

A Categorical Framework for Testing Generalised Tree automata

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- Motivation: equivalence query in **automata learning**

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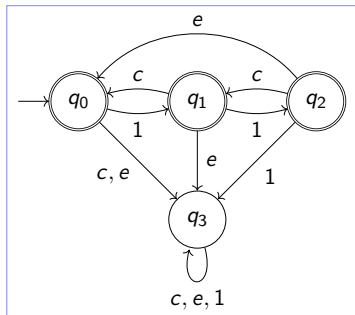
Summary

- Motivation: equivalence query in **automata learning**
- Provide a **categorical framework** for **testing black-box systems**
- Generalise the gist of the completeness proof for DFAs/Mealy machines to a categorical level
- Based on recent work [KR25]

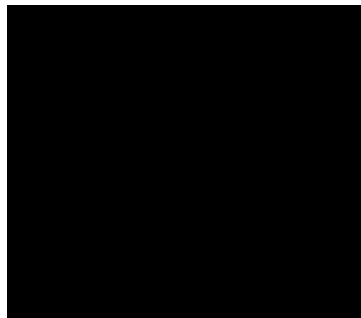
Outline

- 1 Introduction
 - Conformance Testing
 - The W-method
- 2 Further generalisation
 - Automata
 - Main result
- 3 Conclusion

Idea of conformance testing

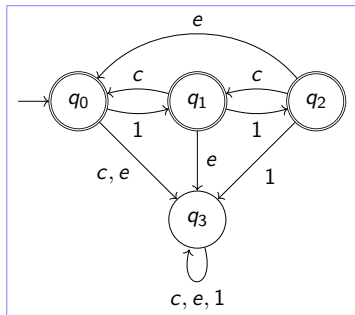


(a) Specification

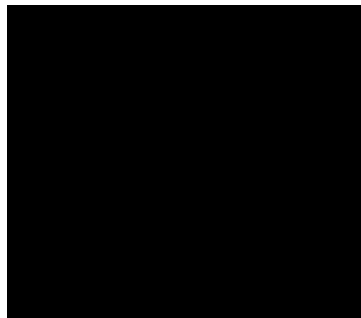


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Idea of conformance testing



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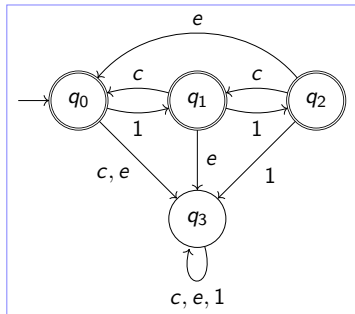
Are they equivalent?

