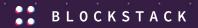
# Subdomains: Scalable User Registration

By Jude Nelson



# Requirements for Usernames

Globally unique

Human-friendly

Strongly owned

Inexpensive to acquire

Instantly usable



# Requirements for Usernames

	Facebook	PGP	Blockstack	Subdomains
Globally unique	X , , , , , , , , ,			X , , , , , , , , , ,
Human-friendly				
Strongly owned		· X · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· X · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X
Inexpensive	X	X		<b>X</b>
Instantly usable	X			X (soon!)



# Limits of On-chain Usernames

## **Limited Throughput**

- Capped by blockchain
- Need all chain state

Max ~72K name registrations per day

#### Misaligned Incentives

- Squatters lock up names, drive up name prices
- Blockchain speculators drive up transaction prices

True for all blockchain naming systems



## Subdomains: Off-chain Usernames

#### 1 blockchain tx == 100's of subdomains

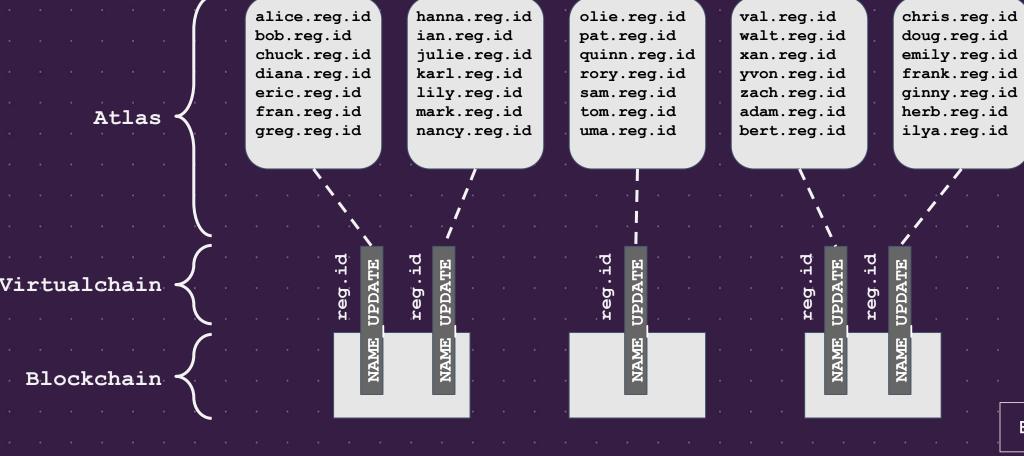
- Decouple name throughput from chain throughput
- Decouple name state replication from chain state replication

#### **Fixes Incentives**

- Name owners compete to register subdomains
- Dedicated storage space for name state



## **How Subdomains Work**

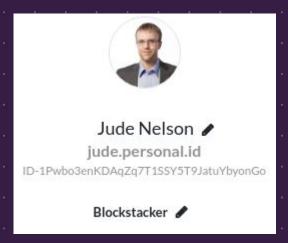


doug.reg.id
emily.reg.id
frank.reg.id
ginny.reg.id
herb.reg.id
ilva.reg.id
ilva.reg.id

BLOCKSTACK 3ERL1

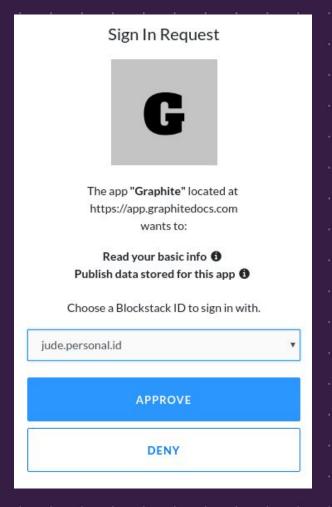
SIGNATURE FUND EVENT

## Subdomains are First-class Usernames



Subdomains have profiles

You can use apps with subdomains





## Subdomains are First-class Usernames

```
$ curl https://core.blockstack.org/v1/names/jude.personal.id
{
   "address": "1Pwbo3enKDAqZq7T1SSY5T9JatuYbyonGo",
   "blockchain": "bitcoin",
   "last_txid": "8b383b2e27a573b9d6205af677682cddf2d736bfdb8e56dfab0eefefc0c846eb",
   "status": "registered_subdomain",
   "zonefile_hash": "16ebbb1cadb18a90deb8f1a6beb22e42ffef19d6",
   "zonefile_txt": "$ORIGIN jude.personal.id\n$TTL 3600\n_https._tcp URI 10 1
\"https://gaia.blockstack.org/hub/1Pwbo3enKDAqZq7T1SSY5T9JatuYbyonGo/profile.json\"
\n"
}
```



