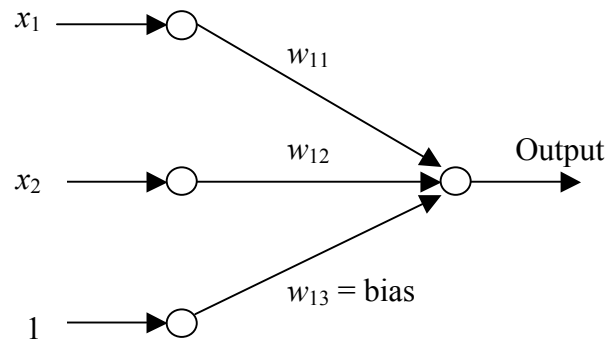


The Johns Hopkins University
JHU ENGINEERING FOR PROFESSIONALS PROGRAM
NEURAL NETWORKS: 625-438/605-447

Solutions to Problem Set #3

- 3.1 Determine a standard perceptron solution (i.e., a set of weights w_{11} , w_{12} , and w_{13} = bias) which represents the Logical OR function.

| Input | | Output |
|-------|-------|--------|
| x_1 | x_2 | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |



Ans:

By inspection we can guess that

$$w_{13} = \text{bias} = -0.5 \quad w_{11} = 1 \quad w_{12} = 1$$

is a solution. This is easily verified

| Input x_1 x_2 | Target output | network output with above weights | Thresholded output |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 0 0 | 0 | $f(0 + 0 - 0.5) = f(-0.5)$ | 0 |
| 0 1 | 1 | $f(0 + 1 - 0.5) = f(0.5)$ | 1 |
| 1 0 | 1 | $f(1 + 0 - 0.5) = f(0.5)$ | 1 |
| 1 1 | 1 | $f(1 + 1 - 0.5) = f(1.5)$ | 1 |

OR solve the following equations

$$\left. \begin{aligned} w_{11} \cdot 0 + w_{12} \cdot 0 + w_{13} &< 0 \\ w_{11} \cdot 0 + w_{12} \cdot 1 + w_{13} &\geq 0 \\ w_{11} \cdot 1 + w_{12} \cdot 0 + w_{13} &\geq 0 \\ w_{11} \cdot 1 + w_{12} \cdot 1 + w_{13} &\geq 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} w_{13} &< 0 \\ w_{12} + w_{13} &\geq 0 \\ w_{11} + w_{13} &\geq 0 \\ w_{11} + w_{12} + w_{13} &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} w_{13} &< 0 \\ w_{11} &\geq -w_{13} \\ w_{12} &\geq -w_{13} \end{aligned}}$$

Any w_i 's satisfying the set of equations on the left is a solution.

3.2 Consider a standard perceptron as illustrated above except with a threshold value of 0.6, i.e., a function such that

$$f(x) \geq 0.6 \rightarrow 1$$

$$f(x) < 0.6 \rightarrow 0$$

(a) Show that if we don't allow a bias term there doesn't exist a solution (i.e., w_{11} and w_{12}) for the following truth table:

| Input | | Output |
|-------|-------|--------|
| x_1 | x_2 | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

Ans:

Here the "f" threshold is changed to 0.6 so the corresponding threshold on x is .405.

| x_1 | x_2 | Output |
|-------|-------|--------|
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

12/ No bias term

first pattern gives $w_{11} \cdot 0 + w_{12} \cdot 0 \geq .405$
 so impossible.
 No solution for w_{11}, w_{12}

(b) Now allow a bias term and show that the problem is now solvable by providing a solution for each of the weights

Ans:

(b) Allow bias term

Again, a solution (by guessing) is

$$w_{11} = 0 \quad w_{12} = -10 \quad w_{13} = 5$$

which is easily verified

$$\begin{cases} 0.0 + 0(-10) + 5 = 5 \geq .4 \rightarrow 1 \\ 0.0 + 1(-10) + 5 = -5 \leq .4 \rightarrow 0 \\ 1.0 + 0(-10) + 5 = 5 \geq .4 \rightarrow 1 \\ 1.0 + 1(-10) + 5 = -5 \leq .4 \rightarrow 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} \swarrow \text{Threshold} \\ \checkmark \end{matrix}$$

OR Again we can solve

$$\left. \begin{aligned} w_{11} \cdot 0 + w_{12} \cdot 0 + w_{13} &\geq .405 \\ w_{11} \cdot 0 + w_{12} \cdot 1 + w_{13} &< .405 \\ w_{11} \cdot 1 + w_{12} \cdot 0 + w_{13} &\geq .405 \\ w_{11} \cdot 1 + w_{12} \cdot 1 + w_{13} &< .405 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} w_{13} &\geq .405 \\ w_{12} + w_{13} &< .405 \\ w_{11} + w_{13} &\geq .405 \\ w_{11} + w_{12} + w_{13} &< .405 \end{aligned}$$

Any set of w_i 's satisfying the above equation is a solution.

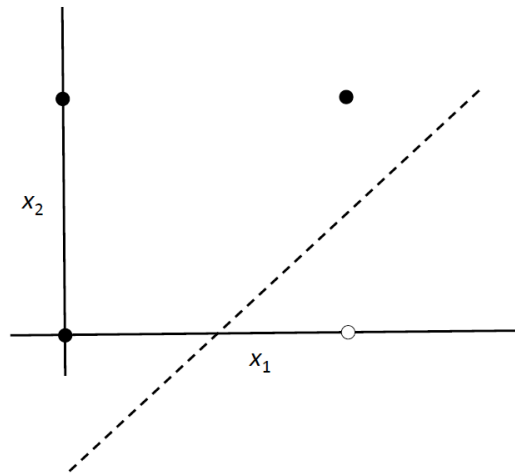
3.3 Design (determine weights and bias) of a first-order perceptron that models the implication statement: $x_1 \Rightarrow x_2$.

Ans: The truth table looks like this:

| Input | | Output |
|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| x_1 | x_2 | $x_1 \Rightarrow x_2$ |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

We can plot the points on a graph as shown below where the equation of the dotted line is $x_1 - x_2 - \frac{1}{2} = A$ and the activation function is defined by $f(A) = \begin{cases} 1 & A > 0 \\ 0 & A \leq 0 \end{cases}$. Thus, the weights are

$w_1 = 1$, $w_2 = -1$ and the bias $\theta = -1/2$.



3.4 Find fixed points (*i.e.*, $x = f(x)$) for the equation $f(x) = \ln(1 + ax)$ where $a = 3$. Indicate the two fixed point solutions.

Ans: Starting with 5, thru the 30th iterate are:

| x | LN(1+3*A1) |
|------------|------------|
| 5 | 2.77258872 |
| 2.77258872 | 2.23192292 |
| 2.23192292 | 2.04067067 |
| 2.04067067 | 1.96319027 |
| 1.96319027 | 1.93000879 |
| 1.93000879 | 1.91545483 |
| 1.91545483 | 1.90900376 |
| 1.90900376 | 1.90613096 |
| 1.90613096 | 1.90484897 |
| 1.90484897 | 1.90427635 |
| 1.90427635 | 1.90402048 |
| 1.90402048 | 1.90390612 |
| 1.90390612 | 1.90385501 |
| 1.90385501 | 1.90383216 |
| ... | |
| 1.90381369 | 1.90381369 |

Thus, the two fixed point solutions are $x = 0$ and 1.90381369.