Name:			
Section:			

R·I·T SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

## 23 - Introduction to Laplace Transforms

## MATH 211

The improper integral

$$\int_{a}^{\infty} f(x)dx$$

can only be evaluated if interpreted in terms of limits. That is,

$$\int_{a}^{\infty} f(x)dx = \lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx$$

Evaluate, if possible, the following improper integral.

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} \ dx$$

Use the table to find the transforms of the following functions.

1. 
$$f(t) = 3t^4$$

2. 
$$g(t) = t^3 e^{3t}$$

3. 
$$h(t) = 4e^{-3t}\sin(\pi t)$$

$$4. \ m(t) = \begin{cases} 3 & t < 2 \\ 0 & t \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

5. 
$$f(t) = \delta(t - 6)$$