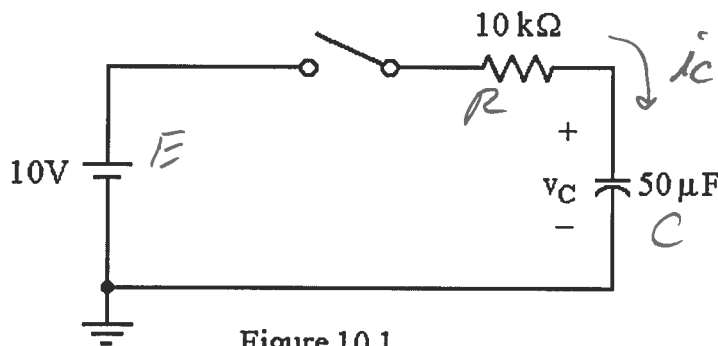


Figure 10.1

3. See Figure 10.1. What is the time constant τ for this circuit?

$$\tau = RC = (10 \text{ k}\Omega)(50 \mu\text{F}) = \boxed{0.5 \text{ SECONDS}}$$

Questions 4 and 5 on the back →

4. See Figure 10.1. After the closing of the switch, approximately when will V_C reach 6 V?

Approx τ SINCE @ $t = \tau$, $V_C(t) = 0.632 V_{TH}$

$$\boxed{\approx 500 \text{ ms}}$$

ACTUAL CALC: $V_C(t) = 6 \text{ V} = V_{TH} (1 - e^{-t/\tau})$
 $6 = 10 (1 - e^{-t/0.5})$
 $0.4 = e^{-t/0.5}$
 $\tau = \underline{458.1 \text{ ms}}$

5. See Figure 10.1. What is the maximum instantaneous current that will flow through the capacitor after the closing of the switch (assuming that $V_C(0) = 0 \text{ V}$)?

$$I_{MAX} = i_C(t) \Big|_{t=0}$$

$$= \frac{E}{R} = \frac{10 \text{ V}}{10 \text{ k}\Omega} = \boxed{1 \text{ mA}}$$

KEY

1. $2\mu F$
2. 13.5 ms
3. 0.5 SEC
4. 0.5 SEC (458 ms)
5. 1.0 mA