Testing

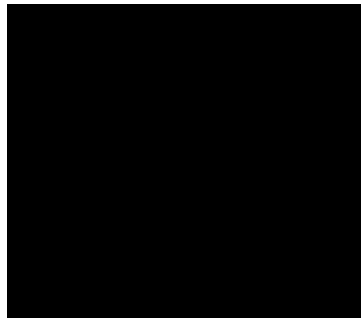
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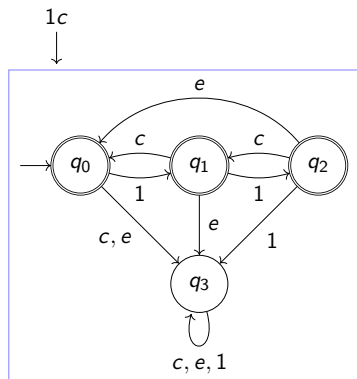
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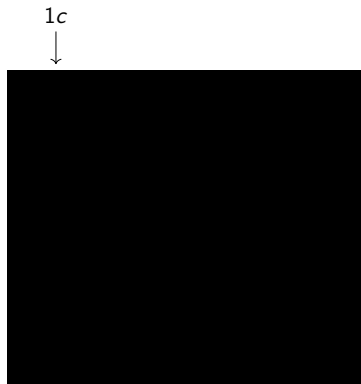
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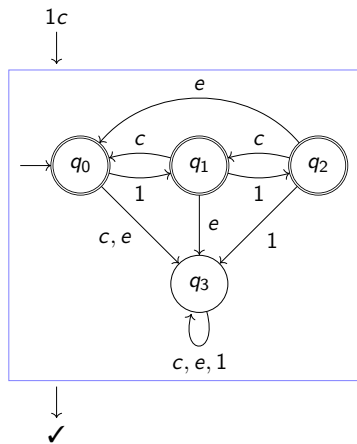
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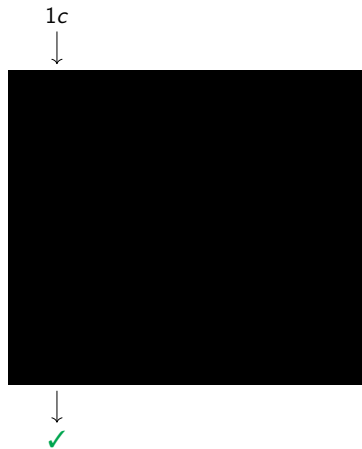
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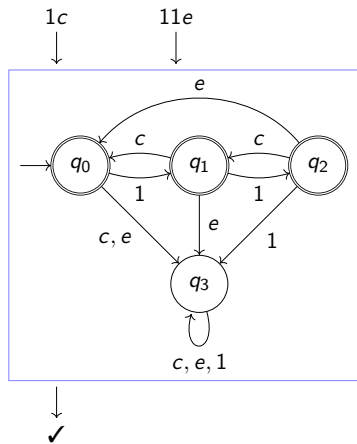
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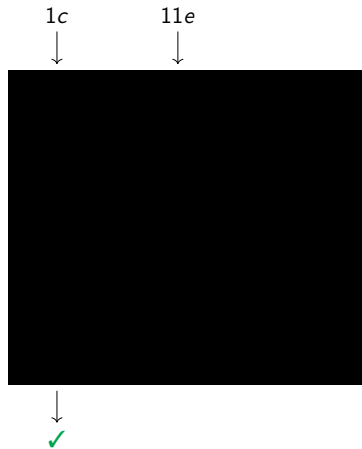
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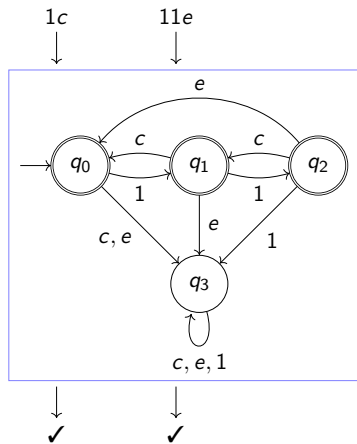
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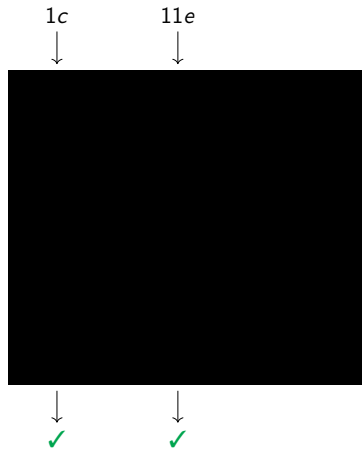
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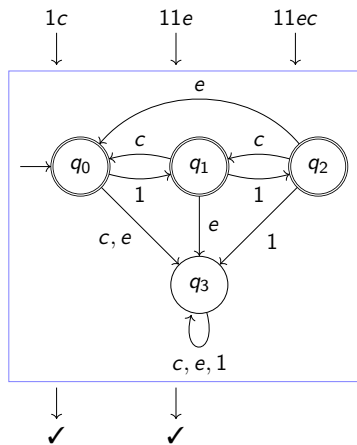
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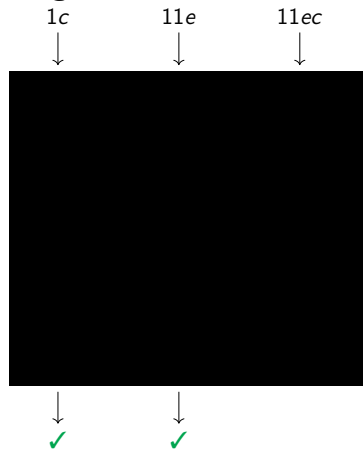
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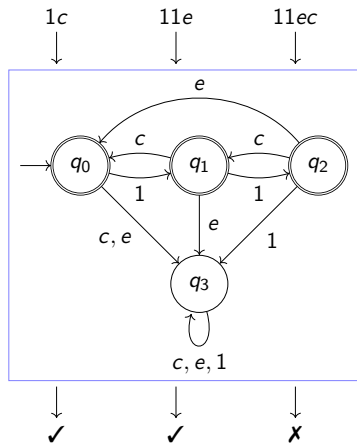
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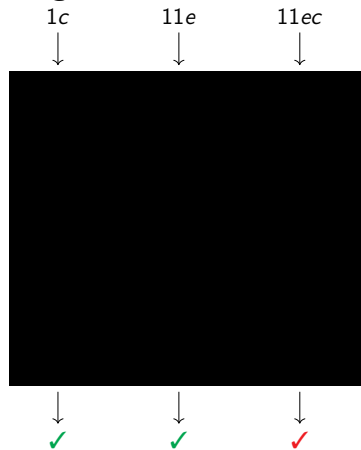
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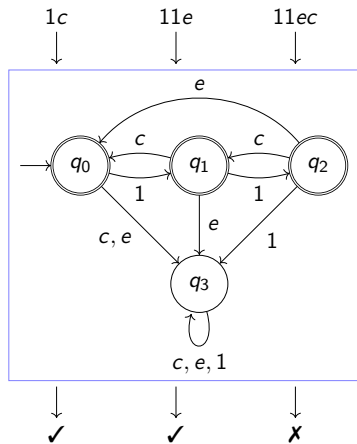
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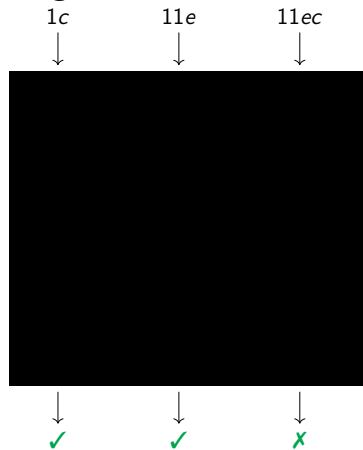
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What if we pass all the tests?

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- More formally, no **complete test suite** exists

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How do we construct complete test suites?

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Theorem

Suppose \mathcal{S} has n states. Then $T_{P,W}^k$ is complete for \mathcal{S} with respect to \mathcal{U}_{n+k} .

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This lemma was generalised to a categorical setting in [KR25]; we improve on that work

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- **tree automata**: $FX = \sum_{f \in \Sigma} X^{\text{ar}(f)}$ for an algebraic signature Σ

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Definition

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A morphism $w: W \rightarrow T_F I$ is called a **characterisation morphism** for \mathcal{A} if $Q \xrightarrow{o_{\mathcal{A}}} [T_F I, O] \xrightarrow{[w, \text{id}]} [W, O]$ is a mono (and η_I factors through w).

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- $c^+ = [c, \gamma_I \circ Fc]$: obtained by extending inputs in c with one symbol
- $a \cdot b = m \circ (a \otimes b)$: concatenation of the inputs in a and in b

Conclusion

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- Implement algorithms for concrete models

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