Newtonian Mechanics

MATH 211

1.
$$m = 50$$
, $v(0) = 10$, $s(0) = 100$, $k = 5$

$$m \frac{dv}{dt} = mg - kv$$

$$50 \frac{dv}{dt} = (50)(-9.81) - 5v$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = -9.81 - \frac{v}{10}$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{1}{10}v = -\frac{981}{100}$$

$$e^{t/10} \left[\frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{v}{10}\right] = -\frac{981}{100}e^{t/10}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [ve^{t/10}] = -\frac{981}{100} \int e^{t/10} dt$$

$$ve^{t/10} = -\frac{981}{10} \int e^{t/10} dt$$

$$ve^{t/10} = -\frac{981}{10} + C_1e^{-t/10}$$

$$10 = -\frac{981}{10} + C_1e^0$$

$$\frac{1081}{10} = C_1$$

$$v(t) = -\frac{981}{10}t \cdot 1081e^{-t/10} + C_2$$

$$100 = 0 + 1081 + C_2$$

$$C_2 = -1181$$

$$s(t) = -frac 98110t + 1081e^{-t/10} - 981$$
 use CAS to solve for t

2.
$$m = \frac{960}{32.2}$$
, $v(0) = 60$, $k = 3$

$$m \frac{dv}{dt} = mg - kv$$

$$\frac{960}{32.2} \frac{dv}{dt} = \left(\frac{960}{32.2}\right) (-32.2) - 3v$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = -32.2 - 3\left(\frac{32.2}{960}\right) v$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{161}{1600}v = -\frac{161}{5}$$

$$e^{161t/1600} \left[\frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{161}{1600}v\right] = -\frac{161}{5}e^{161t/1600}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [ve^{161t/1600}] = -\frac{161}{5}e^{161t/1600}$$

$$\int d[ve^{161t/1600}] = -\frac{161}{5} \int e^{161t/1600} dt$$

$$ve^{161t/1600} = -\frac{161}{5} \cdot \frac{1600}{161}e^{161t/1600} + C$$

$$v = -320 + Ce^{-161t/1600}$$

$$60 = -320 + Ce^{0}$$

$$380 = C$$

$$v(t) = 320 + 380e^{-161t/1600}$$

$$3. \ m\frac{dv}{dt} = mg - kv$$

$$\begin{split} m\frac{dv}{dt} &= m(32.2) - \frac{1}{100}v\\ \frac{dv}{dt} &= \frac{322}{10} - \frac{1}{100m}v\\ \frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{1}{100m}v &= \frac{161}{5}\\ e^{t/100m} \left[\frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{1}{100m}v\right] &= \frac{161}{5}e^{t/100m}\\ \frac{d}{dt}[ve^{t/100m}] &= \frac{161}{5}e^{t/100m}\\ \int d[ve^{t/100m}] &= \frac{161}{5}\int e^{t/100m}dt\\ ve^{t/100m} &= \frac{161}{5}\cdot 100me^{t/100m} + C\\ v &= 161(20)m + Ce^{-t/100m}\\ v &= 3220m + Ce^{-t/100m}\\ 0 &= 3220m + C\\ C &= -3220m\\ v(t) &= 3220m - 3220me^{-t/100m} \end{split}$$