```
1. //Program to perform arithmetic opeartors
public class ArithmeticOperators {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Declare and initialize variables
    int num1 = 10;
    int num2 = 5;
    // Perform arithmetic operations
    int sum = num1 + num2; // Addition
    int difference = num1 - num2; // Subtraction
    int product = num1 * num2; // Multiplication
    int quotient = num1 / num2; // Division
    int remainder = num1 % num2; // Modulus
(remainder)
    // Display the results
    System.out.println("Number 1: " + num1);
    System.out.println("Number 2: " + num2);
    System.out.println("Addition: " + sum);
    System.out.println("Subtraction: " + difference);
```

```
System.out.println("Multiplication: " + product);
    System.out.println("Division: " + quotient);
    System.out.println("Remainder: " + remainder);
  }
}
2. Program to perform arithmetic operators with
floating point.
public class Math
{
public static void main(String args[ ])
{
// arithmetic using integers
System.out.println("Integer Arithmetic");
int a = 1 + 1;
int b = a * 3; int c = b / 4; int d = c - a; int e = -d;
System.out.println("a = " + a);
System.out.println("b = " + b);
System.out.println("c = " + c);
System.out.println("d = " + d);
System.out.println("e = " + e);
```

```
// arithmetic using doubles
System.out.println("\nFloating Point Arithmetic");
double da = 1 + 1;
double db = da * 3;
double dc = db / 4;
double dd = dc - a;
double de = -dd; System.out.println("da = " + da);
System.out.println("db = " + db);
System.out.println("dc = " + dc);
System.out.println("dd = " + dd);
System.out.println("de = " + de);
}
  3 // Java program to take an integer as input and
    print it
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
// Driver Class
public class Main{
  // main function
  public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
{
    // Declare the variables
    int num;
    // Input the integer
    System.out.println("Enter the integer: ");
    // Create Scanner object
    Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Read the next integer from the screen
    num = s.nextInt();
    // Display the integer
    System.out.println("Entered integer is: " + num);
    // Close the Scanner object
    s.close(); // Important to prevent resource leaks
  }
}
```

```
4 //Program to perform simple calculator
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Calculator {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter first number: ");
    double num1 = sc.nextDouble();
    System.out.print("Enter second number: ");
    double num2 = sc.nextDouble();
    System.out.print("Enter an operator (+, -, *, /): ");
    char operator = sc.next().charAt(0);
    double result;
    switch (operator) {
```

```
case '+':
         result = num1 + num2;
         break;
      case '-':
         result = num1 - num2;
         break;
       case '*':
         result = num1 * num2;
         break;
      case '/':
         result = num1 / num2;
         break;
       default:
         System.out.println("Invalid operator!");
         return;
    }
    System.out.println("The result is: " + result);
  }
}
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Factorial {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
    int num = sc.nextInt();
    int factorial = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) {
      factorial *= i;
    }
    System.out.println("Factorial of " + num + " is: " +
factorial);
```