HAND ASSIST ROBOT

로봇공학입문

기계공학전공 2016121150 윤준영

Introduction



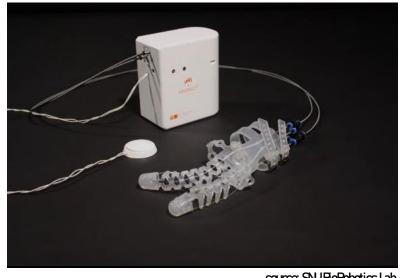


Hand-assist robots

Necessity

Limitation

Breakthrough?



source: SNJ BoRobotics Lab



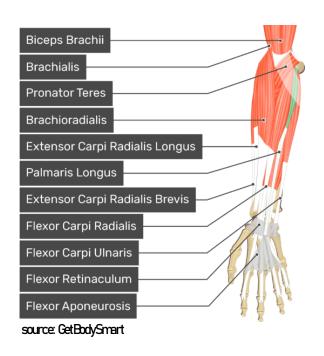
Project Target & Goals

• Improve independence

- Easy to control
 - freely controllable with adaptation

- Rehabilitation
 - Improve muscle and grabbing power

Mechanism



- How to?
 - electric signal (X)
 - perimeter (O)
- Hand related arm muscles
 - brachioradialis(완요골근): lifting
 - palmaris longus(수장근): grabbing

Structure





$$-(1 \times 3) + (3 \times 3)$$
 DOF



- strain gauge



Straingauge - with wire (PE)

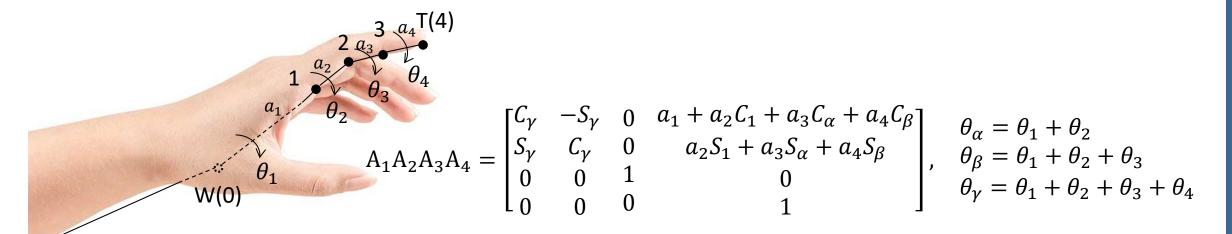
Target grabbing power

- 10 ~ 20N



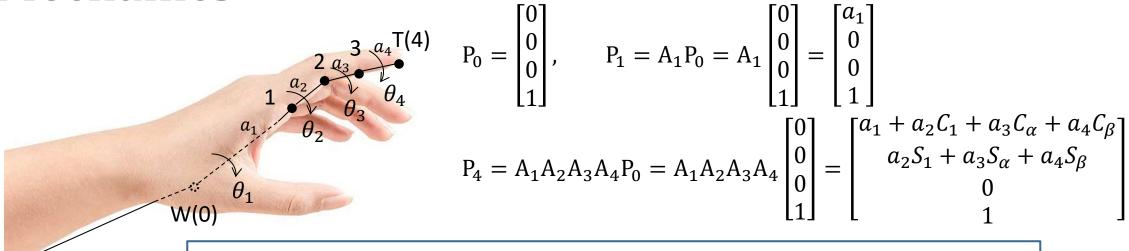
50mm below elbow	perimeter
with no grasp	248mm
with grasp	252mm

wire control		wire length
with no grasp		0 (reference)
grasp	index finger	-50mm
	middle finger	-55mm



$$P_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad P_1 = A_1 P_0 = A_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_4 = A_1 A_2 A_3 A_4 P_0 = A_1 A_2 A_3 A_4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 + a_2 C_1 + a_3 C_\alpha + a_4 C_\beta \\ a_2 S_1 + a_3 S_\alpha + a_4 S_\beta \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



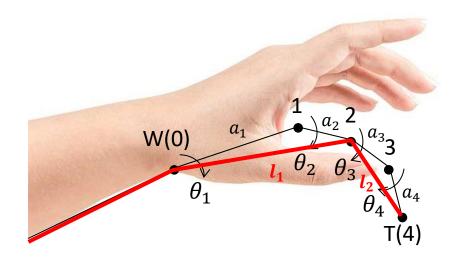
Vectors, $0 \rightarrow 1 \& 1 \rightarrow 4$

$$\overrightarrow{P_{01}} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad \overrightarrow{P_{41}} = \begin{bmatrix} a_2 C_1 + a_3 C_{\alpha} + a_4 C_{\beta} \\ a_2 S_1 + a_3 S_{\alpha} + a_4 S_{\beta} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

