Name:			
Section			

R·I·T SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

## Homework 2

## MATH 211

1. Evaluate the iterated integral.

$$\int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^{\sec \theta} \sec \theta \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/3} r \sec \theta \Big|_0^{\sec \theta} \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/3} \sec \theta \sec \theta \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/3} \sec^2 \theta \, d\theta$$

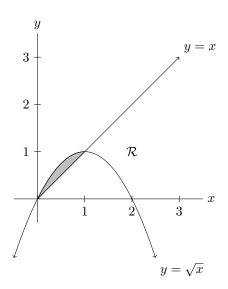
$$= \tan \theta \Big|_0^{\pi/3}$$

$$= \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) - \tan (0)$$

$$= \sqrt{3} - 0$$

$$= \sqrt{3}$$

2. Use double integration to find the area of the region bounded by  $y=2x-x^2$  and -x+y=0. You must sketch the region.



$$A = \int_0^1 \int_x^{2x - x^2} dy \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 y \Big|_x^{2x - x^2} \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 (2x - x^2 - x) \, dx$$

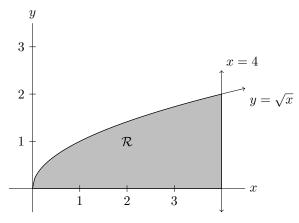
$$= \int_0^1 (x - x^2) \, dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} - 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}$$

3. Use double integration to find the volume of the solid bounded above by  $z=1+2x-3y^2$ , and below by the region bounded by  $y=\sqrt{x}, \ x=4$  and y=0. You must sketch the region.



$$V = \int_0^4 \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} (1 + 2x - 3y^2) \, dy \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^4 \left[ y + 2xy - y^3 \right]_0^{\sqrt{x}} \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^4 \left( \sqrt{x} + 2x^{3/2} - x^{3/2} \right) \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^4 \left( x^{1/2} + x^{3/2} \right) \, dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5} \right]_0^4$$

$$= \frac{2(4)^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{2(4)^{5/2}}{5}$$

$$= \frac{2(8)}{3} + \frac{2(32)}{5}$$

$$= \frac{16}{3} + \frac{64}{5}$$

$$= \frac{80 + 192}{15}$$

$$= \frac{272}{15}$$