
5 - Iterated Integrals

MATH 211

Evaluate the following integral. [Hint: Make the substitution $t = \sqrt{x}$ and rewrite the integral.]

$$\int_0^1 e^{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$t = \sqrt{x}$$

$$t^2 = x$$

$$2t dt = dx$$

$$x = 0 \implies t = \sqrt{0} = 0$$

$$x = 1 \implies t = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{\sqrt{x}} dx = \int_0^1 e^t \cdot 2t dt = 2 \int_0^1 te^t dt$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} u = t & dv = e^t dt \\ du = dt & v = e^t \end{array}$$

$$= 2 \left[te^t \Big|_0^1 - \int_0^1 e^t dt \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[(1)e^1 - 0 - [e^t]_0^1 \right]$$

$$= 2[e - (e - 1)]$$

$$= 2[e - e + 1]$$

$$= 2$$

Evaluate the following iterated integral.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^1 \int_0^{x+1} \frac{1}{x^2+1} dy dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{1}{x^2+1} \cdot y \right]_0^{x+1} dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2+1} \cdot (x+1) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left(\frac{x}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{x^2+1} \right) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{x}{x^2+1} dx + \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$u = x^2 + 1$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} du = x dx$$

$$x = 0 \implies u = 0 + 1 = 1$$

$$x = 1 \implies u = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \int_1^2 \frac{1}{u} \cdot \frac{1}{2} du + \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_1^2 \frac{1}{u} du + \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| \Big|_1^2 + \arctan x \Big|_0^1 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\ln 2 - \ln 1] + \arctan 1 - \arctan 0 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 - 0 + \frac{\pi}{4} - 0 \\ &= \ln \sqrt{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} \end{aligned}$$