For
$$P_4$$
 on line $\overline{P_0P_1}$, $\frac{\overline{P_{01}}}{|\overline{P_{01}}|} = -\frac{\overline{P_{41}}}{|\overline{P_{41}}|}$

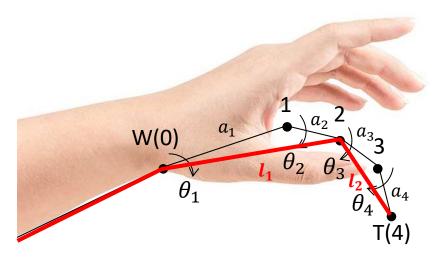
$$a_{2}S_{1} + a_{3}S_{\alpha} + a_{4}S_{\beta} = 0,$$

$$\frac{a_{2}C_{1} + a_{3}C_{\alpha} + a_{4}C_{\beta}}{\sqrt{(a_{2}C_{1} + a_{3}C_{\alpha} + a_{4}C_{\beta})^{2} + (a_{2}S_{1} + a_{3}S_{\alpha} + a_{4}S_{\beta})^{2}}} = -1$$



$$l = l_1 + l_2 = \frac{a_1 + a_2 C_2}{C_1} + \frac{a_3 + a_4 C_4}{C_4}$$

Mechanics – 2

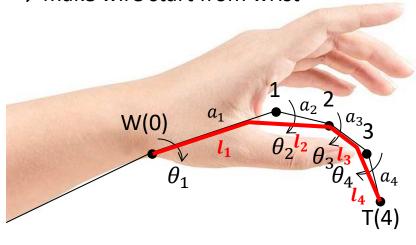


Thread length from W to T

$$l = l_1 + l_2 = \frac{a_1 + a_2 C_2}{C_1} + \frac{a_3 + a_4 C_4}{C_4}$$

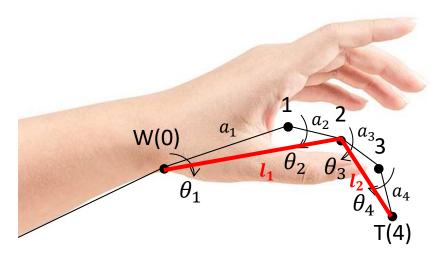
to remove wire length difference cause by wrist posture

→ make wire start from wrist



$$l = l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 = \frac{a_1 - l_1 + a_2 C_2}{C_1} + \frac{a_3 - l_3 + a_4 C_4}{C_4}$$

Mechanics – 3

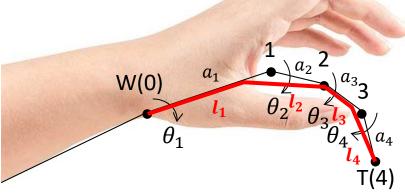


Thread length from W to T

$$l = l_1 + l_2 = \frac{a_1 + a_2 C_2}{C_1} + \frac{a_3 + a_4 C_4}{C_4}$$

to reduce interference between wire and grabbing object

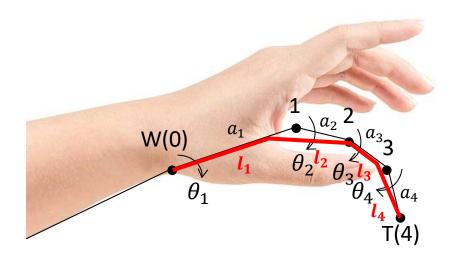
→ make more joints of wire



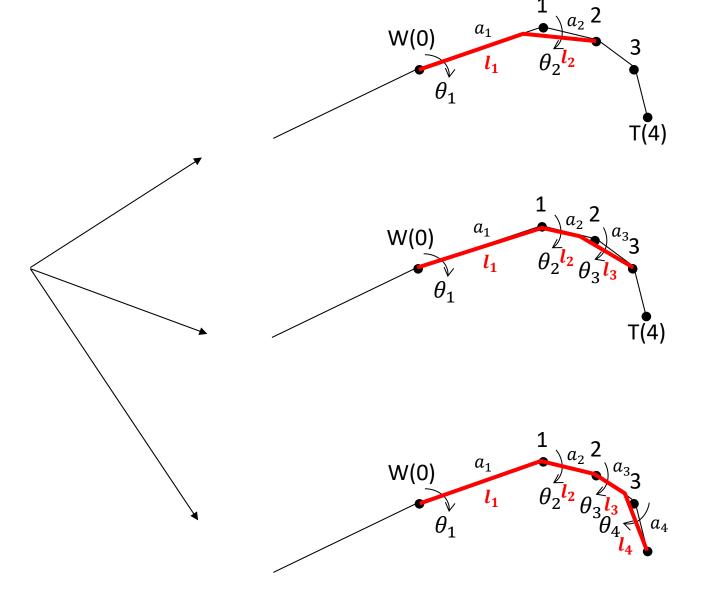
$$l = l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4$$

