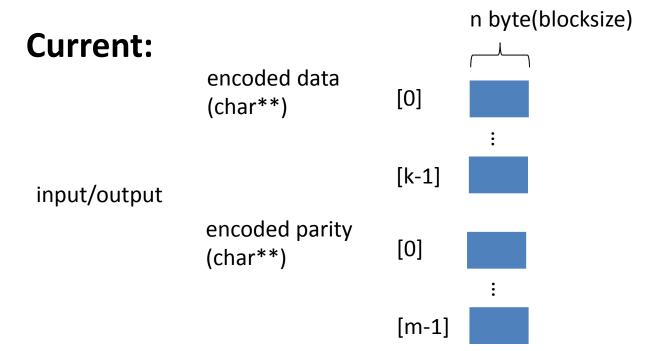


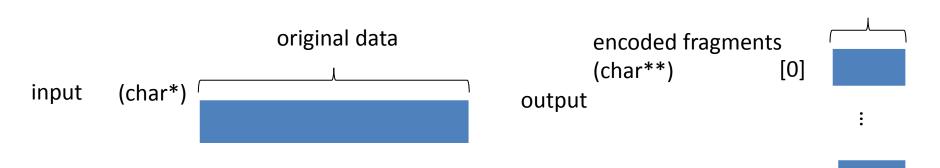
- prepare_fragments_for_encode() looks good to serve a list of preseparated (and aligned) original data. Many of engines will be benefited.
- However, there is a couple of things to consider as follows:
 - The backend engine may require a natural sequential (non-separated) string for encode.
 - The backend engine may want to add a special data to each fragment. (i.e. pre-malloced buffer by prepare_fragments_for_encode() may be too small for the backend engine)
- To solve these problems, I would like to put an option to skip the preprocess.
- Note that this is the first design and it is not considered enough for eco implementation. If there is better idea, it will be great for liberasurecode.



Desired for some backend engines:

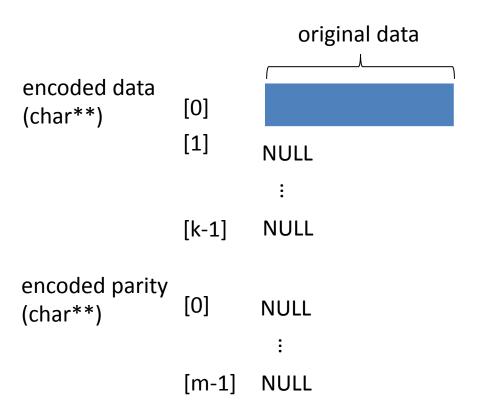
n + m byte (blocksize+overhead)

[k+m-1]



Idea:

```
ec_backend_common.skip_preprocess = 0 or 1 // 0: false 1: true prepare_fragments_for_encode()
```



NOTE: if ec_backend_common.skip_preprocess == 1, a backend engine MUST create fragments which includes fragment_header_t to ensure the fragment format.

Sample Code:

```
ec_backend_common.pass_preprocess = 0 or 1 // 0: false 1: true
prepare_fragments_for_encode(*snip*){
  *snip*
  if(instance->common.processing==1){
    encoded_data[0] = malloc(sizeof(char)*aligned_data_len);
    memcopy(encoded data[0], orig data, orig data size);
    for(i=0; i<k; i++) encoded_data[i] = NULL;</pre>
    for(i=0; i<m; i++) encoded_parity[i] = NULL;</pre>
    goto out;
  *snip*
```