## Subdomains are First-class Usernames

```
$ curl https://core.blockstack.org/v1/users/jude.personal.id
  "jude.personal.id": {
   "owner address": "1Pwbo3enKDAqZq7T1SSY5T9JatuYbyonGo"
   "profile": {
     "@context": "http://schema.org",
     "@type": "Person",
     "description": "Blockstacker"
         "@type": "ImageObject",
         "contentUrl": "https://gaia.blockstack.org/hub/1Pwbo3enKDAqZq7T1SSY5T9JatuYbyonGo//avatar-0",
         "name": "avatar"
     "name": "Jude Nelson"
    "public key": "02d4afde4d4085c94e387d5df1ce48ee58685aa38da5eb4177487788fe1fa47b94",
   "verifications": [],
    "zone file": {
     "$origin": "jude.personal.id",
     "$ttl": 3600,
     "uri": [
         "name": " https. tcp",
         "priority": 10,
         "target": "https://gaia.blockstack.org/hub/1Pwbo3enKDAgZq7T1SSY5T9JatuYbyonGo/profile.json",
```



# Subdomain Registrars

## Any name owner can run a subdomain registrar

- Public registrars (like personal.id)
- App- and org-specific registrars

## **User signs / Name owner propagates**

- All subdomain state is stored in Atlas
- User does not need to spend Bitcoin



## **Subdomain Transactions**

#### Encoded as a sequence of TXT records

- Fully-replicated, totally-ordered tx history (in Atlas)
- Have their own zone files within their TXT record

## Subdomain transaction types

- **CREATE**: no signature, sets **owner**
- UPDATE: signed by prev. owner, sets new zf[0-9]
- TRANSFER: signed by prev. owner, sets new owner



# **Subdomain Transaction Anatomy**

Name, Address, Sequence number, Zone file, [Signature]

```
$ORIGIN personal.id
$TTL 3600
jude IN TXT "owner=1Pwbo3enKDAqZq7T1SSY5T9JatuYbyonGo"
"seqn=0" "parts=1" "zf0=JE9SSUdJTiBqdWRlLnBlcnNvbmFsLmlkCiRUV
EwgMzYwMApfaHR0cHMuX3RjcCBVUkkgMTAgMSAiaHR0cHM6Ly9nYWlhLmJsb2
Nrc3RhY2sub3JnL2h1Yi8xUHdibzNlbktEQXFacTdUMVNTWTVUOUphdHVZYnl
vbkdvL3Byb2ZpbGUuanNvbiIK"
```



## **Subdomain Caveats**

Need a registrar's cooperation

Registrar must replicate all zone files

CREATE, TRANSFER txs must be sent by same registrar

- Only personal.id can propagate these for jude.personal.id
- Prevents subdomain ownership history reorgs
  - If we did not do this, name owners could steal subdomains

Subdomains never expire



## **Subdomain Cost and Bandwidth**

- ~120 subdomain transactions per NAME UPDATE
  - Atlas zone files are 40kb in Blockstack Core 0.18
  - NAME UPDATEs are ~425 bytes
- 8 NAME\_UPDATEs/block (3,4%) == 138K subdomains/day
  - About the same rate as Twitter sign-ups
- At 20 sat/byte, €8K/BTC, a subdomain costs €0,005



## WIP: Instantaneous Subdomains (#750)

## Subdomain registrars resolve unconfirmed subdomains

- Users can use apps without having to wait!
- Subdomains eventually confirm and replicate with Atlas

#### Users get a signed ticket for their subdomain

Creates audit history to detect bad registrar behavior



## Summary

#### **Subdomains are usernames that:**

- Are globally unique, strongly owned, and human-friendly
- Are cheap and instantly usable
- Do not require the user to have Bitcoin (or any token)
- Never expire

## Subdomains have first-class support in Blockstack



## **Further Reading**

#### **Blockstack Naming Service**

blockstack-core/docs/blockstack\_naming\_service.md

#### **Atlas Peer-to-Peer Network**

blockstack-core/docs/atlas\_network.md

#### Running a Subdomain Registrar

blockstack-core/docs/subdomains.md