$$= \sqrt{(a_1 - l_1)^2 + a_2^2 + 2(a_1 - l_1)a_2C_2} + \sqrt{(a_3 - l_3)^2 + a_4^2 + 2(a_3 - l_3)a_4C_4}$$

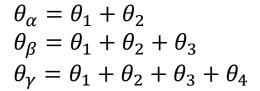
Mechanics – 4

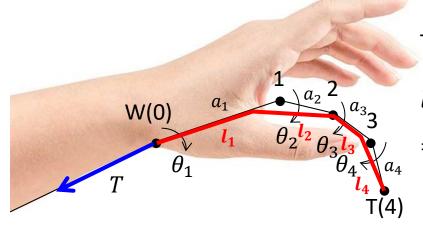


 θ_2 : 0°~75° θ_3 : 0°~85° θ_4 : 0°~90°



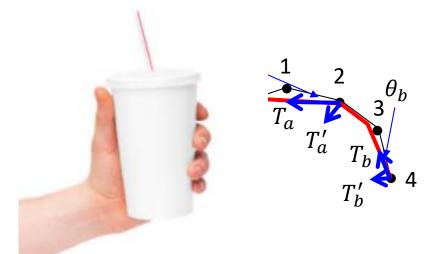
Required Tension





$$l = l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4$$

$$= \sqrt{(a_1 - l_1)^2 + a_2^2 + 2(a_1 - l_1)a_2C_2} + \sqrt{(a_3 - l_3)^2 + a_4^2 + 2(a_3 - l_3)a_4C_4}$$



$$T = T_a + T_b,$$

$$T' = T_a' + T_b'$$

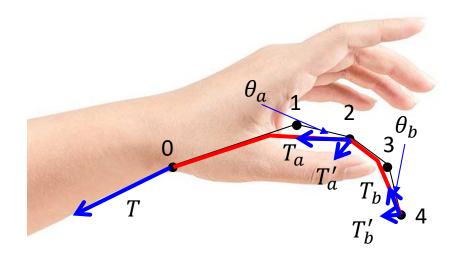
$$T_a' = T_a \sin \theta_a$$

$$T_b' = T_b \sin \theta_b$$

$$\theta_a = \sin^{-1} \frac{(a_1 - l_1)\sin\theta_2}{l_2}$$

$$\theta_b = \sin^{-1} \frac{(a_3 - l_3)\sin\theta_4}{l_4}$$

Required Tension



$$T = T_a + T_b$$

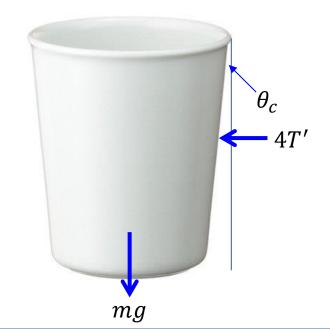
$$T_a' = T_a \sin \theta_a$$

$$T_b' = T_b \sin \theta_b$$

$$\theta_a = \sin^{-1} \frac{(a_1 - l_1)\sin\theta_2}{l_2}$$

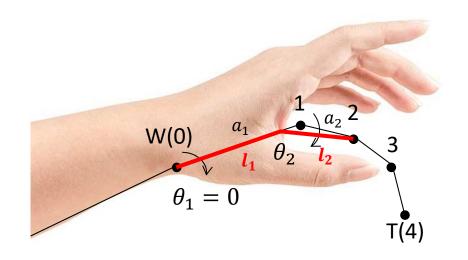
$$\theta_b = \sin^{-1} \frac{(a_3 - l_3)\sin\theta_4}{l_4}$$





