



Earned Value Management





0/100

<u>Planning</u>		<u>Status</u>		
<u></u> Start		$\frac{1}{9/12}$ Start	Complete	25
Milestone	Budget	Milestone	Budget	Earned Value
1	0	1	0	0
2	500	2	500	500
Total	500	Total	500	500

- No Budget allocated to start milestone
- Total budget allocated to completion milestone
- All work claimed only when task is complete
- Spans one accounting month





Percent Start / Percent Complete

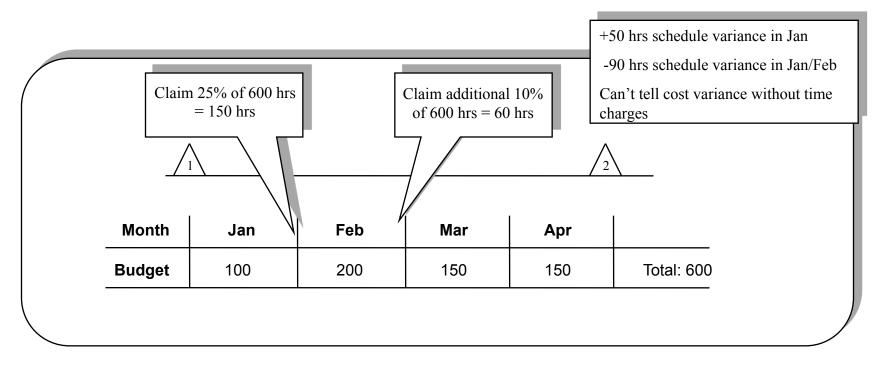
Planning (50%/50%)		<u>Status</u>		
<u></u> Start		<u>√1</u> 10/18 Start		
Milestone	Budget	Milestone	Budget	Earned Value
1	500	1	500	500
2	500	2	500	0
Total	1000	Total	1000	500

- Examples of weights: 25/75, 30/70, 50/50
- Budget is allocated to start milestone
- Budget is allocated to completion milestone
- Spans two accounting months





Percent Complete

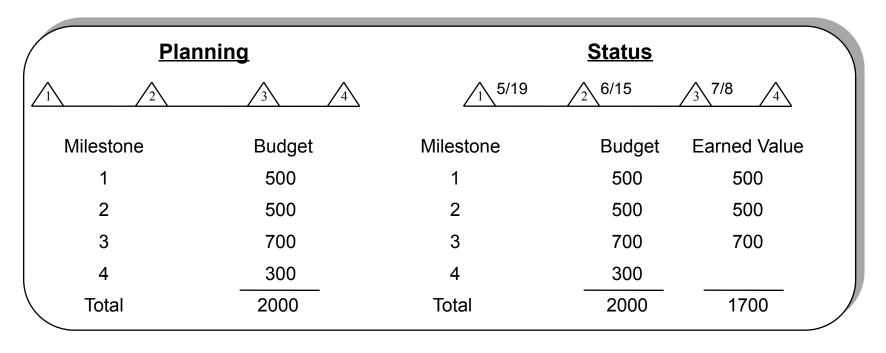


- Status of work depends on manager's assessment of amount complete
- End of January, CAM claims work is 25% done (150 hours)
- End of February, CAM claims only another 10% (60 hours)





Milestone Weights



- Weight associated with each milestone is earned when milestone is complete
- At least on milestone per month





Milestone Weights with Percent Complete

- Similar to milestone weights method
- Added feature allows CAM to claim percent complete activities in months without milestones
- Milestones are required at least every two months





Characteristics of Good Milestones

- Product or event
- Must be within the authority of the CAM
- Clear, objective criteria for measuring accomplishment
- Quantified whenever possible
- Directly related to the work package (Work Authorization Delegation (WAD) and Statement of Work (SOW))





Level of Effort

- Support activities e.g., management, clerical
- No definite or deliverable products
- Budget is evenly distributed over the period of performance
- Earned value is based on the passage of time, thus never ahead or behind schedule