$$T' = T_a' + T_b'$$

$$mg = 4T'\cos^2\theta_c$$



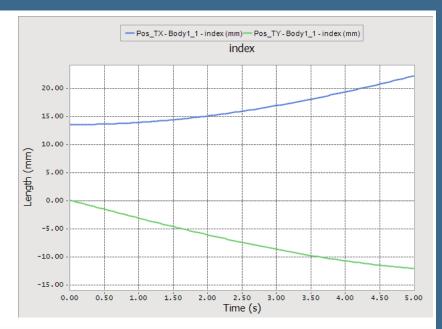
$$a_1 = 85mm$$

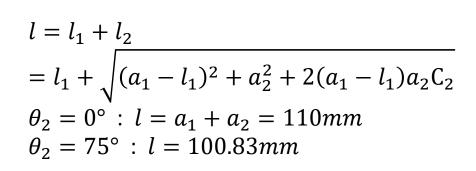
$$a_2 = 25mm$$

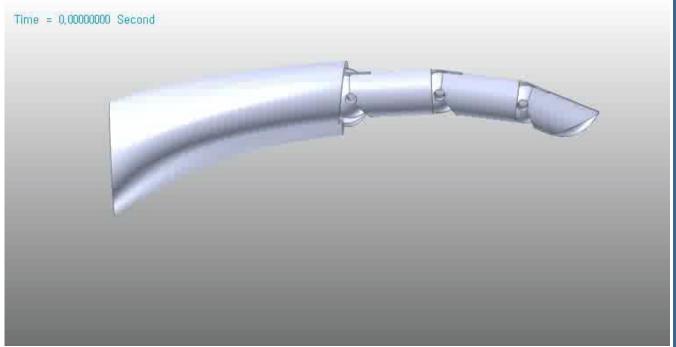
$$l_1 = 65mm$$

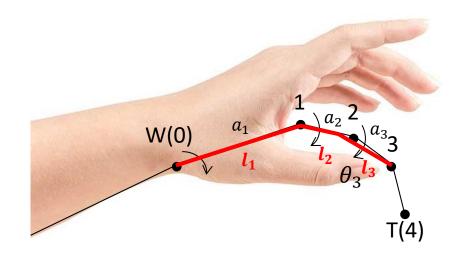
$$\theta_1 = 0^{\circ}$$

$$\theta_2 = 0^{\circ} \sim 75^{\circ}$$

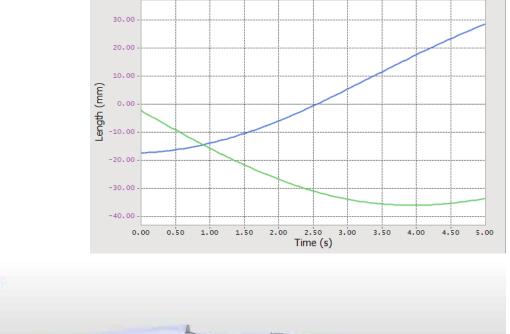








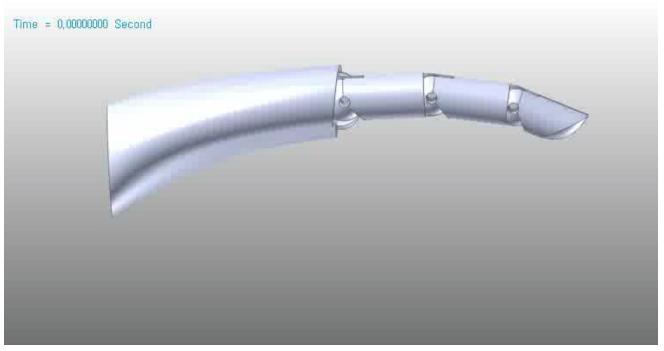
$$a_1 = 85mm$$
 $a_2 = 25mm$
 $a_3 = 25mm$
 $l_1 = a_1$
 $l_2 = 20mm$
 $\theta_3 = 0^{\circ} \sim 85^{\circ}$

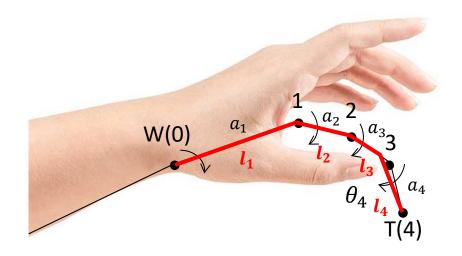


- Pos_TX - Body1_2 - index (mm) - Pos_TY - Body1_2 - index (mm)

index

$$\begin{split} l &= l_1 + l_2 + l_3 \\ &= l_1 + l_2 + \sqrt{(a_2 - l_2)^2 + a_3^2 + 2(a_2 - l_2)a_3C_3} \\ \theta_3 &= 0^\circ : l = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 135mm \\ \theta_3 &= 85^\circ : l = 130.92mm \end{split}$$





$$a_1 = 85mm$$
 $a_2 = 25mm$
 $a_3 = 25mm$
 $a_4 = 25mm$
 $l_1 = a_1$
 $l_2 = a_2$
 $l_3 = 20mm$
 $\theta_2 = 0^{\circ} \sim 90^{\circ}$

